

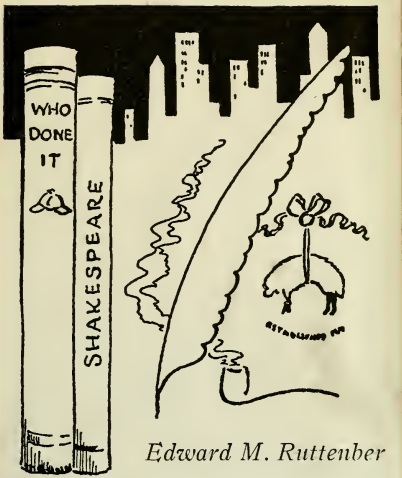
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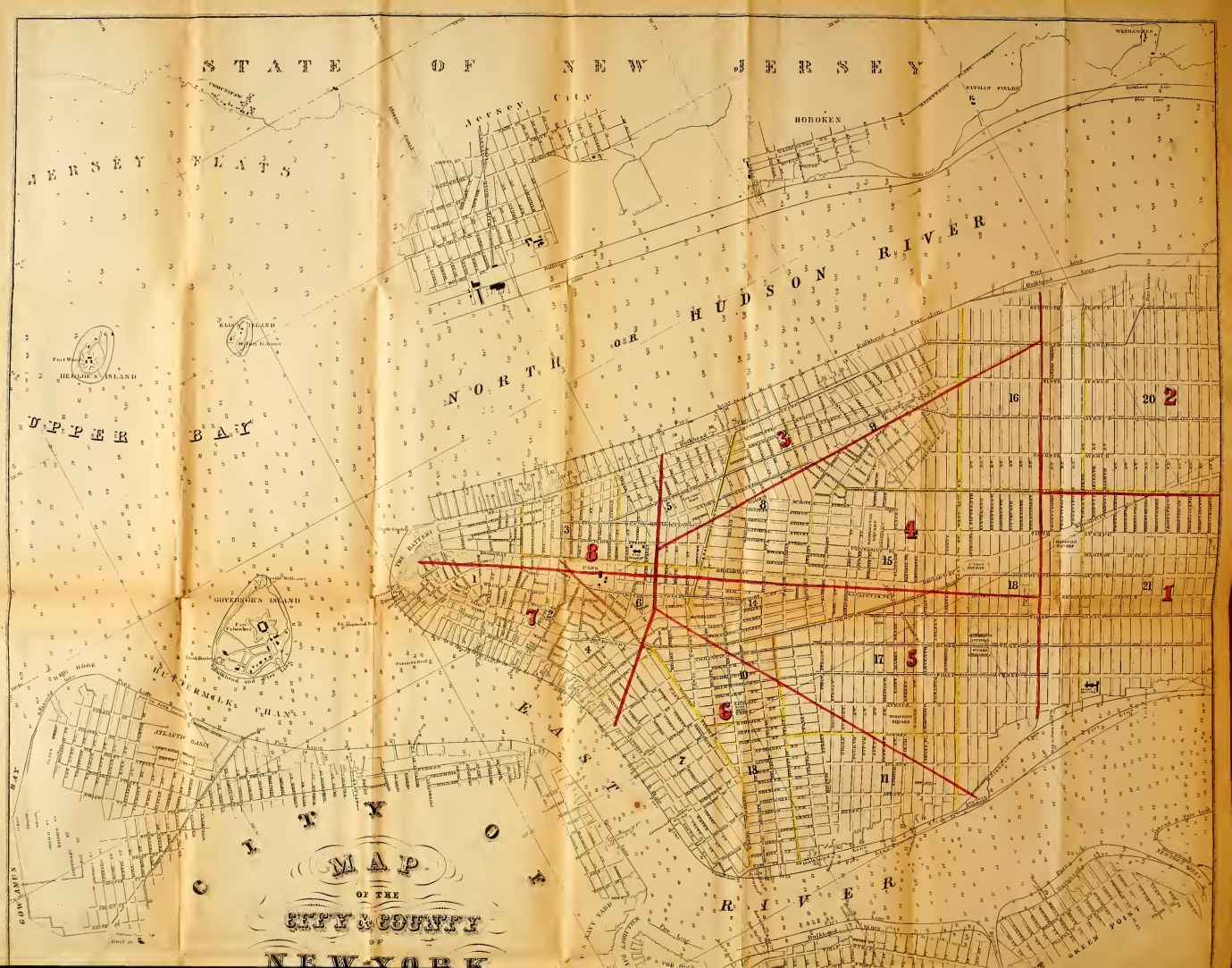
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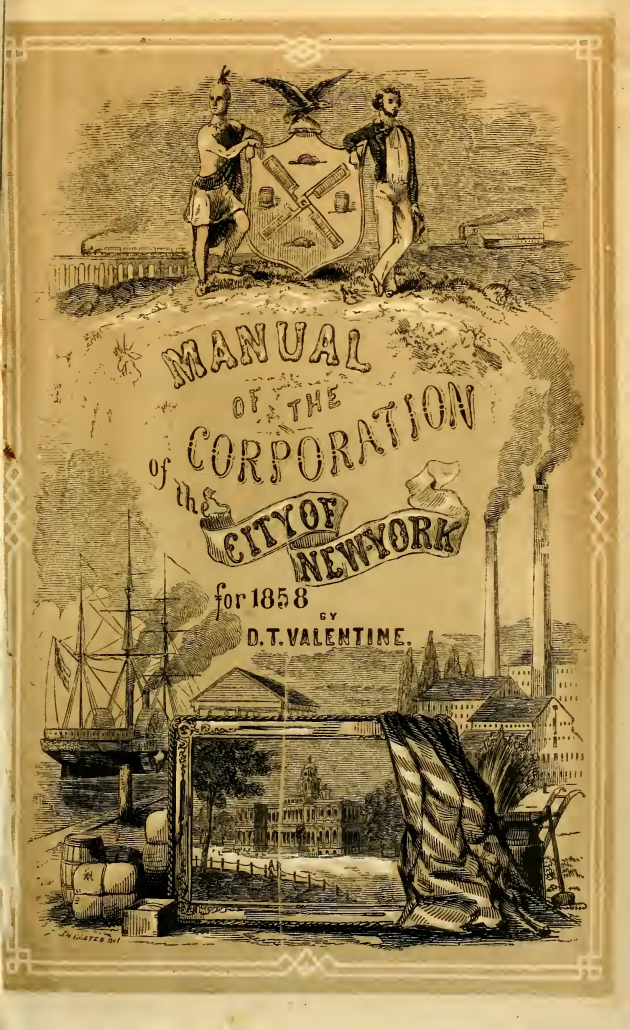
Edward M. Ruttenber


STATE OF NEW JERSEY
JERSEY FLATS
Jersey City
HOBOKEN
NORTH RIVER
HUDSON RIVER
UPPER BAY
GOVERNORS ISLAND
HEREDOS ISLAND
BATTERY
CITY OF
EAST
RIVER
MAP
OF THE
CITY & COUNTY
OF
NEW-YORK

MAP OF THE CITY & COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, 1853.



Engraved for D. T. Valentine's Manual for 1853, by Jno. Disturnell, 210 Broadway, New York.


MANUAL
OF THE
CORPORATION
of the
CITY OF
NEW YORK
for 1858
BY
D. T. VALENTINE.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1858, by

D. T. VALENTINE,

in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Southern District of New York.

CHAS. W. BAKER, PRINTER,
29 Beekman Street.

"*December*, 1857.

"IN COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK:

"*Resolved*, That DAVID T. VALENTINE be, and is hereby requested to prepare the Corporation Manual, for the year 1858, and the same be published and printed under his direction.

"Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, December 28, 1857.

"Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, December 31, 1857.

"Approved by the Mayor, December 31, 1857.

"D. T. VALENTINE,
"*Clerk Common Council.*"

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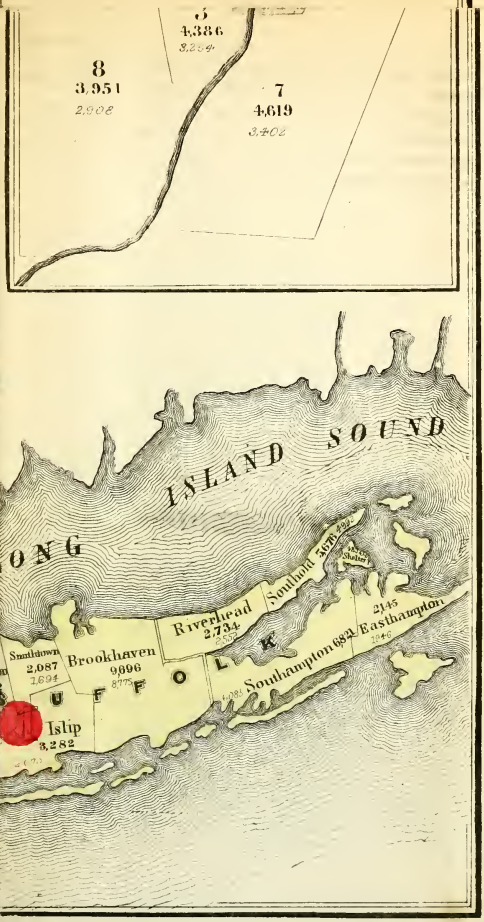
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5
4,336
3,234
8
3,951
2,902
7
4,619
3,402
ISLAND SOUND
ONG
Southold 3678 2439
Riverhead 2,734
Southampton 6824
Easthampton 2143
Smithtown 2,087 1,694
Brookhaven 9896
U F F O L K
Islip 3,282

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CENSUS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK 1855.

SHOWING THE NEW SENATORIAL & ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS 1857.

Published in pursuance of a Resolution of the Assembly 1856

REFERENCES.

Boundaries of Counties

Assembly Districts

Senatorial Districts

Last Population map in this style 1846

Superintendent

TOTAL POPULATION 3,150,959

REPRESENTATIVE

SCHENECTADY.

ALBANY.

UTICA.

ROCHESTER.

CITY OF AUBURN.

LAKE ONTARIO

LAKE ERIE

HUDSON RIVER

COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

LONG ISLAND SOUND

FRANKLIN

ST. LAWRENCE

ESSEX

CLINTON

HERKIMER

HAMILTON

FULTON

MONTGOMERY

SARATOGA

WASHINGTON

RENSSELAER

COLUMBIA

GREENE

ALBANY

SCHOHARIE

OTSEGO

MADISON

ONONDAGA

CAYUGA

SENECA

ONEIDA

LEWIS

JEFFERSON

OSWEGO

MONROE

ORLEANS

GENESEE

NIAGARA

ERIE

WYOMING

CATTARAUGUS

CHAUTAUQUA

ALLEGANY

STEUBEN

CHEMUNG

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ULSTER

DUTCHESS

PUTNAM

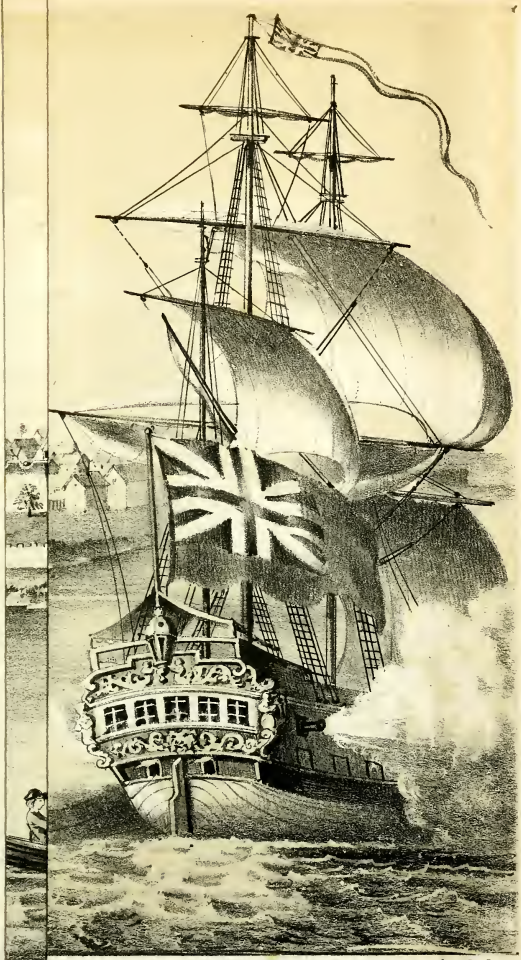
ROCKLAND

WESTCHESTER

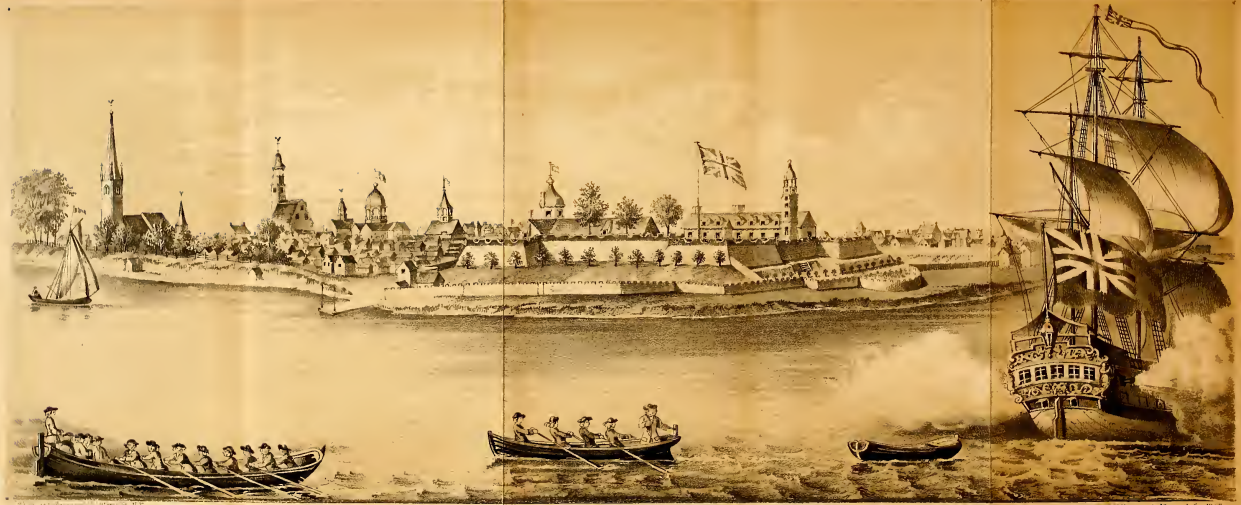
KINGS

QUEENS

RICHMOND



for D. T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.



A VIEW OF FORT GEORGE WITH THE CITY OF NEW-YORK FROM THE S.W. 1740.



CHARTER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

GEORGE, the Second, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, &c. To all whom these present letters shall come, *greeting:*

Whereas, on the twenty-second day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred eighty and six, Thomas Dongan, then lieutenant governor and vice admiral of New York, and its dependencies, under our predecessor, James, (the second) then king of England, &c., did make and execute a certain grant, or instrument in writing, under the seal of the province of New York, in these words following:

I. Thomas Dongan, lieutenant governor and vice admiral of New York and its dependencies, under his majesty James, (the second) by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, supreme lord and proprietor of the colony and province of New York, and its dependencies in America, &c. To all to whom this shall come, *sendeth greeting:*— *Whereas*, the city of New York, is an ancient city within the said province, and the citizens of the said city have anciently been a body politic and corporate; and the citizens of the said city have held, used, and enjoyed, as well within the same, as elsewhere, in the said province, divers and sundry rights, liberties, privileges, franchises, free customs, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, emoluments, and immunities, as well by prescription as by charter, letters patent, grants, and confirmations, not only of divers governors and commanders-in-chief, in the said province, but also of several governors, directors, generals, and commanders-in-chief, of the Nether Dutch nation, whilst the same was, or has been

under their power and subjection. *And whereas* divers lands, tenements, and hereditaments, jurisdictions, liberties, immunities, and privileges, have heretofore been given and granted, or mentioned to be given and granted, to the citizens and inhabitants of the said city, sometimes by the name of schout, burgomasters and schephens of the city of New Amsterdam; and sometimes by the name of the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of New York; sometimes by the name of the mayor, aldermen, and sheriff of the city of New York; sometimes by the name of the mayor and aldermen of the city of New York; and by divers other names, as by their several letters patents, charters, grants, writings, records and minuments, amongst other things, may more fully appear. *And whereas* the citizens and inhabitants of the said city have erected, built and appropriated, at their own proper costs and charges, several public buildings, accommodations, and conveniences for the said city, *That is to say*, the city hall, or stat-house, with the ground thereunto belonging, two market-houses, the bridge into the dock, the wharves or docks, with their appurtenances, and the new burial-place without the gate of the city; and have established and settled one ferry from the said city of New York to Long Island, for the accommodation and convenience of passengers, the said citizens and travellers.

And whereas, several the inhabitants of the said city, and of Manhattan's Island, do hold from and under his most sacred majesty respectively, as well by several and respective letters patents, grants, charters, and conveyances, made and granted by the late lieutenants, governors, or commanders-in-chief, of the said province, as otherwise, several and respective messuages, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, upon Manhattan's Island, and in the city of New York, aforesaid, and as well as the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city, and their successors, as also, the inhabitants of the said Manhattan's Island, and the city of New York, aforesaid, and their heirs and assigns respectively, may hold, exercise, and enjoy, not only such and the same liberties, privileges, and franchises, rights, royalties, free custom, jurisdictions, and immunities, as they have anciently had, used, held, and enjoyed; but also such public buildings, accommodations, conveniences, messuages, tenements, lands, and hereditaments, in the said city of New York, and upon Manhattan's Island aforesaid, which, as aforesaid, have been by the citizens and inhabitants erected and built, or which have, as aforesaid, been held, enjoyed, granted, and conveyed unto them, or any of them, respectively.

2. *Know ye, therefore*, That I, the said Thomas Dongan, by virtue of the commission and authority unto me given, and power in me residing, at the humble petition of the now mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and for divers other good causes and considerations, me thereunto moving, have given, granted, ratified, and confirmed, and by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs, successors, and assigns, do give, grant, ratify, and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, all and every such and the same liberties, privileges, franchises, rights, royalties, free-customs, jurisdictions, and immunities, which they by the name of the mayor and commonalty, or otherwise, have anciently had, held, used, or enjoyed, *Provided always*, That none of the said liberties,

privileges, franchises, rights, free-customs, jurisdictions, or immunities be inconsistent with, or repugnant to the laws of his majesty's kingdom of England, or any other the laws of the General Assembly of this province ; and the aforesaid public buildings, accommodations, and conveniences in the said city, *That is to say*, The aforesaid city hall, or stat-house, with the ground thereunto belonging, two market houses, the bridge into the dock, the wharves or dock, the said new burial-place, and the aforementioned ferry, with their and every of their rights, members and appurtenances, together with all the profits, benefits and advantages which shall or may accrue and arise at all times hereafter, for dockage or wharfage, within the said dock, with all and singular the rents, issues, profits, gains, and advantages which shall or may arise, grow, or accrue by the said city hall, or stat-house, and ground thereunto belonging, market houses, bridge, dock, burying-place, ferry, and other the above-mentioned premises, or any of them ; and also, all and every the streets, lanes, highways and alleys within the said city of New York, and Manhattan's Island aforesaid, for the public use and service of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, and of the inhabitants of Manhattan's Island aforesaid, and travellers there ; together with full power, license and authority to the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors forever, to establish, appoint, order, and direct the establishing, making, laying out, ordering, amending and repairing of all streets, lanes, alleys, highways, water-courses, ferry and bridges, in and throughout the said city of New York and Manhattan's Island, aforesaid necessary, needful and convenient for the inhabitants of the said city, and Manhattan's Island aforesaid, and for all travellers and passengers there : *Provided always*, That this said license so as above granted, for the establishing, making, laying out of streets, lanes, alleys, highways, ferries and bridges, be not extended, or be construed to extend, to the taking away of any person or persons' right or property, without his, her, or their consent, or by some known law of the said province. And for the considerations aforesaid, I do likewise give, grant, ratify, and confirm unto all and every the respective inhabitants of the said city of New York, and of Manhattan's Island aforesaid, and their several and respective heirs, and assigns, all and every the several and respective messuages, tenements, lands and hereditaments, situate, lying, and being in the said city, and Manhattan's Island aforesaid, to them severally and respectively granted, conveyed and confirmed, by any of the late governors, lieutenants, or commanders-in-chief, of the said province, or by any of the former mayors and aldermen of the said city of New York, by deed, grant, conveyance, or otherwise howsoever ; *To hold* to their several and respective heirs and assigns forever.

3. And I do by these presents, give and grant unto the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, all the waste, vacant, unpatented and unappropriated lands, lying and being within the said city of New York, and on Manhattan's Island aforesaid, extending and reaching to the low-water mark, in, by and through all parts of the said city of New York, and Manhattan's Island aforesaid, together with all rivers, rivulets, coves, creeks, ponds, waters, and water-courses in the said city and island, or either of them, not heretofore given or granted, by any of the former governors, lieutenants, or commanders-

in-chief, under their or some of their hands and seals, or seal of the province, or by any of the former mayors or deputy mayors and aldermen of the said city of New York, to some respective person or persons, late inhabitants of the said city of New York, or Manhattan's Island, or of other parts of the said province.

And I do by these presents, give, grant, and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, of the said city of New York, and their successors forever, the royalties of fishing, fowling, hunting, hawking, minerals and other royalties and privileges, belonging or appertaining to the city of New York, and Manhattan's Island aforesaid (gold and silver mines only excepted) to have, hold, and enjoy all and singular the premises, to the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors for ever, rendering and paying therefor, unto his most sacred majesty, his heirs, successors or assigns, or to such oeffier or officers, as shall be appointed to receive the same, yearly for ever hereafter, the annual quit-rent or acknowledgment of one beaver skin, or the value thereof, in current money of this province, in the said city of New York, on the five-and-twentieth day of March, yearly forever.

4. And, moreover, I will, and by these presents do grant, appoint, and declare, that the said city of New York, and the compass, precincts and limits thereof, and the jurisdiction of the same, shall from henceforth extend and reach itself, and may and shall be able to reach forth and extend itself, as well in length and in breadth as in circuit, to the farthest extent of, and in, and throughout all the said Island Manhattan's, and in and upon all the rivers, rivulets, coves, creeks, waters and water-courses, belonging to the same island, as far as low-water mark. And I do also, for and on behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, firmly enjoin and command, that the aforesaid mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city aforesaid, and their successors, shall and may freely and quietly have, hold, use, and enjoy, the aforesaid liberties, authorities, jurisdictions, franchises, rights, royalties, privileges, exemptions, lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises aforesaid, in manner and form aforesaid, according to the tenor and effect of the aforesaid grants, patents, customs, and letters patents of grant and confirmation, without the let, hinderance or impediment of me, or any of my successors, governors, lieutenants, or other officers whatsoever.

5. And also, I do, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, grant to the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, by these presents, that for the better government of the said city, liberties and precincts thereof, there shall be forever hereafter within the said city, a mayor and recorder, town clerk, and six aldermen, and six assistants, to be appointed, nominated, elected, chosen and sworn, as hereinafter is particularly and respectively mentioned, who shall be forever hereafter called, *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty* of the city of New York; and that there shall be forever, one chamberlain, or treasurer, one sheriff, one coroner, one clerk of the market, one high constable, seven sub-constables, and one marshal or sergeant-at-mace, to be appointed, chosen, and sworn, in manner hereinafter mentioned.

6. And I do, by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred

majesty aforesaid, his heirs, successors and assigns, declare, constitute, grant, and appoint, that the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and assistants, of the said city of New York, for the time being, and they which hereafter shall be the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, and assistants, of the said city of New York, for the time being, and their successors, forever hereafter be, and shall be, by force of these presents, one body corporate and politic, in deed, fact and name, by the name of, *the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of* New York; and them by the name of, *the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of* New York, one body corporate and politic, in deed, fact, and name; I do really and fully create, ordain, make, constitute, and confirm by these presents; and that, by the name of, *the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of* New York, they may have perpetual succession; and that they, and their successors, forever, by the name of, *the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the city of* New York, be, and shall be, forever hereafter, persons able, and in law capable, to have, get, receive, and possess lands, tenements, rents, liberties, jurisdictions, franchises, and hereditaments to them and their successors, in fee-simple, or for term of life, lives, or years, or otherwise; and also goods and chattels; and also other things, of what nature, kind or quality soever; and also to give, grant, let, set, and assign, the same lands, tenements, hereditaments, goods and chattels; and to do and execute all other things about the same, by the name aforesaid. And also that they be, and forever shall be hereafter, persons able in law, capable to plead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, defend and be defended, in all or any of the courts of his said majesty, and other places whatsoever, and before any judges, justices, and other person or persons whatsoever, in all and all manner of actions, suits, complaints, demands, pleas, causes, and matters, whatsoever, of what nature, kind, or quality soever, in the same, and in the like manner and form as other people of the said province, being persons able, and in law capable, may plead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, defend and be defended, by any lawful ways and means whatsoever; and that the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, shall and may forever hereafter, have one common seal to serve for the sealing of all and singular their affairs and businesses touching or concerning the said corporation. And it shall and may be lawful to and for the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, as they shall see cause to break, change, alter, and new-make, their said common seal, when, and as often as to them it shall seem convenient.

7. *And further, know ye,* That I have assigned, named, ordained, and constituted, and, by these presents, do assign, name, ordain, and constitute, Nicholas Bayard, now mayor, of the said city of New York, to be present mayor of the said city; and that the said Nicholas Bayard shall remain and continue in the office of mayor there, until another fit person shall be appointed and sworn in the said office, according to the usage and custom of the said city; and as in and by these presents is hereafter mentioned and directed. And I have assigned, named, ordained, and constituted, and by these presents, do assign, name, ordain, and constitute, create and declare James Graham, Esq.,

to be the present recorder of the said city; to do and execute all things, which unto the said office of recorder of the said city doth, or may in anywise appertain or belong. And I have assigned, named, ordained, and constituted, and by these presents, do assign, name, ordain, constitute, create, and declare John West, Esq., town clerk of the said city; to do and execute all things which unto the office of town clerk may anywise appertain or belong. And I have named, assigned, constituted, and made, and by these presents, do assign, name, constitute, and make, Andrew Bown, John Robinson, William Beekman, John Delaval, Abraham De Peyster, and Johannes Kip, citizens and inhabitants of the said city of New York, to be the present aldermen of the said city. And also, I have made, assigned, named, and constituted, and by these presents, do assign, name, constitute, and make, Nicholas De Myer, Johannes Van Brugh, John De Brown, Teunis De Key, Abraham Corbit, and Wellert Webber, citizens and inhabitants of the said city, to be the present assistants of the said city. And, also, I have assigned, chosen, named, and constituted, and by these presents do assign, choose, name, and constitute Peter De Lanoy, citizen and inhabitant of the said city, to be the present chamberlain or treasurer of the city aforesaid. And I have assigned, named, constituted, and appointed, and by these presents, do assign, name, constitute, and appoint John Knight, Esq., one other of the said citizens there, to be present sheriff of the said city, and have assigned, named, constituted, and appointed, and by these presents do assign, name, constitute, and appoint Jarvis Marshal one other of the said citizens there, to be the present marshal of the said city. And I do, by these presents, grant to the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, that the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and assistants of the said city for the time being, or the mayor, recorder, and any three or more of the aldermen, and any three or more of the assistants, for the time being, be and shall be called the common council of the said city, and that they, or the greater part of them, shall or may have full power and authority, by virtue of these presents, from time to time, to call and hold common council, within the common council house, or city hall of the said city: and there, as occasion shall be, to make laws, orders, ordinances, and constitutions, in writing; and to add, alter, diminish or reform them, from time to time, as to them shall seem necessary and convenient, (not repugnant to the prerogative of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, or to any of the laws of the kingdom of England, or other the laws of the general Assembly of the province of New York,) for the good rule, oversight, correction, and government of the said city and liberties of the same, and of all the officers thereof and for the several tradesmen, victuallers, artificers, and of all other the people and inhabitants of the said city, liberties, and precincts, aforesaid, and for the better preservation of government, and disposal of all the lands, tenements, and hereditaments, goods and chattels of the said Corporation; which laws, orders, ordinances, and constitutions, shall be binding to all the inhabitants of the said city, liberties, and precincts aforesaid; and which laws, orders, ordinances, and constitutions, so by them made, as aforesaid, shall be and remain in force for the space of three months, and no longer, unless they shall be allowed of, and confirmed by the governor and council for the time

being. And I do further, on the behalf of his sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, appoint and grant, that the said common council of the said city, for the time being, as often as they make, ordain, and establish such laws, orders, ordinances, and constitutions, as aforesaid, shall or may make, ordain, limit, provide, set, impose, and tax, reasonable fines and amerciaments against and upon all persons offending against such laws, orders, ordinances, and constitutions, as aforesaid, or any of them, to be made, ordained and established as aforesaid, and the same fines and amerciaments shall and may require, demand, levy, take, and receive by warrants under the common seal, to and for the use and behoof of the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city, and their successors, either by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender therein, if such goods and chattels may be found within the said city, liberties and precincts thereof, rendering to such offender and offenders, the overplus, or by any other lawful ways or means whatsoever.

8. And I do, by these presents, appoint and ordain the assigning, naming and appointment of the mayor and sheriff of the said city, that it shall be as followeth, (viz.) upon the feast day of Saint Michael the Arch-angel, yearly, the lieutenant governor or commander-in-chief, for the time being, by and with the advice of his council, shall nominate and appoint such person as he shall think fit to be mayor of the said city, for the year next ensuing; and one other person of sufficient ability and estate, and of good capacity in understanding to be sheriff of the said city of New York, for the year next ensuing; and that such person as shall be named, assigned, and appointed mayor, and such person as shall be named, assigned, and appointed sheriff of the said city, as aforesaid, shall, on the fourteenth day of October then next following, take their several and respective corporal oaths, before the governor and council, for the time being, for the due execution of their respective offices, as aforesaid; and that the said mayor and sheriff, so to be nominated, assigned, and appointed, as aforesaid, shall remain and continue in their said respective offices until another fit person shall be nominated, appointed and sworn in the place of mayor; and one other person shall be nominated and appointed in the place of sheriff of the said city, in manner aforesaid. *And further*, That according to the now usage and custom of the said city, the recorder, town clerk, and clerk of the market of the said city, shall be persons of good capacity and understanding, and such persons as his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, shall, in the said respective offices of recorder, town clerk, and clerk of the market, appoint and commissionate; and for defect of such appointments, and commissionating, by his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, to be such persons as the lieutenant governor and commander-in-chief of the said province for the time being, shall appoint and commissionate; which persons so commissionated to the said offices of recorder, town clerk, and clerk of the market, shall have, hold and enjoy, the said offices, according to the tenor and effect of their said commissions, and not otherwise. *And further*, That the recorder, town clerk, clerk of the market, aldermen, assistants, chamberlain, high constable, petty constables, and all other officers of the said city, before they, or any of them, shall be admitted to enter upon and execute their respective offices, shall be sworn faithfully to

execute the same, before the mayor, or any three or more of the aldermen for the time being. *And I do*, by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty, his heirs and successors, grant and give power and authority to the mayor and recorder of the said city, for the time being, to administer the same respective oaths to them accordingly. *And further*, I do by these presents, grant, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, that the mayor and recorder of the said city for the time being, and three or more of the aldermen of the said city, not exceeding five, shall be justices and keepers of the peace of his most sacred majesty, his heirs and successors, and justices to hear and determine matters and causes within the said city and liberties, and precincts thereof; and that they, or any three or more of them, whereof the mayor and recorder, or one of them, for the time being, to be there, shall and may forever hereafter, have power and authority, by virtue of these presents, to hear and determine all and all manner of petty larcenies, riots, routs, oppressions and extortions, and other trespasses and offences whatsoever, within the said city of New York, and the liberties and precincts aforesaid, from time to time, arising and happening, and which arise or happen and any ways belonging to the offices of justices of the peace, and the correction and punishment of the offences aforesaid, and every of them, according to the laws of England, and the laws of the said province; and to do and execute all other things in the said city, liberties, and precincts aforesaid, so fully and in ample manner, as to the commissioners assigned, and to be assigned for the keeping of the peace in the said county of New York, doth or may belong.

9. And, moreover, I do by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, appoint, that the aldermen, assistants, high constable, and petty constables, within the said city, be yearly chosen on the feast day of St. Michael the Arch-angel, forever, (viz.) one alderman, one assistant, and one constable, for each respective ward, and one constable for each division in the out-ward, in such public place in the said respective wards, as the alderman for the time being, for each ward, shall direct and appoint; and that the aldermen, assistants, and petty constables, be chosen by majority of voices of the inhabitants of each ward; and that the high constable be appointed by the mayor of the said city for the time being; and that the chamberlain shall be yearly chosen, on the said feast day, in the said city hall of the said city, by the mayor and aldermen and assistants, or by the mayor, or three or more of the aldermen, and three or more of the assistants of the said city, for the time being. *And I do*, by these presents, constitute and appoint the said John West, to be the present town clerk, clerk of the peace, and clerk of the court of pleas, to be holden before the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, within the said city, and the liberties and precincts thereof. *And further*, I do by these presents, for and on behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, require and strictly charge and command, that the sheriff, town clerk, clerk of the peace, high constable, petty constables, and all other subordinate officers in the said city, for the time being, and every of them respectively, jointly and severally, as cause shall require, shall attend upon the said mayor, recorder, and aldermen, of the said city, for the time being, and every or

any of them, according to the duty of their respective places, in and about the executing of such the commands, precepts, warrants and processes, of them and every of them, as belongeth and appertaineth to be done or executed; and that the aforesaid mayor, recorder and aldermen, and every of them, as justices of the peace for the time being, by their or any of their warrants, all and every person and persons for high treason or petty treason, or for suspicion thereof, or for other felonies whatsoever, and all malefactors, and disturbers of the peace, and other offenders for other misdemeanors, who shall be apprehended within the said city, or liberties thereof, shall and may send and commit, or cause to be sent and committed, to the common goal of the said city, there to remain and be kept in safe custody, by the keeper of the said goal, or his deputy, for the time being, until such offender and offenders shall be lawfully delivered thence. *And I do*, by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, charge and require the keeper and keepers of the said goal for the time being, and his and their deputy and deputies, to receive, take, and in safe custody to keep, all and singular such person and persons so apprehended, or to be apprehended, sent and committed to the said goal, by warrant of the said justices, or any of them as aforesaid, until he and they so sent and committed to the said goal, shall from thence be delivered by due course of law.

10. *And further*, I do grant and confirm for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, that the said mayor of the said city, for the time being, and no other (according to the usage and custom practised in the said city of New York, in the times of my predecessors, the several lieutenants, governors, and commanders-in-chief of this province,) shall have power and authority to give and grant licenses annually, under the public seal of the said city, to all tavern-keepers, inn-keepers, ordinary-keepers, victuallers, and all public sellers of wine, strong waters, cider, beer, or any other sort of liquors, by retail within the city aforesaid, Manhattan's Island, or their liberties and precincts thereof; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said mayor of the said city, for the time being, to ask, demand, and receive, for such license by him to be given and granted as aforesaid, such sum or sums of money as he and the person to whom such license shall be given or granted, as shall agree for, not exceeding the sum of thirty shillings for each license. All which money, as by the said mayor, shall be so received, shall be used and applied to the public use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, without any account thereof to be rendered, made or done to any of the lieutenants or governors of this province, for the time being, or any of their deputies.

11. *And know ye*, That for the better government of the said city, and for the welfare of the said citizens, tradesmen, and inhabitants thereof, I do by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty, his heirs and successors, give and grant to the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city, and their successors, that the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, or the mayor and any three or more of the aldermen, for the time being, shall, from time to time, and all times hereafter, have full power and authority, under the common

seal, to make free citizens, of the said city and liberties thereof; and no person or persons whatsoever, other than such free citizens, shall hereafter use any art, trade, mystery, or manual occupation, within the said city, liberties and precincts thereof, saving in the times of fairs there to be kept, and during the continuance of such fairs only. And in case any person or persons whatsoever, not being free citizens of the said city, as aforesaid, shall at any time hereafter use or exercise any art, trade, mystery, or manual occupation, or shall by himself, themselves, or others, sell, or expose to sale, any manner of merchandise, or wares whatsoever, by retail, in any house, shop, or place, or standing within the said city, or the liberties or precincts thereof: no fair being then kept in the said city, and shall persist therein, after warning to him or them given, or left by the appointment of the mayor of the said city, for the time being, at the place or places where such person or persons shall so use or exercise any art, trade, mystery or manual occupation; or shall sell or expose to sale any wares or merchandises, as aforesaid, by retail; then it shall be lawful for the mayor of the said city, for the time being, to cause such shop windows to be shut up, and also to impose such reasonable fine for such offence, not exceeding five pounds for every respective offence; and the same fine and fines so imposed, to levy and take by warrant under the common seal of the said city, for the time being, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person or persons so offending in the premises, found within the liberties or precincts of the said city, rendering to the party or parties the overplus; or by any other lawful ways or means whatsoever to the only use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, without any account to be rendered, made, or done, to the lieutenants, governors, or commanders-in-chief of this province for the same: *Provided*, That no person or persons shall be made free as aforesaid, but such as are his majesty's natural born subjects, or such as shall first be naturalized by act of general assembly; or shall have obtained letters of denization under the hand of the lieutenant governor or commander-in-chief for the time being, and seal of the province: and that all persons to be made free as aforesaid, shall and do pay for the public use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, such sum and sums of money as heretofore hath been used and accustomed to be paid and received on their being admitted freemen as aforesaid: *Provided*, It is not exceeding the sum of five pounds.

12. *And further*, I do by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, grant to the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city, that they and their successors be forever, persons able and capable, and shall have power to purchase, have, take, and possess in fee simple, lands, tenements, rents, and other possessions within or without the same city; to them and their successors forever, so as the same exceed not the yearly value of one thousand pounds per annum, the statute of Mortmain or any other law to the contrary notwithstanding; and the same lands, tenements, hereditaments, and premises, or any part thereof, to demise, grant, lease, set over, assign, and dispose at their own will and pleasure; and to make, seal and accomplish, any deed or deeds, lease or leases, evidences or writings, for or concerning the same, or any part thereof, which shall happen to

be made and granted by the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city for the time being.

13. *And further*, I do by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, grant to the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty, that they and their successors shall, and may forever hereafter, hold and keep within the said city, in every week of the year, three market days, the one upon Tuesday, the other upon Thursday, and the other upon Saturday, weekly forever.

14. *And also*, I do by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, grant to the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city, that they and their successors and assigns, shall and may at any time or times hereafter, when it to them shall seem fit and convenient, take in, fill and make up, and lay out, all and singular the lands and grounds in and about the said city and Island Manhattan's, and the same to build upon, or make use of, in any other manner or way, as to them shall seem fit, as far into the rivers thereof, and that encompass the same, at low-water-mark aforesaid.

15. *And I do*, by these presents, for and on the behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid his heirs and successors, give and grant unto the aforesaid mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, that they and their successors shall and may have, hold and keep, within the said city and liberties, and precincts thereof, in every week in every year forever, upon Tuesday, one court of common pleas, for all actions of debt, trespass, trespass upon the case, detinue, ejectment, and other personal actions; and the same to be held before the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, or any three of them, whereof the mayor or recorder to be one, who shall have power to hear and determine the same pleas and actions, according to the rules of the common law, and acts of the general assembly of the said province.

16. *And I do*, by these presents, for and on behalf of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs and successors, grant to the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors, that the said mayor, aldermen, and commonalty of the said city, and their successors, shall have and enjoy all the privileges, franchises, and powers, that they have and use, or that any of their predecessors, at any time within the space of twenty years last past, had, took, or enjoyed, or ought have had, by reason, or under any pretence of any former charter, grant, prescription, or any other right, custom, or usage, although the same have been forfeited, lost, or have been ill-used, or not used, or abused, or discontinued, albeit they be not particularly mentioned; and that no officer shall disturb them therein under any pretence whatsoever, not only for their future, but their present enjoyment thereof; provided always, that the said privileges, franchises and powers be not inconsistent with or repugnant to the laws of his majesty's kingdom of England, or other the laws the general assembly of this province as aforesaid. And saving to his most sacred majesty aforesaid, his heirs, successors and assigns, and the lieutenants, governors, and commanders-in-chief, and other officers under him, and them in Fort James, in or by the city of New York, and in all the liberties,

boundaries, extents, privileges thereof, for the maintenance of the said fort or garrison there, all the right, use, title and authority which they or any of them have had, used or exercised there; and also, one messuage or tenement next the city hall, and one messuage by the fort, now in the possession of Thomas Coker, gent. The piece of ground by the gate, called the governor's garden, and the land without the gate, called the king's farm, with the swamp next to the same land by the fresh water; and saving the several rents and quit-rents reserved, due and payable from several persons inhabiting within the said city and Island Manhattan's, by virtue of former grants to them made and given, and saving to all other persons, bodies politic and corporate, their heirs, successors and assigns, all such right, title and claim, possessions, rents, services, commons, emoluments, interest in and to anything which is their's (save only the franchises aforesaid) in as ample manner as if this charter had not been made.

17. *And further*, I do appoint and declare, that the incorporation to be founded by this charter shall not at any time hereafter do or suffer to be done anything by means whereof the lands, tenements or hereditaments, stock, goods or chattels thereof, or in the hands, custody, possession of any of the citizens of the said city, such as have been sett, lett, given, granted or collected, to and for pious and charitable uses, shall be wasted or misemployed contrary to the trust or intent of the founder or giver thereof, and that such and no other construction shall be made thereof than that which may tend most to advantage religion, justice and the public good; and to suppress all acts and contrivances to be invented, or put in use contrary thereunto. *In witness whereof*, I have caused these presents to be entered in the secretary's office, and the seal of the said province to be hereunto affixed, this seven and twentieth day of April, in the second year of the reign of his most sacred majesty aforesaid, and in the year of our Lord God, one thousand six hundred and eighty-six.

THOMAS DONGAN.

By virtue, or under pretext whereof, the said citizens and inhabitants from the date thereof, hitherto have held or claim to hold and still do hold, or claim to hold and enjoy, all and singular the rights, privileges, franchises, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, courts, powers, profits, immunities, lands, tenements, hereditaments and other the premises therein particularly mentioned and thereby intended to be granted. *And whereas*, the citizens and inhabitants of the said city of New York, besides the several public buildings, accommodations, conveniences and other things in the before recited grant or writing mentioned to have been by them erected, built and appropriated have, since the making thereof, built and appropriated at their own proper costs and charges, several public buildings, accommodations and conveniences, for the said city, *that is to say*, the present city hall and gaols, rooms and places for the sitting of courts of justice and chambers adjoining, with the ground and appurtenances thereunto belonging, five market houses, the present crane and bridge, with the common sewer leading through the great dock, and a magazine or powder house near the fresh water, and several other public buildings and conveniences in the said city; and have built the new ferry houses on the island of Nassau

for the reception of travellers, with a barn, stables and pen, or pound for cattle. And whereas, our late royal predecessor, Queen Anne, by her letters patent, under the broad seal of the province of New York made, bearing date the nineteenth day of April, in the seventh year of her reign, did grant, ratify and confirm unto the then mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and to their successors and assigns, in these words following, *to wit*, Anne, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, queen, defender of the faith, &c.: To all whom these presents may in any wise concern, sendeth greeting: *Whereas*, the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, by their petition to our right trusty and well beloved cousin Edward Viscount Cornbury, our captain-general and governor-in-chief, in and over our province of New York and territories depending thereon in America, and vice-admiral of the same, &c., preferred in council; therein setting forth, that they have a right and interest, under divers ancient charters and grants by divers former governors and commanders-in-chief of our said province of New York, under our noble progenitors, in a certain ferry from the said city of New York, over the East river to Nassau Island (alias Long Island), and from the said island to the said city again, and have possessed the same, and received all the profits, benefits and advantages thereof, for the space of fifty years and upwards; and perceiving the profits, advantages and benefits usually issuing out of the same to diminish, decrease and fall short of what might be reasonably made of the same, for the want of the bounds and limits to be extended and enlarged on the said island side, whereby to prevent divers persons from transporting themselves and goods to and from the said Island Nassau (alias Long Island) over the said river, without coming or landing at the usual and accustomed places, where the ferry boats are usually kept and appointed, to the great loss and damage of the said city of New York; have humbly prayed our grant and confirmation, under the great seal of our said province of New York, of the said ferry, called the Old ferry, on both sides of the East river, for the transporting of passengers, goods, horses and cattle to and from the said city, as the same is now held and enjoyed by the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, or their under-tenant or under-tenants; and also, of all the vacant and unappropriated land, from high-water mark, to low-water-mark, on the said Nassau Island (alias Long Island) lying contiguous and fronting the said city of New York, from a certain place called the Wall-about unto the Red Hook, over against Nutten Island, for the better improvement and accommodation of the said ferry; with full power, leave and license to set up, establish, maintain and keep one or more ferry or ferries, for the ease and accommodation of all passengers and travellers, for the transportation of themselves, goods, horses and cattle over the said river, within the bounds aforesaid, as they shall see meet and convenient and occasion require; and to establish, ordain, and make by-laws, orders and ordinances, for the due and orderly regulation of the same: The which petition we being minded to grant. *Know ye*, that of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion we have given, granted, ratified and confirmed, and in and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, we do give, grant, ratify and

confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and to their successors and assigns, all that the said ferry, called the Old ferry, on both sides of the said East river, for the transportation of passengers, goods, horses and cattle over the said river, to and from the said city and island, as the same is now used, held and enjoyed by the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York or their under-tenant or under-tenants, with all and singular the usual and accustomed ferriage fees, perquisites, rents, issues, profits and other benefits and advantages whatsoever, to the said Old ferry, belonging or therewith used, or thereout arising; and also, all that the aforesaid vacant and unappropriated ground lying and being on the said Nassau Island (alias Long Island) from high-water mark to low-water mark aforesaid, contiguous and fronting the said city of New York, from the aforesaid place called the Wall-about to Red Hook aforesaid; *That is to say*, from the east side of the Wall-about, opposite the now dwelling-house of James Bobine, to the west side of the Red Hook, commonly called the fishing place, with all and singular the appurtenances and hereditaments to the same, or any part or parcel thereof belonging or in any wise of right appertaining; together with all and singular the rents, issues, profits, ways, waters, easements and all other benefits, profits, advantages and appurtenances, which heretofore have, now are, and which hereafter shall belong to the said ferry, vacant land and premises hereinbefore granted and confirmed, or to any or either of them in any wise appertaining, or which heretofore have been, now are, and which hereafter shall belong, be used, held, received and enjoyed; and all our estate, right, title and interest, benefit and advantage, claim and demand, of, in or to the said ferry, vacant land and premises, or any part or parcel thereof, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, together with the yearly and other rents, revenues and profits of the premises, and of every part and parcel thereof; except and always reserved out of this our present grant and confirmation, free liberty, leave and license, to and for all and every person or persons, inhabiting or having plantations near the said river, by the waterside, within the limits and bounds above-mentioned, to transport themselves, goods, horses and cattle over the said river to and from the said city of New York and Nassau Island (alias Long Island) to and from their respective dwellings or plantations, without any ferriage or other account to the said ferry, hereby granted and confirmed to be paid or given; so always as the said person or persons do transport themselves only, and their own goods and in their own boats only, and not any stranger or their goods, horses or cattle, or in any other boat: *To have and to hold*, all and singular the said ferry, vacant land and premises hereinbefore granted and confirmed, or meant, mentioned or intended to be hereby granted and confirmed (except as is hereinbefore excepted) and all and singular the rents, issues, profits, rights, members and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise of right appertaining unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors and assigns forever; to the only proper use and behoof of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors and assigns forever; to be holden of us, our heirs and successors in free and common socage, as of our manor of East

Greenwich, in the county of Kent, within our kingdom of England; yielding, rendering and paying unto us, our heirs and successors for the same yearly at our custom house of New York, to our collector and receiver-general there for the time being, at or upon the feast of the nativity of St. John the Baptist, the yearly rent or sum of five shillings, current money of New York.

And we do further, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty and their successors, full and free leave and license to set up, establish, keep and maintain one or more ferry or ferries, as they shall from time to time think fit and convenient, within the limits and bounds aforesaid, for the ease and accommodation of transporting of passengers, goods, horses and cattle, between the said city of New York and the said island (except as is hereinbefore excepted) under such reasonable rates and payments as have been usually paid and received for the same; or which at any time hereafter shall be by them established by and with the consent and approbation of our governor and council of our said province for the time being. *And we do further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, give and grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York and their successors, full and absolute power and authority, to make, ordain, establish, constitute and confirm all manner of by-laws, orders, rules, ordinances and directions for the more orderly keeping and regularly maintaining the aforesaid ferry that is now kept, or any ferry or ferries which shall at any time or times hereafter be set up, established or kept within the bounds aforesaid, by virtue hereof, or of, for, touching or concerning the same, (so always as the same be not contrary to our laws of England, and of our province of New York) and the same at all times hereafter to be put in execution, or abrogate, revoke or change as they in their good discretion shall think fit and most convenient for the due and orderly keeping, regulating and governing the said ferry or ferries hereinbefore mentioned.

And lastly, our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby declare and grant that these our letters patent or the record thereof, in the secretary's office of our said province of New York, shall be good and effectual in the law to all intents and purposes whatsoever, notwithstanding the not true and well reciting or mentioning of the premises or any part thereof, or the limits and bounds thereof, or of any former or other letters patents, or other grants whatsoever made or granted; or of any part thereof, by us or any of our progenitors, unto any person or persons whatsoever, bodies politic or corporate, or any law or other restraint, incertainty or imperfection whatsoever, to the contrary or in any wise notwithstanding, and although express mention of the true yearly value or certainty of the premises or any of them, or of any other gifts or grants by us or by any of our progenitors heretofore made to the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of New York, in these presents, is not made, or any other matter, cause or thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. *In testimony* whereof, we have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the seal of our said province of New York to our said letters patent to be affixed, and the same to be recorded in the secretary's office of our said province.

Witness our right trusty and well beloved cousin Edward Viscount Cornbury, captain-general and governor-in-chief in and over our province of New York aforesaid, and territories thereon depending in America, and vice-admiral of the same, &c., in council at our fort in New York, the nineteenth day of April, in the seventh year of our reign, *Annoq. Domini*, one thousand seven hundred and eight.

By virtue, or under pretext whereof, the said inhabitants and citizens of the city of New York have held and enjoyed, or have claimed to hold and enjoy, and still do hold or claim to hold, the ferry, vacant land, perquisites, profits, privileges, powers and other premises in the before recited letters patent mentioned and intended to be thereby granted. *And whereas*, besides all the aforesaid particulars in the said grant or instrument made in the aforesaid year of our Lord one thousand six hundred eighty and six, and in the before recited letters patent of Queen Anne, mentioned or intended to be thereby granted the citizens and inhabitants of the said city of New York, have anciently held or claimed to hold, use and enjoy divers and sundry other rights, privileges, franchises, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, emoluments, powers, profits, immunities, lands, tenements and other hereditaments, as well by prescription as by divers grants and confirmations of and from divers governors, lieutenant-governors and commanders-in-chief of the said province, by the name of *mayor, aldermen and commonalty* of the city of New York, and by divers other names, stiles and titles and otherwise.

And whereas, divers questions, doubts, opinions, ambiguities, controversies and debates have arisen and been made as well upon and concerning the validity and force of the said recited grant or writing, dated in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and eighty-six, and the before recited letters patent of Queen Anne, as upon all and every the other grants and confirmations of divers governors, lieutenant-governors and commanders-in-chief, made to our city of New York, as aforesaid, by reason of the variety of names, stiles, titles and incorporations aforesaid, and by reason that the before recited grant or instrument, dated in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and eighty-six, and the other grants and confirmations of divers governors, lieutenant-governors and commanders-in-chief, were made in the governors' own names respectively, when they should have been made in the respective names, stiles and titles of former kings and queens, our royal predecessors, under whom they were governors, lieutenant-governors or commanders-in-chief respectively, and by reason, as some suggest and say, that the said city, or inhabitants or citizens thereof, never were well, regularly or legally incorporated, and for want thereof none of all the said grants, confirmations, instruments or letters patent, hereinbefore mentioned, could take effect or operate; and for divers other defects in all, some or one of the aforesaid grants, confirmations and writings; and also upon the validity and force of the prescription aforesaid. *And whereas*, our well-beloved subjects, the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of our said city of New York, by their humble petition presented to our trusty and well-beloved John Montgomerie, Esq., our captain-general and governor-in-chief of our provinces of New York and New Jersey, and territories depending thereon in

America, and vice admiral of the same, &c., in council, reciting among other things, that the city of New York is an ancient city, and the citizens thereof have anciently held and used, and still do use and hold divers and sundry rights, liberties, privileges, franchises, free-customs, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, emoluments, immunities, lands, tenements, public buildings and hereditaments, as well by the name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of* New York, as otherwise, to the advancement of the said city in the number of its buildings and inhabitants, whereby the said city is become a considerable seaport, and exceedingly necessary and useful to our kingdom of Great Britain, in supplying our governments in the West Indies with bread, flour and other provisions; wherefore they prayed, among other things, for our confirmation and grant to the said city and corporation, by the name, stile and title of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of* New York, of all their lands, tenements, public buildings and hereditaments, wharves, docks, bridges, slips, ferries, cranes, grants, charters, rights, liberties, privileges, franchises, free-customs, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, emoluments and immunities, now and heretofore by them held and enjoyed; and that they might have the soil four hundred feet beyond low-water mark, on Hudson's river, from a certain creek or kill called Bestaver's Killitie, southard to the fort, and from thence the same number of feet beyond low-water mark round the fort and along the East river as far as to the north side of a certain hill called Corlaer's hook; and also for a grant of such other powers, liberties, franchises, rights, free-customs, jurisdictions, privileges, immunities and things as may be needful for the good rule and government of the said city. *And we*, considering that the strength and increase of our good subjects, in that our frontier province of New York does in a great measure depend upon the welfare and prosperity of our said city, wherein the trade and navigation thereof are chiefly and principally carried on, promoted and encouraged; and we, affecting the good and happy estate of our said city, and the steady loyalty and integrity of the inhabitants and citizens thereof, are very desirous and willing to give encouragement to the said city, inhabitants and citizens, and to remove, utterly abolish, and wholly take away all and all manner of causes, occasions and matter, whereupon such questions, doubts, opinions, ambiguities, controversies or debates as aforesaid, or any other questions or doubts may or can arise; and in order thereunto, we have thought fit, them, the said inhabitants and citizens of the said city of New York, (by whatsoever name or names they have been or were incorporated, or whether they have been or where heretofore incorporated or not) into one body politic and corporate, by the name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of* New York, by our letters to make, constitute, confirm, renew and of new to create. *And we*, being also further willing and fully intending and desiring that the said inhabitants and citizens of our said city, by the name aforesaid, should have perpetual succession, and should hold, possess and enjoy, all and singular, the rights, privileges, liberties, franchises, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, authorities, ferries, fees, fines, perquisites, profits, immunities, rents, possessions, lands, tenements and other hereditaments, not only which in the before recited grants,

confirmations, writings and letters patent are mentioned, or intended to be thereby granted, but also, which they have held or claim to hold, by prescription or otherwise, with the alterations and enlargements thereof and additions thereto, in such manner and form as hereafter is mentioned and contained, notwithstanding the before mentioned or any other question, doubts, opinions, ambiguities, debates, faults, or imperfections.

1. *Wherefore know ye*, That we of our especial grace, certain knowledge, meer motion, have willed, ordained, constituted, confirmed, given, and granted, and by these presents for us, our heirs and successors do will, ordain, constitute, confirm, give and grant, that our said city of New York be, and from henceforth forever hereafter shall be and remain a free city of itself; and that the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, and their successors from henceforth forever hereafter shall be and remain one body corporate and politic, *in re facto and nomine*, by the name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city* of New York, and them and their successors by the name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city* of New York, one body corporate, *in re facto and nomine*, really and fully, we do for us, our heirs and successors, erect, make, ordain, constitute, confirm, declare and create, by these presents, and that by that name they shall and may have perpetual succession; and also, that they and their successors, by the said name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city* of New York be, and forever hereafter shall be, persons able in law, and capable to sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, defend and be defended, in all courts and places before us, our heirs and successors, and before all and any the judges, justices, officers and ministers of us, our heirs and successors, and elsewhere in all and all manner of actions, suits, complaints, pleas, causes, matters, and demands whatsoever, and of what kind or nature soever, in as full and ample manner and form as any of our other liege subjects of our said province, being persons able and capable in law, can or may sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, defend and be defended, by any lawful ways and means whatsoever. *And also*, That they and their successors, by the name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city* of New York, be and shall be forever hereafter, persons capable and able in law to purchase, take, hold, receive, enjoy and have any messuages, houses, buildings, lands, tenements, rents, possessions and other hereditaments and real estate, within or without our said province, in fee and forever, or for time of life or lives or years, or in any other manner; and also goods, chattels and all other things of what kind or quality soever. *And also*, That they and their successors by the same name of *the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city* of New York, shall and may give, grant, demise, assign and sell, or otherwise dispose of all or any the messuages, houses, buildings, lands, tenements, rents, possessions and other hereditaments and real estate and all their goods, chattels and other things aforesaid as to them shall seem meet, at their own will and pleasure.

And also, That the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, for the time being, and their successors shall and may forever hereafter, have and use a common seal for sealing all and singular deeds, grants, convey-

ances, contracts, bonds, articles of agreements, assignments, powers, authorities, and all and singular their affairs and things touching or concerning the said corporation. And, by virtue of these our letters, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York and their successors, as they shall see cause, to break, change and new make the same, or any other common seal, when, and as often as to them it shall seem convenient.

2. *And we do further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, order and appoint that the said city of New York, and the compass, precincts, circuit, bounds, liberties and jurisdictions of the same do reach, extend and stretch forth, and shall and may reach, extend stretch forth, as well in length as in breadth and circuit, in and through the limits and boundaries following, *to wit:* To begin at the river, creek or run of water called *Spyt den Duyvel*, over which King's bridge is built, where the said river or creek empties itself into the North river, on Westchester side thereof, at low-water mark, and so to run along the said river, creek or run, on Westchester side, at low-water mark, unto the East river or Sound, and from thence to cross over to Nassau Island, to low-water-mark there, including Great Barn Island, Little Barn Island and Manning's Island, and from thence all along Nassau Island shore, at low-water-mark, unto the south side of Red Hook; and from thence to run a line across the North river, so as to include Nutten Island, Bedlow's Island, Bucking Island, and the Oyster Island, to low-water-mark on the west side of the North river, or so far as the limits of our said province extended there, and so to run up along the west side of the said river at low-water-mark, or along the limits of our said province, until it comes directly opposite to the first mentioned river or creek, and thence to the place where the said boundaries first began. And also, that the said city, within the limits and jurisdictions thereof as aforesaid, be and forever hereafter shall be and remain divided into seven wards, to wit: the West ward, the South ward, the Dock ward, the East ward, the North ward, Montgomerie ward, and the Out ward; each and every of which wards shall contain and comprehend, and reach and extend through the several limits and bounds following, to wit:

The West ward to begin at the middle of the east end of the street that goes from the parade to the North river, between the lot of ground now in fence, belonging to Charles Sleigh, and the house and ground late of Thomas Elde; and from thence to run a direct line over the middle of the west end of Beaver street, and so along to the middle of Beaver street, till it comes directly opposite to the middle of the south end of New street, and to run along the middle of New street to the north end thereof; and from thence to run to the rear of the dwelling-house now in the possession of Domine Du Bois, and from thence to run all along the rear of the houses that front the Broadway up to the north part of the rear of Spring Garden house; and from thence to run up a line, as the Broadway runs, to the end thereof, including the said Broadway; and John Harris, his house, and to include all other houses hereafter to be built fronting the said Broadway, and from the north end of the Broadway to continue and run a line, as the said street runs, until it comes directly opposite to Bestaver's Killitie or

rivulet, and from thence to run to the said Bestaver's Killitie, and so to continue the said line four hundred feet beyond low-water mark into the North river, and so down the said North river, always keeping four hundred feet beyond low-water-mark, until it comes directly opposite to the middle of the west end of the first mentioned street; and so to run to and through the middle of the said street, to the place where the said West ward first began.

The South ward to begin at the middle of Wall street, where the line of the West ward runs across the same, and from thence down the middle of Wall street, until it comes directly opposite to the middle of the north end of Broad street; and from thence down the middle of Broad street to the long bridge; and from thence to the eastward of, and to include the said long bridge, and the market house at the south end of the said street; and from thence to continue and run a southeast line across the East river to low-water mark on Nassau Island shore; and from thence to run along the said shore at low-water mark, to the south side of Red Hook, and from thence to run a line across the North river so as to include Nutten Island, Bedlow's Island, Bucking Island and the Oyster Island, to low-water mark on the west side of the North river; and so to run up along the west side of said river at low-water mark, until it comes directly opposite to Bestaver's Killitie or rivulet; and from thence to run to the northwesterly corner of the West ward, at four hundred feet beyond low-water mark; and from thence along the bounds of the said West ward till it comes to the southwesterly end thereof; and from thence still along the bounds of the West ward, through the street by the parade, and through Beaver street and New street, to the place where the South ward began.

The Dock ward to begin at the middle of Wall street, directly opposite to the middle of the north end of Broad street, and from thence down through the middle of Wall street until it comes to the middle of Smith street then down through the middle of Smith street to a place called Marten Clock's Corner, including the small street between the house late of the said Marten Clock, and the slip, and so to continue and run a line as the said small street runs into the East river, four hundred feet below low-water mark, thence running westerly, keeping four hundred feet below low-water mark, till it comes to the bounds of the South ward, and from thence along the bounds of the South ward, up the middle of Broad street to the place where the said Dock ward began.

The East ward to begin at the northeasterly corner of the Dock ward, in the middle of Smith street, and so to run from thence up through the middle of the said street, till it comes directly opposite to the middle of the northeasterly end of Golden Hill street; and from thence to run down through the middle of the said street to the middle of the southeasterly end thereof; and from thence to run through the middle of Rodman's slip to the East river; and from thence to continue and run a line as the said slip runs into the East river, four hundred feet below low-water mark, till it comes to the southeasterly end of the Dock ward; and so along the bounds of the Dock ward up through the middle of Smith street to the place where the East ward began.

The North ward to begin where the East ward begins, in the middle of Smith street, and so to run from thence through the middle of the said street, so far as

it runs, and so to continue a line from the end of the said street as the street runs to the south side of the creek that runs from fresh water into the East river; and from thence running a north course till it comes to the bounds of the West ward; and from thence running along the bounds of the said West ward towards Spring garden, and all along the rear of the houses fronting the Broadway, and so still along the bounds of the said West ward to the middle of Wall street, where the West ward runs across the same; and from thence down the middle of Wall street along the bounds of the South ward and the Dock ward, to the place where the soid North ward began, including in the same ward the powder house, the city hall, and the Presbyterian meeting house.

Montgomerie ward to begin at the southeasterly corner of the East ward, opposite to Rodman's slip, four hundred feet below low-water mark in the East river, and from thence to run along the bounds of the East ward to and through the middle of Rodman's slip, and all through the middle of Golden Hill street till it meets with the boundaries of the North ward, and the middle of Smith street, and so along the bounds of the North ward, through the middle of Smith street, to the rivulet that runs from fresh water into the East river; from thence along the said rivulet so far as it goes, till it empties itself in the said East river; and from thence to run a southeast line four hundred feet beyond low-water mark into the said East river, and from thence running westerly, keeping four hundred feet beyond low-water mark, to the place where the said Montgomerie ward began.

The Out ward to begin at the northwesterly corner of the South ward, at low-water-mark, on the west side of the North river, over against Bestaver's Killitie or rivulet, and from thence to run up along the west side of the said river at low-water-mark, until it comes directly opposite to the river, creek or run of water, called *Spyt den Duyvel*, over which King's bridge is built; and from thence to run to the said creek or river to the Westchester side thereof, at low-water mark, and so to run along the said river, creek or run, on Westchester side, at low-water-mark into the East river or Sound, and from thence to cross over to Nassau Island to low-water-mark there, including Great Barn Island, Little Barn Island, and Manning's Island; and from thence along Nassau Island shore, at low-water-mark, to the bounds of the South ward; and from thence along the bounds of the South ward, the Dock ward, the East Ward, and Montgomerie ward, to the place where the said Montgomerie ward and the North ward meet, at the rivulet that runs from fresh water, and so to run a north course as the said North ward runs, till it comes to the bounds of the West ward; and from thence along the bounds of the West ward to the northwesterly corner thereof, at four hundred feet below low-water-mark, near Bestaver's Killitie or rivulet; and from thence along the bounds of the South ward to the place where the said Out ward began.

And we do further, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion for us, our heirs and successors, will, ordain, give and grant that there be and forever hereafter shall and may be one mayor, one recorder, seven aldermen, seven assistants, one sheriff, one coroner, one common clerk, one chamberlain, one high constable, sixteen assessors, seven collectors, sixteen constables,

and one marshal, appointed, nominated, elected, chosen and sworn, in and for the said city of New York, and the precincts and limits thereof; out of the freeholders or freemen, inhabitants of the said city, in manner and form as hereinafter is particularly mentioned; and for the better execution of our will, gift and grant in this behalf, we have assigned, named, constituted and made, and by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, do assign, name, constitute, and make our well-beloved Robert Lurting, esq., to be the present mayor of the same city, to do and execute all things which unto the office of mayor of the said city, doth or may belong or in any wise appertain. *And we do moreover*, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor of our said city of New York, and to his successors, and to the mayor of the said city for the time being, and to each of them forever, full power and authority to depute and appoint one of the aldermen of the said city, for the time being, to be approved of by the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province, for the time being, in the place of the mayor of the said city, for the time being; and as his deputy in all matters and respects to act and do all things which to the office of the mayor of the said city, within the limits, liberties and precincts thereof, do or ought to belong during the sickness or in the absence of the said mayor, for the time being.

4. *And we do hereby will and grant*, That every such deputy or person so to be appointed and approved of, after having taken such oath as hereinafter is directed for every such deputy to take, shall have as full power and authority to act and do, in the sickness or absence of the mayor of the said city, for the time being, all and singular those things which to the office of mayor of the said city belongs, or shall belong or appertain, to all intents and purposes, as the mayor of the said city, for the time being, by virtue of these presents or otherwise, hath, shall, or ought to have. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, will, ordain and grant that, in case it should happen that the present mayor of the said city, or any of his successors, or any of the mayors of the said city, for the time being, should happen to die before any other fit person shall be appointed and sworn mayor of the said city, in their respective rooms and places, then and in every such case, upon the death of such mayor, such alderman for the time being, (who shall have been so appointed and approved of as aforesaid, to act in the place of or as deputy to such mayor,) shall be, and he is hereby appointed and declared mayor of the said city, and to continue and be continued in, and to execute the same office of mayor of the said city, from the death of such mayor so dying, until another fit person shall be appointed and sworn mayor of the said city, in such manner as in and by these presents is hereafter directed for the respective mayors of the said city, to be appointed and sworn, and so as often as such case shall happen.

5. *And further we have assigned*, ordained, named and constituted, and by these presents do for us, our heirs and successors, assign, ordain, name and constitute our trusty and well beloved Francis Harrison, esq., (one of our council of our said province of New York) to be the present recorder of our said city, to do and execute all things which unto the office of recorder of the said city doth or may belong, or in any manner appertain, and to continue and be continued in

and to execute the said office, until another fit person shall be appointed and sworn in the office. *And we do hereby appoint*, That the governor or commander-in-chief for the said province for the time being, at any time or times, when, and as often as they or each of them think fit, may displace and remove the present recorder, or any other recorder, hereafter to be appointed.

6. *And we do*, for us, our heirs and successors, assign, name, constitute and appoint John Cruger, Harmanus Van Gelder, Frederick Phillipse, Gerardus Stuyvesant, Anthony Rutgers, John Roosevelt, and Johannes Hardenbrook, esqrs., citizens and inhabitants of the said city of New York, to be the present aldermen of the said city; and Egbert Van Borsom, Samuel Kip, John Chambers, John Moore, Isaac De Peyster, Petrus Rutgers and Gerardus Beekman, gents., to be the present assistants of the said city, to wit: The said John Cruger, to be alderman, and John Moore to be assistant, for the Dock ward of the said city; Harmanus Van Gelder to be alderman, and John Chambers to be assistant for the West ward of the said city; Col. Frederick Phillipse to be alderman, and Isaac De Peyster to be assistant for the South ward of the said city; Gerardus Stuyvesant to be alderman, and Samuel Kip to be assistant for the Out ward of the said city; Anthony Rutgers, esq., to be alderman, and Egbert Van Borsom to be assistant for the North ward of the said city; John Roosevelt to be alderman, and Petrus Rutgers to be assistant for the East ward of the said city; Johannes Hardenbrook to be alderman, and Gerardus Beekman to be assistant for the Montgomerie ward of the said city.

7. *And we do*, also, hereby nominate and appoint Cornelius De Peyster, to be the present chamberlain and treasurer of the city aforesaid; Colonel Henry Beekman to be the present sheriff of the said city; Richard Nichols, gent., to be the present coroner of the said city; Edmund Peers to be the present high constable, and Robert Crannel to be present marshal of the said city.

8. *And also*, We do hereby nominate and appoint John Le Montes, David Abeel, assessors; Nicholas Van Taerling, collector, and John Scott, constable, for the South ward of the said city; John Thurman and John Bogart, assessors, and John Pearse, collector for the West ward of the said city; Gerardus Duyckinck and Simeon Soumain, assessors, George Brinckerhoof, collector, and Christopher Nicholson, constable of the Dock ward of the said city; John Brown and Nathaniel Marston, assessors, Peter Noxen, collector, and Timothy Bontecou, constable of the North ward of the said city; John Pintard and Peter Van Dyck, assessors, Ebenezer Grant, collector, and John Abrahamson, constable of the East ward of the said city; Jacobus Kip, assessor, and Cornelius Consine, collector, for the Bowery division of the Out ward, and Barent Waldren, assessor, Derick Bensing, collector, and Arent Bussing, constable for the Harlem division of the said Out ward.

9. *And we do* hereby appoint, order and direct that within forty days after the date hereof, the freemen of the said city, being inhabitants in, and the freeholders of each respective ward in the said city, may and shall assemble themselves and meet together, at such time and place in each of the said wards, as each respective alderman for each respective ward, shall appoint and then and there by the plurality of their voices or votes, to elect and choose out of the

inhabitants of each respective ward, being freeholders there, or freemen of the said city, the several officers following, to wit, one other constable for the South ward; one other constable for the West ward; one other constable for the Dock ward; one other constable for the East ward; two assessors, one collector and two constables for Montgomerie ward; and two other assessors and three other constables for the Out ward, to wit: one other assessor and two constables for the Bowery division, and one other assessor and one other constable for the Harlem division of the said Out ward. And we do hereby will and ordain, that each and every of the before named mayor, aldermen, assistants, chamberlain, coroner, high constable and marshal, and all and every the before named assessors, constables, and every other assessor and constable hereafter to be chosen for any ward, or division of a ward in the said city before next *Michaelmas* day, on their being respectively sworn into their respective offices, as hereafter is directed, shall continue in their said respective offices until the fourteenth day of October next ensuing the date hereof, and from thence until other fit persons be respectively chosen and sworn in their respective rooms and places in manner and form as is hereinafter directed. And we do also further ordain, order and declare, for us, our heirs and successors that as well the before named sheriff, as every other person and persons hereafter to be appointed for or to the office of sheriff of the said city, before he or they be permitted to exercise the said office, shall each of them give and enter into bond to us, our heirs and successors, with two or more sufficient sureties, in a penalty not less than one thousand pounds, conditioned for the faithful and due execution of his said office, in such manner as the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province of New York, for the time being, shall think fit and appoint. And the before named sheriff on his giving such security, and having taken such an oath as hereafter is directed, shall continue in his said office until the fourteenth day of October next ensuing, and from thence until another fit person is appointed and sworn into the said office, and has given such security as aforesaid.

10. *And we do hereby further*, for us, our heirs and successors, appoint and ordain that the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province of New York, for the time being, by and with the advice of the council of us, our heirs and successors, for the said province for the time being, from time to time, shall have full power and authority on the feast day of *St. Michael* the Archangel, in every year forever hereafter, to name and appoint and can, shall and may name and appoint, a discreet and fit person of the freeholders, freemen or inhabitants of the said city, to be mayor of the said city; and one other fit and able person, one of the freeholders or freemen, being an inhabitant of the said city, to be sheriff of the said city; and one other such person to be coroner of the said city, all for the ensuing year. And also, that on the said feast day of *St. Michael* the Archangel, in every year forever hereafter, the freemen of the said city, being inhabitants, and the freeholders of each respective ward in the said city, shall and may assemble themselves and meet together at such time of the day and such public place in each of the said wards as each respective alderman for each respective ward, for the time being, shall appoint; and then and there, by plurality of their voices or votes, to elect and choose out of the inhabitants of

each respective ward, being freeholders thereof or freemen of the said city, (except the Out ward) for the ensuing year, one alderman and one assistant, two assessors, one collector and two constables; and for the said Out ward, four assessors, two collectors and four constables, to wit: two assessors, one collector and two constables for each division of the said ward. *And also*, That the mayor of the said city, for the time being, and four or more aldermen, and four or more of the assistants of the said city, for the time being, on the feast day of *St. Michael* the Archangel, in every year forever hereafter, shall and may in common council name and appoint one fit person, being a freeholder or freeman and an inhabitant of the said city, to be treasurer or chamberlain of the said city for the year ensuing; and also that on the same day in every year forever hereafter, the mayor of the said city, for the time being, shall name and appoint one other of the said inhabitants, being a freeholder or freeman of the said city, to be high constable of the said city for the year ensuing; every of which person so to be named for mayor, coroner, high constable or chamberlain, or so to be elected for aldermen, assistant, assessor or constable, on the feast day of St. Michael, shall, on the fourteenth day of October then next ensuing their nomination or election respectively, take the respective oaths hereinafter appointed for them respectively to take, in such manner and form as hereinafter is directed, and shall continue in their said respective offices, from their being so respectively sworn, until other fit persons be respectively named or elected, and sworn in their respective rooms and places. *And also*, That every person so to be named for sheriff on the said feast day of St. Michael, shall on the fourteenth day of October then next ensuing his nomination, take such oath as is hereafter appointed for each sheriff to take, and shall give such security as is hereinbefore appointed for each sheriff to give, and shall remain in the said office from the time of his being so sworn and giving such security, until another fit person shall be appointed and sworn into the said office, and shall have given such security as aforesaid. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, appoint and ordain that if it should happen that either the mayor, sheriff or coroner of the said city, for the time being, at any time (before other fit persons be so as aforesaid respectively named and sworn in their respective rooms) should happen to die, then and so often as it shall so happen, it shall and may be lawful for the governor and commander-in-chief of the said province for the time being, by and with the advice of the said council for the said province, for the time being, in some convenient time thereafter, to name and appoint some fit and discreet person, being an inhabitant, freeholder or freeman of the said city, to be mayor of the said city in the room of such mayor so dying; and one other fit and able person, as aforesaid, to be sheriff of the said city in the room of such sheriff so dying; and one other fit person as aforesaid, to be coroner of the said city, in the room of such coroner so dying; and that every such person so to be named mayor, after having taken such oath as is hereby appointed for each mayor to take, shall remain in and execute the said office of mayor of the said city until the fourteenth day of October then next ensuing, and until another fit person be named and sworn into the said office of mayor of the said city; and every such person so to be named sheriff,

after having sworn and given such security as is hereby appointed for each sheriff to do, shall have, exercise and remain in the said office of sheriff of the said city until the fourteenth day of October then next, and until another fit person be named and sworn in the said office of sheriff, and shall have given such security as hereinbefore is appointed for each sheriff to give; and every person so to be named coroner, after having taken such oath as appointed hereby for each coroner to take, shall exercise and remain in the said office of coroner of the said city, until the fourteenth day of October then next, and until another fit person be named and sworn into the office of coroner of the said city.

11. *And we do moreover*, for us, our heirs and successors, will, and by these presents, grant to the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and to their successors forever, that if it should happen any of the present named aldermen or assistants, assessors, collectors or constables, or any one of the aldermen, assistants, collectors or constables hereafter to be elected and sworn, or to be sworn in their respective offices as aforesaid, shall happen to die or remove out of the said city, within the time they are or shall be respectively named or elected for, or before other fit persons be respectively named or elected, and sworn in their respective rooms, it shall and may be lawful for the freemen, being inhabitants in, and the freeholders of each respective ward for which such alderman, assistant, assessor, collector or constable so dying or removing, had been named or chosen for, to assemble and meet together at such time and place in the said respective ward, as shall be appointed by the mayor of the said city for the time being, or his deputy, and then and there by plurality of voices, or votes of the freemen, being inhabitants in, and the freeholders of such ward, to elect one of the inhabitants of, and being a freeholder in such ward, or freeman of the said city, to serve as alderman, assistant, assessor, collector or constable, for the said ward, in the room of such alderman, assistant, assessor, collector or constable so dying or removing; and so as often as such cases shall happen. And in case the present named or any future chamberlain, or any high constable of the said city hereafter to be appointed, so sworn or to be sworn in their respective offices aforesaid, should happen to die or remove out of the said city within the time they were or shall be respectively appointed for, it shall be lawful for the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy and four or more aldermen, and four or more assistants, for the said city, for the time being, in common council, to appoint another fit person to be chamberlain, in the room of such chamberlain so dying or removing; and for the mayor of the said city, for the time being, to appoint another fit person to be high constable in the room of such high constable so dying or removing; and so as often as such cases shall happen. And all and every such person and persons so to be newly chosen or appointed alderman, assistant, assessor, collector, constable, chamberlain or high constable shall serve in their respective offices until other fit persons be respectively chosen or appointed, and sworn in their respective rooms, each of them (except the collector) first taking such oaths as hereafter is appointed for each of them respectively to take.

12. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain, grant and

confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that if any one of the inhabitants of the said city of New York, being a freeholder or freeman as aforesaid, shall hereafter be elected or chosen to the office of alderman, assistant, assessor, collector, or constable for any ward in the said city, or shall be appointed to be high constable of the said city, and have notice of his said election, shall refuse, deny, delay, or neglect to take upon him or them to execute such office, to which he or they shall be so chosen or elected for, that then and so often as it shall happen, it shall and may be lawful for the mayor or his deputy, or recorder, and any four or more of the aldermen, and any four or more of the assistants of the said city for the time being, in common council, to tax, assess, and impose upon every such person or persons so refusing, denying, delaying or neglecting such reasonable and moderate fine and fines, sum and sums of money, as they, the said mayor, or his deputy, or recorder, and any four or more aldermen, and any four or more assistants, in common council, shall think fit, so as such fine for each refusal, denial, delay or neglect, shall not exceed the sum of fifteen pounds current money of New York; all which said fines shall and may be levied, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such delinquent and delinquents, by warrant under the seal of the said city, signed by the mayor thereof, for the time being, rendering the surplusage to the owner or owners thereof, (if any be) the necessary charges of making and selling such distress being first deducted, or, by action of debt in any court of record, to be prosecuted, or any other lawful method to be obtained; and shall be recovered and received by and to the use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs or successors, or to any of the officers or ministers of us, our heirs or successors: and upon every such refusal or neglect, other fit persons to be elected and chosen in the room and rooms of such persons so neglecting or refusing, in such manner as is before directed or appointed for electing and choosing of aldermen, assistants, assessors, collectors and constables, and for appointing a high constable, upon the death or removal of any of them respectively; and so as often as such cases shall happen.

13. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, grant, appoint, and ordain, that if it shall happen that the day or days appointed for the naming, appointing, electing, or choosing, or for administering any oath or oaths to any of the officers or ministers of the said corporation, shall happen to fall on a Sunday, then and in such case such naming, appointing, electing, or choosing so to be made, shall be made, and such oath or oaths so to be administered, shall be administered on the next day, and so as often as such case shall happen.

14. *And further we do*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify, and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that the mayor or recorder, with four or more aldermen, and four or more assistants of the said city, for the time being, be, and shall be forever hereafter, called the common council of the city of New York: And that the said common council of the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, have and may, and shall have full power, authority and license to frame

constitute, ordain, make and establish, from time to time, all such laws, statutes, rights, ordinances and constitutions, which to them, or the greater part of them, shall seem to be good, useful or necessary for the good rule and government of the body corporate aforesaid; and of all officers, ministers, artificers, citizens, inhabitants and residents of the said city, within the limits thereof, and for declaring how and after what manner and order the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and assistants of the said city, for the time being, and all and every of their officers and ministers, and all officers and ministers, and all artificers, inhabitants, and residents of the same city, and their factors, servants and apprentices, in their offices, functions and business, within the said city and liberties thereof, for the time being, and from time to time, shall use, carry and behave themselves; and for the farther public good, common profit, trade and better government and rule of the said city, and for the better preserving, governing, disposing, letting and setting of the lands, tenements, possessions and hereditaments, goods and chattels, to the aforesaid mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York belonging, or to them and their successors hereafter to belong, and all other things and causes whatsoever, touching or concerning the said city, or the state, right and interest of the same, (provided that such laws be not contradictory or repugnant to the laws or statutes of that part of our kingdom of Great Britain called England, or of our said province) which laws, statutes, ordinances and constitutions, so to be made as aforesaid, may be and remain in force for twelve months from the day of the date thereof, and no longer, unless they shall be allowed of and confirmed by the governor and council of the said province, for the time being; and that the said common council of the said city, for the time being, or the greater part of them, as often as they shall make, ordain and establish such laws, statutes, rights, ordinances and constitutions, in form aforesaid, may make, ordain, limit and provide such and the like pains, punishments, penalties, either by fines and amerciaments, or by disfranchising and amoving from the liberties, privileges, immunities and freedom of the said city, or by either of them, towards and against all and every person that shall offend against such laws, statutes, rights, orders and constitutions, or any or either of them, or by the said common council, or the major part of them, shall be thought necessary and requisite to make, ordain, limit and provide, for the observation and preservation of the same laws, rights, statutes, ordinances and constitutions; and the same fines and amerciaments shall and may, from time to time, levy, receive, have and recover, either by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such delinquent and delinquents, by warrant, under the hand and seal of the mayor, or recorder, or any one of the aldermen, for the time being, rendering the surplusage to the owner or owners thereof (if any be) the necessary charges of making and selling such distress being first deducted; or by action of debt, in any court of record to be prosecuted, or in any other lawful method to be obtained, and to the use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs and successors, or to any of the officers or ministers of us, our heirs or successors: all and singular, which laws, statutes, rights, ordinances and constitutions so as aforesaid to be made, we do, for us, our heirs and successors

will to be observed, under the pains, penalties and forfeitures in the same contained. *And we do further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that the common council of the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, shall have the sole power of determining and deciding all elections of all and every their officers and ministers, hereafter to be chosen and elected in, or for the said corporation, or any part thereof.

15. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain, declare, give and grant, unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty and their successors, that the common council of the said city shall be summoned, called and held from time to time, so often and at such times and places, as the mayor, or in case of his sickness or absence, the recorder of the said city, for the time being, shall think fit to appoint or direct; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said common council of the said city, or the major part of them, to assess and lay such reasonable fines and amerciaments in and upon every officer and member of the body corporate aforesaid, for the time being, who after having had due notice, or being duly summoned to appear or attend at any such common council, to be held for the said city, shall neglect so to do, or make default therein, or shall not appear or attend according to such notice or summons, in that behalf, or show a reasonable cause, by the said common council, or the major part of them, at their discretion to be allowed, and so often as such case shall happen, so that no such fine or amerciament for any one default of appearance or attendance of any such officer or member of the body corporate aforesaid, shall exceed the sum of twenty shillings, in the manner and form aforesaid, to be levied, and by, to and for the use of the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, and their successors, to be recovered and received without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs or successors, or any of our or their officers and ministers. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, and confirm unto the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors forever, that the common council of the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, (but no other person or persons whomsoever, without the consent, grant or license of the said common council of the said city for the time being, or the major part of them) from time to time, and at all times hereafter, shall and may have the sole, full and whole power and authority of settling, appointing, establishing, ordering, and directing, and shall and may settle, appoint, establish, order, and direct such and so many ferries around Manhattan's Island alias New York Island, for the carrying and transporting people, horses, cattle, goods and chattels from the said Island of Manhattan to Nassau Island, and from thence back to Manhattan's; and also from the said Island Manhattan's to any of the opposite shores all around the same island, in such and so many places as the said common council, or the major part of them shall think fit, who have hereby, likewise, full power to let, set or otherwise dispose of, all or any of such ferries, to any person or persons whomsoever; and the rents, issues, profits, ferriages, fees and other advantages arising and accruing from all and every such ferries; we do hereby fully and freely for us, our heirs and success-

ors, give and grant unto the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, aforesaid, and their successors forever, to have, take, hold, and enjoy the same to their own use, without being accountable to us, our heirs or successors, for the same or any part thereof.

16. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that the common council of the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, have, and from time to time, and at all times hereafter forever, shall have full power, license and authority, not only to establish, appoint, order and direct, the making and laying out of all other streets, lanes, alleys, highways, water-courses and bridges not already made or laid out, but also the altering, amending and repairing all such streets, lanes, alleys, highways, water-courses and bridges, heretofore made or laid out, or hereafter to be made or laid out, in and throughout the said city of New York and the Island of Manhattan's, in such manner as the said common council, for the time being, or the major part of them, shall think or judge to be necessary and convenient for all inhabitants and travellers there.

17. *And further*, we do hereby, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, that they and their successors shall and may have, hold and keep markets, at five several places (in the said city of New York, on every day in the week, throughout the year, except Sunday) as follows, to wit: One market at Coenties dock; one other market at the Old slip, at Burgher's path; one other market at Countesses slip; one other market at the lower end of Wall street, and one other market by the Long bridge. And also, we do for us, our heirs and successors, grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York and their successors forever, that they and their successors shall and may have, hold and keep such and so many other markets, at such and so many other times and places in the said city of New York, as shall from time to time be ordered, established, erected and appointed by the common council of the city aforesaid, for the time being, or the greater number of them.

18. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, that they and their successors may and shall have the assize and essay of bread, wine, beer, ale, and all other victuals and things whatsoever, set to sale in the said city and the liberties and limits thereof; and the amending and correcting of the same assize; and all amerciaments, fines and forfeitures to be laid and forfeited concerning the same or any part thereof, without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs or successors; and to perform, do and act, by themselves or their deputies, all and every thing needful or necessary in, about or concerning the same.

19. *And we do hereby further*, for us, our heirs and successors, grant and give unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, the office of gauger of and in the said city, to guage all and singular the wine, rum, brandy, molasses, beer, ale, cider and

other merchandises and vessels gaugable or to be gauged within the said city; except such liquors as are to pay duty by virtue of any act of assembly, until after they have been gauged by the public officer appointed for that purpose; And the office of measurer of and in the said city, to measure salt, wheat, oats, and other grain and all other merchandises measurable or to be measured in the said city; and also the offices of surveyor and packer of bread, flour, beef, pork and other provisions, and all other merchandises and commodities to be surveyed or packed in the said city; and also the office of cartage, carriage and portage of all goods, wares, merchandises and other things to be carted or carried in or through the said city or any part thereof: and also the office of garbling of all manner of spices and other merchandises and things to be garbled in the city aforesaid: To have and to hold the several offices aforesaid, and every of them, and the disposition, ordinances and correctness of the same, and to exercise the same by themselves or their deputies; and to take and receive to themselves all fees, profits and perquisites to the said offices and every of them, due or to be due, and all the fines, amerciaments and forfeitures to be laid and forfeited concerning the same, or any part thereof, to them the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors, to their own proper use forever, without any account, or any other thing, to us or our heirs or successors, to be given or made.

And further, That the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy for the time being, and any four or more of the aldermen, for the time being, shall from time to come, and at all times forever hereafter, have full power and authority, under the common seal of the said city, to make free citizens of the said city and liberties thereof; and that every person so to be made a free citizen, shall pay on his being made free, for the use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city aforesaid, and their successors forever, a sum not exceeding five pounds, New York money; and we do for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors forever, full power to ask, take, demand and receive the same to their own use and behoof, without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs or successors, or any other person or persons whatsoever.

21. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs, or successors, constitute, appoint and ordain, that no person whatsoever, not being a free citizen of the said city as aforesaid, shall at any time hereafter, use any art, trade, mystery or occupation within the said city, liberties, and precincts thereof, or shall by himself, themselves or others, sell or expose to sale any manner of goods, wares, merchandises or commodities by retail, in any house, shop, place or standing, within the said city, or the liberties or precincts thereof, (save in the time of public fairs,) and that every such person so using any art, trade, mystery, occupation, or so retailing, contrary to the intent and meaning of these our present letters, and shall persist therein after warning to him or them thereof given, or left by the appointment of the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy, at the place or places where such person or persons shall so use any art, mystery or occupation, or expose to sale by retail as aforesaid, any goods, wares, merchandises or commodities as aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of five

pounds, New York money, to and for the use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, for every time that he or she shall so use any trade, mystery or occupation, or expose to sale by retail as aforesaid, any goods, wares, merchandises or commodities, after such warning given or left as aforesaid: all and every of which same forfeitures shall and may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such delinquent and deliaquents, by warrant under the seal of the said city, signed by the mayor thereof, for the time being, or his deputy, rendering the surplusage to the owner or owners thereof, (if any he) the necessary charges of making and selling such distress being first deducted; or by any other lawful method to be obtained; and shall be recovered and received by and to the only use of the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs or successors, or to any of the officers, or ministers of us, our heirs or successors: *Provided always*, and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, direct, appoint and order that no person or persons shall be made free as aforesaid, but such as are or shall be natural born subjects of us, our heirs or successors, or shall be naturalized or made denizens. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and appoint, direct, will and grant that all and every person and persons now living, who at any time heretofore have been admitted free citizens, or into the freedom of the said city of New York, shall be and remain free thereof, and free citizens, and have and enjoy the said freedom, and all the rights and privileges of freemen and free citizens of the said city of New York to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

22. And for the better preservation of good rule and order in the said city, we do, for us, our heirs and successors, will, ordain, grant unto the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city, and their successors, that the common council of the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, shall have full power and authority to license or appoint by warrant, under the common seal of the said city or otherwise, one or more surveyors of flour, bread, beef, pork and other provisions, measures of grain, salt and all other commodities, gaugers of wine, beer, ale, cider, rum, brandy, and all other saleable or exciseable, liquors, garbles, beadles, bell-men, watchmen, bridewell keepers, or keepers of a house or houses of correction, and of alms-houses, cryers, and bell-ringers, and to displace all or any of them and put others in their room, and to add or diminish the number of them, or any of them, as often as the said common council of the said city, or the major part of them shall think fit.

23. *And further*, we do for us, our heirs and successors, grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors forever, full power and authority to erect and build, or appropriate any other buildings already built, for one or more bridewell or bridewells, house or houses of correction, and work-house or work-houses, together with full power and authority to the said mayor, recorder and aldermen or any one of them, to take up and arrest, or order to be taken up and arrested, all and any rogues, vagabonds, stragglers and idle and suspicious persons; and as they the said mayor, recorder or aldermen, or any one of them, shall see cause, to order all or any such rogues,

vagabonds, stragglers and idle and suspicious persons, either to the said work-house, there to remain and work such work and so long, not exceeding forty days, or else to bridewell or the house of correction, there to receive such punishment, not extending to the loss of life or limb, as the said mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any one of them, shall think fit. *And also*, that they the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty and their successors forever may and shall have power to build, erect or appropriate any of their buildings already built, for an alms-house for relief of the poor; together also, with as full and ample power to them and their successors, to order, direct and act in and about the said houses of correction, work-houses and alms-houses, and the persons to be put in and ordered there, as to any city or corporation in any place of that part of our realm of Great Britain called England, and the officers or ministers thereof doth or may belong. *And also*, that they the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors forever hereafter, may have one or more gaol or gaols in such fit place or places, within the said city and limits and jurisdiction thereof, as by the common council of the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, shall be appointed, to imprison and safe keep all and every person and persons for treasons, murders, felonies, trespasses, evil doings and all other matters and causes whatsoever to be arrested or attached, or to be committed to the gaol or gaols aforesaid, in safe custody, there to remain until they be delivered by due course of law. And that the common council of the city aforesaid, for the time being, or the major part of them, shall and may have power from time to time, to choose, constitute and place one or more fit person or persons in the office or offices of keeper or keepers of the gaol or gaols aforesaid, to hold the same during the good pleasure of the common council or the said city, for the time being, or the major part of them, as aforesaid requiring, and hereby for us, our heirs and successors, impowering and commanding the keeper and keepers of the gaol or gaols aforesaid, for the time being, and all and singular traitors, murderers, felons, malefactors, disturbers of the peace and other delinquents, and all others, for any crime or offence, or other reasonable cause or matters, to the gaol or gaols aforesaid, ordered or committed, or to be committed or ordered, from time to time, shall receive, take, keep and cause to be kept in the same gaol or gaols, until they shall be thence delivered by due course of law.

24. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, will, ordain and grant, that the mayor of the said city, for the time being, shall forever hereafter be clerk of the market of us, our heirs and successors, within the city aforesaid, and the limits, liberties and precincts thereof; and that the mayor of the said city for the time being, by himself or his deputy, may and shall have power and authority to do and execute, and shall and may do and execute forever, within the limits, liberties and precincts of the said city, all and whatsoever to the office of clerk of the market there doth, shall or may belong, without any hinderance or impediment of us, our heirs or successors, or any the officers of us, our heirs or successors; and that no other clerk of the market shall intermeddle there. *And also*, that the mayor of the said city, for the time being, and his successors during the time of his and their mayoralties and no other, be

and shall be, the bailiff and conservator of the water of the North and East rivers, and shall and may do, exercise and execute the said office of bailiff and conservator of the water of the North and East rivers, or water bailiff by him or themselves, or by his or their sufficient deputy or deputies, in, upon, or about the same water of the North and East rivers (that is to say) in and through all the limits, bounds and jurisdictions of the said city of New York, upon all and every the banks, shores and wharves of the same water of the North and East rivers, within the limits and bounds aforesaid: and to have, receive, collect and enjoy, all and singular, wages, rewards, fees and profits to the same offices of clerk of the market and water-bailiff, or any of them, due or to be due, or belonging to his or their own use, without any account thereof to us, our heirs or successors to be made. *And also*, that the mayor of the said city, for the time being, shall have full power and authority to license or appoint, by warrant, under his hand and seal, or otherwise, one or more marshal or marshals of the said city, porters, carriers, cartmen, carmen, packers, cullers, common cryers, scavengers, and to displace all or any of them, and to put others in their rooms; and to add to, or diminish the number of them, or any of them, when and as often as the mayor of the said city, for the time being, shall think fit.

25. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, grant, ratify, and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that the mayor of the said city for the time being, and no other whatsoever, shall have power to give and grant licenses annually, under the public seal of the said city, to all such persons as he shall think fit to license them, and every of them, to keep a tavern, inn, ordinary or victualling-house, and to sell wine, brandy, rum, strong waters, cider, beer, ale, or any other sort of exciseable or strong liquors, within the city of New York, or the liberties and precincts thereof, by retail or the small measure; and that it shall be lawful to and for the said mayor of the said city for the time being, to ask, demand, and receive for every such license by him to be given and granted aforesaid, such sum or sums of money, as he and the person to whom such license shall be given and granted, shall agree for, not exceeding the sum of thirty shillings for each license; all which moneys, as by the said mayor shall be so received, shall be used and applied to the public use of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors forever, without any account thereof to be rendered, made or done to us, our heirs or successors, or any other person whatsoever; every and each of which licenses shall continue and be in force for any time not exceeding one year from the granting thereof, but no longer. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, constitute, direct, order and appoint that no person or persons whatsoever, without such license being in force, shall at any time hereafter keep any tavern, inn, public ordinaries or victualling houses, or sell wine, brandy, rum, strong waters, cider, beer, ale, or any other sorts of exciseable or strong liquors within the city of New York, or the liberties or precincts thereof, by retail or small measure, under the penalty of five pounds, current money of New York, for every time that any person shall act contrary hereto in any respect, to be forfeited and paid by every person, for every time he or she shall offend or act contrary hereto, in any respect to and for the use of the

said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, for the time being; all and every of which penalties shall and may be levied, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such delinquent and delinquents, by warrant, under the seal of the said city, signed by the mayor thereof, for the time being, or his deputy, rendering the surplusage to the owner or owners thereof, if any be, (the necessary charges of making and selling such distress being first deducted,) or by any other lawful method to be obtained; and shall be recovered and received by and to the only use of the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, without any account thereof to be given to us, our heirs or successors, or to any of the ministers or officers of us, our heirs or successors.

26. *And further, we,* of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, have given, granted, ratified and confirmed, and by these presents, do for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and to their successors forever, that the mayor, deputy mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city, for the time being, be and shall be at all times forever hereafter, and hereby are assigned to be justices, and each of them a justice of us, our heirs and successors, the peace of us, our heirs and successors, within the city aforesaid, and the limits, jurisdiction and extent thereof, and within the county of New York, to keep; and that they, the mayor, deputy mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city for the time being, or any four or more of them, (whereof we will the mayor, or deputy mayor, or recorder of the said city, for the time being, to be one,) shall and may forever hereafter hold and keep four courts of general sessions of the peace, in and for the said city and county of New York, to begin at certain times in the year, *to wit:* one of them to begin on the first Tuesday in November; another on the first Tuesday in February; another on the first Tuesday in May; and another on the first Tuesday in August, in every year; each of which sessions of the peace shall and may last, continue, and be held any time, not exceeding four days. *And also,* that they, the said mayor, deputy mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city, for the time being, or any four or more of them, (whereof we will the mayor, or deputy mayor, or recorder of the said city for the time being, to be one,) shall and may forever hereafter, have full power and authority to enquire of, and hear and determine, within the city and county aforesaid, all and all manner of felonies, imprisonments, riots, routs, oppressions, extortions, forestallings, regratings, trespasses, offences, and all and singular other evil deeds and offences whatsoever, within the city and county aforesaid, from time to time perpetrated, done, arising or happening, which to the office of justices of the peace are incumbent, or do in any manner belong, or which thereafter shall happen to belong, or be incumbent on them, or which in any manner before justices of the peace ought or may be inquired into, heard and determined, together with the correction and punishment thereof, and to do and execute all other things within the city and county aforesaid, and the liberties and precincts thereof, as fully, freely and entirely, and in as ample manner and form as justices of the peace of us, our heirs and successors, any where within that part of our kingdom of Great Britain called England, by the laws, statutes or customs

of England, or by any other legal method whatsoever, heretofore had or exercised, or hereafter to be had or exercised, could, might or can do, and in as ample manner and form as if the same had been in these our letters particularly, and by special words expressed, contained, and mentioned. And that the said justices of the peace of us, our heirs and successors, in the city and county aforesaid, may have, and exercise jurisdiction in all causes, matters and things whatsoever which to justices of the peace of our said city and county in any manner do or ought to belong. *And further*, that the mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city, for the time being, and every of them, from time to time, and at all times forever hereafter, shall be justices assigned of *Oyer and Terminer*, and of the goal delivery of all and every the goals now being and hereafter to be in the said city and county, and either of them, and shall be named in every commission thereof to be made. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, grant, order and appoint, that the sheriff and other ministers and officers of the said city, for the time being, shall and may, and they are and each of them is hereby commanded, authorized and fully empowered to execute and return all and every the precepts and commands of the mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city, for the time being, and either and any of them, from time to time, at all times, as fully and effectually as any sheriff, minister or officer of any county or city anywhere in that part of our kingdom of Great Britain called England, the mandates or commands of any justice of the peace, justice of *Oyer and Terminer*, of goal delivery of, or in any county there, hath used to make return or execute in any manner whatsoever.

27. *And we do further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge, and meer motion, will, and by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that they and their successors forever hereafter, shall, can and may have and hold in the name of us, our heirs and successors, one court of record within the city of New York, and the liberties and precincts thereof, upon every Tuesday in every year, before the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy, or the recorder of the said city, for the time being, and any three or more of the aldermen for the time being, or any four or more of them, (whereof we will the mayor of the said city for the time being, or his deputy, or the recorder of the said city, for the time being, to be one.) And that the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy, or the recorder of the said city, for the time being, and three or more of the aldermen, and any four or more of them, (whereof we will the said mayor, or his deputy, or the recorder, to be one,) shall and may hold, plea, and have cognizance of all and all manner of plaints, actions and pleas of any lands and tenements within the said city of New York, and the limits and precincts thereof; and also of all actions of trespass with force and arms, and without replevin, ejectment, trover and conversion, trespass upon the case, debt, detinue, covenant, deceits, contracts, contempts, penalties, forfeitures, and all other actions and pleas, as well real as personal, and mixt, arising and accruing within the said city, and limits thereof; together with full power and authority to hear and determine all and every the same, and such actions and pleas aforesaid, and judgments there-

on to render, and executions thereof to award and make, and to act and do every thing therein in such manner and form, and by such and the like methods, process, and proceedings as fully and amply as in our other courts of record, in such or the like cases is used, or can or may be acted and done, according to the laws of that part of our kingdom of Great Britain called England, and of our said province of New York.

28. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, grant, order and appoint that the sheriff and the coroner, and other ministers and officers of the said city, for the time being, shall and may, and they are and each of them is hereby commanded, authorized and fully empowered to execute and return all and every the precepts and process of the said court, to them respectively directed, or to be directed, from time to time, and at all times, as fully and effectually as any sheriff, coroner, minister or officer of, or in any city or place within that part of our kingdom of Great Britain called England, the precepts and processes of any court of record there, hath used, or can or may execute and return in any manner howsoever; *Provided always*, That the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy, or the recorder of the said city, for the time being, and any three or more of the aldermen of the said city, or any four or more of them, (whereof the mayor, or his deputy, or the recorder, we will to be one,) may, and by these presents have, and shall have full power to adjourn the said court for any time not exceeding twenty-eight days.

29. *And we do further* will, and by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, and that they and their successors from henceforth forever hereafter, shall and may have, within the city aforesaid a fit and discreet man to be, and who shall be, and be called the common clerk of the city aforesaid, to act and do all those things within the city aforesaid, and the limits and jurisdiction thereof, which to any common clerk of, or in any city, borough or town incorporated, any where in that part of our kingdom of Great Britain called England, by virtue of his office, can or ought to do. And also, that forever hereafter the common clerk of the city aforesaid, for the time being, shall also be clerk of the court of record, to be held before the mayor or his deputy, or the recorder, or any three or more of the aldermen of the said city, as aforesaid; and also clerk of our peace, and of the peace of our heirs and successors, and of the sessions of the peace for and in the city and county of New York, from time to time be held, and all and singular those things which to the offices of such clerk of the peace and of the sessions of the peace, do and shall appertain to do, act and execute; and also shall and may require, demand, take, accept, hold, keep and enjoy all fees, perquisites and profits which may to any such common clerk, clerk of the peace, and of the sessions of the peace, do, or ought to belong. *And we hereby* give, grant, ratify and confirm, for us, our heirs and successors, unto our beloved William Sharpas, gen., (one of the inhabitants of the city aforesaid,) to be the present common clerk of the city of New York aforesaid; and also clerk of the peace; and of the sessions of the peace, for and in the city and county of New York, to continue in the offices aforesaid during his life, and to act and execute the same offices and places by himself or

his deputy. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, appoint, will and direct, that the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province of New York, for the time being, from time to time, and at all times after the death of the said William Sharpas, when and so often as the office and place of common clerk of the city shall happen to be vacant, shall and may appoint an honest and discreet man, being one of the inhabitants and a freeman or freeholder of the said city, to be common clerk of the said city, during his good behavior; and so as often as such case shall happen. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, will and grant that so often as the said office shall be vacant, the common council of the said city, for the time being, shall and may appoint one other honest and discreet citizen being an inhabitant and freeman or freeholder of the said city, to be common clerk of the said city, and clerk of the said court of record, in and for the said city; and clerk of the peace, and of the sessions of the peace, in and for the said city and county of New York, to act and execute the said offices, and who shall and may execute, do and reccive all and whatsoever to the said offices and every of them belongs, or shall belong or appertain, till in his room another honest and discreet person, being an inhabitant and freeman or freeholder of the said city, shall be appointed into and for the said offices, by the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province, for the time being; and shall have taken such an oath as is hereby directed for every such person so to be appointed to give and take; and so from time to time, and so often as the case may or shall so happen.

30. *And further*, we do hereby constitute, name and appoint James Alexander, Joseph Murray, John Chambers, William Smith, George Lurting, William Jamison, Richard Nicolls, and Abraham Lodge, gentlemen, to be the present attorneys, and each of them to be an attorney of and in the said court of record for and during the good behavior of each of them respectively: and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, grant, and ordain that no other attorney or attorneys, person or persons whomsoever, (besides the aforenamed attorneys, during the time that they shall all remain attorneys of the said court) shall be permitted or suffered to practice as an attorney of or in the said court; but all and every other attorney and attorneys, person and persons (besides the beforenamed attorneys during the time aforesaid) from being an attorney or attorneys of or in the said court, and from all practice as such, shall be, and are and each of them is excluded and debarred. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, that the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy, or the recorder, and any three or more of the aldermen of the said city, for the time being, or any four or more of them, (whereof we will the mayor or his deputy, or the recorder of the said city, for the time being, to be one) shall and may (by and with the consent and approbation of our governor and commander-in-chief for the time being) have full power and authority, all or any of the before-named attorneys of the said court, and all or any other of the persons hereafter to be appointed or admitted attorneys of or in the said court, for their or his evil behavior, in their or his said duty or office of attorneys, or an attorney of or in the same, or his or their being

thereof legally convicted from being attorneys or an attorney of or in the said court to amove, displace and forever exclude; and after the amoval or death of any two or more of the before-named attorneys, upon the amoval or death of any other of the attorneys before-named, or hereafter to be admitted, to recommend one other person to the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province of New York, for the time being, for his approbation, in the room of such attorney so dying or being removed; each of which persons so to be recommended and approved of as aforesaid, shall and may be admitted and sworn an attorney of and in the said court; and as often as the case shall happen. *And we do further*, for us, our heirs and successors, grant and appoint that no other attorney or person whatsoever shall, after the death or amoval of any of the before-named attorneys, be admitted or suffered to practice as an attorney of or in the said court but what shall be recommended and approved of as aforesaid. *And further, we do* for us, our heirs and successors, grant, will and ordain, that the number of attorneys of the said court shall not at any one time after the death or removal of any two or more of the before-named attorneys, forever hereafter exceed the number of six: *Provided*, that nothing herein shall be construed to extend to hinder us, our heirs or successors from prosecuting or defending all or any suits, causes, actions or prosecutions in the said mayor's court by our attorney or solicitor-general for our said province, or the attorney or solicitor-general of us, our heirs or successors for the said province for the time being; nor to hinder the attorney or solicitor-general of us, our heirs or successors for the said province for the time being, to practice in the said court as counsel in any civil cause.

31. *And we do further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, grant, appoint and direct that the mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city, for the time being, and each of them from time to time, and at all times forever hereafter, shall have by these presents full power and authority to have and take cognizance of and to hear, try and finally determine, with or without a jury, all pleas, suits, controversies and trespasses, wherein the value does not exceed the sum of forty shillings, in such manner as they or either of them shall think or adjudge to be agreeable and according to equity and good conscience; and for the more due proceeding herein, it shall and may be lawful for them or either of them to administer an oath to the plaintiff or defendant, and also to such witnesses as shall be produced by each party, if they the said mayor, recorder and aldermen or either of them think fit; and in case either of the parties, plaintiff or defendant, shall not perform such order, judgment or decree as the said mayor, recorder or aldermen, for the time being, or any of them, shall make or set down, then it shall and may be lawful for them or any of them, to commit such party or parties to any prison of or in the said city, there to remain until he, she or they, perform such order, and every marshal of the said city, for the time being, is hereby commanded and authorized to execute all and any the summonses, precepts and commands, of them, the said mayor, recorder and aldermen, or any one of them made, issued, or given in, about or concerning such suits, pleas, controversies and trespasses, or any of them as shall be to him directed; and every keeper of the gaol for the city of New York, for the time being, is hereby com-

manded and authorized to receive, and safe keep in his gaol or custody, all such parties so committed or to be committed to the prison he shall then be the keeper of until he, she or they shall perform such order accordingly.

32. *And we do*, for ourselves, our heirs and successors, by these our present letters, require and strictly charge and command, and fully empower the sheriff, common clerk, chamberlain, marshal, gaol keepers, high constable, petty constables, and all other subordinate officers of and in the said city, now chosen, elected, constituted or appointed, or that hereafter may be chosen, elected, constituted or appointed, and every of them respectively, jointly and severally, as cause shall require, to be obeisant and obedient to and attend upon the said mayor, recorder and aldermen of the said city, and every or any of them at all times hereafter, according to the duty or obligation of their respective offices and places; and to execute all and every the commands, precepts, warrants and processes to them respectively directed and issued, and given out and to be issued and given out, by them the said mayor, recorder and aldermen or any one of them.

33. *And we do further*, hereby will, declare and ordain that before the mayor, deputy mayor, recorder, aldermen, assistants, assessors, sheriff, coroner, common clerk, chamberlain, high constable and petty constables of the said city, such of them as are hereby appointed and named, and all and every such as hereafter are to be appointed, elected or chosen shall, before they be respectively permitted to execute their respective offices or places aforesaid, respectively be sworn as follow, *to wit:* The hereby named mayor of the said city, and every other person hereafter to be appointed to or for that office, to take the proper oath as such, and well and truly to execute the office of mayor, and all other offices and places, hereby appointed for each mayor to execute and act in, and the usual oath of a justice of peace, before the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province of New York, for the time being, in presence of three or more of the aldermen of the said city of New York, for the time being; or, in case of the absence of the governor or commander-in-coief, for the time being, then before the oldest counsellor of the said province, for the time being, in the presence of three or more of the aldermen of the said city for the time being. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant full power and authority to the governor or commander-in-chief of the said province for the time being, in the presence of three or more of the aldermen of the city aforesaid, for the time being, or in case of the absence of the said governor or commander-in-chief, then to the oldest counsellor of the said province for the time being, in the presence of any three or more of the aldermen of the said city for the time being, to administer such oaths accordingly, without any other warrant, commission or power from us, our heirs or successors; and so from time to time, as often as the case shall or may require or happen. And the above-named recorder of the said city of New York, and every other person hereafter to be appointed to or for that office to take the proper oath as such officer ought to take, and an oath well and truly to execute the office of recorder, and the proper oath of a justice of peace, before the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy; to which the same mayor, for the time being, or

his deputy, we do, for us, our heirs and successors, give full power and authority by these presents to administer such oaths accordingly in the manner aforesaid, without any other warrant, commission or power from us, our heirs and successors; and every deputy mayor or every alderman hereafter to be appointed to act as deputy mayor for the time being, to take the proper oath as such, an oath well and truly to execute the office of a deputy mayor, during the time for which he shall be appointed deputy, if the same mayor, his constituent, shall so long live. And if the said mayor shall happen to die within such time, that thereupon and from thenceforth such deputy mayor shall well and truly execute the office of mayor of the said city, until another fit person be appointed, and sworn mayor of the said city, in the manner in these present letters mentioned; and shall also take the proper oath of a justice of the peace before the mayor or recorder, and any three or more of the aldermen of the said city for the time being. *And we do hereby*, for us, our heirs and successors, give full power and authority to the mayor or recorder of the said city, and to any three or more of the aldermen of the said city, for the time being, to administer such oaths as aforesaid without any other warrant, commission or power from us, our heirs or successors. *And also*, every alderman hereby appointed, and every person hereafter to be elected to or for the office or place of alderman of or in the said city, to take an oath well and truly to execute the office or place of Alderman, and the proper oath of a justice of the peace, before the mayor of the said city, for the time being, or his deputy, or the recorder of the said city for the time being: And also, every assistant, assessor, sheriff, coroner, common clerk, chamberlain, high constable and petty constable hereby named, and every person hereafter to be elected or appointed to or for the office or place of an assistant, assessor, coroner, common clerk or chamberlain, or shall be appointed or elected to or for the office or place of high constable or petty constable of or in the said city, each of them respectively to take the proper oath for his respective office or place, and well and truly to execute the respective offices or places he is or shall have been respectively elected or named for before the said mayor of the said city for the time being, or his deputy or the recorder of the said city for the time being. *And we do hereby*, give full power and authority to the mayor of the said city for the time being, or his deputy or the recorder of the said city for the time being, to administer such respective oaths to each of the respective persons aforesaid accordingly, without any other warrant, power or authority from us, our heirs or successors.

34. *And further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, we have granted, and by these presents do for ourselves, our heirs and successors, grant and confirm unto the aforesaid mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York aforesaid, and to their successors, that neither they nor any of them, nor any free citizen of the said city, during the time of their being inhabitants there, shall against their or any of their wills, out of the city aforesaid, be put or empanneled upon or in any assizes, juries or inquisitions whatsoever, (although it toucheth, or doth or shall touch us, our heirs or successors, and although we or our successors, be or should or shall be parties,) out of the said city, neither shall they or any one of them be made, elected or chosen assessor,

taxer or collector of any taxes, duties, imposts or subsidies whatsoever, or of any part or parcel of them, or of any them out of the said city; nor shall be ordained, elected, assigned or appointed constable, bailiff, or any other officer or minister, without or beyond the said city aforesaid, and the liberties and precincts thereof; nor shall be called upon, compelled or forced, against their or any of their wills to do, receive, occupy or discharge any of the duties or functions abovementioned, or any other office, duty or function whatsoever, without the city liberties and precincts aforesaid. And although the aforesaid mayor, recorder and aldermen, freemen or free citizens of the city aforesaid, or any of them shall, while they are or remain inhabitants of the said city, against their or any of their wills, be put, empanneled or returned upon any assizes, juries or inquisitions whatsoever, out of the said city and limits thereof; or shall to any of the offices above-mentioned, or any other office or function whatsoever out of the said city, be elected or chosen; and though they or any of them being summoned, empanneled or returned, elected or chosen as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to come and appear before our justices, or other justices, commissioners or officers of us, our heirs or successors, (before whom such assizes, juries or inquests shall happen to be summoned or returned,) or in or upon the same assizes, juries, or inquests, shall refuse or neglect to be sworn or tried, or any of the offices, duties or functions aforesaid, shall refuse to do, receive, occupy or discharge, yet the person or persons so refusing any contempts, fines, amerciaments, penalties, forfeitures or loss whatsoever, by reason of such refusal or neglect to or towards us, our heirs or successors, shall not, nor either of them, shall in any wise incur, but therefrom and thereof, as well before us, our heirs and successors, as all other the justices, commissioners and other officers whatsoever of us, our heirs or successors, shall remain quiet and forever discharged.

35. *And further*, we do for us, our heirs and successors, by these present letters give, grant, ratify and confirm unto all and every the respective inhabitants and freeholders of the said city of New York, and their several and respective heirs and assigns forever, all and every the several and respective messuages, tenements, lands and hereditaments, situate, lying and being in the said city and Manhattan's Island aforesaid, to them severally and respectively granted, conveyed or confirmed, or mentioned, or intended to be granted, conveyed or confirmed, by any of the late governors, lieutenant-governors or commanders-in-chief of the said province, or by any of the former mayors or deputy mayors, and aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, by that or any other name, style or title, or by others claiming under any such grant or conveyance, to have and to hold to them respectively, and to their respective heirs and assigns forever; saving and reserving the several rents and quit-rents, reserved and due, and to be due and payable from each of the several persons, to whom by virtue of any former grants to them (or those from or under whom they respectively hold) the same messuages, tenements, lands or hereditaments were made or given.

36. *And further*, of our special grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, we do for us, our heirs and successors, give, grant, ratify and confirm to the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of our said city of New York, and to their successors forever, full, special and free liberty, license, power and authority to

take, receive, have, hold and enjoy to them and their successors forever, in fee simple, any manors, messuages, lands, tenements, hereditaments, rents and other possessions and real estate within or without the same city, as well of and from us, our heirs and successors, as of and from all and every other person and persons whomsoever: so as the manors, messuages, lands, tenements, hereditaments, rents and other possessions, and real estate which the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York shall and may have in their possession and seizen, at any one time, exceed not in the whole the clear yearly rent or value of three thousand pounds per annum, money of our realm of Great Britain, beyond and above all charges and reprises, without any hinderance of us; our heirs or successors, or the justices, escheators, sheriffs, coroners, bailiffs, or other the ministers of us, our heirs or successors; and this without any other letters patent, liberty; license or power from us, our heirs or successors, the statute of *Mortmain*, or any other act, law or statute, or any other cause, thing or matter whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; and the same manors, messuages, lands, tenements, hereditaments, rents and other possessions, or any part thereof, to demise, grant, lease and set over, assign and dispose at their own will and pleasure, and to make, seal and accomplish any deed or deeds, lease or leases, evidences or writings, for or concerning the same or any part thereof.

37. *And we do*, by these presents, of our especial grace, certain knowledge, and meer motion, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, all those the now city hall and gaols, rooms or places for the courts of justice and chambers adjoining, with the ground and appurtenances thereto belonging, the five market houses, the great dock, the now crane and wharf, with the common sewer leading through the great dock and bridge, and also the magazine or powder-house near the fresh water, all in the city of New York, and the ferry and ferries on both sides of the East river, and all other ferries now and hereafter to be erected and established all round the Island of Manhattan's; and the management and rule of, and all fees, ferriages and perquisites to the same, or any part thereof belonging or to belong; and also the ferry houses on Nassau Island, with the barns, stables, pen or pounds, and lot of ground thereto belonging; and also all the ground, soil or land between high-water and low-water-mark, on the said island of Nassau, from the east side of the place called Wallabout to the west side of Red Hook; and also to make laws and rules for the governing and well ordering of all the ferries now erected or established, or hereafter to be erected or established round the said Island Manhattan's, and all the waste, vacant, unpatented and unappropriated land lying and being within the said city of New York, and on Manhattan's Island aforesaid, extending to low-water-mark; together with the right, benefit and advantage of all docks, wharfs, cranes and slips or small docks within this city, with the wharfage, cranage and dockage, and all issues, rents, profits and advantages arising, or to arise or accrue by or from all or any of them; and all rivers, rivulets, creeks, coves, ponds, waters, water-courses, fishing, fowling, hunting and hawking, mines and minerals, and other royalties and privileges, within the city of New York and Manhat-

tan's Island ; and also all and singular other the rights, privileges, liberties, franchises, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, authorities, markets, ferries, ferriages, fees, fines, amerciaments, perquisites, profits, immunities, lands, tenements, rents, possessions and hereditaments, and other real estate, not only which in the before recited grant or writing, made or mentioned to be made in the year of our Lord one thousand six hundred and eighty-six, and in the before recited letters patent of Queen Anne, mentioned, or intended to be thereby, or by either of them granted or conveyed, but also, which the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, or their predecessors, inhabitants or citizens of the said city of New York, or any part thereof, by whatsoever other name, style or title they or any of them have been known or called, have, held or claimed to hold by prescription or otherwise, (silver and gold mines excepted) and also, except our Fort George in our city of New York, and the ground, full boundaries, and extent thereof or thereto belonging, and also that piece of ground near the English church, called the Governor's garden, and the land called the King's farm, with the swamp next to the same ; and saving the several rents, reserved by virtue of former grants, and saving to all other persons, bodies politic and corporate, their respective titles to any of the said lands or tenements ; and saving to the inhabitants of those that have plantations by the water-side, between Wallabout and Red Hook, the right of transporting themselves and their own goods only in their own boats, from and to their respective dwellings or plantations, without paying ferriage, *to have and to hold*, all and singular the premises aforesaid, and every part and parcel thereof, (except and saving as is herein excepted and saved) unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors forever, to their only proper use and behoof forever.

33. *And also*, we do further, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, give, grant, ratify and confirm unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, of the city of New York, and to their successors forever, all that space of ground and soil of Hudson's river now lying and being under the water of the same river, to begin at a certain place near high-water-mark at the south end of a piece of upland, which lies between the said river and a piece of meadow ground or marsh, being the first piece of meadow ground or marsh near Hudson's river, to the southward of Greenwich, and from whence the above-named run of water, called Bestaver's Killitie or rivulet, runs into Hudson's river, from which place of beginning to extend or run to the south side of the street, which runs from the parade before our fort in New York to Hudson's river, south eighteen degrees, thirty minutes west, on a straight line, the distance being one hundred and twenty-five chains, from which line to run a perpendicular breadth of, and to comprehend four hundred feet from low-water-mark into Hudson's river, the same containing eighty-two acres and one half acre or thereabout. And also, all that space of ground and soil of the East river, from the north side of Corlaer's Hook to Whitehall, beginning at two large stones set on the south side of a small creek, in a marsh on the north side of Corlaer's Hook ; from whence to the eastermost point of Corlaer's Hook, the distance on a straight line running south fifteen degrees, thirty minutes east, is

forty chains and two rods; from thence to Whitehall, on a straight line running south, seventy-eight degrees, thirty minutes west, the distance is one hundred and fifty-two chains, from which two lines to run a particular breadth of and to comprehend four hundred feet from low-water-mark into the East river, the same containing one hundred and twenty-seven acres or thereabouts; together with all and singular the benefits, liberties, privileges, ways, water-courses, easements, wharfs, keys, profits, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same, or any part thereof belonging or appertaining, or to belong or to appertain, or that can in any wise be had, made, used or enjoyed thereon, or therewith used, with full power and authority at any time or times hereafter to fill, make up, wharf and lay out all and every part thereof; and the same to build upon and make use of in such manner as they, the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors shall think fit; and also all our estate, right, title, interest, benefit, claim and demand whatsoever, of, in or to the same, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, and the yearly and other rents, issues and profits thereof: To have and to hold, all and singular the premises aforesaid, unto them the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors, to their own proper use and behoof forever, and to no other use, intent or purpose whatsoever. *Provided always*, that nothing in these presents shall be construed to empower or entitle the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, or their successors, to wharf out before any persons who have prior grants from us or some or one of our predecessors, of keys or wharfs beyond low-water-mark, without the actual agreement or consent of such persons, their heirs or assigns, owners of such keys or wharfs. *And also*, that of the wharves to be built or run out, there shall be left towards the East and North rivers, forty feet broad, as well for the greater conveniency of trade, as at any time or times hereafter, for us, our heirs and successors, to plant batteries thereon, in case of any necessities; to do which, we do, for us, our heirs and successors, hereby reserve power; any thing herein contained to the contrary, in any wise notwithstanding; they, the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, and their successors, rendering, yielding and praying, for all and every the rights, privileges, franchises, pre-eminences, advantages, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, authorities, fines, amerciaments, perquisites, fees, ferriages, profits, immunities, lands, tenements, rents, possessions, hereditaments and other real estate, and all other the premises in and by these letters before and hereafter granted, or meant, mentioned or intended to be hereby granted unto us, our heirs or successors, or unto our or their receiver-general for the said province of New York, for the time being, at the custom house in the said city of New York, yearly and every year, on the feast day of *St. Michael* the Archangel, the annual rent of thirty shillings, proclamation money, besides and over and above the yearly quit-rent of one beaver-skin or the value thereof, in current money of our said province in and by the aforesaid recited grant, made in the year one thousand six hundred and eighty-six, reserved to be paid on the twenty-fifth day of March, yearly, forever; and also the yearly quit-rent of five shillings, current money of New York, in and by the before recited letters patent of Queen Anne, reserved to be paid at or upon the feast day of St. John the Baptist, yearly forever.

39. *And we do further*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, by these presents, give and grant unto the aforesaid mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, and their successors forever, that they and their successors, all and singular the rights, privileges, franchises, pre-eminences, advantages, authorities, jurisdictions, liberties, offices, courts, powers, immunities, ferries, ferriages, profits and perquisites hereinbefore mentioned, or intended to be hereby granted or confirmed, shall and may forever hereafter have, hold, enjoy and use, without the hinderance or impediment of us, our heirs or successors, or of any of the justices, sheriffs, escheators, coroners, bailiffs or other officers or ministers whatsoever of us, our heirs or successors, albeit the same or some or any one of them, have not been used or may have been abused, misused or discontinued, forfeited or lost, being unwilling, and hereby forbidding, that the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, or their successors, or any of them by reason of the premises aforesaid or any part thereof, by us, our heirs, or by the justices, sheriffs, escheators, bailiffs or other officers or ministers of us, our heirs or successors, be hindered, molested, vexed or aggrieved, or in any wise disturbed; being willing, and by these presents for ourselves, our heirs and successors, commanding as well all the judges and justices of us, our heirs and successors, as the attorney and solicitor-general of us, our heirs and successors for the said province for the time being; and also all other officers and ministers whatsoever of us, our heirs and successors, for the time being, that neither they nor any of them do prosecute or continue, or cause to be prosecuted or continued, any information, or any writ or summons of *pro warranto*, or any other writ or writs, prosecution, suit or process whatsoever against the aforesaid mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, or their successors for the time being, or against any of them, for any causes, things, offences, claims, usurpations or omissions, or any of them, by them, the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, or any of them, or by the predecessors or any of them, or by any other mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York or any of them, done, attempted, claimed, used, had, usurped or committed, or omitted, at any time before the making of these letters. And we being willing also that the said now mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors shall not, nor shall any or either of them, be molested or impeached by or before any judge or judges, justice or justices, sheriffs, officers or other ministers, aforesaid, in or for any use, claim, abuse, usurpation, of any the aforesaid, or any other liberties, franchises, or jurisdictions, within the city aforesaid and the liberties and precincts thereof, before the day of the making of these letters, had used, claimed, abused or usurped, not to or for them, or any of them, or for any other thing whatsoever, shall be compelled to answer; and also of our more abundant especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, we have given, pardoned, remitted, released and quit-claimed, and by these presents, do for ourselves, our heirs and successors, give, pardon, remit, release and quit-claim to the aforesaid mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York aforesaid, and to their successors forever, by whatsoever name the same mayor, aldermen and commonalty may be called, named or styled, or lately, heretofore were called,

styled, named or titled, all and all manner and actions whatsoever, informations and suits of *quo warranto* and other informations, suits and prosecutions; and also, all and singular, usages, non-usages, abuses, forfeitures, usurpations, intrusions, omissions, and also, all unjust claims of any rights, privileges, liberties, franchises, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, fees, fines, amerciaments, ferries, ferriages, perquisites, rents, possessions, lands, tenements or hereditaments whatsoever, by the aforesaid mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city aforesaid, or by any of their predecessors, or by any other mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, by whatsoever name or names, or incorporation, or by pretext of any incorporation, before the day of the making of these presents, perpetrated, made or claimed; and also, all and all manner of fines, amerciaments, penalties, sums of money, and other forfeitures whatsoever, by reason of such usurpation, intrusion, usage, non-usage, omissions, abuse or unjust claim, and that they, the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, and every of them be and shall be, and hereby are, thereof fully acquitted and discharged towards us, our heirs and successors forever; being unwilling that they or any of them should, by reason of the premises aforesaid, or any part thereof by us, our heirs and successors, or by any of our justices, sheriffs, ministers or officers whatsoever, be troubled, molested, or in any wise vexed.

40. *And further we do*, of our especial grace, certain knowledge and meer motion, will, declare and signify, and by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, do grant unto and covenant with the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, not only that they and their successors forever hereafter may and shall, have, hold, use, possess and enjoy all the rights, privileges, liberties, franchises, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, authorities, markets, ferries, fees, fines, amerciaments, perquisites, profits, immunities; and also all the rents, possessions, lands, tenements and hereditaments, and all other the premises in these presents mentioned, and intended to be hereby granted and confirmed; but also, that these our letters, being entered upon record, as is hereinafter appointed, and the record or enrollment thereof, and either of them, and all and every thing therein contained, from time to time, and at all times hereafter be, and shall be, firm, valid, good, sufficient and effectual in law towards and against us, our heirs and successors, according to the true intention thereof; and in and through all things shall be construed, taken and expounded most benignly, and in favor, and for the most and greatest advantage, profit and benefit of the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, as well in all courts as elsewhere, without any confirmation, licenses, tolerations procured or to be procured of us, our heirs and successors, notwithstanding that any writ or writs of *ad quod damnum*, have or have not issued, or is or are not returned before the making of these precepts, and notwithstanding the not reciting, mis-reciting or not rightly or certainly reciting, or ill or wrong reciting the said rights, privileges, liberties, franchises, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, authorities, markets, ferries, fees, amerciaments, perquisites, profits, immunities, rents, possessions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, and any other the premises in or by these presents grant-

ed or mentioned, or intended to be hereby granted, or any part or parcel thereof, and notwithstanding the not finding, or ill or not right or certain finding of any office or offices, inquisition or inquisitions, of the premises hereby granted or mentioned, or intended to be hereby granted, or any part or parcel thereof, by which our title in and to the said premises, or any part thereof, might, could, should, or ought to have been found, before the making of these presents; and notwithstanding any defect in not reciting, or ill reciting of any lease, grant or grants of the premises, or any part thereof being upon record, or not upon record, or otherwise howsoever; and notwithstanding the ill naming, misnaming, or not right or certain naming any place or precinct wherein the premises or any part thereof are or is; and notwithstanding any defect in not mentioning, or not fully, rightly or certainly mentioning the name or names of all or any of the rights, privileges, liberties, franchises, jurisdictions, courts, powers, offices, authorities, markets, ferries, fees, amerciaments, perquisites, profits, immunities, rents, possessions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, or other the premises hereby granted or intended to be granted, or any part or parcel thereof; or of the yearly or other rent of, or reserved in and upon the premises, or any part thereof; and notwithstanding any defect for the want of a computation or declaration, or for the omission of the true value of the premises, in these presents mentioned, or intended to be hereby granted, or any part thereof, and notwithstanding any defect in not mentioning our true right, estate or title of or to the same premises, or any part or parcel of them; and notwithstanding the not mentioning, or not fully, rightly, or certainly mentioning the natures, kinds, species, or quantities of the premises, or any of them, or part or parcel of them; and notwithstanding any act, statute or ordinance of parliament, or any act of assembly: and notwithstanding any other defects, defaults or imperfections, or any other cause or thing whatsoever. And further, that if any fault, mistake or imperfection in time to come, shall be found in these presents, or any doubt, scruple or question be or shall be made, or shall happen to arise concerning the premises, or any part thereof, that we, our heirs and successors, shall and will vouchsafe to make any other grant or assurance, under the great seal of us, our heirs or successors, of the said province of New York, to the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, for the time being, and their successors, at their own proper charges, for the better giving, granting and confirming and for their safe and better enjoying the premises aforesaid, and every part, thereof, when it shall be desired by the same mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, or their successors. Also we will, and by these presents grant unto the said mayor, aldermen and commonalty, that they shall and may have these presents, made and sealed under the great seal of our said province of New York, without rendering, paying or making any fine or fee, great or little to us, or to our use for the same, although no express mention is made of the true yearly or other value, or of the certainty of the premises, or any part thereof, or of the gifts or grants, heretofore by us, or our ancestors, or by any governor, lieutenant-governor, or commander-in-chief of the said province of New York, to the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the said city of New York, or to the citizens and inhabitants of New York, aforesaid, by that or any other name,

style or title, or any other statute, act, ordinance, proclamation, provision or restriction, made, published, ordained or provided to the contrary, or any other cause or matter whatsoever, in anywise notwithstanding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these our letters to be made patent, and the great seal of our said province to be hereunto affixed, and the same to be entered of record in our secretary's office of our said province, in one of the books of patents there remaining. *Witness*, our trusty and well-beloved *John Montgomerie*, esq., our captain-general and governor-in-chief of our said province of New York, and the province of New Jersey, and territories depending thereon in America, and vice-admiral of the same, &c., at our Fort George in New York, the fifteenth day of January, in the fourth year of our reign.

May it please your Excellency,

I HAVE perused this Charter, and find nothing therein prejudicial to the interest of his Majesty.

R. BRADLEY, *Attorney-General.*

To his Excellency, The Governor of the province of New York, &c.
15*th January*, 1730.

MEMORANDUM.

THIS REPRINT of the Charter has been made from one printed by order of the Common Council in 1832, and that was taken from a prior copy certified many years before by T. Wortman, as city clerk, to be a true copy. The editor has compared the edition of 1832, with the Charter as reprinted in 1793 by Hugh Gaine, and certified to be a true copy by Robert Benson, clerk. That was the best printed, and probably the most accurate copy of the Charter that has appeared.

AN ACT

FOR CONFIRMING UNTO THE CITY OF NEW YORK, ITS RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.

PASSED THE 14TH OF OCTOBER, 1732.

I. *BE it declared and enacted by the Governor, the Council and the General Assembly of the colony of* New York, *and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, shall and may forever hereafter remain, continue and be a body corporate and politic, *in re facto et nomine*, by the name of the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York; and by that name to sue, plead and be impleaded, and to answer and to be answered, without any seizure or forejudger, for or upon any pretence of any forfeiture or misdemeanor at any time heretofore done, committed or suffered.

II. *And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That all and singular letters patent, grants, charters and gifts, sealed under the great seal of the colony

of New York, heretofore made and granted unto the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York be, and are hereby declared to be, and shall be good, valid, perfect, authentic and effectual in the law, and shall stand, be taken, reputed, deemed and adjudged good, perfect, sure, available, authentic and effectual in the law, against the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and all and every person and persons whomsoever, according to the tenor and effect of the said letters patent, grants, charters and gifts.

III. *And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That all and singular letters patent, grants, charters and gifts, sealed under the great seal of the colony of New York, heretofore made and granted unto the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York be, and are to all intents and purposes, hereby ratified and confirmed.

IV. *And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, and their successors, shall, and may forever hereafter, peaceably have, hold, use and enjoy, all and every the rights, gifts, charters, grants, powers, liberties, privileges, franchises, customs, usages, constitutions, immunities, markets, duties, tolls, lands, tenements, estates and hereditaments, which have heretofore been given or granted under the mayor, aldermen and commonalty of the city of New York, by any letters patent, grant, charter or gift, sealed under the seal of the colony of New York.

V. *And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That this present act shall be accepted, taken and reputed to be a general and public act of assembly; of which all and every the judges and justices of this colony, in all courts, and all other persons, shall take notice on all occasions whatsoever, as if it were a public act of assembly, relating to the whole colony; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

AN ACT

TO AMEND THE CHATER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED APRIL 14, 1857, THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. The Corporation now existing, and known by the name of "The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York," shall continue to be a body politic, and corporate in fact and in name, by the same name, and shall have perpetual succession, with all the grants, powers and privileges heretofore had by "the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York."

§ 2. The legislative power of the said Corporation shall be vested in a Board of Aldermen and a Board of Councilmen, who together, shall form the Common Council of the city of New York.

§ 3. The Board of Aldermen shall consist of one Alderman to be elected from each district in the city and county of New York, as hereinafter provided for.

The members of the Board of Aldermen first elected under this act, shall be classified as follows: The Aldermen from districts having an odd numerical designation shall hold such office for the term of one year, and those from districts having an even numerical designation shall hold such office for the term of two years. At all subsequent elections for Aldermen, they shall be elected for the full term of two years.

§ 4. There shall be six Councilmen elected from each senatorial district in the city of New York, as the same now are or may hereafter be constituted, by general ticket, in each of said districts, and the persons so elected from each of said senatorial districts, shall together form the Board of Councilmen for the said city. The Councilmen shall be chosen for one year.

§ 5. No person shall be eligible to the office of Alderman or Councilman, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a resident of the district from which he is chosen.

§ 6. Each Board of the Common Council shall have power to direct a special election to be held, to supply the place of any member whose seat shall become vacant by death, removal from the city, resignation, or otherwise, and in either case the person elected to supply the vacancy, shall hold his seat only for the residue of the term of office of his immediate predecessor.

§ 7. The Boards shall meet in separate chambers, and a majority of either shall be a quorum to do business. Each Board shall appoint a President from its own body, and shall choose its clerk and other officers, determine the rules of its own proceedings, and be the judge of the election, returns and qualification of its own members. Each Board shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and its doors shall be kept open, except when the public welfare shall require secrecy; and all resolutions and reports of committees, which shall recommend any specific improvement, involving the appropriation of public moneys, or the taxing or assessing the citizens of the city, shall be published immediately after the adjournment of the Board, under the authority of the Board, in all the newspapers employed by the Corporation, and shall not be passed or adopted until after such notice has been published at least two days; and whenever a vote is taken in relation thereto, the ayes and noes shall be called, and published in the same manner.

§ 8. Each Board shall have the authority to compel the attendance of absent members, to punish its members for disorderly behavior, and to expel a member with a concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected to the Board; and the member so expelled shall, by such expulsion, forfeit all his rights and powers as an Alderman or Councilman, and no Alderman or Councilman shall be questioned in any other place for any speech or vote in either Board.

§ 9. The stated and occasional meetings of each Board of the Common Council, shall be regulated by its own ordinances; and both Boards may meet on the same or on different days, as they may severally judge expedient.

§ 10. Any person holding office under this charter, who shall, during his term of office, accept, hold or retain any other civil office of honor, trust or emolument under the government of the United States, or under this charter, or who shall, during his said term of office, receive any fees or emoluments, directed to be paid

by any ordinance of the Common Council, except as in hereinafter provided, shall be deemed thereby to have vacated his office.

§ 11. Every legislative act of the Common Council shall be by ordinance, act, or resolution, which shall have passed the two Boards of Common Council, before it shall take effect, shall be presented, duly certified, to the Mayor of the city for his approval. If he approve, he shall sign it; if not, he shall return it within ten days thereafter, with his objections, to the Board in which it originated, or, if such Board be not then in session, at its next stated meeting. The Board to which it shall be returned, shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and cause the same to be published in one or more of the daily newspapers of the city. But no ordinance, act or resolution shall be valid, unless the same shall have received the assent of both Boards within the same year.

§ 12. The Board to which such ordinance, act or resolution shall have been so returned, shall, after the expiration of not less than ten days thereafter, proceed to reconsider the same. If, after such reconsideration, at least two-thirds of all the members elected to the Board shall agree to pass the same, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other Board, by which it shall be likewise reconsidered, and, if approved by at least two-thirds of all the members elected to such Board, it shall take effect as an act or law of the Corporation. In all such cases, the votes of both Boards shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the passage of the ordinance reconsidered, shall be entered on the journal of each Board respectively.

§ 13. If the Mayor shall not return the ordinance so presented to him within the time above limited for that purpose, it shall take effect in the same manner as if he had approved it.

§ 14. Any ordinance of the Common Council may originate in either Board, and when it shall have passed one Board, may be rejected or amended by the other. But no ordinance shdll be passed by either Board, except by the vote of a majority of all the members elected to such Board.

§ 15. Neither the Mayor nor Recorder of the city of New York, shall be a member of the Common Council thereof.

§ 16. The executive power of the Corporation shall be vested in the Mayor and the Executive Departments.

§ 17. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the office of Mayor, or whenever the Mayor shall be absent from the city, or be prevented by sickness, or any other cause, from attending to the duties of his office, or shall be removed, as hereinafter provided for, the President of the Board of Aldermen shall act as Mayor, and shall possess all the rights and powers of the Mayor, during the continuance of such vacancy, absence or disability, and until the next charter election, in the case of a vacancy or removal from office.

§ 18. It shall be the duty of the Mayor—

1. To communicate to the Common Council, at least once a year, and oftener if he shall deem it expedient, a general statement of the situation and condition of the city, in relation to its government, finances and improvements.

2. To recommend for the adoption of the Common Council, all such mea-

sures connected with the police, security, health, cleanliness and ornament of the city, and the improvement of its government and finances, as he shall deem expedient.

3. To be vigilant and active in causing the ordinances of the city to be duly executed and enforced.

4. To exercise a constant supervision over the conduct and acts of all subordinate officers, and to receive and examine into all such complaints as may be preferred against any of them for violation or neglect of duty, and generally to perform all such duties as may be prescribed for him by the charter and city ordinances, and the laws of this State or the United States.

5. To appoint such clerks as may be authorized by the Common Council, and as may be required in his office, to aid him in the discharge of his official duties.

§ 19. The Mayor, Comptroller, and Counsel to the Corporation, shall each be elected by the electors of the city; the Mayor for the term of two years, the Counsel to the Corporation for the term of three years, and the Comptroller for the term of four years. The Comptroller shall be voted for upon a separate ballot. The other heads of departments shall be appointed by the Mayor, with the advice and consent of the Board of Aldermen. The Board of Aldermen shall have power to confirm or reject all nominations of officers made by the Mayor; and whenever any person nominated by the Mayor shall be rejected by the Board of Aldermen, the Mayor shall immediately nominate another person.

§ 20. The Mayor, Comptroller, and Counsel to the Corporation, may each be removed by the Governor, for cause, in the manner provided by law in the case of sheriffs. The vacancy occasioned by the removal of the Comptroller, or Counsel to the Corporation, shall be filled by the Mayor, with the advice and consent of the Board of Aldermen, until it shall be supplied at the next annual election of charter officers.

§ 21. The other heads of the Executive Departments, except the officers of the Croton Aqueduct Board, shall hold their office for two years, and until the appointment of their successors. The Mayor shall have power to suspend, for cause, during any recess of the Common Council, and by and with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, to remove any of the heads of departments, except the Comptroller and the Counsel to the Corporation, which suspension, and the cause thereof, shall be communicated to the Common Council, if in session, if not, then at the first meeting thereof. The Board of Aldermen shall have power, without the consent of the Mayor, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected, to remove any of the heads of the departments, for cause, other than the Comptroller and Counsel to the Corporation. The heads of departments shall have power to appoint and remove the chiefs of bureaux and clerks in their respective departments; except that the Chamberlain shall be appointed by the Mayor, with the consent of the Board of Aldermen, and may be removed in the same manner with heads of departments. The chiefs of bureaux and clerks of departments and bureaux, shall hold office during the same term enjoyed by the heads of departments, unless sooner removed. The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department shall be elected in the same manner as is now, or may hereafter be

prescribed by law. The number of clerks to the departments shall be as fixed by the Common Council, who shall also fix the terms of all offices created by them under authority of law.

§ 22. There shall be an executive department, which shall be denominated the "Department of Finance," which shall have control of all the fiscal concerns of the Corporation, and shall prescribe the forms of keeping and rendering all city accounts; and all accounts rendered to, or kept in the other departments of the city government, shall be subject to the inspection and revision of the officers of this department. It shall settle and adjust all claims in favor of or against the Corporation, and all accounts in which the Corporation is concerned, either as debtor or creditor. The chief officer of this department shall be called the "Comptroller of the city of New York." There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of the revenue accruing from rents and interest on bonds and mortgages, and for the collection of all revenues arising from the use or sale of property belonging to or managed by the city, and for the performance of such other duties as may be directed by the Common Council; the chief officer of which shall be called the "Collector of the City Revenue." There shall also be a bureau in this department for the collection of taxes; the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Receiver of Taxes," who shall have all the powers, and perform all the duties now prescribed by law for the Receiver of Taxes, and the office of Receiver of Taxes, as heretofore constituted, and the provisions of law relating to him, are hereby modified so as to conform to the provisions of this act. There shall also be a bureau in this department for the collection of arrears of taxes, arrears of assessments, and arrears of water rents, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Clerk of Arrears." There shall also be a bureau in this department for the reception of all moneys paid into the treasury of the city, and for the payment of moneys on the warrant drawn by the Comptroller and countersigned by the Mayor and Clerk of the Common Council; and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Chamberlain of the city of New-York." The Chamberlain shall keep books, showing the amounts paid on account of the several appropriations; and no warrants shall be paid on account of any appropriations after the amount authorized to be raised by tax for that specific purpose shall have been expended. There shall be another bureau in the Department of Finance, to be called the "Auditing Bureau," and the chief officer thereof shall be the "Auditor of Accounts." It shall revise, audit and settle all accounts in which the city is concerned as debtor or creditor; it shall keep an account of each claim for or against the Corporation, and of the sums allowed upon each, and certify the same, with the reasons for the allowance, to the Comptroller. The Comptroller shall report to the Common Council, once in ninety days, the name of every person in whose favor an account has been audited, with the decision of the Auditor upon the same, together with the final action of the Comptroller thereon. All moneys drawn from the city treasury shall be upon vouchers for the expenditure thereof, examined and allowed by the Auditor, and approved by the Comptroller, and filed in his office.

§ 23. There shall be an executive department which shall be denominated the "Street Department," which shall have cognizance of opening, altering, regulat-

ing, grading, flagging, curbing, guttering and lighting streets, roads, places and avenues; of building, repairing and lighting wharves and piers, the construction and repairing of public roads, the care of public buildings and places, and the filling up of sunken lots, under the ordinances of the Common Council. The chief officer thereof shall be called "Street Commissioner." There shall be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Superintendent of Wharves." There shall also be a bureau in this department to be denominated the "Bureau of Repairs and Supplies," which shall have cognizance of all repairs and supplies to public buildings, lands and places, and of all other necessary repairs and supplies, not provided for in other departments, the chief officer thereof shall be a practical builder, and he shall be called the "Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies." There shall also be a bureau in this department, to be denominated the "Bureau of Lamps and Gas," the chief officer of which shall be called "Superintendent of Lamps and Gas." The Chief Engineer of the Fire Department shall have a bureau under the Street Department, and shall have charge of repairing fire engines and fire apparatus. There shall be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Superintendent of Roads." There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of assessments, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Collector of Assessments." There shall be a bureau in this department for grading, flagging, curbing and guttering streets, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Superintendent of Street Improvements."

§ 24. There shall continue to be an executive department, under the denomination of the "Croton Aqueduct Board," which shall have charge of the Croton Aqueduct, and all structures and property connected with the supply and distribution of Croton water in the city of New York, and the under-ground drainage of the same; and the public sewers of said city, and permits for street vaults, and of paving, repaving and repairing streets and digging and constructing wells; and the collection of the revenues arising from the sale of the Croton water, with such other powers and duties as are or may be prescribed by law. The chief officers thereof shall be called the "President, Engineer and Assistant Commissioner," who, together shall form the Croton Aqueduct Board, and hold their offices for five years. There shall be a bureau in this department for the collection of the revenues derived from the sale of the water, and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Water Registrar." There shall also be a bureau in this department for the laying of water pipes, and the construction and repairs of sewers, wells and hydrants; paving, repaving and repairing streets, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Water Purveyor."

§ 25. There shall continue to be an executive department known as the "Almshouse Department," which shall have cognizance of all matters relating to the Almshouse and Prisons of said city; the chief officers thereof shall be called the "Governors of the Alms-house;" they shall take and hold their offices as provided by the act entitled "An act to provide for the government of the Almshouse and Penitentiary in the city and county of New York," and be charged with the duties, powers and responsibilities prescribed by that act. All ordinary appropriations intended for the support and government of the Alms-house De-

partment, proposed by the Governors of the Alms-house, shall, before the same are finally made, be submitted by the Governors to a Board consisting of the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Board of Councilmen, Mayor and Comptroller. If said Board approve of the appropriations, it shall immediately report the same to the Supervisors of the county of New York; if it shall disapprove of the same, it shall return them with objections to the Governors of the Alms-house for their reconsideration; and in case the said Governors shall, upon a reconsideration, adhere, by a vote of two-thirds of all the Governors then in office to the original appropriations, they shall return them to the said Board, whose duty it shall be to report to the Supervisors. The Board of Education shall also submit, in like manner, all appropriations required by it, and said appropriations shall be subject to all the provisions of this section, so far as the same may be applicable.

§ 26. There shall be an executive department known as the "Law Department," which shall have the charge of and conduct all the law business of the Corporation, and of the departments thereof, and all other law business in which the city shall be interested, when so ordered by the Corporation, and shall have the charge of and conduct the legal proceedings necessary in opening, widening or altering streets, and draw the leases, deeds and other papers connected with the Financial Department; and the chief officer thereof shall be called the "Counsel to the Corporation." There shall be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be denominated the "Corporation Attorney." There shall also be a bureau in this department, the chief officer of which shall be called the "Public Administrator."

§ 27. There shall be an executive department known as the "City Inspector's Department," the chief officer of which shall be the "City Inspector," and shall have cognizance of all matters affecting the public health, pursuant to the ordinances of the Common Council, and the lawful requirements of the Commissioners of Health and of the Board of Health. There shall be a bureau in the City Inspector's Department, to be called the "Bureau of Sanitary Inspection and Street Cleaning," under the control of an officer named the "Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection," and who shall render such services as by ordinance may attach to said bureau, in cleaning the streets, and in the abatement and removal of nuisances detrimental to the public health in said city. There shall also be a bureau in this department to be known as the "Bureau of Records and Statistics," and which shall be under the direction of the Registrar of Records, and in which bureau shall be kept all records which may by law or ordinance be required to be kept in said department. The Coroners in and for the city and county of New York shall make return to the City Inspector of all inquisitions taken by them in the said city and county, (excepting those charging homicide or felonious assault, which shall be filed with the Clerk of the Court of General Sessions.) There shall also be a bureau in this department for the inspection, regulation and management of the public markets, the chief officer of which shall be denominated "Superintendent of Markets." And it shall be the duty of the Croton Aqueduct Department, at all times, to permit the City Inspector to order the hydrants to be used for cleansing the streets, provided that such use shall

not endanger the general supply of the Croton water, and shall be used under such regulations as the Croton Aqueduct Board may prescribe. The City Inspector shall, after the passage of this act, appoint such number of Inspectors and Sealers of Weights and Measures as now or may hereafter exist, and who shall succeed to all the powers, and perform the duties, and receive compensation as now by law prescribed, and shall hold office upon the same terms as chiefs of bureaux.

§ 28. It shall be lawful for the Common Council of said city to establish such other bureaux as they may deem the public interest may require, and to assign to them, and to the departments and bureaux herein created, such duties as they may direct, not inconsistent with this act, and the duties thereof shall be performed in accordance with the charter and laws and ordinances of the city; but no expense shall be incurred by any of the departments or officers thereof, whether the object of expenditure shall have been ordered by the Common Council or not, unless an appropriation shall have been previously made covering such expense. And no member of the Common Council, head of department, chief of bureau, deputy thereof, or clerk therein, or other officer of the Corporation, shall be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, work or business, or the sale of any article, the expense, price or consideration of which is paid from the city treasury, or by any assessment levied by any act or ordinance of the Common Council; nor in the purchase of any real estate, or other property belonging to the Corporation, or which shall be sold for taxes or assessments, or by virtue of legal process at the suit of the said Corporation.

§ 29. The Mayor, or either Board of Common Council, may, at any time, require the opinion, in writing, of the head of any department upon any subject relating to his department, or any information possessed by him in relation thereto. And every head of department shall report in writing to the Common Council, quarterly, the state of his department, with such suggestion in relation to the improvement thereof, and to the public business connected therewith, as he may deem advisable.

§ 30. It shall be the duty of the Common Council to provide for the accountability of all officers and other persons to whom the receipt or expenditure of the funds of the city shall be intrusted by requiring from them sufficient security for the performance of their duties or trust, which security shall be annually renewed; but the security first taken shall remain in force until new security shall be given.

§ 31. Annual and occasional appropriations shall be made by proper ordinances of the Common Council for every branch and object of city expenditure; and no money shall be drawn from the city treasury except the same shall have been previously appropriated to the purpose for which it is drawn.

§ 32. Until the Common Council shall otherwise direct, the existing ordinances shall apply to the departments herein mentioned, so far as the same are applicable thereto and not inconsistent with this act.

§ 33. The Common Council shall not have authority to borrow any sums of money whatever on the credit of the Corporation, except in anticipation of the

revenue of the year in which such loan shall be made, unless authorized by a special act of the legislature.

§ 34. It shall be the duty of the Comptroller to publish, two months before the annual election of charter officers in each year, for the general information of the citizens of New York, a full and detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Corporation during the year ending on the first day of the month in which such publication is made; and in every such statement, the different sources of city revenue, and the amount received from each; the several appropriations made by the Common Council; the objects for which the same were made, and the amount of moneys expended under each; the moneys borrowed on the credit of the Corporation; the authority under which each loan was made, and the terms on which the same was obtained, shall be clearly and particularly specified.

§ 35. No tax or penalty shall hereafter be imposed upon or collected of any person, nor license required for selling or exposing for sale upon his, her, or their own premises in said city, any wholesome article of food; nor for selling such articles in such parts of the streets of said city as may be designated by the Common Council for that purpose.

§ 36. The Clerk of the Board of Aldermen shall, by virtue of his office, be Clerk of the Common Council, and shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the Clerk of the Common Council, except such as shall be assigned to the Clerk of the Board of Councilmen; and it shall be his duty to keep open for inspection, at all reasonable times, the records and minutes of the proceedings of the Common Council, except such as shall be specially ordered otherwise. The Clerk of each Board shall appoint, and may remove at pleasure, deputy clerks in his department, to the number authorized by ordinance. The Clerk of the Common Council shall keep the seal of the city; and his signature shall be necessary to all leases, grants, and other documents, as under existing laws.

§ 37. It shall be the duty of the Clerks of the respective Boards to publish all ordinances and amendments of ordinances which shall be passed, and also the proceedings, in the newspapers which may be employed by the Corporation, except such parts as may require secrecy; and whenever a vote shall be taken in either Board, upon the passage of an ordinance which shall contemplate any specific improvement, or involve the sale, disposition or appropriation of public property, or the expenditure of public moneys or income therefrom, or lay any tax or assessment, such ordinance shall, before the same shall be sent to the other Board and immediately after the adjournment of the Board at which the same shall have been passed, be published with the yeas and nays, and with the names of the persons voting for and against the same, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, as part of the proceedings; and no ordinance which shall have passed one Board shall be acted upon by the other Board on the same day, unless by unanimous consent, except in case of invasion, insurrection, riot or pestilence.

§ 38. All contracts to be made or let by authority of the Common Council for work to be done or supplies to be furnished, and all sales of personal property in the custody of the several departments or bureaux, shall be made by the ap-

propriate heads of departments, under such regulations as shall be established by ordinances of the Common Council. Whenever any work is necessary to be done to complete or perfect a particular job, or any supply is needful for any particular purpose, which work and job is to be undertaken or supply furnished for the Corporation, and the several parts of the said work or supply shall together involve the expenditure of more than two hundred and fifty dollars, the same shall be by contract, under such regulations concerning it as shall be established by ordinance of the Common Council, unless by a vote of three fourths of the members elected to each Board, it shall be ordered otherwise; and all contracts shall be entered into by the appropriate heads of departments, and shall be founded on sealed bids or proposals made in compliance with public notice advertised in such of the newspapers of the city as may be employed by the Corporation for the purpose; said notice to be published for at least ten days in each of the daily newspapers so employed; and all such contracts when given, shall be given to the lowest bidder, the terms of whose contract shall be settled by the Corporation Counsel as an act of preliminary specification to the bid or proposal, and who shall give security for the faithful performance of his contract in the manner prescribed and required by ordinance; and the adequacy and sufficiency of this security shall, in addition to the justification and acknowledgment, be approved by the Comptroller. All bids or proposals shall be publicly opened by the officers advertising for the same, and in the presence of the Comptroller. If the lowest bidder shall neglect or refuse to accept the contract within forty-eight hours after written notice that the same has been awarded to his bid or proposal, it shall be readvertised and relet as above provided. All property sold under the authority of the Common Council, shall be sold at auction, after previous public notice, under the superintendence of the appropriate head of department. Every contract, when made and entered into as before provided for, shall be executed in duplicate, and shall be filed in the Department of Finance; a receipt for each payment made on account of, or in satisfaction of, the same shall be indorsed on the said contract by the party receiving the warrant; which warrant shall be only given to the person interested in such contract, or his authorized representative. The proceeds of all sales made under and by virtue of this section, shall be by the officer receiving the same, immediately deposited with the City Chamberlain, and the account of sales verified by the officer making the sale, shall be immediately filed in the office of the Comptroller. No expenditure for work or supplies, involving an amount for which no contract is required, shall be made, except the necessity therefor be certified to by the head of the appropriate department, and the expenditure be authorized by the Common Council.

§ 39. Every person elected or appointed to any office under the city government, shall, on or before the 1st day of January next succeeding each election, or within five days after notice of such appointment, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, faithfully to perform the duties of his office; which oath or affirmation shall be filed in the Mayor's office.

§ 40. Any officer of the city government, or person employed in its service, who shall willfully violate or evade any of the provisions of this charter, or

commit any fraud upon the city, or convert any of the public property to his own use, or knowingly permit any other person so to convert it, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, in addition to the penalties imposed by law, shall forfeit his office, and be excluded forever after from receiving or holding any office under the city charter; and any person who shall willfully swear falsely in an oath or affirmation required by this act, shall be guilty of perjury.

§ 41. All ferries, docks, piers and slips shall be leased; and all sales of public property and franchises (other than grants of land under water, to which the owners of the upland shall have a pre-emptive right,) shall be made by public auction, and to the highest bidder, who will give adequate security. No lease hereafter given (except as the same may be required by covenants of the Corporation already existing) shall be for a longer period than ten years; and all ferry leases shall be revocable by the Common Council for mismanagement or neglect to provide adequate accommodations. All persons acquiring any ferry lease, or other franchise or grant under the provisions of this act, shall be required to purchase, at a fair appraised valuation, the boats, buildings and other property of the former lessees or grantees, actually necessary for the purposes of such ferry grant or franchise. Previous notice of all sales referred to in this section shall be given, under the direction of the Comptroller, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, and for thirty days in each of the daily newspapers so employed.

§ 42. No money shall be expended by the Corporation for any celebration, procession or entertainment of any kind, or on any occasion, unless by the votes of three-fourths of all the members elected to each Board of the Common Council.

§ 43. The Common Council are hereby authorized and directed to make all necessary arrangements for the conduct and regulation of all elections authorized under the provisions of this act, and in conformity, as far as may be, to the general election laws, except as herein otherwise provided.

§ 44. No officer under this charter, except the Collector of City Revenue, Collector of Assessments, Clerk of Arrears, Counsel to the Corporation or Inspector of Vessels, shall have or receive from the Corporation or city treasury any perquisites or any compensation or commission for his services, except a salary, except that the City Inspector may receive to his own use such portion of the fees allowed for the recording births and marriages, as are or may be prescribed by law. The salaries of all officers provided for by this act, or that may be created by the Common Council in pursuance of this act, shall be prescribed by ordinance to be passed by the Common Council and approved as herein before provided, for the approval of all ordinances, for raising and appropriating the money or disposing of the property of the city; and any fees that now are, or hereafter may be provided for any officer under this charter except as aforesaid, shall, on the receipt thereof, be paid by such officer into the city treasury. No member of the Common Council shall receive any compensation for his services as such member.

§ 45. All officers or other persons, to whom the receipts or expenditures of the city, or fees or funds payable into the city treasury, shall be intrusted, shall give

sufficient security for the faithful performance of their duty in such form and amount as the Common Council may prescribe, which shall be annually renewed.

§ 46. No additional allowance, beyond the legal claim, under any contract with the Corporation or for any services on its account, or in its employment, shall ever be allowed.

§ 47. No bid shall be accepted from, or contract awarded to, any person who is in arrears to the Corporation upon debt or contract, or who is a defaulter, as surety or otherwise, upon any obligation to the Corporation.

§ 48. No Alderman shall hereafter sit or act as Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, or in the Courts of General or Special Sessions in the city and county of New York; but this section shall not prevent his exercising the power of magistrate in the arrest, commitment or bailing of offenders, excepting that he cannot let to bail or discharge a person arrested or committed by another magistrate. Courts of Oyer and Terminer in and for the city and county of New York may be held by a Justice of the Supreme Court and the Court of General Sessions in and for the said city and county, by the Recorder or City Judge of the said city and county; of Special Sessions therein, by any two Police Justices of said city, and when either of the said courts shall be held as aforesaid, all the powers and jurisdiction appertaining by law to each of said courts, shall be possessed and exercised by the officer or officers holding the same.

§ 49. The grand jury of the county may present any officer other than Mayor, Counsel to the Corporation, or Comptroller, created by or holding office under this charter, but only upon testimony from witnesses who are personally cognizant of the facts they testify to, and after the person so charged shall have had a reasonable opportunity to appear before said grand jury in person in explanation thereof. This presentment may charge such officer with willful and fraudulent omission of duty, or commission of any official act prohibited by law. It shall be filed with the clerk of the court to which the presentment is made. A copy shall be served upon the officer aforesaid, who shall be required to plead thereto as to an indictment. If he admit the charges of the presentment so filed and served, the court shall declare his office vacant. If he deny them, the said presentment shall be tried in the same manner as an indictment. If the jury convict him of any charge contained in the presentment, the court shall then declare his office vacant. The court shall order its declaration, if the person so presented shall be found guilty, to be entered on its minutes, and a copy thereof filed with the Clerk of the Common Council, and thereupon the said office shall become vacant, and the person so convicted shall forever be disqualified from holding any office, not elective, under the City Charter.

§ 50. The city of New York shall be divided into seventeen aldermanic districts, as follows:

The first district shall consist of all that part of the city south of a line drawn from the Hudson river through the middle of Chambers street to the middle of Duane street, down the middle of Duane street to Rose street, down the middle of Rose street to Frankfort street, down the middle of Frankfort street to Pearl

street, down the middle of Pearl street to Dover street, and down the middle of Dover street to the East river.

The second district shall be bounded southerly by the first district, then up the middle of Broadway, from Chambers to Franklin street, down the centre of Franklin to Baxter street, up the centre of Baxter to Bayard street, through the centre of Bayard to Bowery, down the centre of Bowery to Catharine street, and down the centre of Catharine street to East river, and east by the river.

The third district shall be bounded southerly by the first district, then up the middle of Broadway from Chambers street to Spring street, through the middle of Spring street to Hudson river, and west by the river.

The fourth district shall be bounded southerly by the second district, then up the middle of Broadway from Franklin to Grand street, through the centre of Grand street to Clinton street, down the centre of Clinton street to East river, and east by the river.

The fifth district shall be bounded southerly by the third district, then by a line drawn up the middle of Broadway from Spring street to Fourth street, thence through the centre of Fourth street to Christopher street, and through the centre of Christopher street to Hudson river, and west by the river.

The sixth district shall be bounded southerly by the fourth district, then by a line drawn up the middle of Broadway, from Grand street to Houston street, then down the middle of Houston street to Clinton street, and down the middle of Clinton street to Grand street.

The seventh district shall be bounded southerly by the fifth district, then by a line drawn up the middle of Broadway, from Fourth to Fourteenth street, and through the centre of Fourteenth street to Hudson river, and west by the river.

The eighth district shall be bounded south and east by the East river, on the west and north by a line drawn from the river up the middle of Clinton street to Houston street, and down the middle of Houston street to said river.

The ninth district shall be bounded southerly by the seventh district, and then by a line drawn through the middle of Sixth avenue from Fourteenth street to Twenty-sixth street, and through the centre of Twenty-sixth street to Hudson river, and west by the river.

The tenth district shall be bounded on the south by the sixth district, thence by a line drawn through the middle of Broadway from Houston street to Fourteenth street, down the middle of Fourteenth street to Avenue A, and down the middle of Avenue A, to Houston street.

The eleventh district shall be bounded southerly by the ninth district, thence by a line drawn through the middle of Sixth avenue, from Twenty-sixth street to Fortieth street, and through the centre of Fortieth street to Hudson river, and west by the river.

The twelfth district shall be bounded southerly by the middle of Houston street, thence by a line drawn up the middle of Avenue A, from Houston street to Fourteenth street, to the East river, and east by said river.

The thirteenth district shall be formed of the territory now known as the Twenty-second Ward.

The fourteenth district shall be bounded by a line commencing at the intersec-

tion of Fourteenth street with the East river, thence through the centre of Fourteenth street to the Sixth avenue, thence through the centre of Sixth avenue to Twenty-sixth street, and thence through the centre of Twenty-sixth street to the East river, and easterly by the river.

The fifteenth district shall be bounded southerly by the fourteenth district, thence through the centre of Sixth avenue from Twenty-sixth street to Fortieth street, thence through the centre of Fortieth street to the East river, and easterly by said river.

The sixteenth district shall comprehend the territory now known as the Nineteenth Ward.

The seventeenth district shall comprehend the territory now known as the Twelfth Ward, being that portion of the city of New York north of the centre of Eighty-sixth street.

§ 51. The Mayor, Aldermen and Councilmen, provided for in this act, shall be elected at the first election for charter officers, to be held after the passage hereof, which election shall take place on the first Tuesday of December, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven; all persons who shall have been elected under former laws, regulating or affecting the election of charter officers, and shall be in office at the time of the passage of this act, shall continue in office until the officers elected under this act shall take office, and no longer, except that the offices of Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, and of Commissioner of Streets and Lamps, are hereby abolished, and except that the persons now filling the several offices of Comptroller, Council to the Corporation, Street Commissioner and City Inspector, and the officers of the Croton Aqueduct Department, shall continue in office until the expiration of their several terms, and shall not be removed from office during such continuance, except for the cause and in the manner provided for in sections 20 and 49 of this act, and all other charter officers, and all school officers, and each governor of the Alms-house, whose term of office may expire with the present municipal year, shall be also elected on the day before provided for by this section.

§ 52. Every person who shall promise, offer or give, or cause, or aid, or abet, in causing to be promised, offered or given, or furnish, or agree to furnish, in whole or in part, to be promised, offered or given to any member of the Common Council, or any officer of the Corporation, after his election as such member, or before or after he shall have qualified and taken his seat, any moneys, goods, right in action or other property, or any thing of value, or any pecuniary advantage, present and prospective, with intent to influence his vote, opinion, judgment or action on any question, matter, cause or proceeding which may be then pending, or may, by law, be brought before him in his official capacity, shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned in a penitentiary for a term not exceeding two years, or shall be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court. Every officer in this section enumerated, who shall accept any such gift, or promise, or undertaking, to make the same, under any agreement or undertaking, that his vote, opinion, judgment or action shall be influenced thereby, or shall be given in any particular manner, or upon any particular side of any question, matter, cause or proceeding then pending, or which may by law

be brought before him, in his official capacity, shall, upon conviction, be disqualified from holding any public office, trust or appointment, under the charter of the city of New York, and shall forfeit his office, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding two years, or by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court. Every person offending against either of the provisions of this section shall be a competent witness against any other person offending in the same transaction, and may be compelled to appear and give evidence before any grand jury or in any court, in the same manner as other persons; but the testimony so given shall not be used in any prosecution or proceeding, civil or criminal, against the person so testifying.

§ 53. The annual election for charter officers, school officers, and Governors of the Alms-house, after the year eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, shall be held on the first Tuesday in December, and the officers elected at the first election, as hereinbefore provided, and in each year thereafter, shall take office on the first Mooday of January next succeeding. All the provisions of law now in force in regard to the notification, duration, conduct of election, and canvassing of votes at general elections, shall apply to the first election provided for herein, and to each annual election of charter officers, except that the returns of all elections provided for by this act, shall be filed by the district canvassers in the several districts with the Clerk of the Common Council, within twenty-four hours after the polls are closed; and the said returns shall be canvassed by the Board of Aldermen, sitting as a Board of City Canvassers. The Clerk of the Common Council shall be Clerk to the said Board of City Canvassers; and the said Board shall meet on the Thursday succeeding such election, and shall, within ten days thereafter, wholly complete such canvass, and file, within the same time, duplicate statements of the result in the respective offices of the Clerk of the Common Council and County Clerk. The Clerk of the Common Council, within five days succeeding the filing of the said statement, shall give to each person declared elected a certificate thereof.

§ 54. The act to amend the charter of the city of New York, passed April seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty, and the act to amend the charter of the city of New York, passed April second, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and the act to amend an act entitled an act to amend the charter of the city of New York, passed April second, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, passed July eleventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-one; and the act further to amend the charter of the city of New York, passed April twelfth, eighteen hundred and fifty-three; and the act supplementary to an act entitled an act further to amend the charter of the city of New York, passed April twelfth, eighteen hundred and fifty-three; passed June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, are hereby repealed; and all laws inconsistent with this act are also hereby repealed; but the charter of the city of New York, known as the Dongan and Montgomerie charter, so far as the same or either of them are now in force, shall continue and remain in full force, and shall not be construed as repealed, modified, or in any manner affected thereby. This section shall not prejudice or affect any right accrued, or proceeding commenced before this act takes effect.

§ 55. This act shall take effect on the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
Secretary's Office, } I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole of said original law.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany, this twentieth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

[L. s.]

N. P. STANTON,
Dep. Sec. of State.

AN ACT

RELATING TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

PASSED APRIL 15, 1857, THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. The Mayor and Recorder of the city of New York shall cease to be members of the Board of Supervisors of the county of New York. There shall be voted for, at each and every charter election hereafter to be held in the city of New York, twelve Supervisors, who shall, together, compose the Board of Supervisors of the county of New York, and hold office for one year from the first of January in each and every year hereafter. They shall be voted for upon a separate general ticket, but only six names for Supervisors shall be upon one ticket. The six persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected by the Board of City Canvassers, who shall canvass the votes in the same manner as they are required to canvass votes for charter officers; and all the provisions of law relating to election of charter officers are hereby applied to the election of Supervisors. On or before the twenty-fourth day of December, in each and every year succeeding the charter election, the Mayor of the city shall appoint, as Supervisors, the six persons receiving severally the highest number of votes next to the votes received by the six Supervisors having the return of the Board of City Canvassers.

§ 2. The vote of a majority of all the members elected to the Board of Supervisors shall be necessary to pass any act, ordinance or resolution appropriating money; and every act, ordinance or resolution which shall have passed the Board of Supervisors, except such as levy any special tax or taxes, before it shall take effect, shall be presented, duly certified, to the Mayor of the city of New York, for his approval. If he approve, he shall sign it; if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the Board, within ten days thereafter, or if said Board be not in session, at its next meeting after that period. The Board shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and cause the same to be published in one or more of the daily newspapers of the city of New York.

§ 3. The Board shall, after the expiration of not less than ten days thereafter, proceed to reconsider the same; and such act, resolution or ordinance, if approved by a majority of all the members elected to the Board, shall thereupon take effect. In all such cases, the votes of the Board shall be determined by the ayes and noes, and the names of the persons voting for and against its passage, shall be entered on the journal of the Board.

§ 4. If the Mayor shall not return any act, resolution or ordinance so presented to him, within the time above limited for that purpose, it shall take effect in the same manner as if he had signed it.

§ 5. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, except the same shall have been previously appropriated to the purpose for which it is drawn; and no expense shall be incurred, whether it shall have been ordered by the Board or not, unless an appropriation of money, then in the treasury, sufficient to cover such expense, shall have been previously made.

§ 6. The Finance Department of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, and its officers, shall have the like power, and perform the like duties, in regard to the fiscal concerns of said Board, as they possess in regard to the local concerns of the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty. All moneys drawn from the treasury, by authority of the Board of Supervisors, shall be upon vouchers for the expenditure thereof, examined and allowed by the Auditor, and approved by the Comptroller; and no such moneys shall be drawn therefrom, except on the warrant drawn by the Comptroller, and countersigned by the Mayor and Clerk of the Board, and no other warrant shall be necessary for such purpose.

§ 7. No allowance or payment, beyond legal claims, shall ever be allowed by the Board.

§ 8. The members of the Board of Supervisors, whenever attending as members of the Board of County Canvassers, shall not receive compensation for a greater period than ten days, for canvassing the votes of any election; nor shall any person receive any compensation for services as a Supervisor of the said county of New York.

§ 9. The Counsel to the Corporation of the city of New York shall be the legal adviser of the said Board of Supervisors, and shall receive such compensation for his services as shall be fixed by said Board, not exceeding the sum of two thousand dollars per annum.

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
Secretary's Office. }

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany, the first
[L. S.] day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

N. P. STANTON,
Dep. Secretary of State.

§ 3. The Board shall, after the expiration of not less than ten days thereafter, proceed to reconsider the same; and such act, resolution or ordinance, if approved by a majority of all the members elected to the Board, shall thereupon take effect. In all such cases, the votes of the Board shall be determined by the ayes and noes, and the names of the persons voting for and against its passage, shall be entered on the journal of the Board.

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STATE OF NEW YORK, }
Secretary's Office. }

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany, the first
[L. S.] day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

N. P. STANTON,
Dep. Secretary of State.

DIAGRAM OF THE
Aldermen's Chamber.

JOHN CLANCY

Reporter. | PRESIDENT. | Reporter.

CLERK.

Sergt at Arms.



1. Michael Murray.
2. H. R. Hoffmire.
3. Thomas Stephens.
4. William Tucker.
5. Michael Tuomey.
6. George Starr.
7. Thomas W. Adams.
8. John Gregory.

9. John Lynes.
10. E. Harrison Reed.
11. Francis I. A. Boole.
12. Charles Wilmot.
13. John J. Bradley.
14. James Owens.
15. Thomas Mc. Spedon.
16. James Davis.

1858.

LOBBY.

RULES OF ORDER

OF THE

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

PASSED JANUARY 4, 1858.

I. Upon the appearance of a quorum, the President, or in his absence, a President *pro tem.*, shall take the chair, as President, and the members be called to order.

II. In case the President shall not attend, the Clerk, on the appearance of a quorum, shall call the Board to order, when a President *pro tem.* shall be appointed by the Board, for that meeting, or until the appearance of the President.

III. After the reading and approving of the minutes, the order of business, which shall not in any case be departed from, except by the consent of twelve members voting therefor, shall be as follows:

1st. Presentation of petitions.

2d. Motions or resolutions.

3d. Reports of Committees.

4th. Communications and reports from the Departments or Corporation Officers.

5th. Unfinished business.

6th. Special orders of the day.

7th. Messages, papers from the Mayor, or the Board of Councilmen, may be considered at any time.

IV. Whenever the President may wish to leave the chair, he shall have power to substitute a member in his place, provided that substitution shall not continue beyond the day on which it is made.

V. The President, in all cases, has the right of voting; and when the Board shall be equally divided, including his vote, the question shall be lost.

VI. Whenever it shall be moved or carried, that the Board go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall leave the chair, and shall appoint a Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, who shall report the proceedings of the Committee. The rules of the Board shall be observed in the Committee of the Whole, except the rules respecting a call for the ayes and noes, and limiting the time for speaking.

VII. On motion in Committee to rise and report, the question shall be decided without debate.

VIII. No amendment shall be allowed in the Board on any question which has been decided in Committee of the Whole, unless by the consent of two thirds of the members present.

IX. If the question in debate contains several points, any member may have the same divided.

X. A motion to refer or lay on the table, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments to the main question.

XI. When a question has been once put and decided, it shall be in order for any member who voted in the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote, shall be made after the ordinance, resolution or act shall have gone out of the possession of the Board; and no motion of reconsideration shall be taken more than once.

XII. No act, resolution, or ordinance, sent to this Board from the other Board, for concurrence, shall be acted upon the same day it passed the other Board, unless by unanimous consent of the members present, except in case of invasion, insurrection or pestilence.

XIII. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to publish all ordinances and amendments of ordinances which shall be passed, and also the proceedings, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, except such parts as may require secrecy; and whenever a vote shall be taken upon the passage of a resolution or ordinance which shall contemplate any specific improvement, or involve the sale, disposition or appropriation of public property, or lay any tax or assessment, he shall, before the same is sent to the other Board, and immediately after the adjournment, cause the same to be published, with the ayes and noes, with the names of the persons voting for and against the same, in at least two newspapers, as a part of the proceedings, and shall thereafter certify and send to the other Board every act, ordinance and resolution which has originated in, and passed this Board, and which requires a concurrent vote of the Board of Councilmen; and to deliver to the Mayor, certified in like manner, all such ordinances and resolutions which shall have been received from the Board of Councilmen, and concurred in by this Board, and which are required to be submitted to him for approval, and shall certify to the other Board the proceedings of this Board, in reference to all acts or business originating with the other Board.

XIV. The President shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Board.

XV. Every member, previous to his speaking, shall rise from his seat, and address himself to the President.

XVI. When two or more members shall rise at once, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

XVII. No person shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the Board; nor more than once, until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

XVIII. While a member is speaking, no member shall entertain any private discourse, or pass between him and the chair.

XIX. No question on a motion shall be debated or put unless the same be seconded. When a motion is seconded, it shall be stated by the President before debate; and every such motion shall be reduced to writing, if any member desire it.

XX. After a motion is stated by the President, it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the Board; but it may be withdrawn at any time by the mover before decision or amendment.

XXI. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received unless

1. To amend it.
2. To commit it.
3. To lay on the table.
4. To postpone it.
5. For the previous question; or,
6. To adjourn.

XXII. A motion to lay on the table shall be decided without amendment or debate, and a motion to commit, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments and debate on the main question.

XXIII. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate.

XXIV. The previous question, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments and debate, and shall be put in this form—"Shall the main question be now put?"

XXV. Every member who shall be present when a question is put, shall vote for or against the same, unless the Board shall excuse him, unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote; but no member shall be permitted to vote upon a question, when a division is called, unless present when his name is called in its regular order.

XXVI. A member called to order, shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and the Board, if appealed to, shall decide on the case, but without debate. If there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to.

XXVII. All questions shall be put in the order they are moved, except in filling up blanks—the longest time and the largest sum shall be first put.

XXVIII. The yeas and noes shall be taken at the request of a member, and the name of the member calling for the division shall be entered on the minutes.

XXIX. Upon a division of the Board, the names of those who vote for, and those who vote against, the question, shall be entered upon the minutes.

XXX. All appointments of officers shall be by ballot, unless dispensed with by the consent of the Board, and a majority of the whole number present shall be necessary to constitute a choice.

XXXI. No member shall absent himself without permission from the President.

XXXII. All Committees shall be appointed by thePresident, unless otherwise ordered by the Board.

XXXIII. Committees appointed to report on any subject referred to them by the Board, shall report the facts in relation to the subject referred, with their opinion thereon, in writing, and shall attach thereto all resolutions, petitions, remonstrances and other papers relative to the matter referred; and no report shall be received, except the same be signed by a majority of the Committee; but nothing contained in this rule shall prevent a minority of any Committee from submitting a report. And no report shall be printed, unless by the express direction of the Board, specifying the number of copies to be printed.

XXXIV. Whenever the doors are directed to be closed, all persons, excepting the members and the Clerk, shall retire.

XXXV. Every petition, remonstrance or other written application, intended

to be presented to the Common Council, may be delivered to the President, or any member of the Board, and the member to whom it shall be given shall examine the same, and indorse thereon the name of the applicant, and the substance of such application, and sign his name thereto; which indorsement only shall be read by the President, unless a member shall require the reading of the paper, in which case the whole shall be read.

XXXVI. STANDING COMMITTEES, consisting of three members each, shall be appointed on the following subjects:

1. Alms-house Department.
2. Arts and Sciences.
3. Assessments.
4. Cleaning Streets.
5. Ferries.
6. Finance.
7. Fire Department.
8. Joint Committee on Accounts.
9. Joint Committee on Croton Aqueduct.
10. Lamps and Gas.
11. Lands and Places.
12. Law Department.
13. Markets.
14. Ordinances.
15. Police.
16. Public Health.
17. Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island, and Bellevue Establishment.
18. Repairs and Supplies.
19. Roads.
20. Salaries and Offices.
21. Sewers.
22. Streets.
23. Taxes.
24. Wharves, Piers and Slips.
25. Railroads.

XXXVII. The President shall be, *ex officio*, a member of all Committees; but a majority of such Committee, exclusive of the President, shall be sufficient to agree upon a report.

XXXVIII. The members of the Board shall not leave their places, on adjournment, until the President leaves the chair.

XXXIX. None of the foregoing rules and orders shall be amended or repealed, except by the vote of at least a quorum.

D. T. VALENTINE, *Clerk*.

1. Anthon
2. Georg
3. Alexa
4. Martin
5. Wm. W
6. Peter
7. John
8. Benj.
9. Edwa
10. John
11. Chas
12. Andr

to be presented to the Common Council, may be delivered to the President, or any member of the Board, and the member to whom it shall be given shall examine the same, and indorse thereon the name of the applicant, and the substance of such application, and sign his name thereto; which indorsement only shall be read by the President, unless a member shall require the reading of the paper, in which case the whole shall be read.

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10. Lamps and Gas.
11. Lands and Places.
12. Law Department.
13. Markets.
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15. Police.
16. Public Health.
17. Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island, and Bellevue Establishment.
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D. T. Valentine, *Clerk.*

DIAGRAM OF THE
Councilmen's Chamber.

Reporters.

CHARLES H. HASWELL

PRESIDENT.

CLERK.

Sergt. at Arms.



1. Anthony J. Mc Carty.
2. George P. Bickford.
3. Alexander Mc Garren.
4. Martin Gilmartin.
5. Wm. W. Judson.
6. Peter Crawford.
7. John Van Tine.
8. Benj. T. Rhodes.
9. Edward Costello.
10. John C. Frazier.
11. Chas. G. Cornell.
12. Andrew Mulligan.
13. James Webb.
14. Gilbert M. Platt.
15. John H. Brady.
16. James M. Cross.
17. George Ross.
18. Seymour A. Bunce.
19. Henry W. Genet.
20. Samuel W. Galpin
21. Henry Arcularius.
22. Thomas A. Dunn.
23. William Nolan.

1858.

LOBBY.

RULES OF ORDER

OF THE

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

PASSED JANUARY 4, 1858.

I. Upon the appearance of thirteen members, the Board shall be called to order by the President, or if he be absent, by the Clerk, and a President *pro tem.* appointed by the Board for the meeting, or until the President appear.

II. After reading and approving the minutes, the order of business, which shall not be departed from, except by the consent of sixteen members, shall be as follows:

1. Presentation of petitions.
2. Motions and resolutions, for which the Senatorial Districts shall be called in numerical order.
3. Reports of Committees.
4. Motions to take up and consider—
   1. Resolutions.
   2. Reports of previous meeting.
5. Communications and reports from the Departments.
6. Special orders of the day.
7. General orders.

Messages from the Mayor and the Board of Aldermen may be received at any time.

Unfinished business may be resumed at any time under the same order upon which it was taken up.

III. Every petition, remonstrance and other paper presented to the Board shall be presented by a member in his place; and before presenting the same, the person presenting shall indorse thereon the substance thereof, and sign his name thereto.

IV. No motion or resolution shall be debated or put unless it be seconded, nor until it be stated by the President; and every such motion shall be reduced to writing, if any member desire it.

V. When the Board shall be equally divided, including the vote of the President, the question shall be lost.

VI. A motion or resolution may be withdrawn at any time before action had on it.

VII. All questions relating to the priority of business shall be decided by the President without debate.

VIII. The President shall preserve order and decorum, and decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Board.

IX. Whenever the President shall wish to leave the chair, he may substitute

a member in his place; but such substitution shall not continue beyond the day on which it is made.

X. The President may call special meetings of the Board whenever, in his judgment, the interests of the city may require it.

XI. In forming a Committee of the Whole, the President shall leave the chair, and appoint a chairman to preside. The rules of the Board shall be observed in such Committee, except the rules respecting the ayes and noes, the time of speaking, and the previous question, and a motion to pass over shall be decided without debate.

XII. On motion in Committee to rise and report, the question shall be decided without debate.

XIII. After the report of the Committee, such amendments only shall be in order as were offered and acted on in Committee.

XIV. When the question in debate contains several distinct propositions, any member may have the same divided.

XV. All questions shall be put in the order they are moved, except those of privilege. When blanks are to be filled the longest time and smallest sum shall be put first.

XVI. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be entertained, unless

1. To adjourn.
2. To lay on the table.
3. For the previous question.
4. To postpone for a certain day.
5. To refer.
6. To postpone indefinitely.
7. To amend.

Which motion shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. A call of the Board may be ordered at any time.

XVII. When a resolution shall be offered, or a motion made to refer any subject, and different committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:

1. A Standing Committee.
2. A Select Committee.
3. Committee of the Whole.

XVIII. A motion to refer, or lay on the table, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment or debate of the main question.

A motion to postpone, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment of the main question.

A motion to adjourn shall always be in order; and that, and a motion for a call of the Board, shall be decided without debate; but no motion whatever, except to permit a member to explain his vote, or to be excused from voting, shall be entertained by the chair after the ayes and noes shall have been ordered, until the result of the vote shall have been announced by the chair.

XIX No act, resolution, or ordinance, sent from the Board of Aldermen, shall be called up for final passage on the same day it is presented to this Board, unless by consent of sixteen members; nor shall it be acted upon on the same day it shall have passed the other Board, unless by unanimous consent, except in case of invasion, insurrection or pestilence.

XX. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to publish all ordinances and amendments of ordinances which shall be passed, and also the proceedings, in the newspapers employed by the Corporation, except such parts as may require secrecy; and whenever a vote shall be taken upon the passage of a resolution or ordinance, which shall contemplate any specific improvements, or involve the sale, disposition or appropriation of public property, or the expenditure of public money, or the income therefrom, or lay any tax or assessment, he shall, before the same is sent to the other Board, and immediately after the adjournment, cause the same to be published, with the ayes and noes, with the names of the persons voting for and against the same, in at least two newspapers, as a part of the proceedings, and shall thereafter certify and send to the other Board every act, resolution and ordinance which has originated in and passed this Board, and which require a concurrent vote of the Board of Aldermen, and shall deliver to the Mayor, certified in like manner, all such acts, ordinances and resolutions which shall have been received from the Board of Aldermen, and concurred in by this Board, and which are required to be submitted to him for his approval; and shall certify to the other Board the proceedings of this Board, in reference to all acts or business originating in the other Board.

XXI. It shall also be the duty of the Clerk to make and keep a list of all messages, acts, resolutions, ordinances and reports not finally or specially disposed of, in order of priority, which list shall be the "General Orders."

XXII. Every member who shall be present when a question is put, shall vote thereon, unless the Board shall excuse him, or unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote. But no member, on a taking of the ayes and noes, shall be permitted to vote unless present when his name is called in regular order, except by consent of a majority of the members present.

XXIII. Any member who shall have voted with the majority may move for a reconsideration, provided he do so at the time of the next meeting, and whilst the act, resolution or ordinance is in the possession of the Board; such motion having been once put and lost, shall not be renewed, except by the consent of sixteen members.

XXIV. Every member, previous to speaking, shall rise in his place and address the President.

XXV. When two or more members rise at the same time, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

XXVI. No person shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the Board, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

XXVII. A member called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and the Board, if appealed to, shall at once decide on the case, without debate. If there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall be submitted to.

XXVIII. The previous question shall be admitted only when demanded by a majority of the members present, and until decided, shall preclude all amend-

ment or debate, and must be put in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?"

XXIX. When the previous question shall have been ordered, and there shall be pending amendments adopted in Committee of the Whole, but not acted on in the Board, the question shall first be taken upon such amendments in their order, and then upon the main question, without further debate or amendment.

XXX. On taking a vote by ayes and noes, in the cases required by law, as well as when required by three members, the names of those who vote for, and those who vote against the question, shall be so entered in the minutes; and when so taken, on the call of a member, the name of such member, and the fact, shall also be entered in the minutes.

XXXI. The following officers shall be elected by ballot, viz: President, Clerk, Sergeant-at-arms and Door-keeper.

XXXII. All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Board.

XXXIII. The Standing Committees shall be as follows:

1. Alms-house Department.
2. Arts and Sciences.
3. Assessments.
4. Cleaning Streets.
5. Croton Aqueduct.
6. Ferries.
7. Finance.
8. Fire Department.
9. Lamps and Gas.
10. Lands and Places.
11. Law Department.
12. Markets.
13. Ordinances.
14. Police.
15. Public Health.
16. Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Ward's Island, Randall's Island and Bellevue Establishment.
17. Railroads.
18. Repairs and Supplies.
19. Roads.
20. Salaries and Offices.
21. Sewers.
22. Streets.
23. Taxes.
24. Wharves, Piers and Slips.
25. Joint Committees on Accounts.

Each of which shall consist of three members, except the Committee on Railroads, which shall consist of five members.

XXXIV. The President shall be, *ex officio*, a member of all committees; but a majority of the other members shall be sufficient to agree upon a report.

XXXV. Committees shall inquire into the matters referred to them, and report, in writing, the facts in relation thereto, with their opinions thereon, and attach to such report all resolutions, petitions, remonstrances and other papers relating to the matters referred; but no report shall be made without consent first had, unless signed by a majority of the committee; nor shall any matter reported on, be taken up for final action the same day on which it is reported, unless by the consent of sixteen members. No report shall be printed, unless by the express direction of the Board, specifying the number of copies to be printed.

XXXVI. No member shall absent himself without permission of the President; nor, on adjournment, leave his place until the President leaves the chair.

XXXVII. Whenever the doors are directed to be closed, all persons, excepting the members and the Clerk, shall retire.

XXXVIII. No persons shall be permitted on the floor of the Council, unless in the discharge of official duty, or by special invitation of a member, except the Mayor, Aldermen, members of the Boards of Supervisors and Education, and such persons as have been members of the Common Council, heads of Departments, or officers of the State government and reporters of the press. The privilege of admission, under any invitation, shall not extend beyond the day for which it is given, and it is the duty of the Sergeant-at-arms and Door-keeper rigidly to enforce this rule.

XXXIX. The regular sessions of the Board shall commence on the first Monday of each month, at five o'clock, P.M., and shall continue on each Monday and Thursday at the same hour, until the business of the monthly session is concluded; provided, that the Board may, by a vote of the majority of the members present, adjourn for a shorter or longer time.

XL. No standing rule or order of this Board shall be changed or rescinded without one day's previous notice being given of the motion therefor. But any rule or order may be suspended, for a special purpose, by a vote of sixteen members.



CITY HALL.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

1858.

Hon. Daniel F. Tiemann, *Mayor;*
Office, No. 6 City Hall; residence, Manhattanville.

David T. Valentine, *Clerk of the Common Council.*
Office No. 8 City Hall; residence, No. 415 Fourth street.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Dist.	Names.	Place of Busines.	Residence.
2.	John Clancy, *Pres't.*	113 Nassau street.	43 Franklin street.
1.	Michael Murray.	8 City Hall.	134 Greenwich street.
3.	Henry R. Hoffmire.	3 Jay street.	3 Jay street.
4.	Thomas Stephens.	154 Canal street.	154 Canal street.
5.	William Tucker.	64 Wall street.	32 McDougal street.
6.	Michael Tuomey.	212 Grand street.	212 Grand street.
7.	George Starr.	2 Jefferson Market.	29 Greenwich avenue.
8.	Thomas W. Adams.	20 Gouverneur street.	20 Gouverneur street.
9.	John Gregory.	230 Eighth avenue.	230 Eighth avenue.
10.	John Lynes.	6 Cortlandt street.	47 St. Mark's Place.
11.	E. Harrison Reed.	16 Washington M'ket.	415 Tenth avenue.
12.	Francis I. A. Boole.	311 Third street.	311 Third street.
13.	Charles Willmot.	192 West 47th street.	669 Eighth avenue.
14.	John J. Bradley.	4th avenue and 18th st.	4th avenue and 18th st.
15.	James Owens.	108 East 34th street.	102 East 34th street.
16.	Thomas McSpedon.	29 Beekman street.	3d avenue and 73d street.
17.	James Davis.	225 Fulton street.	125th street and 5th av.



RESIDENCE OF THE HON. DANIEL F. TIEMANN.
Mayor of the City of N. Y. 1858 & 1859

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Wards.	Names.	Residences.	Places of Business.
3.	ANTHONY J. McCARTY.	Clermont House	Navy Yard, Brooklyn.
4.	GEORGE P. BICKFORD.	No. 340 Pearl street	No. 340 Pearl street.
5.	ALEXANDER McGARREN	Fifth Ward Hotel	No. 72 West Broadway.
6.	MARTIN GILMARTIN.	No. 476 Pearl street	No. 476 Pearl street.
7.	WM. W. JUDSON	" 167 Monroe street	No. 167 Monroe street.
8.	PETER CRAWFORD	" 112 Varick street	No. 112 Varick street.
10.	JOHN VAN TINE	" 331 Broome	No. 2 Dey street.
11.	BENJ. T. RHODES	" 67 Avenue D	Morgan Iron Works.
11.	EDWARD COSTELLO	" 103 Lewis street	12th st., bet. Av. B. & C.
13.	JOHN C. FRAZER	" 552 Grand street	Navy Yard, Brooklyn.
17.	CHAS. G. CORNELL	" 68 Third street	No. 59 Fulton Market.
17.	ANDREW MULLIGAN	" 222 East 13th street	12th and 13th st., 1st av.
9.	JAMES WEBB	" 62 Morton street	No. 62 Morton street.
18.	GILBERT M. PLATT	" 162 East 21st street	No. 162 East 21st street.
15.	JOHN H. BRADY	" 136 Amity street	No. 122 Amity street.
16.	JAMES M. CROSS	" 59 West 22d street	No. 5 Bowling Green.
16.	GEORGE ROSS	" 178 West 22d street	No. 35 Liberty street.
18.	SEYMOUR A. BUNCE	" 181 East 15th street	No. 126 Nassau street.
12.	HENRY W. GENET	86th street, near 2d avenue	No. 20 Chambers street.
12.	SAMUEL W. GALPIN	126th str., bet. 3d & 4th avs.	No. 89 Wall street.
19.	HENRY ARCULARIUS	Fifty-eighth st., near 2d av.	58th street, near 2d av.
20.	THOMAS A. DUNN	No. 489 Eighth avenue	No. 506 Eighth avenue.
21.	CHARLES H. HASWELL	" 59 East 31st street	No. 6 Bowling Green.
22.	WILLIAM NOLAN	" 378 West 43d street	No. 378 West 43d st.

STANDING COMMITTEES

OF THE BOARDS OF ALDERMEN, COUNCILMEN AND SUPERVISORS.

1858.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Alms-House Department—
Alderman Hoffmire,
" Murray,
" Willmot.

Arts and Sciences—
Alderman Stephens,
" Murray,
" Willmot.

Assessments—
Alderman Stephens,
" McSpedon,
" Starr.

Cleaning Streets—
Alderman Tuomey,
" Murray,
" Willmot.

Croton Aqueduct—
Alderman Adams,
" Tuomey,
" Owens.

Ferries—
Alderman Murray,
" Adams,
" Reed.

Finance—
Alderman McSpedon,
" Gregory,
" Starr.

Fire Department—
Alderman Adams,
" Tuomey,
" Lynes.

Frauds—
Alderman Adams,
" Stephens,
" Owens.
" Tucker.
" Tuomey.

Joint Committee on Accounts—
Alderman Boole,
" Hoffmire,
" Owens.

Lamps and Gas—
Alderman Bradley,
" Boole,
" Owens.

Lands and Places—
Alderman Murray,
" Adams,
" Reed.

Law Department—
Alderman Bradley,
" Stephens,
" Tucker.

Markets—
Alderman Adams,
" Tuomey,
" Tucker.

Ordinances—
Alderman Boole,
" McSpedon,
" Davis.

Police—
Alderman Hoffmire,
" Stephens,
" Willmot.

Public Health—
Alderman McSpedon,
" Tuomey,
" Davis.

Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island and Bellevue Establishment—
Alderman Bradley,
" Gregory,
" Reed.

Railroads—
Alderman Gregory,
" Hoffmire,
" McSpedon,
" Reed,
" Owens.

Repairs and Supplies—
Alderman Tuomey,
" Stephens,
" Lynes.

Roads—
Alderman McSpedon,
" Bradley,
" Davis.

Salaries and Offices—
Alderman Bradley,
" Adams,
" Davis.

Sewers—
Alderman Stephens,
" Boole,
" Tucker.

Streets—
Alderman Boole,
" Adams,
" Lynes.

Taxes—
Alderman Gregory,
" Stephens,
" Tucker.

Wharves, Piers and Slips—
Alderman Hoffmire,
" Murray,
" Starr.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Alms-House Department—
Councilman Nolan,
" Mulligan,
" Ross.

Arts and Sciences—
Councilman Cornell,
" McGarren,
" Bunce.

Assessments—
Councilman Crawford,
" Galpin,
" Ross.

Cleaning Streets—
Councilman Dunn,
" McCarty,
" Webb.

Croton Aqueduct—
Councilman Rhodes,
" Costello,
" Webb.

Ferries—
Councilman Rhodes,
" Frazer,
" Judson.

Finance—
Councilman Arcularius,
" Crawford,
" Cross.

Fire Department—
Councilman Gilmartin,
" Brady,
" Platt.

Joint Committee on Accounts—
Councilman Cornell,
" Mulligan,
" Cross.

Lamps and Gas—
Councilman Bickford,
" Frazer,
" Costello.

Lands and Places—
Councilman Crawford,
" McGarren,
" Bunce.

Law Department—
Councilman Genet,
" Cornell,
" Bunce.

Markets—
Councilman Judson,
" Costello,
" Ross.

Ordinances—
Councilman Genet,
" Galpin,
" Ross.

Police—
Councilman Arcularius,
" Nolan,
" Cross.

Public Health—
Councilman Frazer,
" Genet,
" McGarren.

Public Buildings on Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island and Bellevue Establishment—
Councilman Mulligan,
" Platt,
" Webb.

Railroads—
Councilman Gilmartin,
" Genet,
" Cross,
" Costello,
" Cornell.

Repairs and Supplies—
Councilman Van Tine,
" Bickford,
" Webb.

Roads—
Councilman Judson,
" Galpin,
" Bunce.

Salaries and Offices—
Councilman Van Tine,
" Gilmartin,
" Bunce.

Sewers—
Councilman Platt,
" McCarty,
" Ross.

Streets—
Councilman Dunn,
" Van Tine,
" Brady.

Taxes—
Councilman Crawford,
" Gilmartin.
" Brady.

Wharves, Piers and Slips—
Councilman Bickford,
" Rhodes,
" Brady.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Annual Taxes—
Supervisor Orison Blunt,
" Augustus Weismann,
" Wm. M. Tweed,
" Isaac Bell, Jr.

Civil Courts—
Supervisor Isaac Bell, Jr.,
" Wm. M. Tweed,
" John A. Kennedy,
" Orison Blunt.

County Officers—
Supervisor John R. Briggs,
" Peter P. Voorhis,
" Walter Roche,
" Thos. B. Stillman.

Criminal Courts and Police—
Supervisor Wm. R. Stewart,
" Peter P. Voorhis,
" Wm. C. Conner,
" Walter Roche.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Office, No. 8 City Hall.

David T. Valentine, *Clerk*.....415 4th street.
John H. Chambers, *Deputy Clerk*.....164 Elm street.
C. B. Woodruff, *First Asst. Clerk*.....40 White street.
Simon Myers, *Second Asst, Clerk*.....127 Greenwich street.
Francis J. Twomey, *Third Asst. Clerk*.....Yorkville.
Francis McDonough, *Eng.* " ..... "
Patrick Gallagher, *Sergeant-at-arms*.....2 Congress street.
G. A. Valentine, *City Librarian*.....139 6th avenue.
Horatio N. Parker, *Messenger*.....64 Allen street.
Terrence P. Smith, *Asst. Messenger*.....128 Willett street.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Office, No. 5 City Hall.

C. T. McClenachan, *Clerk*.....61 W. 27th street.
John A. Towle, *Deputy Clerk*.....61st street, E. R.
James Little, *Assistant Clerk*.....48 Norfolk street.

William Yates, *Eng. Clerk*	160 E. Broadway.
Nicholas M. Slidell, *Sergeant-at-arms*	155 Prince street.
John E. Greene, *Messenger*	237 Spring street.
Condie R. Harper, *Asst.* "	692 Greenwich street.
R. T. Entwistle, *Door-keeper*	93 Ludlow street.
John Kennard, *Reader*	155 Prince street.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The act of the Legislature passed April 15, 1857, altered the mode in which the Board of Supervisors of the county of New York were constituted, and prescribed the annual selection, at the Charter election, of twelve gentlemen, who shall thereafter compose the Board. Six of these are elected, and the six receiving the next highest number of votes are appointed by the Mayor of the city. The following is the Board for 1858 :

Names.	Residences.	Places of Business.
Elijah F. Purdy, *Pres't.*	83 Ludlow street	Mercantile Library Building.
Wm. M. Tweed	105 East Broadway	No. 289 Broadway, room 15.
Isaac Bell, Jr.	26 W. 22d street	No. 24 William street.
Walter Roche	121 Leonard street	No. 514 Pearl street.
Wm. C. Conner	61st st., E. of 1st ave.	No. 29 Beekman street.
John R. Briggs	138 East 17th stseet	No. 20 Exchange Place.
John A. Kennedy	54 Beach street	Castle Garden.
Wm. R. Stewart	108 W. 34th street	No. 113 West 33d street.
Augustus Weismann	302 Broome street	No. 257 Broome street.
Orison Blunt	117 West 9th street	
Peter P. Voorhis	44 Hammond street	
Thos. B. Stillman	80 East 17th street	No. 13 Broadway.
Joseph B. Young, *Clerk*		32 Henry street.
Henry Mathews, *Mess. and Serg't-at-arms*		119 E. 24th street.

The general powers and duties of the Board of Supervisors are found in the fourth edition of Revised Statutes, vol. 1, pages 675–684.

Those powers and duties in relation to levying taxes and assessments are also defined in the fourth edition of Revised Statutes, vol. 1, pages 760–780.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

Police.....Hon. DANIEL F. TIEMANN, *Mayor*.

Finance.....AZARIAH C. FLAGG, *Comptroller*.

**Streets*.

Croton Aqueduct Dept. { MYNDERT VAN SCHAICK, *President*. / TH. R. DEFOREST, *Assistant Commissioner*. / ALFRED W. CRAVEN, *Chief Engineer*.

City Inspector.....GEO. W. MORTON.

Alms-house..... { *Board of Governors of the Alms-house*. / WASHINGTON SMITH, *President*.

Law.....RICHARD BUSTEED, *Counsel to Corporation*.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Hon. Daniel F. Tiemann, *Mayor*.....Manhattanville.
J. Blakeney Auld, *Mayor's Clerk*.....216 W. 40th street.
John W. Audubon, *Asst.* " .....Washington Heights.
Richard Scott, " " .....5 W. 41st street.
Benj. S. Hedrick, " " .....36 W. 35th street.
William H. Stephens, *Mayor's Marshal*.....30 Stanton street.
Geo. W. Hinchman, *Asst. Cl'k and Mayor's Mess'r*..70 3d street.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Office, 413 Broome street, corner Elm.

James W. Nye, *President*,
J. S. T. Stranahan,
James Bowen,
Jacob Cholwell,
Pelatiah Perit,

Ex officio.
Daniel F. Tiemann, Mayor of N. York,
S. S. Powell, Mayor of Brooklyn.

George H. Embree, *Chief Clerk*.
F. A. Tallmadge, *General Superintendent*.
Daniel Carpenter, *Deputy Superintendent*.

For list of officers, &c., see another portion of this work.

* Since the decease of Joseph S. Taylor, the former Street Commissioner, the Mayor and Board of Aldermen appointed Charles Devlin, Esq., to fill said vacancy; also, the Governor of the State appointed D. D. Conover, Esq., to fill the said vacancy. These gentlemen are now contesting their rights to the said office before the Courts. The compiler, therefore, refrains from giving any details relating to this Department until a final adjudication shall properly fill the office.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Office, No. 5 Hall of Records.

Azariah C. Flagg, *Comptroller*.....3 London Terrace, 23d st.
Artemas S. Cady, *Clerk to Comptroller*.....210 W. 32d st.
Joseph C. Pinckney, *Book-keeper*.....73 St. Mark's place.
Wakeman H. Dikeman, *Stock Clerk*.....270 Elizabeth street.
James Upton, *Messenger*.....243 William street.

AUDITING BUREAU.

James Timpson, *Auditor*.....183 Seventh avenue.
David Groesbeck, Jr., *Assist. Auditor*.....586 Broome street.
Charles Van Tine, *Assist. Auditor*.....137 West 38th street.

BUREAU OF ARREARS.

Augustus Purdy, *Clerk of Arrears*.....83 Ludlow street.
Phineas H. Kingsland, 1st *Asst*.....87 Prince street.
R. A. Storrs, 2d " .....421 Fourth avenue.
Chas. J. Dougherty, 3d " .....261 William street.

BUREAU OF TAXES.

Wilson Small, *Receiver of Taxes*.....266 Henry street.
John P. Hone, *Deputy* " .....50 Great Jones street.
Alfred Vredenburgh, *Clerk to Dep. Rec. of Taxes*...677 Houston street.
William V. Porter, 1st *Clerk to Rec. of Taxes*.....Yorkville.
Henry Wilkes, 2d " " .....358 Broome street.
Casper C. Childs, 3d " " .....53 Greenwich avenue.
W. G. McLaughlin, 4th " " .....5 Prince street.
Henry B. Venn, *Clk. of Arrears on Per. Taxes*.....298 Bowery.
Peter Fargis, *Messenger*.....88 Varick street.
(Six temporary clerks appointed for six months.)

BUREAU OF CITY REVENUE.

Joseph Rose, *Collector of City Revenue*.....72 Catharine street.
Jos. A. Rose, *Clerk to do.* ..... do.

BUREAU OF DEPOSIT AND DISBURSEMENT.

Andrew V. Stout, *Chamberlain*, Shoe and Leather Bank, corner Broadway and
H. L. Ovington, *Clerk to Chamberlain*. Chambers street.

STREET DEPARTMENT.

Office, No. 4, Hall of Records.

This office being contested, no mention is made of the officers of the Department and its bureaux. For the bureaux under this Department, see Sec. 23 of the Charter, 1857.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.

Rotunda, Park.

Myndert Van Schaick, *President*.....82 5th avenue.
Theodore R. De Forest, *Commissioner*.....310 West 22d street.
Alfred W. Craven, *Chief Engineer*.....27 West 19th street.
John C. Winder, *Asst.* " .....42 West 16th street.
Henry L. Robertson, *Clerk to Board*.....8 Eldridge street.
John Conklin, *Messenger*.....498 Hudson street.

BUREAU OF WATER RENTS.

Revo C. Hance, *Registrar*.....209 West 19th street.
William Fardon, *Deputy*.....117 Second street.
Jacob E. Howard, *Clerk*.....585 8th avenue.
William V. Le Count, " .....40 West 27th street.
Edmund E. Dean, " .....312 West 22d street.
Gilbert H. White, " .....135½ Allen street.
Seymour V. Moody, " .....243 6th avenue.
Charles R. Fleet, " .....286 Hudson street.

BUREAU OF PIPES, SEWERS AND PAVEMENTS.

John P. Flender, *Water Purveyor*.....575 3d avenue.
Alexander F. Dodge, *Contract Clerk*.....137 13th street.
———————— *Clerk*.....
Peter D. De Forest, " .....310 West 22d street.

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT.

Office, 1 Centre Street.

CITY INSPECTOR AND CLERK.

George W. Morton, *City Inspector*.....55 Vandam street.
W. R. W. Chambers, 1st *Clerk to City Inspector*.....118 First street.

BUREAU OF RECORDS AND STATISTICS.

Joseph S. Monell, M.D., *Registrar of Records*.....2 First avenue.
Samuel A. Vanderlip, *Recording Clerk*.....83 Henry street.
Frank H. Roshore, *Permit* " .....134 Amity street.
George T. Falls, *Statistical* " .....40 Houston street.
William W. Wallace, " " .....

BUREAU OF SANITARY INSPECTION.

R. C. Downing, *Superintendent of Sanitary Ins'n*.....41 East 38th street.
James M. Baker, *Complaint Clerk*.....78 Watts street.
E. W. Spaulding, *Clerk Sanitary Branch*.....1 Rosevelt street.

HEALTH WARDENS, 1858.

1st Ward—		Noah B. Stokley.	12th Ward—		Henry E. Hoyt.
2d	"	Richard L. Gilbert.	13th	"	James P. Abbott.
3d	"	Charles Hicks.	14th	"	Wm. S. Wood.
4th	"	George Rice.	15th	"	John S. Vreeland.
5th	"	James Lawrence.	16th	"	Charles Tripp.
6th	"		17th	"	Lewis J. Kirk.
7th	"	Wm. A. Haggarty.	18th	"	Grant H. Adams.
8th	"	Gamaliel S. Leaycraft.	19th	"	Charles L. Frost.
9th	"	James H. Demarest.	20th	"	Remans Woolsey.
10th	"	John Slowey.	21st	"	Edmund R. Sherman.
11th	"	Oliver Green.	22d	"	William Halden.

STREET CLEANING BRANCH.

Samuel T. Webster, *General Clerk.* Isaac E. White, *Asst. Clerk.*
Thomas H. Wainwright, *Book-keeper.* James Hawkins, *Ticket Clerk.*

STREET INSPECTORS.

1st Ward—		Michael Burns.	13th Ward—		Ephraim Allen.
2d	"	Hiram Corwin.	14th	"	Owen Gallagher.
3d	"	Thomas McCarty.	15th	"	Thomas H. Dilks.
4th	"	Jeremiah Healy.	16th	"	Edward Hopper.
5th	"	William Hoffmire.	17th	"	Alexander H. Coulter.
6th	"	David Riordan.	18th	"	James C. Thompson.
7th	"	Alfred Palmer.	19th	"	John Burke.
8th	"	John Forshay.	20th	"	Thomas McConkey.
9th	"	John J. Van Cleef.	21st	"	J. C. Ferris.
10th	"	Howard E. Coates.	22d	"	Billings Drake.
11th	"				

BUREAU OF MARKETS.

Joseph Canning, *Sup't of Markets.*

Matthew D. Green,	*Clerk of*	*Washington*	*Market.*
Matthew C. Fordham,	"	*Fulton*	"
George Kimmens,	"	*Catharine*	"
Allen Thomas,	"	*Essex*	"
Henry S. La Rue,	"	*Tompkins*	"
James S. Egbert,	"	*Centre*	"
Leonidas Osborne,	"	*Jefferson*	"
Dewitt Forshay,	"	*Clinton*	"
Richard D. Marshall,	"	*Franklin*	"
Lucius F. Hickox,	"	*Gouverneur*	"
Peter Pettit,	"	*Union*	"

BUREAU OF INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Dennis McCabe, *Inspector*, 1*st District.*
Edward Collin, " 2d "

ALMS-HOUSE DEPARTMENT.

The Alms-house Department is organized under an "Act to provide for the government of the Department of Alms and Penitentiary in the city and county of New York," passed April 6th, 1849, which was amended by an "Act to explain the powers and duties of the Governors of the Alms-house," passed April 10th, 1850.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

Office, Rotunda, Park.

Isaac Townsend, to serve		1	year from January 1, 1858.		
C. V. Anderson,	"	1	"	"	"
Patrick McElroy,	"	2	"	"	"
William T. Pinkney,	"	2	"	"	"
Isaac J. Oliver,	"	3	"	"	"
C. Godfrey Gunther,	"	3	"	"	"
P. G. Moloney,	"	4	"	"	"
Benj. F. Pinckney,	"	4	"	"	"
Washington Smith,	"	5	"	"	"
Anthony Dugro,	"	5	"	"	"

Washington Smith is the President and Anthony Dugro the Secretary of the Board; William S. Duke, Confidential Clerk; George B. Gilbert, Clerk; Joshua Phillips, Clerk to Governors; Samuel R. Spelman, Supply Clerk; Corns. M. Kellock, Messenger.

COMMITTEES FOR 1858,

Alms-house	Moloney, Oliver, Anderson.
Bellevue Hospital	Gunther, W. T. Pinkney, Moloney.
City Cemetery	Dugro, B. F. Pinckney, McElroy.
City Prisons	Anderson, Dugro, Oliver.
Colored Home and Colored Orphan Asylum	Moloney, W. T. Pinkney, McElroy.
Conference	McElroy, Oliver, Dugro.
Ferries	W. T. Pinkney, Dugro, Oliver.
Finance	Gunther, B. F. Pinckney, McElroy.
Island Hospital	McElroy, Townsend, Oliver.
Lunatic Asylum	B. F. Pinckney, W. T. Pinkney, McElroy.
Out-door Poor	Dugro, Townsend, Anderson.
Penitentiary	Townsend, Anderson, B. F. Pinckney.
Randall's Island	Oliver, Gunther, W. T. Pinkney.
Salaries	W. T. Pinkney, Anderson, Townsend.
Stores	B. F. Pinckney, Moloney, Dugro.
Supplies	Townsend, Anderson, Moloney.
Work-house	Oliver, Smith, B. F. Pinckney.

Alms-house.

Jonathan Stearns, *Warden.*
Rev. Hugh T. Brady, *Chaplain.*
Thomas J. Marshall, *Clerk.*
Michael N. Shea, *Register Clerk.*
Elijah T. Simpson, *Engineer.*
Eliza Heaton, *Matron.*
Catharine M. Flynn, *Asst. Matron.*
Ann M. Purdy, *Help.*
John Turner, *Captain, Dead Boat.*
Henry Zeh, *Gardener.*
Lawrence Rogers, *Messenger.*

Bellevue Hospital.

Timothy Daly, *Warden.*
John Frey, *Apothecary.*
John King, *Engineer.*
Letitia Frey, *Matron.*
Twelve Nurses.
Two House Surgeons.
Three House Physicians.
Five Senior Assistants.
Twelve Orderlies.
Forty-eight Assistants.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Consulting Physicians.

J. W. Francis, M.D., *President.*
Isaac Wood, M.D.

Consulting Surgeons.

Valentine Mott, M.D.
Alexander H. Stephens, M.D.

Physicians.

A. Clark, M.D.
John T. Metcalfe, M.D.
B. Fordyce Barker, M.D.
Benjamin W. McCready, M.D.
George T. Elliot, M.D.
Isaac E. Taylor, M.D.

Surgeons.

James R. Wood, M.D.
John A. Lidell, M.D.
Stephen Smith, M.D.
Charles D. Smith, M.D.
Lewis A. Sayre, M.D.
John J. Crane, M.D.

HOUSE STAFF.

House Physicians..... Drs. Dodge, Saunders, Warren, Reynolds.
House Surgeons..... " Pope, White.
Assistant Physicians..... " Bluscom, Draper, Lee, Cobb.
" *Surgeons*..... " Johnson, Hines.
Apothecary..... John Frey.

City Prisons.

John Gray, *Warden.*
John H. Whitmore, *Clerk.*
John C. Covel, *Physician.*
Thomas Mullan,.... *Deputy.*
Abraham Clearman, "
Thomas Ahearn, "
Robert Cunninghanu, "
Artemas Kendall, "
Wm. H. Doty, "
Peter Crosby, "
Mark Finley, *Deputy.*
Edward Smith, "
Flora Foster, *Matron.*
Ann J. French, *Assistant Matron.*
Lavinia Phelps, *Night* "
Merritt Smith, *Keeper, 2d District.*
John Brown, " "
Wm. H. Warts, " "
John Orr, " *3d* "
Matthew Daly, " "
James Finley.....*Messenger.*

Lunatic Asylum.

M. H. Ranney, *Resident Physician.*
J. V. Lansing, *Assistant* "
Charles Corey, jr., " "
Zetus Searle, *Chaplain.*
Bernard McCann, *Engineer.*
Allen McLean, *Attendant.*
Thomas Cholwell, *Watchman.*
Michael Cordial, "
Mary Goodwin, *Matron.*
Mary Tookey, *Attendant.*
Twenty-eight Female Attendants.
Thirteen Male Attendants.
Mary Welsh.....*Sewing Room.*

Out-door Poor, Office, Rotunda.

George Kellock, jr., *Superintendent.*
Sparhawk Parsons, *Clerk.*
Wm. B. Parsons, "
Henry W. Boswell, "
Chas. E. Anderson, "
John McGrath, *Visitor.*
James Marshall, " "
James Quackinbush, "
John Mullane, *Hearse Driver.*
Robt. McDade, *Asst.* "
Wm. Saul, " "
Godfrey Kieffer, *Door-keeper.*
John Brewer, *Inspector of Beef.*
Twenty Temporary Visitors.
Four Keepers Coal and Wood Yard.

Penitentiary.

John Fitch, *Warden.*
John E. Flagler, *Clerk.*
Robt. G. Walmsley, *Dep. Warden.*
Robert McGee, *Shoemaker.*
Thos. F. Dooley, *Asst. Shoemaker.*
Henry McDonald, *Blacksmith.*
Benj. E. Buckman, *Carpenter.*
Philip E. Brown, *Quarryman.*
John De Mott. "
T. W. Rowland, *Engineer.*
Geo. Grassel, *Gardener.*
Henry Miner, *Coxswain.*
A. H. Quick, *Mason.*
James Mahoney, *Stone-cutter.*
Twelve Keepers.
Five Guards.
John Schureman, *Asst. Carpenter.*
Ellen H. Halliwell, *Matron.*

Penitentiary Hospital.

Wm. W. Sanger, *Resident Phys'n.*
A. C. Reed, *Assistant Physician.*
A. W. Woodhull, " "
J. E. Leavitt, " "
J. C. Selden, " "
B. Letcher, " "
C. P. Frost, " "
S. N. Gross, " "
W. T. White, *Assistant Physician.*
C. W. Packard, " "
John Atkinson, *Apothecary.*
Sarah Knox, *Matron.*
Elizabeth Purcell, "
B. B. Sibell, *Steward.*
Thomas Smith, *Clerk.*

Randall's Island.

Harmon Eldridge, *Warden.*
John Verhoff, *Coxswain.*
P. S. Dorland, *Farmer.*
W. O. Webb, *Keeper City Cemetery, Ward's Island.*
Jas. McGirney, *Keeper.*
O. Fitzpatrick, *Gardener.*
Play-room.
Sewing-room.
Mary Baldwin, *Nurse.*
Ann Brady, "

Nursery.

Rufus Ripley, *Keeper.*
Ebenezer Jessup, *Engineer.*
John Torrey, *Tailor.*
Jane Ley, *Matron.*
Emeline Morgan, *Asst. Matron.*
Margaret W. Fort, " "
Leah E. Strang, " "
Ellen H. Barnette, " "
Charlotte Bottner, " "
Anne Robinson, " "
Sixty-five Nurses and Assistants.

Nursery Hospital.

Henry N. Whittelsey, *Res. Phys'n.*
D. McL. Miller, *Asst. Physician.*
John Grammer, " "
Jackson Hart, *Apothecary.*
Mary Strong, *Matron.*
Bridget Byron, *Asst. Matron.*
Thirty-one Nurses and Assistants.
T. B. Tappan, *Store-keeper and Clerk.*

Store-house, B. I.

Nehem'h P. Anderson, *Store-keeper.* S. M. Drew, *Clerk.*

BAKE-HOUSE.

Alfred Chancellor, *Baker.* Thomas P. White, *Clerk.*

Work-house.

Joseph Keen, *Superintendent.*
Saml. Reynolds, *Dep.* "
Charles W. Smyth, *Clerk.*
Nancy M. Jameson, *Matron.*
Ann P. Brady.
Isaac Hampton, *Carpenter.*
Lewis Winter, *Shoemaker.*
John Slatterly, *Engineer.*
Twelve Keepers.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION.

Office, 237 Broadway.

Richard Busteed, *Counsel to Corporation*.....102 Madison avenue.
A. R. Lawrence, Jr., *Asst.* " .....100 East 14th street.
Moses Ely, " " .....230 West 28th street.
Thomas Carroll, *Street Clerk*.....65 East 27th street.
James Sandford, *Real Estate Clerk*.....67 West 44th street.
Rinaldo H. French, *Law Clerk*.....70 S. 4th st., W'msburgh.
Thomas B. Wood, *Copyist*.....280 Greenwich street.
And. T. Campbell, " .....2 Abingdon square.
William H. Linn, *Messenger*.....97 Charlton street.

BUREAU OF CORPORATION ATTORNEY.

Office, 51 Chambers street.

Geo. H. Purser, *Corporation Attorney*.....15 Ludlow place.
J. D. McGregor, 1*st Clerk*.....44 West 23d street.
J. H. Stout, 2*d* " .....101 8th street.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.
Office, 51 Chambers street.
Thos. C. Fields, *Public Administrator*.....271 Broadway.

WARD OFFICERS.

CONSTABLES.

1st Ward—Andrew Carey, William Foster.
2d " Joseph R. Reed, Robert Tilford, sen.
3d " Alex. Thompson, John Hurley.
4th " James Powers, James White.
5th " Charles F. Watts, Ludolph Germer.
6th " Marcus Horbelt, John Glass.
7th " Samuel Jones, John M. Waite.
8th " Abraham Moses, William B. Jones.
9th " Abm. Springstein, Ira C. Pierson.
10th " Lewis Vultee, J. F. Badenhof.
11th " Henry Dreher, Bernard Callaghan.
12th " John W. Gent, John Helmes.
13th " John W. Somerindyke, M. L. Binswanger.
14th " Richard Carpenter, Isaac Jones.
15th " John H. Hillier, Charles A. Oliver.
16th " Thomas M. Taggart, Benjamin J. Carr.
17th " Louis Pfieffer, Hugh Monahan.
18th " Augustus Sibberns, John R. Finlay.
19th " John McGlynn, Patrick Flynn.
20th " William Keenan, Simeon Raymond.
21st " Augustus Johnson, William B. Miner.
22d " Thomas Cushing, John F. Scigman.

BOARD OF FIRE WARDENS.
Office, No. 21 Elizabeth street.

John T. Harding, *President*,.....647 Fourth street.
Floyd S. Gregg.....39 Watts street.
Charles L. Merritt.....72 Division street.
M. Eichell.....143 Forsyth street.
Lewis C. Meeks.....336 Front street.
Robert B. Sanderson.....181 Church street.
George C. Brown.....60 Greenwich avenue.
Wm. H. McDonough.....125 Mulberry street.
Theodore Keeler.....74 Second avenue.
John S. Clayton.....148 Sullivan street.
John Downey.....123 Christopher street.
James M. Macgregor.....149 Rivington street.

John J. Tindale, *Secretary*.

COMMISSIONERS OF HEALTH.

Mayor's Office, No. 6 City Hall.

PRESIDENT,

Daniel F. Tiemann, *Mayor.*

HEALTH OFFICER,

R. H. Thompson.....Quarantine, Staten Island.

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN,

William Rockwell, M. D.....50 East 11th street.

HEALTH COMMISSIONERS.

Jedediah Miller, M. D.....313 3d av. & 17 Av. D.
John Clancy, *President Board of Aldermen*.....8 City Hall.
Charles H. Haswell, *President Board of Councilmen*..5 City Hall.
George W. Morton, *City Inspector.*
Elisha Harris, M. D., *Physician to the Marine Hospital, Quarantine.*
Peter Duffy, *Inspector of Vessels.*

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Composed of the Mayor and members of the Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen.

Daniel F. Tiemann, Mayor, *President.*
Azariah C. Flagg, Comptroller, *Treasurer.*
D. T. Valentine, *Clerk.*

Ten members constitute a quorum.

COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

ORGANIZED BY ACT OF LEGISLATURE, MAY 5, 1847.

Office, No. 81 Worth street.

Hon. Gulian C. Verplanck, *President.*

E. D. Morgan, Elijah F. Purdy,
Cyrus Curtiss, John P. Cummings.
Wilson G. Hunt.

Andrew Carrigan, *Pres. Irish Em. Soc'y, ex-officio.*
Rudolph Garrigue, *Pres. German Soc'y,* "
Daniel F. Tiemann, Mayor, New York, "
S. S. Powell, Mayor, Brooklyn, "
Eleazer Crabtree, *Vice Pres.*, Bernard Casserly, *Secretary.*

George W. Wheeler, *Treasurer.*

NAMES OF OFFICERS IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION, AT THEIR OFFICE, 81 WORTH STREET.

N. Fitzpatrick, *Ex. County Bills.*
H. D. Glynn, *Manifest Clerk.*
William P. Quinn, *Labor Exchange* } John Dometor, *& Intelligence Office,* }
George Jevers, *Porter.*
George Richardson, *Messenger.*
Michael O'Grady, "
Dr. John W. Sterling, *Ex. Physician.*
James Reagan, " *Clerk.*
Jules Berrian, " "
William Mason, *Record.* "
Thomas Jevers, *Porter.*
John Scheverer, "
John D. Burns, *Coachman.*

EMIGRANT LANDING DEPOT, CASTLE GARDEN.

John A. Kennedy, *Superintendent.*
William H. Camerer, M.D., *Examining Physician.*
Daniel Cooney, *Register Clerk.*
William Wietling, " "

EMIGRANT REFUGE AND HOSPITAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Ward's Island, foot of 106th st., East River.

Amos Pilsbury, *Superintendent.* H. B. Fay, M.D., *Physician in Chief.*
A. C. Woodruff, *Deputy* " J. Murray Carnochan, *Surgeon in Chief.*
George Ford, M.D., 1st *Assistant Physician.*
Carl Guinnock, " 2d " "
A. Guleke, M.D., *Assistant Surgeon.*
J. Caryselden, M.D., " "
John Duryee, *Apothecary.*

MARINE HOSPITAL, STATEN ISLAND.

Dr. D. B. Bissell, *Physician and Superintendent.*
Dr. Theo. Walter, *Assistant* "
Dr. F. B. Gillette, *Apothecary.*
Dr. R. H. Thompson, *Health Officer.*
Dr. C. C. Waller, *Dep.* "

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE CENTRAL PARK.

Robert J. Dillon	34 Union Square.
Charles H. Russell	2 Great Jones street.
J. F. Butterworth	21 Nassau street.
John A. C. Gray	145 Broadway.
Waldo Hutchins	40 Wall street.
Thomas C. Fields	271 Broadway.
Andrew H. Green	43 Wall street.
Charles W. Elliott	136 East 18th street.
William K. Strong	50 Pine street.
James Hogg	79th st. near 1st ave.

President,— *Secretary,*—Charles W. Elliott.
Vice President,—John A. C. Gray. *Treasurer,*—Andrew H. Green.

The Commissioners and officers above-named receive no compensation for their services.

Office of the Board, rooms 9 and 10 Bank of Commerce building, corner of Cedar and Nassau streets.

Office of the Chief Engineer, Superintendent, Disbursing and Property Clerks, Wagstaff House, cor. 79th street and 5th avenue.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE CENTRAL PARK.

1. *Finance*—Russell, Green, Strong.
2. *Executive*—Dillon, Butterworth, Gray.
3. *Auditing*—Hutchins, Gray, Dillon.

4. *Salaries and Offices*—Green, Butterworth, Russell, Hutchins, Gray.
5. *Draining and Sewerage*—Hogg, Fields, Elliott.
6. *Roads and Walks*—Elliott, Green, Hogg.
7. *Statuary*—Fields, Russell, Butterworth.
8. *By-Laws and Ordinances*—Gray, Green, Hutchins.
9. *Appropriation of Grounds for special purposes*—Butterworth, Fields,
10. *Buildings in the Park*—Strong, Dillon, Hogg. Strong.
11. *Printing*—Green, Elliott, Hutchins.
12. *Trees and Plants*—Hogg, Elliott, Gray.
13. *Fountains*—Butterworth, Russell, Gray.
14. *Annual Report*—Elliott, Hutchins, Fields.

PRINTER TO THE BOARDS OF ALDERMEN AND COUNCILMEN.

C. W. Baker.....29 Beekman street.

PRINTERS TO THE DEPARTMENTS.

Bowne & Hasbrouck.....174 and 176 Pearl st.

STATIONERS TO THE DEPARTMENTS.

Wm. H. Arthur & Co.....c. Nassau & Liberty sts.

REGULATOR OF PUBLIC CLOCKS.

William H. Faulkner.....459 Broadway.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.

No. 10 City Hall.

Richard B. Connolly, *County Clerk*.....54 W. 37th street.
David A. Fowler, *Deputy County Clerk*.....574 Broome street.
Theo. M. Squires, *Clerk Sup. Court in Equity*.....Jackson and South sts.
Horatio P. Carr, " " *Law*.....95 E. 31st street.
David I. Chatfield, *Clerk G. Term Supreme Court*....54th street, 9th av.
W. S. Yard, " *Spec.* " " ....132 Lexington avenue.
Allen M. Sniffen, " *Circuit Sup. Court*.....102 W. 16th street.
Richard Beamish, " *Chambers*.....
Albert G. Wallace, *Assist. Dep. Sup. Crt.*.....99 W. 47th street.
Benjamin Cohen, *Docket Clerk*.....105 Sullivan street.
David Eagan, *Asst. Docket Clerk*.....83 Greenwich street.
Stephen C. Duryea, *Recording Clerk*.....54th st. n. Lex. av.
Charles W. Kip, " " .....81st st., n. 3d av.
John Martin, " " .....44 Barclay street.
A. Ingraham.....
John M. French.....75 Beekman street.
James Nack, *Searcher*.....73 Amos street.
———— *Messenger*.....
North West, *Clerk of Records*.....144 W. 22d street.
John Poynton, *Clerk*.....22 Scammel street.
John E. Kelly, *Book-keeper*.....140 1st avenue.
Sylvester Nolan.....76 Hester street.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Benjamin H. Jarvis, *Clerk*.....44 W. 28th street.
Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr., *Deputy Clerk*.....Harlem.
Richard J. Clark, *Clerk to General Term*.....86th street and 2d av.
T. H. Landon, *Clerk Trial Term Part 1st*.....Harlem.
H. M. Herrick, " " *Part 2d*.....166 W. 25th street.
R. S. Cummings, *Clerk at Chambers*.....39 W. 16th street.
John Brown, *Naturalization Clerk*.....246 Monroe street.
P. B. Richardson, *Recording Clerk*.....737 8th avenue.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

No. 11 City Hall

James C. Willet, *High Sheriff*.....Innwood.
James S. Willet, *Under Sheriff*.....do.
Charles F. Wooster, *Assistant Under Sheriff*.....373 10th street.
Frederick L. Vulte, *Deputy Sheriff*.....22 W. 23d street.
John McKibbin, Jr., *Clerk in Equity and Dep. Sheriff*.56 W. 10th street.
James B. Bensell, *Deputy Sheriff*.....57 5th street.
H. Stern, " " .....210 5th street.
Hugh Crombie, " " .....87th st. b. 4th & 5th av.
Joseph Cornell, " " .....85th st., n. 5th av.
John T. Stewart, " " .....129 Monroe street.
John Wilson, " " .....46th st., b. 6th & 7th av.
Charles F. Lineback, " " .....127 E. 21st street.
Aaron B. Rollins, " " .....5th st. and Av. C.
James J. Gumbleton, " " .....30 Bleecker street.
Solomon Kipp, *Jailor*.....22 Eldridge street.
Stephen Gardner, *Deputy Jailor*.....do.
Geo. A. Moore and Bryan Collins, *Special Deputies*.
R. David, *Collector*.....42 Renwick street.

SHERIFF'S JURY FOR 1858,

Will meet for the purpose of taking Inquest, and for trial of Claims, and such other business as may be brought before them, on Monday of each week, at 4 o'clock, P.M.

First Panel—Every Monday of each week, in January.
" " " " March.
" " " " May.
" " " " July.
" " " " September.
" " " " November.
Second Panel, " " " February.
" " " " April.
" " " " June.
" " " " August.
" " " " October.
" " " " December.

N. B. There will be a Calendar placed in the Sheriff's office, and the causes will be tried in the order they are placed thereon. No cause will be tried unless placed on the same before 12 o'clock on the day for which they are noticed.

JAMES C. WILLET, *Sheriff*.

Dated at Sheriff's office, Jan. 1st, 1858.

REGISTER'S OFFICE.

Office, No. 1 and 2 Hall of Records.

William Miner, *Register*.....
Thomas C. Acton, *Deputy Register*.....61 W. 13th street.
Lewis H. Watts, *Assistant Deputy Register*.....264 7th street.
Henry Miller, *Searcher*.....49 Lexington avenue.
John J. Wilson, " .....27 Irving place.
E. W. De Grove, " .....152 Charles street.
George Mortimer, *Record. Clerk*.....152 Charles street.
John Ahearn, " .....274 Spring street.
Sigismund Beer, " .....
William J. Donnelly, " .....
P. James, " .....4 State street.
John C. Holland, " .....
Henry S. Decker, " .....
Charles Boice, " .....
David Lennox, " .....
Alfred E. Crooker, " .....
J. P. Wilkinson, *Collector*.....
Michael Phillips, *Messenger*.....

SURROGATE'S OFFICE.

Office, No. 3 Hall of Records.

Edward C. West, *Surrogate*.....144 West 22d street.
Gabriel Van Cott, *Chief Clerk*.....84 Columbia street.
Cornelius Minor, *General* " .....391 Houston street.
Wm. Ripley, *Recording* " .....20 Suffolk street.
Chas. S. Riblet, " " .....70 3d street.
David R. Jaques, *Engross.* " .....310 West 23d street.

COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS.

Jonathan W. Allen.....60 West 38th street.
Amor J. Williamson.....28 Boorman place.
Josiah W. Brown.....1 Broadway.

DEPUTY TAX COMMISSIONERS.

1st District....James Kelly.....330 Pearl street.
2d " ....Wm P. Powers.....Chambers, c. City Hall pl.

3d District	George H. Franklin	104 2d street.
4th "	Andrew J. Campbell	121 Hammond street.
5th "	Charles J. Dodge	East 30th, near 2d av.
6th "	James Andrews, Jr.	86 West 29th street.
7th "	Henry V. Lovell	285 West 19th street.
8th "	William Sinclair	118 East 34th street.
9th "	James Dennis	136 East 32d street.
10th "	George L. Loutrel	576 Broome street.
11th "	David W. Allen	63 East 26th street.
12th "	Warren Brady	5th av., near 125th st.

The above named deputies have charge of the Districts set opposite their r spective names, said districts being composed, as follows :—

1st District	—1st, 2d, 3d Wards.	7th District	—16th Ward.
2d "	—4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, "	8th "	—20th "
3d "	—5th, 6th, 8th, 14th "	9th "	—21st "
4th "	—9th, 15th "	10th "	—22d "
5th "	—11th, 17th "	11th "	—19th "
6th "	—18th "	12th "	—12th "

CLERKS.

1st Class	Alfred S. Dusenberry	66 Morton street.
" "	Richard G. Newkirk	76 Suffolk street.
" "	Thomas O. Davis	1090 Broadway.
2d Class	John Lenahan	123 Worth street.
" "	Justin H. Howard	3 Leroy place.
" "	Thaddeus B. Glover	60 Pike street.
3d Class	Jacob L. Smith	1 Broadway.
" "	Francis S. Street	83 Bedford street.
" "	John Morgan	20 Old slip.

SURVEYOR TO THE DEPARTMENT.

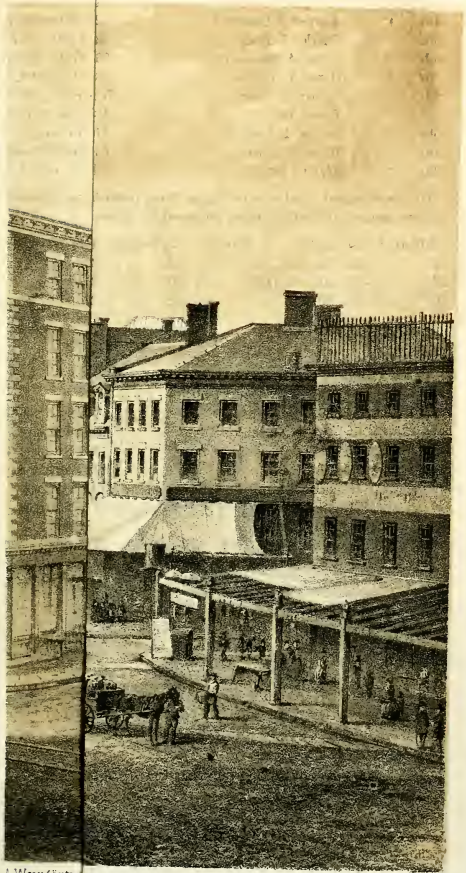
Joseph H. Toone ..... 127th street, cor. 3d av.

BUREAU OF ASSESSMENTS.

(Formerly attached to the Street Department, now attached to this depart ment.)

DEPUTY TAX COMMISSIONERS.

Charles McNeill ..... 18 East 24th street.
William A. Dooley ..... 52d street, near 2d av.
Jacob F. Oakley ..... 21 Norfolk street.
Walter S. Pinckney, *Clerk* ..... 53d street, near 2d av.



A.Weingärtn for D.T.Valentine's Manual 1858.

3d	District	George H. Franklin	104 2d street.
4th	"	Andrew J. Campbell	121 Hammond street.
5th	"	Charles J. Dodge	East 30th, near 2d av.
6th	"	James Andrews, Jr.	86 West 29th street.
7th	"	Henry V. Lovell	285 West 19th street.
8th	"	William Sinclair	118 East 34th street.
9th	"	James Dennis	136 East 32d street.
10th	"	George L. Loutrel	576 Broome street.
11th	"	David W. Allen	63 East 26th street.
12th	"	Warren Brady	5th av., near 125th st.

The above named deputies have charge of the Districts set opposite their respective names, said districts being composed, as follows:—

1st	District	—1st, 2d, 3d	Wards.	7th	District	—16th	Ward.
2d	"	—4th, 7th, 10th, 13th,	"	8th	"	—20th	"
3d	"	—5th, 6th, 8th, 14th	"	9th	"	—21st	"
4th	"	—9th, 15th	"	10th	"	—22d	"
5th	"	—11th, 17th	"	11th	"	—19th	"
6th	"	—18th	"	12th	"	—12th	"

CLERKS.

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"	"	Thomas O. Davis	1090 Broadway.
2d	Class	John Lenahan	123 Worth street.
"	"	Justin H. Howard	3 Leroy place.
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SURVEYOR TO THE DEPARTMENT.

Joseph H. Toone — 127th street, cor. 3d av.

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A. Weingärtner's Lith. N.Y.

for D.T. Valentine's Manual 1858.

GENERAL VIEW of CHATHAM ST. 1858,

looking down from Chatham Square.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.

New Court-house.

Peter B. Sweeney, *Dist. Attorney.* — Ira Floyd, *First Clerk.*
John Sedgwick, *Assist.* " — James W. Olsen, *Second Clerk.*

CORONER'S OFFICE.

Office, Centre street.

Robert Gamble, *Coroner*.....24 W. 54th street.
Ed. D. Connery, " .....186 Henry street.
F. W. Perry, " .....33d st, near 3d av.
S. A. Hills, " .....125th street, n. 3d av.
John G. Parise, *Deputy Coroner*.....56 Market street.

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Office, No. 16 City Hall.

Geo. T. Maxwell, *Clerk*.....121 East 31st street.
H. H. Rice, *Dep.* " .....45 East 28th street.
Jesse Oakley, *Dep. in Equity*.....225 West 20th street.
Robert D. Livingston, *General Term Clerk*.....22d street.
William P. Brennan, *Special* " .....103 Columbia street.
Peter Lemon, *Naturalization Clerk*.....335 Eighth street.
Charles K. Taylor, *Recording* " .....58 East 28th street.
George Eadie, *Docket* " .....Harlem.

COMMISSIONER OF JURORS.

Office, No. 7 City Hall.

Ulysses D. French, *Commissioner of Jurors*.....Prescott House.
William Osborne, *First Assistant*.....Harlem.
John Matthews, *Second* " .....68 East 32d street.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

Henry S. Randall, *City Superintendent*.....cor. Grand and Elm sts.
Henry Kiddle, *Asst.* " " .....190 East 19th street.
Samuel W. Seton .....Irving place.

CRIMINAL COURTS,

IN AND FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

OYER AND TERMINER.

Is held by a Justice of the Supreme Court.

Terms for 1858—First Monday of April and October.

GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by the Recorder or City Judge of the city of New York.

Terms—First Monday in each month.

SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Held by the Recorder or City Judge, without a Jury, as often, and at such times as the Judges of said Court may deem expedient.

Hon. George G. Barnard, *Recorder of the City of New York*, and Hon. Abm. D. Russell, *City Judge, presiding Judges of the Courts of General and Special Sessions.*

Peter B. Sweeney, *District Attorney.*

John Sedgwick, *Assistant District Attorney.*

Henry Vandervoort, *Clerk of Oyer and Terminer, General and Special Sessions.*

John Sparks, *Deputy Clerk.*

POLICE COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Halls of Justice, Centre Street.

JUSTICES.

Barnabas W. Osborn.....119 Orchard street.
James H. Welsh.....293 Pearl street.
Michael Connolly.....West 50th street.

CLERKS.

*Robert H. Johnston.....23 Grove street.
*Ed. M. Skidmore.....259 Madison street.
*John Lalor.....89 East 22d street.
Oscar Bogart, *Scrivener*.....28 Norfolk street.
John Sinclair, *Asst.* " .....

* Contested by Wm. J. A. McGrath, Edward Barton and W. E. Westerfield.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT FIRST DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Robert Latta, *Sergeant*,
Josiah McCord,
John M. Bennett,
William Davis,
Lemuel Slater,
Joseph A. Gardner,
Richard King,
Alexander Crosett,
Jacob F. Bumstead,
William Chamberlain.

SECOND DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Jefferson Market, Sixth avenue.

JUSTICES.

John Quackenbush.....87 9th avenue.
Richard Kelly.....74 East 29th street.

CLERKS.

*James M. Murray.....158 Wooster street.
*Merwin N. Jones.....240 Thompson street.
Thomas Murray, *Scrivener*.....142 Thompson street.

* Contested by Ed. Kaylor, Wm. E. Haskins and Jas. Steers.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT SECOND DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

R. R. Colfax, *Special Aid.*
Elihu Burlison,
George Dougherty,
J. D. Creighton,
L. S. Beck.
Alex. Ferguson,
Israel Bower,
John Reed,
S. J. Smith,

THIRD DISTRICT POLICE COURT.
Essex Market, Essex Court.

JUSTICES.

James R. Steers.....274 Seventh street.
Matthew T. Brennan.....94 White street.

CLERKS.

*George W. Riblet.....
*Wm. Rockwell.....156 East 50th street.

* Contested by Patrick McVey and Peter L. Feirty.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT THIRD DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Oliver Laflin,
Staat Dyckman,
Justus Hawks,
T. C. Smith,
Wm. Willis,
Lyman Crofut.

FOURTH DISTRICT POLICE COURT.
Eighty-sixth Street, Yorkville.

JUSTICE.

J. Sherman Brownell.....19 Grove street.

CLERK.

*Charles M. Vandervoort.....

* Contested by Edward Timpson and Jas. M. Byrne.

POLICEMEN DETAILED FOR DUTY AT FOURTH DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Henry Green, *Special Aid.*
James Green,
Peter Bodine,
John H. Porter.

JUSTICES' OR DISTRICT COURTS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

First District—First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards, 82 Nassau street, Thos. Stewart, *Justice;* I. B. Batchelor, *Clerk.**

Second District—Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards, the Park, corner Chambers and Centre streets. Charles Sweeney, *Justice;* T. F. Peers, *Clerk.**

Third District—Eighth and Ninth Wards, Greenwich avenue, Jefferson Market. William H. Dusenberry, *Justice;* W. E. Smith, Jr., *Clerk.*

Fourth District—Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards, Bowery, corner of Third street. William H. Van Cott, *Justice;* David Seaman, *Clerk.**

Fifth District—Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards, Clinton street, corner Grand street. Charles K. Smith, *Justice;* E. S. McPherson, *Clerk.**

Sixth District—Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Wards, Broadway. Thos. J. Fonda, *Justice;* John Waite, *Clerk.**

Seventh District—Twelfth, Nineteenth and Twenty-second Wards, corner of Eighty-sixth street and Fourth avenue. C. W. Van Voorhis, *Justice.*

Eighth District—For Police Magistrates only, Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards.

Sixth District—For Police Magistrates only, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards.

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* Contested by Fred. W. Lowe, 1st Dist.; Thos. J. Ware, 2d Dist.; John Hogan, 3d Dist.; Danl. M. O'Brien, 4th Dist.; Edward C. McConnel, 5th Dist.; Isaac Doughty, 6th Dist.; Michael McConner, 7th Dist.

ATTENDANTS ON COURTS.

Court of Oyer and Terminer and Supreme Court.

Henry Bertholf,
John F. Skidmore,
Nathaniel Hepburn,
Wm. Hartnett,
Joseph P. Smith,
Ambrose De Fries,
Richard Kimmins,
Edward Knight,
Benjamin W. Buchanan,
Samuel Rowland,

R. W. Bishop.

Superior Court.

Leonard Hoffman,
Samuel S. Acker,
Charles U. Combs,
James G. Kent,
James Ryan,
Jonathan Odell,
Thomas F. Jackson,
Thomas Ryan,
Charles Goldin,
Jesse Wood,

John Reid.

Court of Common Pleas.

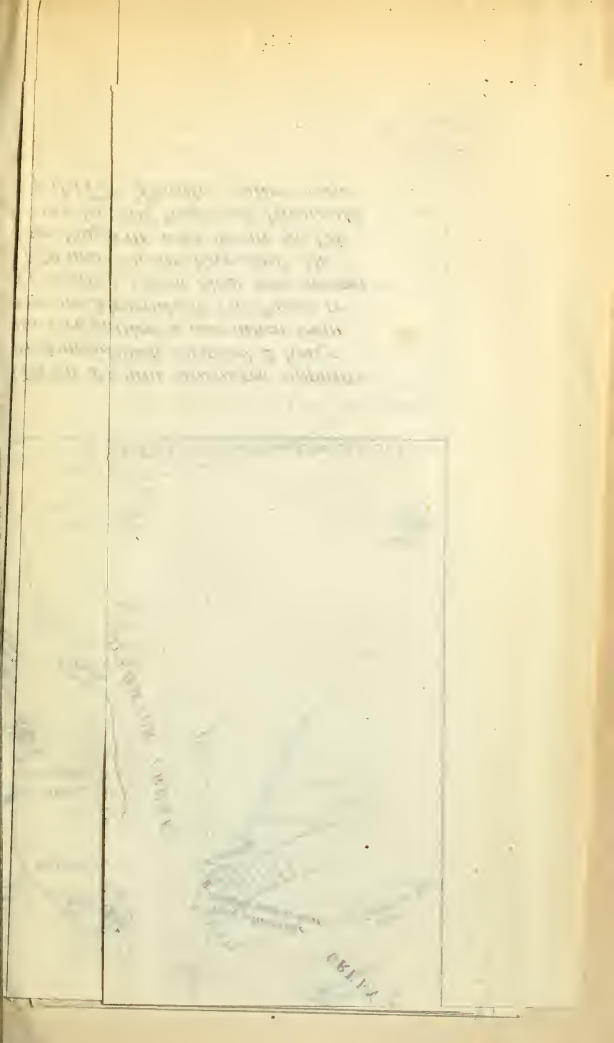
Edward A. Davin,
W. H. Brown,
John Meggs,
Stephen W. Dusenberry,
John Major,
Wm. Meehan,
Timothy Weeks,
John Cooper,

Allen McKeachie.

Marine Court.

John Ganett,
P. Lawler,
J. Kevlin,
H. Whitehead,
S. S. Thompson,
W. J. Bishop,
G. C. Maynard,
D. G. Gale,

E. Shandley.



Fourth District—Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards, Bowery, corner of Third street. William H. Van Cott, *Justice;* David Seaman, *Clerk.**

Fifth District—Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards, Clinton street, corner Grand street. Charles K. Smith, *Justice;* E. S. McPherson, *Clerk.**

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Leonard Hoffman,	Jonathan Odell,
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James G. Kent,	Charles Goldin,
James Ryan,	Jesse Wood,

John Reid.

Court of Common Pleas.

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H. Whitehead.	D. G. Gale,

E. Shandley.



Lith by Geo Hayward, 120 Water St N.Y for D.T. Valentines Manual for 1858.

The Ships of War which covered the landing of the British Army at Kip's Bay on the 17th Sept. 1776 was the Phœnix the Rose and Dutchess of Gordon. The Phœnix and Dutchess passed up the River on the evening of the 16th with the Flatboats rowed by seamen, on the morning of the 17th the Ships took their stations about 250 yards from the Land about ½ past 8 O'clock the Ships began a tremendous fire on the shore to scour it which continued about an hour The Troops Embarked on the Beach at Peter Calyers and crossed on the flood near high water and landed at Kip's Bay whenever the Boats passed the Ships the firing ceased. The landing was finished by about 10 O'clock The weather was fine, Kips House was damaged Four families from Bushwick which had fled there for safety fled into the cellar to save their lives Thomas Skillman Jacob Tolwin, and John Vandervort. were taken at Kip's and confined in the prisons in New York

In the evening of Sept 12th 1776 the British Frigate Rose passed up the East River through Buttermilk Channel and anchored opposite to Bushwick Creek. on the 13th the Americans threw up a small breast work on Brande Molens Point and about 4 O'clock mounted 2 heavy guns on the work and opened their fire on the frigate. The first shot skipped over the hull cut off her gunnel and killed a cow taken from Jacob Polhemus, who was on board, the Americans then fired 17 Shots into the frigate. Night saved the Ship from destruction The frigate returned the fire without effect In the night the Ship took a station between Blackwell's and Long Islands. The Whitby Prison Ship was moored in the Wallabout Bay in October 1776 and was a prison Ship until 1777. when the Scheldt and the Clyde were moored in the Bay. And the prisoners were transfered to those Ships. The Scheldt was burnt on a Sunday afternoon in October 1777. and the Clyde was burnt in February 1778, the prisoners who where living where then removed to Ships then laying in the Bay. The Jersey with the Hope and Falmouth were moored in the Bay in April 1778. The Jersey was the recieving prison Ship. The Hope & Falmouth were Hospital Ships to the year 1783.



POLICE DEPARTMENT.

AN ACT

TO ESTABLISH A METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT, AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE GOVERNMENT THEREOF.

PASSED APRIL 15, 1857; THREE-FIFTHS BEING PRESENT.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SEC. 1. The counties of New York, Kings, Westchester and Richmond, are hereby constituted, for the purposes of this act, into one district, to be called "The Metropolitan Police District of the State of New York." Immediately upon the passage of this act, and thereafter, from time to time, as required by this act, there shall be appointed by the Governor, and by and with the consent of the Senate, (except that during any recess of the Senate, the Governor may appoint, subject to the thereafter consent of the same,) five Commissioners of Police, who shall be the chief officers of the said "The Metropolitan Police District," and who shall severally possess and perform therein the powers and duties authorized and enjoined by this act. The said Commissioners, together with the Mayors of the cities of Brooklyn and New York, *ex officio*, shall form the Board of Police for the said district, and a majority of them shall constitute a quorum of such Board for the transaction of business.

§ 2. Three of said Commissioners shall be appointed from the city of New York, one from Kings county, one from the county of Richmond or Westchester. The persons so first appointed shall thereupon assemble together in the office of the Secretary of State, and draw lots among themselves, in the presence of the said Secretary of State, or his deputy, for three terms of office; one term to expire, for three Commissioners upon the first day of May, which will be in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-eight; another term to expire, for two Commissioners, on the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine. Each Commissioner appointed to fill a term succeeding an expiring one, shall be appointed thereafter for a full term of three years, and the appointment for such full term shall be made as provided in section first, and shall be made from the county in which the vacancy occurred. Any vacancy as Commissioner of Police for the said "The Metropolitan Police District," shall be filled by the Board of Police for the residue of the unexpired term. Any one of the said Commissioners who shall, during his term of office, accept any other place of public trust or emolument, or who shall, during the same period, receive any nomination for an office elective by the people, without publicly declining the same within ten days succeeding the said nomination, shall be deemed thereby to have vacated his office. Any one of the Commissioners aforesaid may be at all times removed by the Governor, under the provisions of the statutes relating to the removal from office of sheriff, which provisions are hereby extended so as to relate to each one of the said Commissioners.

§ 3. Upon the conclusion of the drawing for terms of office provided for in the preceding section, the said Secretary of State, or his deputy, shall file a certificate of the result thereof, and give to each Commissioner the proper certificate of his office, according to the term he shall have so drawn as aforesaid. The said Secretary of State, or his deputy, shall then administer the constitutional oath of office to each Commissioner, and make the proper record thereof; whereupon the said Commissioners may organize themselves into a Board of Police for the said "The Metropolitan Police District," and assume control of the police force thereof.

§ 4. The officers of the Board of Police shall be a president and treasurer, who shall each be selected from among the said Commissioners. The Board shall have power to appoint a chief clerk and six deputy clerks for the said districts, who shall hold office at the pleasure of the said Board. The principal office of the Board shall be located in such part of the said "The Metropolitan Police District" as may be deemed most advisable and convenient for the transaction of business. The said office shall be rented by the Board, and the Superintendent of Police, hereafter created, shall have office accommodations in the same building with that occupied by the said Board. The office accommodations for the two Deputy Superintendents of Police, hereinafter created, may be, at the discretion of the Commissioners, located in any part of the district, except that one Deputy Superintendent of Police shall have office accommodations in the city of Brooklyn.

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the Board of Police hereby constituted, at all times of the day and night, within the boundaries of the said "The Metropolitan Police

District," to preserve the public peace, to prevent crime, and arrest offenders; to protect the rights of persons and property, to guard the public health, to preserve order at every primary and public election; to remove nuisances existing in public streets, roads, places and highways; to provide a proper police force at every fire, in order that thereby the firemen and property may be protected: to protect strangers and travelers at steamboat and ship landings, and railway stations; to see that all laws relating to the observance of Sunday, and regarding pawnbrokers, mock-auctions, emigrants, elections, gambling, intemperance, lottery policies, vagrants, disorderly persons, and the public health, are properly enforced; and to obey and enforce all ordinances of Common Councils and Boards of Supervisors, and town and village authorities within the said "The Metropolitan Police District," which are applicable to police or health.

§ 6. The said duties of the Board of Police shall be more especially executed under the direction and control of said Board, and according to rules and regulations, which it is hereby authorized to pass, from time to time, for the more proper government and discipline of its subordinate officers, by a police force for the whole of the said "The Metropolitan Police District;" and authorized to do duty in any part thereof, without regard to residence or county lines. The said police force shall consist of a general superintendent of police, and two deputy superintendents of police; five surgeons of police, and so many inspectors or captains of police, not to exceed forty; so many sergeants of police, not to exceed one hundred and fifty; and so many police patrolmen as may be determined upon by the Board of Supervisors of the county of New York, to be appointed as a quota of the patrol force, to be paid for by said county; and as many police patrolmen as may be determined upon by the Common Council of the city of Brooklyn, to be appointed as a quota of the patrol force, to be paid for by the city of Brooklyn; and so many police patrolmen as may be determined upon by the Supervisors of the towns of the county of Kings, not included within the municipal jurisdiction of the city of Brooklyn, to be appointed as a quota of the police force, to be paid for by said towns of the county of Kings; and as many police patrolmen as may be determined upon by the Supervisors of the counties of Richmond and Westchester, to be appointed as a quota of the patrol force, to be paid for by said counties respectively, in the mode and manner hereinafter provided; and the aforesaid authorities may, from time to time, increase or diminish the number of patrolmen; and, until otherwise provided for as aforesaid, the said quota of patrol force for the county of New York, and for the county of Kings, shall be of the number of patrolmen now existing by law in the cities of New York and Brooklyn. The said offices hereby created for the said police force shall be severally filled by appointment from the Board of Police, in the mode prescribed by this act; and, each person so appointed shall hold office only during such time as he shall faithfully observe and execute all the rules and regulations of the said board, the laws of the state, and the ordinances existing within the district enacted by the city, county, town, and village authorities within the same, and which ordinances apply to such part of the district where the members of the police force may be on duty.

§ 7. The qualifications, enumeration and distribution of duties, mode of trial,

and removal from office of each officer of said police force, shall be particularly defined and prescribed by the rules and regulations of the Board of Police, in accordance with the constitution and laws of this state; provided, however, that no person shall be so appointed to office, or hold office in the police force aforesaid, who cannot read and write the English language, or who is not a citizen of the United States, or who shall not have resided within the said "The Metropolitan Police District," during a term of five years next preceding his appointment, or who shall ever have been convicted of crime; and provided that no person shall be removed therefrom, except upon written charges preferred against him to the Board of Police, and after an opportunity shall have been afforded him of being heard in his defence; and provided, that whenever any vacancy shall occur as inspector of police, the same shall be filled by an appointment from among the persons then in office as sergeants of police; and a like vacancy in the office of sergeants of police shall be filled by appointment from among the persons then in office as patrolmen.

§ 8. The members of the police force of the said, "The Metropolitan Police District" shall possess, in every part of the state of New York, all the common law and statutory powers of constables, except for the service of civil process; and any warrant for search or arrest issued by any magistrate of the state of New York, may be executed in any part of the state by any member of the police force of the said, "The Metropolitan Police District," without any backing or indorsement of the said warrant, and according to the terms thereof; and all the provisions of sections seven, eight and nine, of chapter two, title two, part four of the Revised Statutes in relation to the giving and taking of bail, shall apply to this act. The general and deputy superintendents and inspectors or captains of police, having just cause to suspect that any felony has been, or is being, or is about to be committed within any building, or on board of any ship, boat or vessel within the said, "The Metropolitan Police District," may enter upon the same at all hours of the day and night, to take all necessary measures for the effectual preservation or detection of all felonies, and may take then and there into custody all persons suspected of being concerned in such felonies, and also may take charge of all property, which he or they shall have then and there just cause to suspect has been stolen.

§ 9. If the general superintendent of police shall report in writing to the Board of Police that there are good grounds for believing any house or room within the said "The Metropolitan Police District" to be kept or used as a common gaming house or cock-pit, and if two or more householders, dwelling within the said district and not belonging to the Metropolitan Police aforesaid, shall make oath in writing before any one of the commissioners of police, and annexed to the said report, (which oath every commissioner of police is hereby empowered to administer, receive and subscribe,) that the premises complained of by the general superintendent of police, are commonly reported and believed by the deponents to be kept as a common gaming house or cock-pit, it shall be lawful for any commissioner of police, by order in writing, to authorize the said general superintendent, or either deputy superintendent of police, to enter upon such premises, together with such members of the patrol force as shall be directed

by the said commissioner, by name, to accompany him or them, and, if necessary, to use force for the purpose of effecting such entry, whether by breaking open doors or otherwise, and to take into custody all persons who shall be found therein, and destroy all implements of gaming found therein, and forthwith to convey the said persons before any magistrate of the district, who shall forthwith proceed to hear the proof whether or no any of such persons were in such premises for the purpose of gaming; and if there shall be probable cause for believing that any of such persons were so in such premises for the purpose of gaming, then the said magistrate shall forthwith order, by due commitment, any of the said persons to find good bail, with two householders of the Metropolitan Police District as his sureties, conditioned for his appearance at the proper criminal court of the county wherein the said premises are situated, having jurisdiction to try misdemeanors, either at the term thereof then in being, or at the next term thereof, to answer any indictment which may be found thereat charging him with being in the said premises as a common gambler, or in default thereof, the said magistrate shall commit to the common jail or city prison of the county for such trial. The said magistrate shall immediately send the proofs in writing to the District Attorney of the county, whose duty it shall be, in preference to any other case in his office of prosecution for any offence, to lay the same before the grand jury of the county, and upon indictment being thereupon found, to immediately try the same in preference to every other case, subject to the discretion of the court. It shall be sufficient in the said indictment to charge that the defendant, (naming him,) upon a day certain, and at an hour certain, was arrested within a common gaming house and is a common gambler. If the jury are satisfied that the premises in which he was arrested, was kept for purposes of gaming, and that he was present for the purpose of gaming, then the said defendant may be convicted as a common gambler. If convicted as such common gambler, then the court shall forthwith sentence him as for a misdemeanor, to an imprisonment not less than ten days in the jail of the county, or penitentiary not exceeding one year, and at hard labor therein, or to a fine not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars. The phrase "purposes of gaming" in this section, shall be taken to mean any purpose of playing for wagers of money at any game of chance, by whatsoever name the same shall be known. If the said implements of gaming seized shall have annexed to the same any thing of value, apart from their value as such implements, the said thing of value so annexed to the implements ordered to be destroyed, shall be returned to the owner thereof.

§ 10. It is hereby made the duty of the board of police, for more effectually distributing and enforcing its police government and discipline, to divide the said, "The Metropolitan Police Districts," into precincts, not exceeding forty, and without regard to county or ward boundaries, and to assign one inspector or captain of police, and four sergeants of police to each of said precincts. The board may, from time to time, establish a station or sub-stations, in each precinct, for the accommodation of the police force on duty therein. It may, from, time to time, detail and change, without regard to, or limitation of, residence, inspectors or captains, sergeants and patrolmen and doormen, to such parts of

the district, rivers, creeks and harbors therein, or to such of the police and criminal courts, and to the public offices of the government of the cities of New York and Brooklyn and the quarantine, and emigration offices as it may deem advisable. It shall not suspend members of the police force from pay for more than thirty days. It shall promulgate all regulations and orders through the general superintendent of police, who shall take the place of the Mayor of the city of New York and of the city of Brooklyn, as being the head of the Police Department or force of the said cities, but always subject to the orders and regulations of the board of police; and it shall be the duty of the police force to respect and obey the said general superintendent of police as the head and chief of the same, subject to the rules and regulations and general orders of the Board of Police.

§ 11. The Board of Police, whenever it shall see fit, shall, on the application of any person or persons, showing the necessity thereof, appoint and swear any additional number of patrolmen, to do duty at any place within "The Metropolitan Police District," at the charge and expense of the person or persons by whom the application shall be made; (but not to exceed the yearly sum provided for patrolmen of the force, provided by this act as the general police force,) and the patrolmen so appointed shall be subject to the orders of the Board of Police, and shall obey the rules and regulations of the Board, and conform to its general discipline, and to such other special regulations as may be made, and shall wear such dress or emblem, as the board may direct, and shall, during the term of their holding appointment, possess all the powers, privileges and duties of the patrol force, heretofore prescribed. The persons so appointed may be removed at any time by the Board of Police, without assigning cause thereof, upon one month's notice of the intention so to do, given to the person or persons who applied for the appointment as aforesaid. The Board of Police may also, upon any emergency, of riot, pestilence, invasion, or during any day of public election or celebration, appoint as many special patrolmen, without pay, from among the citizens as it may deem advisable, and for a specified time, and during the term of service of any such special patrolman, he shall possess all the powers and privileges, and perform all the duties of the patrolmen of the standing police force of the district, but the Board of Police, in making such appointments, shall in no way interfere with the force of the lawful command of the sheriffs of counties, as now provided for by law, and such special patrol shall wear any emblem to be prescribed by the Police Commissioners.

§ 12. No member of the police force, under penalty of forfeiting the pay which may be due to him, shall withdraw or resign from the police force, unless he shall have given one month's notice thereof, in writing, to the general superintendent of police, and no person who shall ever have been removed from the police force established by this act, for cause, shall be reappointed by the Board of Police to any office in the said police force.

§ 13. All stolen property, taken by members of the police force, shall be kept in a place, and by a person to be designated by the Board of Police. Every such article of property shall be entered in a book kept for the purpose, together with the name of the owner, if ascertained, and the name of the place where

found, and of the person from whom taken, with the general circumstances, and the date of its receipt, and the name of the officer recovering the same. The Board of Police shall also cause to be kept general complaint books, in which shall be entered every complaint, preferred upon personal knowledge of the circumstance thereof, with the name and residence of the complainant. It shall also cause to be kept books for the registry of lost, missing or stolen property, for the general convenience of the public and of the police force of the district. It shall also cause to be kept a book of records of "The Metropolitan Police District," wherein shall be entered the name of every member of the police force, with his time and place of nativity, the time and place when he became a citizen, if he was born out of the United States, his age, his former occupation, number of family and residence thereof, the date of appointment or dismissal from office, with the cause of the latter. And in every such record, sufficient space shall be left against all such entries wherein to make record of the number of arrests made by such member of the police force or of any special services deemed meritorious by the inspectors or captains of police. It shall also cause to be kept in proper books, the accounts of the treasurer of the Board, and number of the several meetings thereof, and all receipts for moneys or warrants or checks for moneys, shall be written in books kept for the purpose, and the said receipts signed by the person or persons in every case receiving money, warrants, or checks from the treasurer. All such books shall be, at all business hours, and when not in actual use, open to public inspection. The Board of Police shall also cause to be kept and bound all police returns and reports of the districts.

§ 14. It shall be the duty of the Common Councils of the cities of New York and Brooklyn respectively, in accordance with the practice and ordinances now existing therein, to provide, at the expense of said cities, respectively, all necessary accommodations within such precincts of the said "The Metropolitan Police District," as shall be contained within the boundaries of the said cities respectively, for the station-houses required by the Board of Police for the accommodation of the police force of such precincts; for the lodging of vagrants and disorderly persons, and for the temporary detention of persons arrested for offences. It shall also be the duty of the said Common Councils respectively to furnish the same suitably, and to warm and light the same by day and night. In case the said Common Councils or either of them neglect or refuse so to do, after having been thereto requested by the Board of Police, then the said Board may make their own provisions in the premises, and the same, when made, shall become a proper charge and debt for the expenses and disbursement thereof against the said city or cities, whose Common Council has so neglected or refused to make provision as aforesaid. The accommodations required in the counties of Richmond and Westchester, and in the county town of Kings county, respectively, shall be those ordinarily made and used therein by the criminal authorities, of each town or village therein; and so far as the detention of persons under arrest, is concerned, the same shall be lawful in any part of the said "Metropolitan Police District," without regard to county lines therein, on direction to that effect by any inspector or captain of police; and in every case of arrest the same shall be made known, within six hours thereafter, to the

inspector or captain upon duty, in the precinct wherein the arrest was made by the person making the same, and it shall be the duty of the said inspector, within twelve hours after such notice, to make written return thereof, according to the rules and regulations of the Board of Police, together with the name of the party arrested, the offence, the place of arrest and the place of detention. The Board of Police shall provide suitable accommodation within the said "The Metropolitan Police District," for the detention of witnesses who are unable to furnish security for their appearance in criminal proceedings, and such accommodations shall be in premises other than those employed for the confinement of persons charged with crime, fraud, or disorderly conduct; and it shall be the duty of all magistrates, in committing witnesses, to have regard to the rules and regulations of the Board of Police in respect to their detention.

§ 15. All telegraphic apparatus, public police property, books, records and accoutrements, now in the possession of the Police Departments of Brooklyn and New York, are hereby given for the use, (at the proper places, within the county of Kings and Brooklyn, not to be removed from the county wherein now used,) of the Board of Police herein authorized; but the ownership of the same, and the use thereof, as aforesaid, shall be according to the ordinances which the Common Council of the cities in which the said property is situated, have enacted or may hereafter enact. The Board of Police shall have power to enact and maintain, under the general laws of the state, relating to the telegraph lines, all such lines of telegraph in such places within the said district, as for purposes of police the Board shall deem necessary.

§ 16. The necessary expenses incurred in the execution of criminal process within the said "The Metropolitan Police District," shall be a county charge, only against the county from which the said process issued.

§ 17. The constables elected by the electors within the counties of Westchester and Richmond, and in the county town of Kings, shall possess all the powers conferred by this act upon patrolmen of the police force. The Board of Supervisors in each of the said last-mentioned counties, and the Supervisors of the county town of Kings, in board assembled, may call upon the Board of Police to appoint for duty, within the precincts of which the said county shall be a part, as many additional inspectors or captains, sergeants and patrolmen, as it shall enumerate and describe, upon appropriations to the police fund, the necessary expenses and salaries to be incurred thereby. Any of the village or town authorities within the said counties respectively, may also make such demand upon the Board of Police, upon making the like provisions of pay; and it shall be the duty of the Board of Police to appoint such officers, who shall thereafter become regular members of the police force of the district, and subject to all the rules and regulations of the Board, discharge the duty and possess powers and privileges as such members. The Supervisors of the counties of Richmond, Westchester and Kings are hereby authorized, from time to time, to levy and raise by tax upon the real and personal property taxable within each county, such sum or sums of money as may be required to carry into effect the provisions of this section, or the police purposes of this act.

§ 18. No person holding office under this act shall be liable to military or jury

duty, nor to arrest, on a civil process, or to service of subpœna from civil courts, whilst actually on duty.

§ 19. The health officer of the port of New York shall have power, at all times, to call upon any of the police force of the district, to a number not exceeding ten, to aid him upon any necessary emergency, in enforcing the powers and duties conferred upon his office by law, and it shall thereupon become the duty of any such member of the police force, so called upon, to obey him. But such service shall not continue longer than twenty-four hours.

§ 20. The Board of Police shall, at all times, cause the ordinances of the cities of New York and Brooklyn to be properly enforced, and it shall be the duty of said Board, at all times, whenever consistent with the rules and regulations of the Board, and with the requirements of this act, to furnish all information desired, and comply with all the requests made by the Common Councils of the said cities, or by the Mayors thereof, or by the Boards of Supervisors of the counties of Westchester and Richmond and the county town of Kings. The Board of Police is hereby invested with all the powers now conferred by law upon the Mayors of New York or of Brooklyn, in respect to ordering military assistance in aid of the civil authorities, to quell riots, suppress insurrection, protect the property and preserve the public tranquillity. The Board of Police shall appoint all court clerks prescribed to the judicial districts in which police justices are elected in the city and county of New York, and it shall designate the courts at which they shall do duty respectively. The Board of Police shall have power to issue subpœnas, attested in the name of its president, to compel before it the attendance of witnesses, upon any proceeding authorized by its rules and regulations. Each Commissioner of Police, the General Superintendent of Police, and each Deputy Superintendent of Police, and the chief clerk of the Board of Police, are hereby given power to administer, take, receive and subscribe all affirmations and oaths to any witness summoned and appearing in any matter or proceeding authorized as aforesaid, or to any depositions necessary by the rules and regulations of the Board of Police. Any willful and corrupt false swearing by any witness or person making deposition before any of the officers last-mentioned, to any material fact in any necessary proceeding under the said rules and regulations, shall be deemed perjury, and punished in the manner now prescribed by law for such offence. The provisions of law now existing, in respect to attachment of witnesses before committees of the Common Council of New York, and to the compulsory attendance of the said witnesses to appear and testify before them, are hereby applied to the case of witnesses subpenaed before the Board of Police.

§ 21. It shall be the duty of the Board of Police to detail, on the day of any election within the cities of New York and Brooklyn, at least two patrolmen to each election poll, and shall, in and for each of the said cities, appoint all poll clerks provided for by law, and shall, in and for the said cities, provide ballot-boxes for use at general, special and charter elections, and keep custody of the said boxes, except during the taking, receiving and counting of the votes. It shall not be lawful for any person to publicly keep or dispose of any intoxicating liquors upon the first day of the week, called Sunday, or upon any day of public

election within the said "The Metropolitan Police District," under a penalty of fifty dollars for each offence, to be sued for and recovered in the name of the people of the state of New York, by the District Attorney of the county wherein the offence is committed, for the benefit of the police contingent fund hereby authorized; and it shall be the duty of the Board of Police to strictly enforce the provisions of this section by its proper order in respect thereto. It shall be the duty of the said Board to prevent any booth or box, for the distribution of tickets at any election, to be erected or maintained within one hundred and fifty feet of any polling place within said district.

§ 22. It shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in the county jail or penitentiary, if there be a penitentiary in the county where the conviction is had, not less than one year nor exceeding two years, or by a fine not less than two hundred and fifty dollars, for any person, without justifiable or excusable cause, to use personal violence upon any elector in the Metropolitan Police District, or upon any member of the police force thereof, when in the discharge of his duty, or any such member to neglect making any arrest for an offence against the law of the state, committed in his presence, or for any person, not a member of the police force, to falsely represent himself as being such member, with a fraudulent design.

§ 23. The Treasurer of the Board of Police shall receive an annual stated salary of three thousand dollars, and each other Commissioner shall receive an allowance of eight dollars for each day of actual service, the same to be certified to the Comptroller of the state by the Treasurer of the Board; but no other compensation shall be paid or allowed to the members of the Board. The General Superintendent of Police shall receive a like salary of three thousand dollars; each Deputy Superintendent of Police shall receive a like salary of two thousand dollars; each Surgeon of Police shall receive a like salary of fifteen hundred dollars; each Inspector or Captain of Police shall receive a like salary of twelve hundred dollars; each Sergeant of Police shall receive a like salary of nine hundred dollars; the chief clerk to the Board of Police shall receive a like salary of two thousand dollars; and each deputy clerk a like salary of one thousand dollars. The pay of each police patrolman shall be at the rate of eight hundred dollars, and that of each doorman at the rate of seven hundred dollars per year. The salaries shall be paid quarterly, and the pay monthly, to each person entitled thereto. The salary of each Commissioner shall be paid to him by the Comptroller of the State, out of the police fund. Each Inspector or Captain shall receive monthly, from the Treasurer of the Board, the sums required for the pay of the patrolmen and doormen doing duty within his police district precinct. No member of the Board of Police or of the police force, shall receive or share in, for his own benefit, under any pretence whatsoever, any present, fee, gift or emolument for police services, other than the regular salary and pay provided by this section, except by unanimous consent of the Board of Police.

§ 24. All rewards, fees, proceeds of gifts and emoluments that may be allowed by the Board of Police, to be paid and given for account of extraordinary services of any member of the police force, and all moneys arising from the sale of

unclaimed goods, shall be paid into the bank wherein the Treasurer of the Board of Police shall be required, as hereinafter provided, to keep his account. The payments so made shall constitute a fund, to be called the "Police Life and Health Insurance Fund," and the persons who shall, from time to time, fill the office of the said Treasurer of the Board of Police, and that of the Comptrollers of the cities of New York and Brooklyn, are hereby declared the trustees of the said fund, and may invest the same, as they shall see fit, either in whole or in part.

§ 25. Whenever any member of the police force, in the actual performance of his duty, shall become bodily disabled, his necessary expenses, on the certificate of a surgeon of the police, stating the manner, cause and condition of injury, and approved by the Board of Police, during the time his disabling, as aforesaid, continues, may become a charge upon the fund provided for in the preceding section. If such bodily disabling is likely to continue for life, on the like certificate to that effect and the like approval, the sum of one thousand dollars may be chargeable upon the said fund, to be paid to the person so injured. If any member of the police force, in the performance of his duty, shall be killed or shall die from the effect of any injury received by him whilst in such performance, and there shall be any person absolutely interested, pecuniarily, in the continuance of his life, a sum of two thousand dollars may be chargeable against the said last-mentioned fund, to be paid to the person so interested. In every case the Board of Police shall inquire into the circumstances, and if satisfied that the charge upon the said fund is correct, shall order the same to be paid by the draft of the said trustees upon the said fund, each writing his signature thereto. But the provisions of this section shall not apply to special patrolmen, appointed as herein before provided for, at the request and expense of private parties.

§ 26. The Board of Supervisors in the county of New York, and the joint Board of Supervisors and Aldermen of the city of Brooklyn and Kings respectively, shall annually raise and collect by tax upon the real and personal property taxable within the cities of New York and Brooklyn, such sums of money as the Boards of Police for the said "The Metropolitan Police District," on or before the first Monday of June in each year, shall apportion as requisite and needful to be raised by each city and county, which several sums of money shall be applied by the said Board of Police for the fiscal purposes of this act. But such apportionment shall not be legal or binding upon the respective Boards of Supervisors above-mentioned, if the apportionment of tax made to each county aforesaid shall exceed the sum which shall be necessary to maintain police accommodations and the police force used and employed within each or either of the said counties, according to the action of the Board of Supervisors, nor unless the said apportionment shall be first approved by a majority vote of an auditing committee, composed of the President of the Board of Supervisors in each of the counties embraced by the said "The Metropolitan Police District," and by the Comptrollers of the cities of New York and Brooklyn respectively. The said several sums of money apportioned, levied and collected within each of said cities of New York and Brooklyn, shall be in lieu of all taxes within each of the said cities for the support of police governments therein.

§ 27. Such several sums of money provided for by the preceding section, when collected, shall be paid into the treasury of the said respective cities, and shall be styled the Police Fund, and next immediately paid into the treasury of the state of New York, and shall be paid therein and therefrom under the fiscal regulations of law relating to the School Fund of the state of New York, at least once a month, but not in a sum exceeding, at any one time, one sixth of the whole yearly sum collected; and the sums of moneys collected by the respective cities aforesaid, for the purposes of police therein during the years eighteen hundred and fifty-six and eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, and not expended, in the respective treasuries of the said cities, shall, immediately, upon the organization of the Board of Police, and after due notice to that effect served upon the Comptroller of the city and county of New York and the City Treasurer of Brooklyn, be paid into the state treasury, as part of the police fund, and disbursed, as before provided, to the Treasurer of the Board of Police, on his proper warrant in like manner, as aforesaid.

§ 28. The Treasurer of the Board of Police shall disburse all moneys required for the purposes of the said Board, but always upon his check or warrant upon the funds to the credit of the Board, which shall be deposited by the said Treasurer in such bank or banks, within "The Metropolitan Police District," as shall be designated for that purpose by the Comptroller of the state of New York. No expenses other than salaries and pay herein provided shall ever be incurred by the Board of Police, except for rents, stationery, printing, advertising, fuel and lights, unless the same shall be expressly authorized, and provision therefor made as a separate county or city charge by the Board of Supervisors for the county, or the joint Board of the Supervisors and Aldermen of the city of Brooklyn, within which the expenditure becomes necessary.

§ 29. The Treasurer of the Board of Police shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, execute a bond by himself, together with sufficient sureties, not less than two, in a penalty of fifty thousand dollars to the people of the state of New York, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties; the sureties to justify before a Justice of the Supreme Court of the first or second judicial district. This bond shall be approved by the Comptroller of the state of New York, and shall be filed in the office of said Comptroller. Whenever any of its conditions shall be violated, the said bond may be sued upon by the Attorney-General of the state, and the proceeds of suit paid to the credit of the police fund, provided by section twenty-seven.

§ 30. The Board of Police shall require and make suitable provision respecting security to be entered into by the General and Deputy Superintendents of Police, and by the Inspectors of Police, and for the taking by members of the police force of an oath of office, and the registry of the same in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Board of Police, which oath of office may be taken before any Commissioner of Police, who is hereby empowered to administer and receive the same.

§ 31. From and after the first meeting of the Board of Police, under the provisions of this act, it shall possess all the power and authority heretofore conferred by law upon the Board of Commissioners of Police of the city of New

York, or upon the Mayor, Recorder and City Judge of said city as Police Commissioners, or upon the Mayors of New York and Brooklyn respectively, as the heads therein of the respective Police Departments of those cities, or upon the Aldermen of the city of Brooklyn, which power and authority shall relate to, or in any way be connected with, the police government, police appointments, or police discipline within either of said cities, or within the counties of Kings and New York; and from and after the said first meeting of the Board of Police of "The Metropolitan Police District," the duty and authority and power of each and all of the aforementioned officers in relation to police government, appointment and discipline shall wholly cease, and rest, as aforesaid, in the said Board of Police constituted by this act, except that the Mayors of Brooklyn and New York shall be, with the Commissioners, members, *ex officio*, of the Board of Police, and entitled to one vote each at every session thereof, when present at its meetings.

§ 32. From and after the passage of this act, the designation of Chief of Police in the cities of New York and Brooklyn shall be, respectively, Deputy Superintendents of Police, and the persons filling the first-mentioned offices shall continue, under their new name, to discharge, as before, the duties of heads of the Police Department in the said respective cities, but only until a General Superintendent of Police shall be elected and appointed by the Board of Police, from and after which they shall discharge duty, respectively, as his deputies. From and after the passage of this act, Captains of Police in New York and Brooklyn shall be designated as Inspectors or Captains of Police; Lieutenants and Assistant Captains of Police, in said cities, shall be designated Sergeants of Police, and perform duty concurrently with the Sergeants then in office, until the Board shall regulate the proper number of such Sergeants according to the terms of this act; and policemen shall be designated patrolmen. The present Wards of the said cities shall be police precincts, within "The Metropolitan Police District," until new ones are made by the Board of Police. The police in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, officers and patrolmen, shall continue to do duty under existing laws, at the passage of this act, and according to the regulations of the Departments of New York and Brooklyn, until after the first meeting of the Board of Police, under this act, when the said police shall hold office and do duty under the provisions of the act hereby enacted, and as members of the police force of "The Metropolitan Police District" hereby constituted.

§ 33. The Board of Police shall remove from office any one of the present members of the Police Departments of New York or Brooklyn not possessed of the qualifications set forth in section seven of this act, but shall proceed in the manner prescribed in the seventh section of this act.

§ 34. The General Superintendent of Police shall make to the Board of Police quarterly reports, in writing, of the state of "The Metropolitan Police District," with such statistics and suggestions as he may deem advisable for the improvement of the police government and discipline of said district. The Board of Police shall, on or before the first Monday in December in each year, report, in writing, the condition of the police, within the said police district, to the Governor of the state.

§ 35. All statutes, parts of statutes and provisions of law inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, together with all modes and qualifications of appointment to office, as members of Police Departments or of elections to office therein, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, whether such statutes, provisions, and modes and qualifications relate to the city of Brooklyn or to the county of Kings, or to the city and county of New York.

§ 36. Whenever, in any statute not inconsistent with this act, the words Chief of Police shall occur, it shall be taken to mean General Superintendent of Police; in like manner the words Captain of Police shall be deemed to mean Inspector or Captain of Police; in like manner the words Lieutenant or Assistant Captains of Police shall be taken to mean Sergeants of Police; and the words policemen and patrolmen shall be identical in meaning in any act not repealed by this act.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
Secretary's Office. }

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at the city of Albany, in the [L. S.] year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

N. P. STANTON,
Dep. Secretary of State.

BOARD OF METROPOLITAN POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

James W. Nye, *President*, of New York.
James Bowen, *Treasurer*, of Westchester County.
James S. T. Stranahan, of Kings county.
Jacob Cholwell, New York.
Pelatiah Perit, "
Hon. Daniel F. Tiemann, Mayor of New York, } *Ex officio members.*
" Samuel S. Powell, " Brooklyn, }
George W. Embree, *Chief Clerk.*
Daniel B. Hashrouck, *1st Deputy Clerk.*
Joel B. Nott, " "
John J. Rabineau, " "
Humphrey Bower, " "
William H. Folk, " "
Abraham Pierce, " "

POLICE SURGEONS.

	RESIDENCE.
Dr. Kennedy, *President*.	186 Duane street.
Dr. Kimbark.	638 Fourth street.
Dr. Jones.	24 W. 11th street.
Dr. Mott.	209 E. 10th street.

Dr. Ranney	40 E. 28th street.
Dr. Fisher	133 8th street.
Dr. Freligh	691 Broadway.
Dr. Waterman	100 Forsyth street.
Dr. Wells	87 Ludlow street.
Dr. Gould	79 E. 18th street.
Dr. Ives	579 8th avenue.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SURGEONS OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.

1. The number of Surgeons of the Metropolitan Police shall, from time to time, be determined by the Board of Commissioners of Police, as the exigencies of the service may require, and the powers and duties of the said surgeons shall be the same, except as hereinafter provided.

2. There shall be appointed by the Commissioners of Police, one of the said surgeons as President, who shall be the organ of communication between the Commissioners and Board of Surgeons; but it shall be in order for either of the said surgeons to communicate to the Board of Commissioners at any time, such suggestions or information in respect to the sanitary condition of the police force, or of the station-houses in the district to which he is assigned, and to the abatement of nuisances affecting the public health, or the presence of infectious or contagious disease in any part of the Metropolitan Police District.

3. The Metropolitan Police District is divided into Surgical Districts.

The first district comprises the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Police Precincts, and 8th and 9th Wards (Sub-stations) Brooklyn.

The second district comprises the 4th, 5th and 6th Police Precincts, and 17th Ward (Sub-station,) Brooklyn.

The 3rd district, 1st and 2nd Police Precincts of New York.

"	4th	"	3rd and 5th	"	"
"	5th	"	4th and 6th	"	"
"	6th	"	8th and 14th	"	"
"	7th	"	9th and 15th	"	"
"	8th	"	7th and 10th	"	"
"	9th	"	11th and 13th	"	"
"	10th	"	16th and 20th	"	"
"	11th	"	17th and 18th	"	"
"	12th	"	19th and 21st	"	"
"	13th	"	12th and 22d	"	"

4. To each of the foregoing districts the Commissioners of Police shall assign one surgeon for duty; and each surgeon shall, in the district to which he is assigned, have the exclusive surgical and medical charge, except that he may invite the aid of such other surgeons of the force, from time to time, as he may deem expedient.

5. It shall be the duty of each surgeon—

1. To report to the Commissioners of Police, as often as he may deem proper, but at least once every three months, on the health of the police force, and the sanitary condition of the station-houses, in the district assigned to him.
2. To render professional services to all members of the police force, stationed in his district, who may be ill, whether such illness be in consequence of injuries received on duty, or from ordinary sickness and indisposition, and to report thereon in writing, to the chief clerk of police, on the last day of each month, the cause of such illness, and specifying the number of days when any officer in his district was unable, from wounds received while on service, or from illness contracted by exposure, to perform duty.
3. To carefully inspect and report upon, from time to time, to the Commissioners of Police, the sanitary state of the station-houses, the condition and ventilation of the cells, and on all matters connected with the station-houses or other buildings, in charge of the Board of Police, within his district, which may affect injuriously the health of the inmates.
4. To attend all prisoners confined in the station-houses in his district, on the requisition of a captain of police or officer in command.
5. To attend all casualties requiring professional aid, occurring by day or by night in his district, on the requisition of a captain of police or officer in command, and to visit all persons reported to him to have been assaulted or otherwise injured, whose cases have or may become the subject of investigation by the police magistrates, and to report to the General or Deputy Superintendent of Police, whether the injuries sustained are of such a nature as to render it necessary for a magistrate to be called to take the injured person's deposition ; and when the life of the injured person may appear to be in danger, it shall be the duty of the surgeon to give immediate notice thereof to the General or Deputy Superintendent.
6. To visit, from time to time, all injured persons in his district whose cases are undergoing investigation, in order that he may be able to give full and complete medical evidence, when necessary, on the trial of the accused parties.
7. To inspect, whenever called upon by a captain of police, the carcasses of any animals within his district suspected to be diseased, or any butcher meat, fish, poultry, or other articles of provisions suspected to be unsound or unwholesome, or in a state unfit for human food, and to give evidence thereon in court when required.
8. To inspect, on the requisition of a captain of police, any adulterated provisions within his district, and to give evidence thereon when required.
9. To report forthwith in writing to the General Superintendent, all nuisances affecting the public health, and the presence of any infectious or contagious disease within his district.

6. It shall be the duty of the captains of police to report in writing to the surgeons of their respective precincts, the names of all officers under their command

who may have been wounded or taken ill, stating their residence, and whether wounded or sick; and no officer so wounded or sick shall be placed on duty without the consent in writing of the surgeon of police who attended him being first had and obtained.

7. It shall be the duty of those surgeons of police, who receive fifteen hundred dollars per annum for their services, in consideration of their larger compensation, to examine the physical condition of all candidates for police appointments whose applications shall have been favorably considered by the Board of Police, and report thereon in writing, whether such candidates possess the qualifications prescribed in respect to health, strength, stature, and age. Such reports shall be signed by at least two of the surgeons referred to in this section, and be filed in the office of the chief clerk. It shall be the duty of all the surgeons of the police to make the examination herein mentioned whenever required by resolution of the Board of Commissioners.

8. It shall be the duty of one or more of the surgeons of police to repair to any part of the Metropolitan Police District, whenever so directed by the Board of Commissioners, to examine and report upon the presence of contagious or infectious disease; upon the existence of nuisances dangerous to the public health, or upon any matter or thing within the said police district, that may be supposed prejudicial to the public health.

Resolved, That the surgeons of police be assigned to surgical duty in the districts opposite their respective names:

Surgeon	Ball	1st District,	Brooklyn.
"	Brady	2nd "	"
"	Freligh	3rd "	New York.
"	Kennedy	4th "	"
"	Waterman	5th "	"
"	Fisher	6th "	"
"	Jones	7th "	"
"	Wells	8th "	"
"	Kimbark	9th "	"
"	Gould	10th "	"
"	Mott	11th "	"
"	Ranney	12th "	"
"	Ives	13th "	"

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

Frederick A. Tallmadge, *General Superintendent of Police.*
John B. Fry, *Secretary to* "
Samuel Brevoort, *Special Aid to* "
Jason Mills, *Messenger to* "
Charles Ostrander, " "

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

Daniel Carpenter, *Deputy Superintendent.*
Manuel A. White, *Clerk to* "
Horace A. Bliss, Robert Brown, Cornelius Allison, Ira Dubois, } *Scriveners.*
Louis Kazinski, *Interpreter.*
James Murnin, *Messenger and Doorman.*
Wm. G. Griswold, *Stationary Clerk.*
Thomas Dusenbury, Alexander H. Stoutenburgh, William P. Smith, William A. Russell, Alanson S. Wilson, } *Messengers.*
Stephen Johns, *Sergeant.*
William Beaumont, *Doorman and Janitor.*
Frederick W. Waterbury, William H. Allen, } *Drill Officers.*
C. J. Warren, *Property Clerk.*
John P. Concklin, *Asst.* "
John K. Scott, *Juvenile Asylum.*
Alonzo Hawley, *Recorder's Office.*
Hewlitt Smith, *Office of the Ten Governors.*
James Kellock, *Telegraph Operator.*

DETECTIVES AT THE DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

Wm. H. Lefferts, *Special Aid to the Department.*

James P. Bennett,
Ralph Patterson,
Joseph Eustace,
Wm. Southerland,
Isaac W. Edsall,
John Pool,
William Bryden.
Christian B. McDougal,
Robert Stephenson,
Elisha H. Wildey,
William G. Elder,
John McCord,
William Robb,
Robert King,
James C. Pell,
Thomas R. Houston,
John S. Young,
Wm. E. Brush.
Wm. B. Walsh,
Ely Devoe.

POLICEMEN DETAILED TO THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.

James N. Croft,
Wm. P. Hilliard,
Cornelius P. Wynkoop,
Alfred Bierney,
Richard Orpheus,
Wm. H. Van Arsdale,
George Armstrong,
James Blackwell,

Thomas Black,
Wm. Dubois,
James Olden,
Lorenzo D. Place,
E. M. Baldwin,
Joseph Quick,
Abraham V. Davis,
Daniel D. Horrigan,
John McArthur,
George F. Brandt,
James L. Miller,
Bernard Neis,
B. D. Albertson,
T. Cholwell,
Charles Freeman,
George W. Church,
Frederick Anderson.
Hector Moore,
S. G. Forbes.

POLICEMEN DETAILED TO THE POLICE COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Robert Latta, *Special Aid.*
Alexander Crosette,
J. R. Gardiner,
Wm. Chamberlain,
John M. Bennett,
Lemuel S. Slater,
Richard King,
Jacob C. Bumstead,
Josiah McCord,
William Davis.

SECOND DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

R. R. Colfax, *Special Aid.*
Alexander Ferguson,
Elihu Burlison,
Israel Bower,
George Dougherty,
John Reed,
J. D. Leighton,
Stuart J. Smith,
Lambert S. Beck.

THIRD DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Oliver Laflin, *Sergeant.*
Z. C. Smith,
Staat Dyckman,
William Willis,
Justus Hawks,
Lyman Crofut.

FOURTH DISTRICT POLICE COURT.

Henry Green, *Special Aid.*
Peter Bodine,
James Greer,
John H. Porter.

POLICEMEN DETAILED TO CASTLE GARDEN.

Pearsall Rodemond,
Samuel Perry,
Charles S. Smith,
Charles Van Duzer,
Jeremiah Lathrop,
Theodore Freude,
James Bloomer,
Henry Newman.

DAY STATIONS.

Washington Square.
Madison Square.
Stuyvesant Square.
Union Park.
Washington Market.

POLICE AND STATION-HOUSES.

FIRST PRECINCT.

Station-house, Franklin Market.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
John W. Cropsey, *Sergeant*	April 23, 1857.
Godfrey Dorn, *Doorman*	June 6, "
Wm. Hackett, "	June 6, "
PATROLMEN.	
Thomas Snodgrass	June 22, "
James Silvey	
S. H. Blackwood	July 16, "
B. F. Denton	" 16, "
Richard Van Vieton	" 16, "
C. L. Dege	" 11, "
Gideon Rice	June, 29, "
George W. Barker	July, 16, "
George W. Bentley	" 16, "
Harvey S. Holley	" 11, "
Wm. S. Scott	" 16, "
Thaddeus Ferris	" 16, "
Warren S. Taylor	June 8, "
Dennis R. Parker	" 29, "
Joseph Williams	" 6, "
Charles Conant	July, 16, "
Lawrence Kiely	June, 5, "
Michael Hogan	" 6, "
John Adamson	" 30, "
Patrick H. Flaven	" 17, "
David Harrington	" 30, "
Patrick Ryen	" 23, "
Thomas Huggins	July 16, "
Thomas Cherry	June 8, "
Michael Gilfeather	June 8, "
Joseph Bryen	July 16, "
Robert Cairnes	June 17, "
John W. Martin	Oct 30, "
George Rowland	June 30, "
James Murray	" 11, "
Valentine Hinton	" 8, "
John Sweeny	" 29, "
Jacob Klider	" 6, "
Jacob Ahrens	" 8, "
Solomon Worthimer	" 29, "
James Cropsey	" 29, "

SECOND PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 49 Beekman street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Hart B. Weed, *Captain*	June 21, 1857.
William Stead, *Doorman*	July 17, "
PATROLMEN.	
Joseph E. Kelley	" 16, "
John Wintringham	April 23, "
George T. Tracy	" 23, "
Francis H. Fay	July 16, "
John E. Sparrow	" 16, "
Nathaniel J. Simmons	" 16, "
Daniel Van Winkle	" 16, "
George E. Keyser	" 11, "
Smith S. Parker	" 16, "
J. N. Reynolds	" 11, "
Joseph M. Watson	" 16, "
Robert P. Wintringham	" 16. "
Daniel Davenport	" 16, "
Thomas Hayes	" 16, "
Charles Bostwick, Jr.	" 16, "
George Niven	Jan. 15, 1858.
Wm. Kline	April 23, 1857.
Wm. H. Brooks	July 16, "
Stephen D. O'Keefe	" 16, "
James D. Center	" 16, "
William Carrington	" 16, "
Elijah Curtis	April 23, "
William H. Morgan	July 11, "
Charles N. Ladd	" 11, "
Reuben Phillips	" 11, "
George W. Knight	" 11, "
John Understiller	" 11, "
James K. Fuller	" 17, "
Joseph A. Perkins	" 11, "
Wm. S. Michaels	" 16, "

THIRD PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 79 Warren street.

	WHEN APPOINTED
James A. P. Hopkins, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
Nicholas Martin, *Doorman*	" 23, "
Daniel Fordham, "	" 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Milton Swazee	April 23, 1857.
Robert Gilmore	" 23, "
Thomas H. Sease	" 23, "
Charles Burdick	" 23, "
John Mead	" 23, "
Michael R. Grager	July 3, "
Garrett G. Forshay	June 29, "
Jacob S. Utt	" 29, "
James G. Folwell	April 23, "
John A. Galloway	June 29, "
John Hays	April 23, "
Belnap Bower	June 29, "
Abraham Van Winkle	April 23, "
John Hamlin	" 23, "
William P. Hervey	" 23, "
Isaac Randall	June 29, "
John C. McKean	" 29, "
Robert H. Campbell	April 23, "
James D. Birdsall	June 29, "
James M. Farrington	April 23, "
Thomas Wallace	June 29, "
Samuel S. Lynt	" 11, "
George K. Burns	July 1, "
Andrew J. Ayres	April 23, "
Archibald M. Crawford	" 23, "
George Quackinbush	June 29, "
William M. Bowker	April 23, "
Samuel W. Ellis	June 29, "
C. K. Darling	" 15, "
Charles Wood	April 23, "
John D. Gilmore	June 29, "
John D. Arthur	" 29, "
William C. Anderson	April 23, "
Samuel W. Mackey	" 23,
James S. Ward	June 29,
Charles W. Woodward	July 1, "
Henry Giraud	April 23, "
Michael McLaughlin	June 29, "
Robert J. Brown	April 23, "

FOURTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 9 Oak street.

	WHEN APPOINTED
George W. Walling, *Captain*	Aug. 4, 1857.
Stephen Oram, *Doorman*	April 23, "
Henry Seawood, "	" 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
William Seaman	Aug, 4, 1857.
Thomas J. Folger	April 23, "
John Peeney	July 11, "
Ezra Higgins	" 11, "
George Irvine	" 15, "
Swain Lindsley	April 23, "
William Dubois	June 9, "
Alexander Frazier	April 23, "
William Quinn	Aug. 10, "
John Templeton	June 22, "
Henry S. Phillips	July 11, "
Peter Smith	June 11, "
Thomas Maher	" 22, "
David E. Carpenter	April 23, "
Charles H. Bunt	Aug. 4, "
George Bickner	June 17, "
Wm. C. Jewett	" 22, "
Francis Martin	" 22, "
Peter Van Duzer	Nov. 19, "
John Seaman	June 15, "
Thomas Walsh	July 11, "
John Shyers	Nov. 19, "
George Ferguson	" 19, "
John Murphy	April 23, "
John A. Deming	" 23, "
William B. Kallum	July 11, "
Solomon W. Spratt	Aug. 4, "
Henry Gerodette	" 4, "
James T. Twaddle	" 4, "
Archibald Taylor	June 22, "
James Fuller	Nov. 19, "
Ralph P. Barker	July 11, "
Christopher C. Ryder	Aug. 4, "
George W. Petty	" 4, "
Henry Poillon	Nov. 19, "
James Coan	" 19, "
Robert Roulson	Aug. 4, "
Daniel H. Rackett	July 11, "
Jesse P. Paul	" 11, "
Eton B. Butterfield	" 11, "
Thomas O. Gorman	" 11, "
John B. Lockwood	" 11, "
Charles Raynor	Nov. 19, "
George Seymour	July 11, "
Bernard Decker	Nov. 19, "
James Cunningham	April 23, "

FIFTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 49 Leonard street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Henry Hutchings, *Captain*	June 3, 1857.
William H. Monday, *Doorman*	April 23, "
James Murmin, "	July 16, "
PATROLMEN.	
Daniel Braniff	April 23, "
Thomas H. Bulmer	" 23, "
Henry W. Cole	July 3, "
Howell Clark	April 23, "
John F. H. Daget	" 23, "
Joseph H. Daget	" 23, "
Richard Eldridge	" 23, "
Richard Field	July 3, "
John Girvin	April 23, "
John G. Goodell	" 23, "
Moses Hunt	" 23, "
Wm. H. Isaacs	" 23, "
Wm. S Kiger	" 23, "
J. G. Kemp	" 23, "
Henry C. King	" 23, "
Augustus Kruger	July 3, "
Wm. H. Kidney	" 3, "
James H. Layden	" 3, "
John McConnell	April 23, "
Wm. W. Martin	" 23, "
Stephen W. Maynard	July 3, "
Andrew Muller	" 3, "
Andrew Nesbitt	April 23, "
Wm. Nesbitt	July 3, "
Stephen Paret, Jr	" 3, "
Wm. Pettit	April 23, "
S. M. Rollins	July 3, "
S. B. Smith	April 23, "
T. N. Story	" 23, "
John Stilwell	July 3, "
Wm. Van Tassell	April 23, "
Jacob Webb	" 23, "
Wm. Wescott	" 23, "
Edward Weylen	" 23, "
Samuel Truex	" 23, "
John Wilson	July 11, "

SIXTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 9 Franklin street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Nathaniel T. Hicks, *Sergeant*	June 15, 1857.
PATROLMEN.	
Joseph Souder	" 22, "
John F. Dickson	April 23, "
Richard Lush	July 16, "
Thomas Bell	April 23, "
Thomas Moneypenny	" 23, "
Henry S. Cook	" 23, "
Alexander Thompson	June 2, "
Daniel Kennady	July 16, "
Charles R. Wilson	June 10, "
John S. Flynn	July 16, "
Samuel Osborn	June 30, "
Enoch Jones	" 11, "
James B. Wilson	July 16, "
James McCloud	June 10, "
Isaac H. Albin	" 10, "
Thomas S. McGowan	" 11, "
Uriah B. Cooper	July 11, "
George Hyde	" 11, "
Peyton Herbert	June 11, "
William H. Bailey	July 11, "
Daniel D. Sutton	
Thomas S. Green	July 3, "
Charles Fehrenbz	" 11, "
James McKay	" 3, "
Samuel Davidson	" 3, "
Joseph Knight	" 11, "
John Donaghy	" 11, "
Peter Carr	Jan. 10, "
John McKinnin	April 23, "
Hugh Barkley	July 3, "
Joshua R. Trava	" 3, "
Dewitt C. Ward	Dec. 20, "
John T. Underhill	July 3, "
Henry Bedell	April 23, "
Zenas Crowell	June 10, "
John M Robbins	April 23, "
Nelson Mott	July 3, "

SEVENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, Gouverneur Market.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
John Cameron, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
PATROLMEN.	
James Bennett	July 11, "
Horatio B. Park	April 23, "
William Montross	" 23, "
Theron S. Copeland	July 11, "
James Valentine	" 11, "
Henry B. Shapkoff	" 11, "
Robert B. Walker	" 13, "
Roswell G. Secor	" 13, "
Thomas F. Williams	" 11, "
Joseph Jubo	" 11, "
John H. Meyer	" 11, "
William M. Howell	" 11, "
Wm. A. Haggerty	" 11, "
Benjamin E. Buckman	" 11, "
David B. Stevenson	" 11, "
Edward Haas	" 11, "
Michael Wilkinson	April 23, "
Christopher Fahrer	" 23, "
Hugh McKinnen	July 11, "

EIGHTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 126 Wooster street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Charles S. Turnbull, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
William West, *Doorman*	June 29, "
PATROLMEN.	
John G. Gattzow	" 16, "
Hezekiah P. Glenny	April 23, "
Francis L. Palmer	July 3, "
Frederick H. Spear	" 3, "
William T. Olmstead	April 23, "
Charles Van Varick	July 3, "
Augustus B Crosby	" 3, "
Joseph Wark	April 23, "
William Roberts	" 23, "
John J. Mount	" 23, "
Isaac L. Lent	" 23, "
John Reynolds	" 23, "
Henry M. Quinn	July 3, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Joseph Halstead	July 3, 1857.
Henry Horr	" 3, "
James Chasmer	April 23, "
Thomas McDougal	" 23, "
George H. Tyler	July 3, "
John Quinn	April 23, "
Gilbert Dugan	July 3, "
William Lyons	" 3, "
Henry F. Jones	April 23, "
Charles Lintz	July 3, "
John C. Andre	April 23, "
Henry Godfrey	July 3, "
James Z. Bogart	April 23, "
Theodore Winchell	" 23, "
Ezra Beach	" 23, "
Nathaniel Sperbeck	July 7, "
George D. Wiseburn	" 3, "
John J. Van Buren	April 23, "
Thomas Reid	" 23, "
Joseph T. Rogers	July 3, "
John Carmen	April 23, "
Isaac Johnson	May, "
Nathaniel W. Stillwell	April 23, "
Augustus Goodrich	" 23, "
Howard A. Baldwin	July 11, "
Alexander C. Pearey	April 23, "
William West	" 23, "

NINTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 94 Charles street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Jacob L. Sebring, *Acting Captain*	April 23, 1857.
Clark Knapp, *Sergeant*	" 23, "
Ezekiel Maynard, *Doorman*	" 23, "
Nathaniel Crawford, "	" 23, "
PATROLMEN.	
Benjamin Garthwait	" 23, "
Henry P. Wolf	" 23, "
Thos. B. Curry	" 23, "
James L. Tower	" 23, "
Joshua H. Hyatt	" 23, "
Ralph Blakelock	" 23, "
Henry Mead	" 23, "
Abraham Shanott	" 23, "
John F. Staudish	" 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Wm. C. Lufberg	April 23, 1857.
Stephen L. Cook	" 23, "
James B. Mead	" 23, "
Wm. W. LeRoy	" 23, "
Alex. D. Smith	" 23, "
Algernon Sidney Griffin	" 23, "
Horatio N. Sanger	" 23, "
Wm. J. Simms	" 23, "
George Young	June 10, "
Chauncey Mason	" 10, "
John Brown	" 10, "
Stephen Christopher	" 10, "
Geo. W. Ruton	" 10, "
Temple Lord	" 9, "
Timothy G. Clark	May "
Joseph Butman	June 10, "
John Washburn	" 10, "
Jeremiah Sherwood	" 10, "
John F. Geraud	" 11, "
James Ferden	" 11, "
Wm. A. Van Duzen	" 11, "
Arthur S. Cholwell	" 20, "
John Hanifin	" 21, "
Ignatius T. Chutrouskie	" 23, "
Frederick Morallus	July 9, "

TENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, corner Grand and Ludlow streets.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Thaddeus C. Davis, *Sergeant*	April 23, 1857.
Chas. Humphrey, *Doorman*	July 11, "
Henry Otten "	June 23, "
PATROLMEN.	
Richard Latty	April 23, "
James A. Lucas	" 23, "
Jeremiah Petty	June 23, "
John W. Holmes	July 11, "
Matthias Bruen	June 23, "
Jeremiah T. Brooks	" 23, "
John M. Marchay	July 11, "
Robt. S. Brown	April 23, "
Joseph Ackerman	June 23, "
Edward Hoyt	April 23, "
Charles W. Little	June 23, "
Henry Foos	" 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED
Israel W. Littell	July 11, "
John Slowey	June 23, "
Samuel Hyatt	April 23, "
Henry Miner	" 23, "
Thos. Slowey	" 23, "
Chas. James	" 23, "
James H. Bradley	June 23, "
James B. Smith	July 11, "
Franklin Kasmire	" 11, "
Chas. H. Taylor	June 23, "
C. S. Robertson	July 11, "
John J. Smith	April 23, "
James Anderson	" 23, "
Wm. J. Williams	June 23, "
Jeremiah Wood	July 13, "
Leopold Wolf	" 11, "
Peter Bogert	June 23, "
Samuel Frazier	July 11, "
Chas. Gardner	" 13, "
John H. Turner	June 23, "
Dewitt C. Smith	" 23, "
Augustus C. Weed	April 23, "

ELEVENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, Union Market.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Peter Squires, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
Elijah Proctor, *Doorman*	June 11, "
PATROLMEN.	
Gilbert Leggett	April 23, "
Cornelius Coon	June 22, "
Theodore Abbott	April 23, "
Floyd Palmer	June 17, "
Arthur Johnston	" 17, "
Joseph Romaine	" 23, "
P. A. Lyon	Aug. 24, "
Josiah Carter	June 10, "
A. H. Lake	April 23, "
Joseph Brown	June 10, "
J. F. Dack	June 30, "
Peter R. Crum	April 23, "
Alex. Marston	June 23, "
F. J. Baufield	" 23, "
Adam F. Hallett	" 10, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
J. V. Tilden	June 10, 1857.
Jerome Vermilyea	April 23, "
Thos. Beatty	June 17, "
Wesley Lyon	April 23, "
Oscar Van Tassell	June 23, "
John H. Elliott	" 18, "
G. C. Glass	" 11, "
James Alexander	" 18, "
Augustus Van Arsdale	April 23, "
Geo. Gould	June 10, "
Wm. L. Miller	" 18, "
Joseph Waterbury, Jr	" 17, "
A T. Hunt	" 23, "
Robt. Smyth	" 23, "
Thos. Wilson	" 23, "
Henry Woolfert	" 23, "
John V. Wells	April 23, "
Peter Duffey	June 11, "
James Reeves	" 10, "

TWELFTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, 125th street, between 3d and 4th avenues.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Galen T. Porter, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
William G. Graham, *Sergeant*	" 23, "
Daniel B. Harlon, *Doorman*	" 23, "
Wm. H. Smith, "	June 29, "
PATROLMEN.	
Nathaniel Holmes	April 23, "
William Read	" 23, "
Watson H. Wagner	" 23, "
Joseph Whitman	" 23, "
Abram G. Bertholf	" 23, "
Christopher Paber	" 23, "
Henry Sickles	" 23, "
Sylvester Osborn	" 23, "
Edward Graham	" 23, "
William Stubblebin	June 17, "
George Lavender	" 18, "
Edward Shuck	July 11, "
Nathaniel Skinner	" 11, "
Alonzo Forbes	June 17, "
Alexander Harlon	" 16, "
John Eddie	" 17, "
David Golden	" 17, "

PATROSMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED
Benjamin Bates	June 17, 1857.
Edward Houston	July 11, "
James P. Pettit	June 17, "
Henry Ten Eyck	July 11, "
Albert G. Hayden	June 17, "
Oscar D. Fisher	" 17, "
Edward Genet	July 11, "
John J. Wittiits	June 10, "
Alanson Finch	" 17, "
William P. Cushing	July 11, "
Peter C. Bensel	" 11, "
Archimides Bell	June 17, "
Joseph Liscomb	" 17, "
Charles Miner	" 17, "
Joseph Thayer	" 17, "
Jacob Walter	July 11, "
Horatio N. Gray	June 17, "
Andrew J. Miner	July 11, "
James K. Phillips	June 17, "
George Majory	" 18, "
Henry Van Orden	" 17, "
Patrick Hallaran	" 11, "
William H. Aldis, Jr.	July 11, "
Alexander Williamson	" 11, "
Samuel Paber	June 17, "

THIRTEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, corner of Delancey and Attorney streets.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Thomas Steers, *Sergeant*	June 5, 1857.
Thomas Miner, *Doorman*	July 17, "
John J. Phillips "	" 17, "
PATROLMEN.	
Richard Cornwell	April 23, "
Thomas W. Thorne	" 23, "
Jonathan Osborn	" 33, "
John C. Abbott	" 23, "
Thos. C. Emery	" 23, "
James Parrish	" 23, "
William Jenkins	" 23, "
John Nelson	" 23, "
Daniel Acker	" 23, "
Daniel Foiles	" 23, "
Albert Van Tassel	" 2 , "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED
George Gostlen	Nov. 19, 1857.
Enoch Lewis	June 18, "
Whitman P. Hallock	Nov. 19, "
James Martin	" 19, "
George Smith	" 19, "
Louis Roth	" 19, "
Edward Lockwood	" 19, "
Sandy Higgins	" 19, "
Edward Holland	" 19, "
Francis Brown	" 19, "
Franklin Boyd	" 19, "
Thos. N. Seymour	" 19, "
John E. Combs	" 19, "
Peter Tyler	" 19, "
Daniel N. Brown	" 19, "
James Buckbee	" 19, "
William Osborne	" 19, "
Henry V. Steers	" 19, "
Peter T. Seymour	" 19, "
Aug. Wood	" 19, "
Jno. H. Johnson	" 19, "
Jonathan D. Howell	" 19, "

FOURTEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 53 Spring street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
John J. Williamson, *Captain*	June 15, 1857.
Morris De Camp, *Sergeant*	July 3, "
Peter Chivvis, *Doorman*	June 3, "
Geo. G. Foster, "	July 9, "
PATROLMEN.	
John R. Weed	June 21, "
Abraham P. De Voursney	July 3, "
Francis T. Wemys	" 3, "
James A. Matthew	" 2, "
Charles Ullman	" 11, "
Edward Johnson	" 11, "
Daniel Underhill	" 3, "
Charles Jarvis	" 3, "
Geo. W. Taylor	" 11, "
Patrick Keogh	" 3, "
Robt. M. Webb	" 11, "
James Montgomery	" 11. "
Patterson Jollie	" 11, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Jarvis N. Rennie	July 11, 1857.
Geo. Senior	" 11, "
Charles Sherer	" 11, "
Wm. G. Lawson	" 11, "
Chas. E. Howell	" 11, "
Francis W. Wolf	" 11, "
Ambrose W. Oliver	" 11, "
Henry T. Lloyd	" 11, "
Wm. H. Oliver	" 11, "
Henry A. Waters	" 11, "
Barnett L. Phillips	" 11, "
Abraham B. Simonson	" 11, "
Francis Firmans	" 11, "
Bernard O'Rorke	" 11, "
Geo. S. Lucas	" 11, "
Chas. White	" 11, "
Martin Dymond	" 11, "
Abial Swift	" 11, "
Franklin S. Gale	" 11, "
John Williams	" 11, "
James H. Duffie	" 11, "
James Davin	Sept. 25, "
Geo. E. Lusk	July 11, "
David S. Clark	Sept. 24, "

FIFTEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, No. 220 Mercer street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
George W. Dilks, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
Peter A. Banta, *Sergeant*	" 23, "
Joshua Dean, *Doorman*	" 23. "
Amos Upham, "	" 23, "
PATROLMEN.	
W. W. Dilks	" 23, "
John W. Williams	" 23, "
John W. Bliven	" 23, "
John Littell	" 23, "
Samuel C. Helms	" 23, "
Gustavus G. Bowker	" 23, "
Chas. C. Tucker	" 23, "
John T. Wells	" 23, "
Joseph S. Miller	" 23, "
Wm. M'Donald	" 23, "
Edgar Davis	" 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Harmon B. Lyng	April 23, 1857.
James Speir	" 23, "
John McPherson	June 17, "
Thos. Van Cott	" 29, "
Wm. Coleburn	July 11, "
S. J. Smith	April 23, "
Jackson Corsa	" 23, "
Wm. B. Willis	" 23, "
Wm. De Lamater	" 23, "
Edward Foster	" 23, "
John Demarest	" 23, "
Wm. Wilson	" 23, "
John W. Tinsdale	" 23, "
Charles N. Roe	" 23, "
Joseph P. Sandford	" 23, "
John H. Miller	" 23, "
Henry C. Duncan	" 23, "
Samuel S. Davis	" 23, "
Wm. Groot	" 23, "
Jacob Acker	June 17, "
Wm. Little	" 22, "
Joseph P. Bull	July 3, "
Wm. Smart	April 23, "
Stephen Rockwell	" 23, "

SIXTEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, 156 Twentieth street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Samuel Carpenter, *Sergeant*	April 23, 1857.
James Bird, *Doorman*	" "
Andrew Southerland, "	" "
PATROLMEN.	
Samuel W. Hastings	June 22, "
Jacob B. Warlow	July 3, "
John Thompson	April 23, "
John Tummey	July 16, "
Ephraim L. Patterson	" 16, "
Hugh P. Dean	" 11, "
Horace Lockwood	" 16, "
John Cox	June 30, "
Thomas Bigley	April 23, "
Charles B. Albertson	July 23, "
Edward Bodine	April 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
David Roach	April 23, 1857.
Thomas Cummings	" 23, "
John C. Robertson	" 23, "
Christian Miller	" 23, "
John Jackson	" 23, "
Martin Fischer	" 23, "
Andrew McConnell	" 23, "
Joseph D. Apgar	" 23, "
Isaac V. Purdy	" 23, "
Isaac B. Smith	" 23, "
Mathew Butler	" 23, "
John J. Terhune	" 23, "
William H. Watson	" 23, "
John Clements	" 23, "
Philip Dingledein	July 7, "
Martin M. Green	April 23, "
Alexander Jones	June 19, "
Charles R. Acker	" 2, "
John H. Thomas	" 23, "
James Durkee	July 11, "

SEVENTEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, 75 1st avenue, corner of 5th street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Jedediah W. Hart, *Captain*	June 8, 1857.
Joseph Van Velsor, *Doorman*	July 11, "
Jacob Frest "	" 3, "
PATROLMEN.	
Henry Hedden	June 16, "
David G. McKelvey	" 21, "
William H. McConnell	April 23, "
Thomas H. Carle	July 11, "
Hugh Lindsey	" 11, "
Chauncey Edwards	" 3, "
David C. Davis	June 16, "
Jacob Briggs	July 3, "
William Parliman	" 3, "
William Purdy	" 3, "
Oliver B. Stout	" 3, "
George Cook	" 3, "
Edmund S. Lockwood	April 23, "
John Thomas	July 3, "
Anson Gillett	" 3, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
William McCowan	July 3, 1857.
Frederick Pross	" 3, "
Robert B. Gilmore	April 23, "
George Hewer	July 11, "
William H. Van Sickle	" " "
Thomas Wacob	April 23, "
Edwin K. Robinson	" 23, "
Lewis Zeigler	" 23, "
George Dickinson	July 3, "
Charles McMillen	April 23, "
John F. Dally	July 11, "
John Pousson	April 23, "
William F. Fountain	July 11, "
Robert Lanney	" 11, "
Michael Freschman	" 3, "
Joshua Sutton	" 3, "
James Egan	" 3, "
David M. Gregory	" 3, "
Harvey Hitchcock	" 3, "
Conrad Rentzel	" 3, "
Robert De Grushe	" 11, "
Francis Spicer	April 23, "
Dominick Conlan	July 3, "

EIGHTEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, 22d street, between 1st and 2d avenues.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Theron R. Bennett, *Sergeant*	April 23, 1857.
William H. Wilson, *Doorman*	July 3, "
PATROLMEN.	
Henry Burden	April 23, 1857.
Isaac W. Potter	" 23, "
Samuel Areson	" 23, "
John Monroe	" 23, "
Austin Esterbrook	" 23, "
John H. Arnoult	" 23, "
Solomon Birdsall	" 23, "
Philip Marks	" 23, "
Joseph H. Farrington	" 23, "
William J. Loudon	June 16, "
Silas F. Sherwood	" 22, "
Joseph H. Sprague	" 22, "
William Young	July 3, "
Samuel Mortimer	" 3, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Alonzo Durfee	July 11, 1857.
Stephen Linindoll	" 11, "
Lorenzo Treadwell	June 7, "
George W. Barnett	" 2, "
David Heath	April 23, "
Samuel Burden	" 23, "
Joseph T. Desmond	June 29, "
John T. Shaw	April 23, "
Michael Wallace	July 3, "
John C. Tieman	April 23, "
Peter Frank	July 11, "
Antone Grenblestine	" 3, "
William Bienkhampen	" 3, "
James W. O'Connor	" 7, "
Robert Shaw	April 23, "
Henry C. Casey	" 23, "
Frederick Kinnersley	" 3, "
William Ure	" 11, "

NINETEENTH PRECINCT.

Station-house, 59th street, between 2d and 3d avenues.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
James Bryan, *Sergeant*	April 23, 1857.
Adam Stagner, *Doorman*	July 10, "
Edward Irving, "	June 16, "
PATROLMEN.	
William Fulmer	April 23, "
Moses J. Decker	" 23, "
William M. Gross	" 23, "
Theodore Bumstead	" 23, "
William P. Stewart	" 23, "
Michael Burk	" 23, "
Richard Lydecker	" 23, "
George W. Delahunt	June 10, "
Martin Snyder	" 10, "
John D. Rockwell	" 16, "
Benjamin Ver Bryck	July 8, "
James R. Lawrence	" 8, "
John W. Johnson	" 8, "
Peter Jones	April 23, "
John B. Peffers	" 23, "
William Clinton	June 19, "
James Tennant	" 19, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Albert Bogart	July 8, 1857.
Jasper Serlin	" 8, "
George B. Van Brant	" 8, "
Richard Doncourt	" 12, "
Elias Ellis	April 23, "
Jesse Fortner	July 8, "
Thomas McKnight	" 8, "
Henry Tyson	" 12, "
James G. Mulford	June 16, "
Thomas Maxwell	July 24, "
James S. Risley	" 8, "
Andrew Houston	June 19, "
John W. Merritt	" 19, "
James S. Many	July 8, "
Daniel S. Hallock	" 8, "
Edwin R. Wright	June 16, "
John C. Brown	July 8, "
John H. Polley	June 19, "
George W. Rockwell	April 23, "
Ira C. Gardner	" 23, "
William B. Lowery	" 23, "
Stephen Shangle	" 23, "
Aaron W. Wyatt	" 23, "

TWENTIETH PRECINCT.

Station-house, 212 West 35th street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
Francis M. Curry, *Sergeant*	June 23, 1857.
George M. Dennett, "	" 22, "
Daniel D. Baily, *Doorman*	" 22, "
PATROLMEN.	
Robert Castle	April 23, "
John R. Richardson	June 22, "
Charles Roff	April 23, "
Andrew Clow	" 23, "
Jacob Moore	" 23, "
Harvey T. Martine	" 23, "
Robert B. Denison	June 22, "
Daniel Smith	" 22, "
George A. Pfister	" 22, "
Benjamin Lawrence	" 23, "
William H. Cornwell	" 22, "
Ferdinand Van Hagen	" 23, "
John Brady, Jr	" 22, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Robert J. Anderson	June 22, 1857.
William Cummings	" 22, "
Alexander Lineback	" 23, "
Charles C. Fisher	" 22, "
Thomas Steele	" 22, "
James Hurley	" 23, "
William Z. Rowland	" 2, "
Benjamin Burnett	" 23, "
Henry M. Hyatt	" 22, "
Isaac Van Wart	" 22, "
John Russell	" 22, "
Henry Brayton	" 23, "
David Wylie	" 23, "
Philip H. Stickle	" 23, "
Abraham Allen	" 22, "
William Miller	" 22, "
Joseph Lloyd	" 22, "
Burrill Lawson	" 23, "
Samuel Winters	" 22, "
John T. Harold	" 22, "
Henry Wright	" 23, "
George L. Hall	" 22, "

TWENTY-FIRST PRECINCT.

Station house, 34 East 29th street.

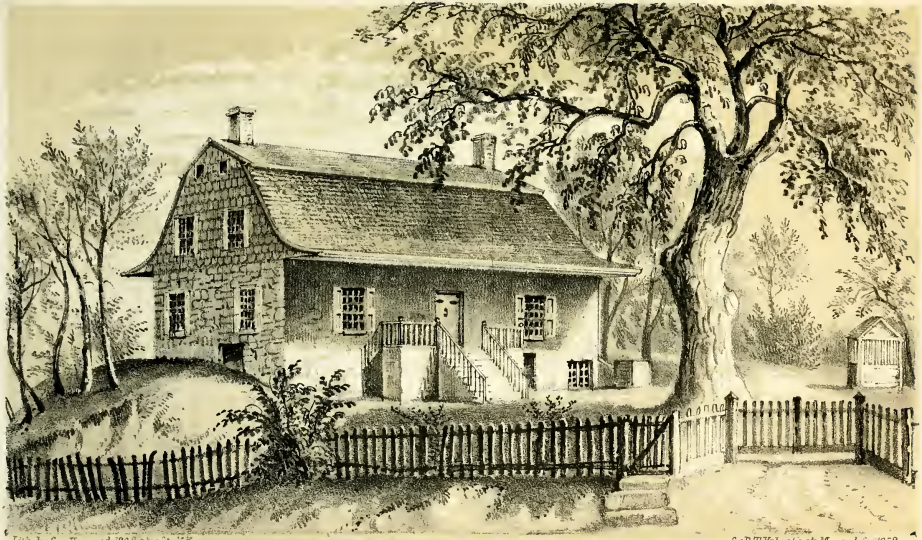
	WHEN APPOINTED.
Francis C. Speight, *Captain*	April 23, 1857.
Albert M. Palmer, *Sergeant*	" 23, "
PATROLMEN.	
John J. Ward	" 23, "
Walter L. Sanford	" 23, "
Abram S. Relay	" 23, "
Thomas Pallister	" 23, "
Alexander Manott	" 23, "
Francis C. McIntire	June 23, "
Russel Myers	" 23, "
John C. Barker	" 23, "
Aaron Lebanon	" 23, "
Almos Stafford	" 23, "
Peter Kniffen	" 23, "
James G. Finch	" 23, "
Daniel Dolan	" 23, "
Frederick Welp	" 23, "
Edmund Johnson	" 23, "

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Robert Tucker	June 23, 1857.
Walter Weeks	" 23, "
William Peck	" 23, "
Joseph Goillard	" 23, "
Robert Matthews	" 23, "
Timothy Gleason	" 23, "
Abel Wares	" 23, "
Samuel Jenniss	" 23, "
Peter Hadden	" 23, "
Christian Cornell	" 23, "
James Rockwell	July 24, "
James Eldridge	June 23, "
John B. Perkins	" 23, "
Richard Quider	" 23, "
Chauncey Jenness	" 23, "
Southwell Davis	" 23, "
Abraham Stevens	" 23, "
Nathaniel Abbott	April 23, "
Edward J. Earle	" 23, "

TWENTY-SECOND PRECINCT.

Station-house, corner of 8th avenue and 48th street.

	WHEN APPOINTED.
James E. Coulter, *Captain*	June 10, 1857.
William Van Orden, *Sergeant*	April 23, "
Walter Hosford, *Doorman*	July 11, "
George L. Thein. "	April 23, "
PATROLMEN.	
Michael Schneider	" 23, "
James Bowley	June 22, "
Jacob Files	" 22, "
William Walkley	July 11, "
John P. Casey	June 22, "
Thomas Bowles	July 11, "
Lawrence Austin	" 11, "
Henry Shuck	June 22, "
John McDougall	" 22, "
Elisha Slocum	" 22, "
Thomas S. Lear	April 23, "
Richard Martin	June 22, "
Elijah Tompkins	" 17, "
Thomas Green	" 22, "
Henry W. Stevens	July 11, "



THE BOERUM MANSION.

PATROLMEN.	WHEN APPOINTED.
Edward McCarty	June 22, 1857.
Isaac W. Richards	July 11, "
J. C. Slott	June 22, "
Thomas McCracken	April 23, "
Nehemiah Hoyt	July 11, "
George W. Whitman	" 11, "
John Stewart	" 11, "
J. Wilson	June 22, "
Joseph Cottrell	July 11, "
Henry E. Parlin	" 11, "
Jacob H. Beaver	" 11, "
John White	June 22, "
Anthony Bruder	" 22, "
Lewis Bermlaabz	July 11, "
James N. Haire	" 11, "
W. C. B. Armstrong	" 24, "
John Murphy	April 23, "
James S. Odell	July 11, "
Thomas W. Eastburn	June 22, "
Charles A. Whitmore	July 11, "
Ezekiel Palmer	" 11, "
W. H. Aldis	Jan. 19, 1858.

HARBOR POLICE.

Douglass F. O'Brien,	Alpheus Hodge,
James Smiley,	Thomas M. James,
Samuel W. Daniels,	L. S. Stevens,
Levi Miller,	Alexander Gibson,
Theodore Burdett,	Cornelius Sullivan,
Gilbert Cain,	James Lee,
George Simonson,	Edward Cady,
J. W. Cornell,	James Alexander,
Daniel Holland,	George W. Housey,
Peter Ruck, Jr.,	A. W. Baldwin,
Andrew James,	Richard Welch,
William E. Tombs,	Hamilton Billings.

DOORMEN.

Edward Hooper,	George B. Folger.

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

HARBOR POLICE.

1. The harbor police, until the further action of the Board of Police, shall consist of twenty-five men, distributed in five boats.

2. There shall be assigned to each boat five men, of whom one shall be in command and be called coxswain, but all shall receive the pay of patrolmen.

3. There shall be two sergeants, who shall relieve each other, and while on duty, shall be in command of all the boats, subject directly to the orders of the Deputy Superintendent of New York, under the General Superintendent, to whom reports shall be made every morning at nine o'clock, of the duty performed by the several boats for the preceding twenty-four hours.

4. Three of the boats shall be on service on the East river and bay, of which two shall be on duty from sunset to sunrise, and one from sunrise to sunset.

Two boats shall be on service on the North river, of which one shall be on duty from sunset to sunrise, and one from sunrise to sunset.

5. The beats of the harbor police shall be from the southerly end of Blackwell's Island, on the East river, to Governor's Island and the entrance to the Atlantic Dock, on the Brooklyn shore, and from Fourteenth street to the Battery, on the North river, but the boats may, by order of the sergeant in command, or of the General Superintendent or Deputy Superintendent of New York, proceed to any part of the harbor on police duty.

6. Each boat on night duty shall be provided with a signal lantern, to throw flashes of red light on shore; and it shall be the duty of the patrolmen on West or South streets, who may see the light, to repair to the place where the boat shall land, to render such assistance as may be required.

7. The boats on night duty shall, in addition to the signal lanterns, carry rockets, provided for the purpose, which they shall discharge when requiring assistance from the other boats on service; and it shall be the duty of the other boats to repair immediately to that part of the river or bay whence the rocket was discharged.

8. When a boat shall bring prisoners ashore, it shall be the duty of one or more of the crew to transfer them to the patrolmen on land, who shall convey the prisoners to the nearest station-house.

In addition to the ordinary baton of a patrolman, each member of the harbor police shall be armed, while on duty, with a revolving pistol and a cutlass.

9. Each boat, while on duty, shall be continually moving, unless engaged in watching some suspected place or vessel.

10. The boats shall be painted black on the outside and white on the interior, and the word "Police" shall be painted in large black letters on the inside of the stern, and in white letters on either bow on the outside of the boats, and numbered from one to five; but there shall not be any name or any other distinctive mark on the said boats.

11. The uniform of the harbor police shall be——

A sailor's jacket of blue cloth, police vest buttons.
" vest " " " "
trowsers " "
blue shirt.
A sailor's pea jacket, police coat buttons.
tarpaulin hat.

And from June till September, instead of cloth, white duck trowsers; and instead of tarpaulin, a sailor's straw hat.

The dress of the Sergeants shall be the same as that of the men, except that they shall wear the cap, and other insignia of officers of their rank. The men shall wear the patrolmen's shield.

12. Neither of the boats, under any pretence whatever, whether the crew be on or off duty, shall be employed except on the business of the Police, and if it shall be proven that the crew, or either of them, or any other person or persons shall use a Police boat for pleasure or fishing, the coxswain in command shall be instantly dismissed from the service.

13. It shall be the duty of the members of the Harbor Police to make themselves thoroughly acquainted with the localities of all junk shops, and the character of their occupants, and the character, business, and appearance of all boats and vessels plying in the harbor of New York.

The station of the boats, and the head-quarters of the men shall be hereafter drtermined by the Board

STATEMENT OF CONVICTIONS, ACQUITTALS, &c.

Had in the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Sessions of the Peace, in and for the city and county of New York, from 1841 to 1858, a period of seventeen years.

OFFENCES.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.	1857.
Murder	1	2	....	....	2	1	1	1	1	....	8	4	3	1	1	....	3
Arson, first degree, (capital)	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Manslaughter, (various degrees)	8	....	3	7	2	2	1	3	6	4	8	6	17	15	9	12	15
Assault and battery, with intent to kill or maim	2	3	4	8	4	6	4	3	6	5	9	7	10	11	12	19	12
Assault and battery, with intent to rob	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	2	2	....	....	1	1	5	10	6
Rape and intent to commit rape	4	....	1	1	5	4	5	1	4	2	1	1	4	4	....	....	4
Abandoning a child in public highway	1	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Robbery, (first degree)	4	5	....	3	2	3	11	6	4	10	3	15	10	7	5	6	22
Riot, with assault	26	6	8	17	7	2	....	4	13	49	6	17	45	32	....	....	....
Assault and battery	10	73	86	81	52	39	40	47	19	50	41	37	71	63	47	55	79
Procuring abortion	2	....	....	5	....	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Bigamy	2	1	2	....	3	2	5	3	1	3	1	4	....	2	1	5	5
Incest	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....
Sodomy	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Perjury and subornation of perjury	....	2	2	2	2	....	....	....	2	....	....	2	....	....	2	1	....
Arson, (not capital)	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	8
Burglary, (various degrees)	28	55	68	55	43	24	32	31	18	51	47	54	64	52	67	76	89
Attempt to commit felonies	7	2	5	6	4	6	10	6	10	10	9	14	9	19	48	64	101
Embezzlement	....	1	....	1	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	2	....	3	....	2	4
Grand larceny, and second offence	90	71	84	58	73	76	61	91	87	86	105	119	155	112	62	94	89
Petit larceny, and attempt to commit petit larceny	57	48	40	42	40	88	66	54	95	101	76	51	75	91	130	109	116
Petit larceny, second offence	4	....	....	3	1	3	....	....	....	....	6	8	2	....	....	3	....
Obtaining property by false pretences	4	3	5	7	8	9	10	16	10	11	8	8	12	14	11	7	8

Conspiracy	....	1	2	4	....	....	2	5	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Carrying slung-shot, (felony)	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3	3	1	1	4	4	....	....	....	....	....
Receiving stolen goods, (scienter)	10	8	3	10	6	5	7	8	13	8	4	9	6	6	10	15	5	....	....	....
Accessory to felony	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Forgery, (various degrees)	4	27	22	8	11	9	7	7	12	13	17	15	15	25	19	30	49	....	....	....
Receiving challenge to fight a duel	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Breaking prison	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Aiding prisoners to escape	....	....	....	1	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Keeping gambling and disorderly house	12	16	12	24	7	36	18	....	16	16	15	16	14	38	7	9	3	....	....	....
Nuisance	13	2	2	1	4	5	....	3	....	1	....	....	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....
Selling, insuring and advertising lottery tickets	10	4	2	3	....	2	2	4	....	1	1	....	6	10	2	....	....	....	....	....
Libel	2	10	13	2	2	4	....	1	....	2	1	....	6	4	2	....	....	....	....	....
Cruelty to animals	....	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Selling liquor without license	1	....	....	4	3	1	1	....	....	....	....	14	307	10	1	....	....	....	....	....
Misdemeanor	3	12	7	8	1	4	8	14	1	8	7	1	6	16	10	....	8	....	....	....
Acquitted	153	163	119	103	142	72	78	107	91	102	93	106	155	168	141	77	96	....	....	....
Sentenced to be executed	1	2	....	....	2	1	1	1	2	....	8	4	3	1	1	....	4	....	....	....
" to State Prison	138	151	169	127	125	113	121	136	145	168	200	227	252	225	165	216	246	....	....	....
" to County Prisons	82	78	60	91	64	115	86	96	124	113	91	80	124	144	151	174	177	....	....	....
" to House of Refuge	11	12	11	11	25	18	19	19	4	21	8	7	23	2	10	14	42	....	....	....
Indictments found by Grand Jury	871	909	942	807	765	767	593	631	639	788	833	945	1934	2696	997	986	1273	....	....	....
Complaints dismissed by "	312	294	271	213	403	216	182	206	206	413	281	221	220	205	142	105	154	....	....	....

From January 1, 1830, to December 31, 1857, (twenty-eight years), thirty-seven persons have been sentenced to be executed, on convictions had in the criminal courts of the county. Of this number, sixteen were executed; the sentence of thirteen were commuted to imprisonment for life; one was pardoned; one committed suicide; in four cases new trials were ordered, (two were subsequently convicted of manslaughter, one yet to be tried, and one was discharged), and two are now under sentence.

CONVICTIONS, ACQUITTALS AND DISCHARGES,

By the Court of Special Sessions in and for the city and county of New York, from the year 1838 *to* 1857, *inclusive.*

CONVICTIONS, &c.	1838.	1839.	1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.	1857.
Conviction, petit larceny	261	349	526	666	744	907	896	991	977	....	1064	1180	1419	1453	1475	1415	1411	2047	1788	2041
Acquittals, "	73	93	97	78	138	142	148	193	220	173	258	261	219	187	214	179	108	196	208	273
Convictions, assault & battery	125	163	226	296	287	395	551	615	509	334	436	558	837	662	978	1230	1152	....	986	1589
Acquittals	26	33	32	30	33	54	86	90	87	48	52	59	76	43	51	67	66	929	84	284
Discharges	429	581	488	396	375	537	838	1158	1109	697	672	938	1382	1194	1167	1120	1184	84	1454	1627
Misdemeanors	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	28	25	101
" acquitted	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	6	4	40
Totals	914	1219	1369	1466	1577	2032	2519	3047	2922	2352	2502	2996	3933	3539	3884	8944	3921	3290	4549	5825
Number of Trials in Special Sessions	434	614	839	1001	1119	1311	1495	1741	1651	1399	1635	1837	2218	2079	2405	2570	1528	1942	2803	3752
Sentenced to county prisons	296	241	508	682	737	987	1058	1128	1075	981	1003	1120	1402	1179	1254	1242	1159	1528	1426	1824
" House of Refuge	27	25	28	67	63	55	56	66	56	51	52	71	112	94	97	119	77	9	41	195



RESIDENCE OF JUDGE INGRAHAM.
Harlem, N. Y. 1858.

JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Roger B. Taney, of Maryland, *Chief Justice.*
John M'Lean, Ohio, *Associate Justice.*
Jas. M. Wayne, Georgia, "
John Catron, Tennessee, "
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia, "
Saml. Neilson, New York, "
Robt. C. Grier, Pennsylvania, "
Nathan Clifford, Massachusetts, "
John A. Campbell, Alabama, "

COURT OF APPEALS,

STATE OF NEW YORK,

is composed of eight Judges, of whom four are elected by the people at large, for eight years, and four selected from the Justices of the Supreme Court having the shortest time to serve.

CHOSEN BY THE PEOPLE AT LARGE.

Alexander S. Johnson, of New York. Term expires December, 1859.
Geo. F. Comstock. Term expires December, 1861.
Samuel L. Selden. Term expires December, 1863.
Hiram Denio, of Utica. Term expires December, 1865.

SUPREME COURT.

First District.

TERM EXPIRES DECEMBER 31.

James J. Roosevelt, New York.....1859.
Henry E. Davies, " .....1860.
Thomas W. Clerke, " .....1861.
Josiah Sutherland, " .....1863.
Daniel P. Ingraham, " .....1865.

Second District.

Selah B. Strong, Setauket.....1859.
John W. Lott, Brooklyn.....1861.
Jas. Emot, Ponghkeepsie.....1863.
John W. Brown, Newburg.....1865.

Third District.

William B. Wright, Monticello.....1859.
Ira Harris, Amboy.....1861.
George Gould.....1863.
William Hogeboom.....1865.

Fourth District.

A. Rosekrans.....1859.
Cornelius L. Allen, Salem.....1861.
Amaziah B. James, Ogdensburg.....1863.
Platt Potter.....1865.

Fifth District.

Daniel Pratt, Syracuse.....1859.
William J. Bacon, Utica.....1861.
W. F. Allen.....1863.
——— Mullin.....1865.

Sixth District.

Hiram Gray, Elmira.....1859.
Charles Mason, Hamilton.....1861.
Ransom Balcom.....1863.
——— Campbell.....1865.

Seventh District.

Theron R. Strong, Palmyra.....1859.
Henry Wells, Penn Yan.....1861.
——— Smith.....1863.
E. Darwin.....1865.

Eighth District.

Noah Davis, Jr., Buffalo.....1859.
Benjamin F. Greene, Buffalo.....1861.
R. P. Marvin.....1863.
Martin Grover.....1865.

Assignment of Courts and Judges in the City of New York, for the Years 1858 *and* 1859.

GENERAL TERMS.

1858.

First Monday of February.....Judges Davies, Clerke, Sutherland.
" May.....Davies, Sutherland, Ingraham.
Third " September.....Davies, Clerke, Sutherland.
First " November.....Davies, Clerke, Ingraham.

1859.

First Monday of February.....Judges Roosevelt, Davies, Clerke.
" May.....Roosevelt, Davies, Ingraham.
Third " September.....Roosevelt, Clerke, Sutherland.
First " November.....Roosevelt, Sutherland, Ingraham.

During the General Terms of 1858, the Judges sitting in General Term will also sit in Chambers, from half-past nine, A. M., till eleven.

CIRCUITS.

1858.

First Monday of January.....by Judge Clerke.
" February..... " Ingraham.
" March..... " Davies.
" April..... " Sutherland.

First Monday of May			by Judge	Clerke.
"		June	"	Davies.
Third	"	September	"	Ingraham.
First	"	October	"	Clerke.
"		November	"	Sutherland.
"		December	"	Ingraham.

1859.

First Monday of January			by Judges	Davies and Clerke.
"		February	"	Sutherland.
"		March	"	Roosevelt and Ingraham.
"		April	"	Davies and Ingraham.
"		May	"	Clerke.
"		June	"	Sutherland and Ingraham.
Third	"	September	"	Davies.
First	"	October	"	Roosevelt and Sutherland.
"		November	"	Clerke.
"		December	"	Sutherland.

Where two Judges are to hold the Circuit at the same time, the one last named will take up the even numbers on the Calendar, and the other the odd numbers. In such cases, a panel of jurors will be summoned for each part unless the business of the Oyer and Terminer shall prevent the attendance of more than one Judge at the Circuit.

OYER AND TERMINER.

To be held at the same time with the Circuits, in the months of January, April, October and December.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR ENUMERATED MOTIONS.

1858.

First Monday of January			by Judge	Davies.
"		March	"	Sutherland.
"		April	"	Clerke.
"		June	"	Ingraham.
"		October	"	Sutherland.
"		December	"	Davies.

1859.

First Monday of January			by Judge	Roosevelt.
"		March	"	Davies.
"		April	"	Sutherland.
"		June	"	Clerke.
"		October	"	Davies.
"		December	"	Ingraham.

The Judge sitting in Chambers, will at the same time hold Special Term for any ex parte business, and for such litigated business as he shall expressly permit.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS AND CHAMBER BUSINESS.

1858.	1859.
January.....by Judge Ingraham.	January.....by Judge Sutherland.
February..... " All the Judges.	February..... " " Ingraham.
March..... " Judge Clerke.	March..... " " Clerke.
April..... " " Davies.	April..... " " Roosevelt.
May..... " All the Judges.	May..... " " Sutherland.
June..... " Judge Sutherland.	June..... " " Roosevelt.
July..... " " Ingraham.	July..... " " Clerke.
August..... " " Clerke.	August..... " " Ingraham.
September..... " " Davies, for two weeks—All the Judges.	September..... " " Davies, two weeks, residue, Judge Ingraham.
October.....by Judge Ingraham.	October.....by Judge Ingraham.
November..... " All the Judges.	November..... " " Davies.
December..... " Judge Sutherland	December..... " " Clerke.

The Judge at Chambers will begin on the first Monday of the month to which he is assigned, and continue to and including the Saturday preceding the first Monday of the succeeding month.

REGULATIONS.

All issues of fact already joined and triable in the city of New York, will be noticed to the Clerk, and be put on the Calendar for the ensuing January Circuit.

During the first week of that Circuit, motions to correct the Calendar may be made.

After that week the Calendar will remain unchanged, and continue the Calendar for every successive Circuit, until all the causes on it shall be tried; each Circuit beginning on the Calendar, where the immediately preceding Circuit left off.

Twenty causes a day, and no more will be called at General and Special Terms, and before each Judge at Circuit, *unless otherwise specially ordered.*

No cause will be set down for a particular day at a Circuit, unless sworn off when called, on account of the absence of a witness, and on payment of costs.

If the trial of a cause shall not be moved by either party, when called in its order on the Circuit Calendar, it will go to the foot of the Calendar, and not be called again until it shall be reached in that place.

All new issues will be noticed for the first day of the next Circuit, after the same shall be joined, and be put in their order at the foot of the permanent Calendar.

After the first week of each Circuit, (during which, motions to correct the Calendar may be made,) the Calendar of the causes which may have gone down at the previous Circuit, and the new issues will be entered as part and in continuation of the permanent Calendar; and so on, from court to court, until the end of the year.

These regulations do not affect the question of noticing the causes for trial to the opposite party, from court to court, as the statute may require.

All applications must be made to the Judge assigned for that particular business, excepting matters entirely ex parte.

SPECIAL CIRCUIT CALENDAR.

At any Circuit, until further orders, any causes belonging to either of the two following classes, may be placed on a Special Circuit Calendar, unless the trial is likely to occupy more than one hour.

1st. Where the action is on contract, and the answer merely denies the allegations in the complaint, without setting up any new matter.

2d. Where the action is on contract, and new matter is set up in the answer, and there shall be reason to believe that the defence is made only for the purpose of delay.

To entitle the cause to be placed on such Calendar, the plaintiff's attorney must give a notice of four days to be heard before a Judge at Chambers, that he will move to have the cause placed on such Calendar; and if the motion be granted, the cause may be heard on any subsequent Friday.

If the motion be founded on the belief that the defence is for delay, affidavits must be served at the time of notice.

The plaintiff's attorney must deliver to the Clerk of the Circuit, a like notice one day before such Friday, containing also the number of the cause on the General Circuit Calendar.

If the cause shall actually occupy more than one hour on the trial, the trial may be suspended at the discretion of the Court, and the cause be put down at the foot of the Calendar.

SUPERIOR COURT.

John Duer, *Chief Justice.*

John Slosson,
Joseph S. Bosworth,
Murray Hoffman,
Lewis B. Woodruff,
Edwd. Pierrepont,
} *Justices.*

George T. Maxwell, *Clerk.*

GENERAL TERM.

Held on the first Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, October, November and December.

TRIAL TERMS.

Held on the first Monday of January, February, March, April, May, June, October, November and December.

During the General Term, one of the Justices will hold a court at Chambers daily, at one o'clock, P.M.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

C. P. Daly,
John R. Brady,
Henry Hilton,
} *Justices.*

B. H. Jarvis, *Clerk*

TERMS OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

For the City and County of New York, for the years 1858 *and* 1859.

GENERAL TERMS FOR ARGUMENTS AND APPEALS.

Fourth	Monday of	January	Held by all the Judges.		
"	"	February	"	"	"
"	"	March	"	"	"
"	"	April	"	"	"
"	"	May	"	"	"
"	"	June	"	"	"
"	"	September	"	"	"
"	"	October	"	"	"
"	"	November	"	"	"
"	"	December	"	"	"

Open at 11 o'clock, A.M.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR THE TRIAL OF ISSUES OF FACT.

			PART I.	PART II.
First	Monday of	January	Judge Brady,	Judge Hilton.
"	"	February	" Daly,	" Brady.
"	"	March	" Hilton.	" Daly.
"	"	April	" Brady.	" Hilton.
"	"	May	" Daly.	" Brady.
"	"	June	" Hilton.	" Daly.
"	"	October	" Brady.	" Hilton.
"	"	November	" Daly.	" Brady.
"	"	December	" Hilton.	" Daly.

Open at 11 o'clock, A.M.

No day Calendar will be made up for Saturday.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR THE TRIAL OF ISSUES OF LAW, AND FOR MOTIONS, &c.

1st	Monday,	January,	Judge Daly.	1st	Monday,	July,	Judge Daly.
"		February,	" Hilton,	"		August,	" Hilton.
"		March,	" Brady.	"		September,	" Brady.
"		April,	" Daly.	"		October,	" Daly.
"		May,	" Hilton.	"		November,	" Hilton.
"		June,	" Brady.	"		December,	" Brady.

Open at 10 o'clock, A.M.

MARINE COURT.

A. Thompson,
A. K. Maynard,
Florence McCarthy. } *Justices.*

Moses D. Gale, *Clerk.*

Open every day except Sunday.

UNITED STATES COURT.

Southern District of New York, comprising the following counties:

Columbia, Dutchess, Greene, Kings, New York, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, Sullivan, Ulster and Westchester.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

Samuel Nelson, *Associate Justice of U. S. Supreme Court and Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court.*
Samuel R. Betts, *Judge of the U. S. District Court.*
Theodore Sedgwick, *U. S. District Attorney.*
P. J. Joachimsen, *Asst.* "
Isaiah Rynders, *U. S. Marshal.*
Jos. Thompson, *Dep.* "
Kenneth G. White, *Clerk of Circuit Court.*
Richard E. Stilwell, *Deputy Clerk.*
George F. Betts, *Clerk of District Court*
George W. Morton, *Deputy Clerk.*
Joseph Bridgham, *Clerk.*

U. S. COMMISSIONERS.

Kenneth G. White, George W. Morton,
Richard E. Stilwell, George F. Betts,
Joseph Bridgham.

U. S. COMMISSIONERS TO TAKE AFFIDAVITS, DEPOSITIONS, BAILS, &c.

The Clerks of the Circuit and District Courts and their Chief Deputies are Commissioners, *ex officio*, for the city and county of New York: and the County Clerks of the remaining counties, comprising the Southern District of New York, are Commissioners, *ex officio*, for those counties.

COURT TERMS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Equity and Criminal Terms, last Monday in February.
General Term, first Monday in April, and third Monday in October.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

General Term, first Tuesday in each month.
Special Term, every Tuesday.



FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Henry H. Howard, *Chief Engineer*.....108 Leonard street.
Peter N. Cornwell, *Asst.* " .....5 Ludlow street.
John Baulch, " " .....76 Frankfort street.
John A. Cregier, " " .....51 Morton street.
Tim. L. West, " " .....259 West 17th street.
John Decker, " " .....13 Ann street.
Elisha Kingsland, " " .....44 First street.
Noah L. Farnham, " " .....5 Varick place.
Wm. T. Mawbey, " " .....Harlem.
G. J. Ruch, " " .....112 East 25th street.
John Brice, " " .....282 West 31st street.
James F. Wenman, " " .....2 King street.
Ed. W. Jacobs, " " .....239 Delancey street.
Daniel Donovan, " " .....42 Vandewater street.

PERSONS EMPLOYED BY THE CHIEF ENGINEER, AT THE PUBLIC YARD, NO. 21 ELIZABETH STREET.

Charles A. Gray, *Clerk*.....61 Walker street.
George T. Alker, " .....410 Broadway.
John L. Cregier, " .....51 Morton street.

WORKMEN IN THE CORPORATION YARD.

James R. Mount, *Foreman*.....43 Mott street.
Hugh Bennett.....175 Mulberry street.

Michael J. Noddy.....35 Madison street.
Ebenezer Chambers.....101 Clinton street.
David Conlan.....59 Mott street.
Robert Anspake.....343 Madison street.
Henry Lewis.....49 Ridge street.
John Gunson.....412 Madison street.

OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

David Milliken, *President*.....35 Broadway; house, 759 Broadway.
John Gillelan, *Vice-President*.....42 Wall street; house, Harlem.
William A. Woodhull, *Secretary*.....207 Front street; house, 184 Henry st.
John S. Giles, *Treasurer*.....34 Elizabeth st.; house, 181 Tenth st.
David Theall, *Collector*.....112 Fourth street.

TRUSTEES.

Henry A. Burr, *President*.....cor. Cliff and Frankfort; h., 33 7th st.
James Kelly, *Secretary*.....330 Pearl street.

Committee on Donations.

Jonas N. Phillips.....85 Pike slip; house, 73 Greene street.
James Y. Watkins.....16 Catharine st.; house, 28 Henry st.
Zophar Mills.....144 Front st.; house, 207 Madison st.
Albert J. Delatour.....25½ Wall st.; house, 10 City Hall place.
Samuel B. Thomson.....84 Beekman st.; house, 148 Laurens st.
A. F. Ockershausen.....21 Rose street; house, 22 Rose street.
William Williams.....115 West 19th st.; house, 117 W. 19th.

Committee on Schools.
James Y. Watkins,
Jonas N. Phillips,
William Williams.

Committee on Fines and Penalties.
Jonas N. Phillips,
Samuel B. Thomson,
A. F. Ockershausen.

Committee on Finance.
Zophar Mills,
Albert J. Delatour,
William Williams.

Committee on Fuel.
Albert J. Delatour,
Samuel B. Thomson,
Henry A. Burr.

Special Committee to Solicit Donations.
Zophar Mills, Albert J. Delatour,
James Y. Watkins.

Places to keep the book to receive Reports of Chimneys being on Fire.
Fire Warden's Office, No. 21 Elizabeth street, and Chief Engineer's Office, No. 21 Elizabeth street.

All complaints of violation of the laws of the State and of the Corporation, relative to fires, powder, construction of buildings, &c., are to be made to the

FIRE WARDENS.

John T. Harding, *President*.....647 Fourth street.
Floyd S. Gregg.....39 Watts street.
Charles L Merritt.....72 Division street.

Michael Eichell.....143 Forsyth street.
Lewis C. Meeks.....336 Front street.
Robert B. Sanderson.....181 Church street.
George C. Brown.....60 Greenwich avenue.
Theodore Keeler.....74 Second avenue.
W. H. McDonough.....125 Mulberry street.
John S. Clayton.....148 Sullivan street.
John Downey.....123 Christopher street.
James Macgregor.....149 Rivington street.
John J. Tindale, *Clerk*.....21 Elizabeth street.

POLICE STATION-HOUSES.

Where books are kept to receive Reports of Chimneys being on Fire.

1. Franklin Market.
2. No. 49 Beekman street.
3. No. 79 Warren street.
4. No. 9 Oak street.
5. No. 49 Leonard street.
6. Franklin, near Baxter street.
7. Gouverneur slip.
8. Old Watch House, corner Prince and Wooster streets.
9. No. 94 Charles street.
0. Ludlow, corner of Grand street.
11. Union Market.
12. 126th street, between 3d and 4th avs., and at Manhattanville.
13. Cor. Attorney and Delancey sts.
14. Spring street, near Marion.
15. No. 220 Mercer street.
16. Twentieth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.
17. Fifth street and First avenue.
18. Twenty-second street, bet. First and Second avenues.
19. Fifty-ninth street, bet. Second and Third avenues.
20. Thirty-fifth street, bet. Eighth and Ninth avenues.
21. Twenty-ninth street, bet. Fourth and Madison avenues.
22. Eighth avenue, near Forty-eighth street.

FIRE COMPANIES.

There are forty-eight engine companies, sixty hose companies and fifteen hook and ladder companies, nearly all of which are supplied with the necessary apparatus for service.

FIRE DISTRICTS.

The city is divided into Eight Fire Districts, as follows;

The First Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city lying north of Twenty-second street, and east of the Sixth avenue.

The Second Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city lying north of Twenty-second street, and west of the Sixth avenue.

The Third Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the foot of North Moore street, on the North river, and extending easterly in a straight line to the corner of Church and

Leonard streets; thence northerly, in a straight line to the corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-second street; thence westerly, along Twenty-second street to the North river; thence southerly, along the North river, to the place of beginning.

The Fourth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the corner of Leonard and Church streets; running thence northerly, in a straight line to the corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-second street; thence easterly, along Twenty-second street to Lexington avenue; thence southerly, in a straight line to the corner of Elm and Leonard streets, and thence westerly in a straight line to the corner of Church and Leonard streets.

The Fifth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Commencing at the corner of Elm and Leonard streets; and running thence northerly, in a straight line to the corner of Lexington avenue and Twenty-second street; thence easterly, along Twenty-second street to the East river; thence southerly, and along the East river to Fourteenth street; thence southwesterly, in a straight line to the corner of Leonard and Baxter streets; thence westerly, in a straight line to the place of beginning.

The Sixth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the corner of Leonard and Baxter streets; and running thence easterly, in a straight line to the foot of Market street, on the East river; thence along the East river to Fourteenth street; thence southwesterly, in a straight line to the place of beginning.

The Seventh Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the foot of Market street on the East river; and running thence westerly, in a straight line to the corner of Leonard and Elm streets; thence southerly, along a straight line, intersecting Wall street, at the junction of Nassau, Wall and Broad streets, and continued through the Battery to the North river.

The Eighth Fire District shall comprise all that part of the city bounded and containing as follows: Beginning at the foot of North Moore street on the North river, and running thence easterly, in a straight line to the corner of Leonard and Elm streets; thence southerly along a straight line intersecting with Wall street, at the junction of Nassau, Wall and Broad streets, and continued through the Battery to the North river.

In case of fire in the First District, the signal shall be one stroke from the alarm bells.

In the Second District, two strokes.
" Third " three "
" Fourth " four "
" Fifth " five "
" Sixth " six "
" Seventh " seven "
" Eighth " eight "

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the First and Second Districts, shall be required to do duty in both the said districts.

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the Third and Fourth Districts, shall be required to do duty in both the said districts.

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies located in the Fifth and Sixth Districts, shall be required to do duty in both said districts.

All the engine, hose, and hook and ladder companies, located in the Seventh and Eighth districts, shall be required to do duty in both the said districts.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, November 9, 1850.

Adopted by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, November 11, 1850.

Approved by the Mayor, November 25, 1850.

The force in each Fire District is as follows:

First District.

Ten engines, eight hose carriages, and three hook and ladder trucks.

Second District.

Nine engines, seven hose carriages, and two hook and ladder trucks.

Third District.

Four engines, seven hose carriages, and two hook and ladder trucks.

Fourth District.

Five engines, eight hose carriages, and two hook and ladder trucks.

Fifth District.

Four engines, five hose carriages, and one hook and ladder truck.

Sixth District.

Eight engines, eleven hose carriages, and four hook and ladder trucks.

Seventh District.

Four engines, ten hose carriages, and one hook and ladder truck.

Eighth District.

Four engines and four hose carriages.

Resolved, That hereafter, all fire companies shall do duty in any two fire districts the Chief Engineer may designate, and that *no* company be allowed to take their apparatus into any other district, except by his permission or direction, or in case of a general alarm.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, June 6, 1855.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, June 8, 1855.

Approved by the Mayor, June 12, 1855.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Engines—1, 7, 10, 12, 15, 18, 28, 33, 36, 37, 39, 51.
Hose—7, 30, 32, 37, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 51, 61, 62.
Hook and Ladder trucks—8, 9.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Engines—1, 10, 12, 15, 18, 25, 33, 36, 37, 39, 48, 50.
Hose—30, 32, 37, 42, 44, 46, 51, 57, 62.
Hook and Ladder trucks—2, 8.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Engines—3, 11, 24, 25, 29, 34, 48, 50.
Hose—11, 23, 24, 33, 35, 38, 40, 55, 57.
Hook and Ladder trucks—2, 3, 6, 14.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Engines—4, 9, 23, 24, 29, 34.
Hose—5, 11, 19, 23, 24, 29, 35, 38, 40, 55.
Hook and Ladder trucks—3, 6, 12, 14.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Engines—4, 7, 9, 17, 19, 26, 28, 32, 41, 44, 51.
Hose—4, 7, 13, 16, 17, 29, 31, 34, 39, 45, 47, 61.
Hook and Ladder trucks—5, 9, 12, 13.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Engines—6, 8, 17, 19, 26, 31, 32, 44.
Hose—4, 6, 9, 13, 16, 17, 22, 26, 31, 34, 36, 47.
Hook and Ladder trucks—5, 11, 13.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Engines—2, 5, 8, 13, 14, 16, 20, 21, 22, 31, 38, 40, 42.
Hose—1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 10, 15, 18, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 36, 41, 49, 50, 53, 54, 56, 58, 60.
Hook and Ladder trucks—1, 4, 11, 15.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Engines—2, 5, 6, 11, 13, 14, 16, 20, 21, 22, 38, 40, 41, 42.
Hose—1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 27, 28, 33, 41, 49, 50, 53, 54, 56, 58, 60.
Hook and Ladder trucks—1, 4, 15.

Harlem and vicinity—Engines 35, 49; Hose Co's. 43, 52; Hook and Ladder truck 7.

Carmansville and vicinity—Engine 27.

Yorkville and vicinity—Engine 45; Hose Co. 48; Hook and Ladder truck 10.

Manhattanville and vicinity—Engine 43; Hose Co. 59.

The Yorkville and Harsenville companies will not be required below Forty-second street.

The Harlem, Manhattanville and Carmansville companies will be under the direction of the engineer of that district.

Resolved, That hereafter, all hose companies shall carry not less than nine lengths of hose, and the Chief Engineer is hereby directed to notify all hose companies to comply with this resolution immediately after the passage thereof.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, June 5, 1855.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, June 5, 1855.

Approved by the Mayor, June 7, 1855.

Return of the Engine, Hose, Hook and Ladder, and Hydrant Companies, their Apparatus, Places of Deposit, Condition, &c.

ENGINE COMPANIES.

Hudson engine No. 1—Located, 188 West Forty-seventh street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in ordinary condition; engine second class, piano style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1850, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 41, entitled to 60; 800 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

Excelsior engine No. 2—Located, 21 Henry street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order, engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1852, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 37, entitled to 60; 650 feet of hose, all of which is good.

National engine No. 3—Located, 557 Hudson street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in ordinary condition; engine in good condition, third class, ——— style, 7 inch cylinders, 4½ inch stroke; present number of men 38, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Niagara engine No. 4—Located 220 Mercer street; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1849, by James Smith; rebuilt 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 32, entitled to 60; 700 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Protection engine No. 5—Located, 61 Ann street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, crane neck, piano, 8 inch cylinders, built in 1856; present number of men 40, entitled to 60; 900 feet of hose, 500 of which is in good condition.

Americus engine No. 6—Located, 269 Henry street, near Gouverneur street; performs duty in sixth, seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine first class, 9 inch cylinders, 10 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1856; present number of men 70, entitled to 70; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Lexington engine No. 7—Located, 109 East Twenty-third street; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1849, by James Smith; present number of men 56, entitled to 60; 500 feet of hose, in an ordinary condition.

Manhattan engine No. 8—Located, 91 Ludlow street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in ordinary condition; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1846, by Rogers, Baltimore, Md.; present number of men 47, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Marion engine No. 9—Located, 47 Marion street; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order; first class company, but doing duty with third class engine, 6½ inch cylinder, and nine inch stroke; present number of men 51, entitled to 70; 600 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Water Witch engine No. 10—Located in Eighty-second street, between Third and Fourth avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, double end brakes, alternate motion, four 8½ inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1855, by Messrs. Burnham, of Yorkville; present number of men 14, entitled to 60; 500 feet of hose, in an ordinary condition.

Oceanus engine No. 11—Located, 99 Wooster street; performs duty in the third and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built by Van Ness & Torboss, in 1853; present number of men 45, entitled to 60; 800 feet of hose all of which is good.

Knickerbocker engine No. 12—Located, 113 East Fortieth street, temporary; performs duty in the first and second districts; engine third class, piano new style, four 6 inch cylinders, 6 inch stroke, patent capstan, built by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 31, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, in an ordinary condition.

Eagle engine No. 13—Located, 5 Duane street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, end brakes, and patent capstan, four 8 inch cylinders, 4 inch stroke; good condition; built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 29, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Columbia engine No. 14—Located, corner Church and Vesey streets; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1847, by John Agnew, Philadelphia, Pa., now rebuilding by John Agnew; present number of men 52, entitled to 60; 600 feet of hose, 500 of which is good.

Chatham engine No. 15—Located in Ninth avenue, near Thirty-eighth street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House temporary; engine first class, end brakes, patent capstan, four 10 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1853, by John H. Sickles; present number of men 56, entitled to 70; 650 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Mohawk engine No. 16—Located, 126 West Broadway; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House is small; engine in good condition, second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1857, by Torboss & Co.; present number of men 25, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

East River engine No. 17—Located, 7 Goerck street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Shangai style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1857, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 39, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Union engine No. 18—Located, corner of Thirty-eighth street and Broadway, temporary; second class skeleton engine, four 7 inch cylinders, 6 inch stroke, patent capstan, building by Pine & Hartshorn; to perform duty in the first and second districts; present number of men 20, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Lafayette engine No. 19—Located, 199 Chrystie street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1852, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 44, entitled to 60; 700 feet of hose, 400 of which is good.

Washington engine No. 20—Located, 3 Temple street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in ordinary condition; engine small, third class, crane neck, piano style, 7½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, building by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 35, entitled to 50; 500 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Fulton engine No. 21—Located in Worth street, near Broadway; performs

duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in bad condition; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinder, 9 inch stroke, built in 1851, by James Smith, now building by the same builder; present number of men 35, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Protector engine No. 22—Located, corner Centre and Chambers streets; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, crane neck, piano style, 8 inch cylinder, built by Torboss & Co., in 1857, in good condition; present number of men 34, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

United States engine No. 23—Located, Twelfth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, 7 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1853, by James Smith; present number of men 32, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Jackson engine No. 24—Located in Seventeenth street, near Ninth avenue; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in ordinary condition; engine second class, piano new style, 8½ inch cylinders, 8 inch stroke, patent capstan, built by James Smith; present number of men 38, entitled to 60; 800 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Cataract engine No. 25—Located 1006 Broadway; performs duty in the second and third districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano style, 8 inch cylinder, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1857, by J. H. Sickles; present number of men 39, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Jefferson engine No. 26—Located, 83 Fifth street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1853, by J. H. Sickles, patent capstan; present number of men 36, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Fort Washington engine No. 27—Located at Carmansville; performs duty at Carmansville and vicinity. House in good condition; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 4½ inch stroke, patent capstan, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 34, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Pacific engine No. 28—Located, 377 Fourth avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House in good order; engine third class, crane neck, piano style, 7½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1854, by James Smith; present number of men 21, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Guardian engine No. 29—Located, 14 West Tenth street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1854, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 55, entitled to 60; 650 feet of hose, all of which is in bad condition.

Adriatic engine No. 31—Located, 49 Chrystie street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in ordinary condition; first class engine, 10 inch cylinder, from 6 to 12 inch stroke, good condition, built in 1857, by Wm. Jeffers & Co., Pawtucket, R. I.; present number of men 56, entitled to 70; 400 feet of hose, in good condition.

Bunker Hill engine No. 32—Located, 101 Hester street; performs duty in the the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano, crane neck, 8 inch cylinder, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1856, by James Smith; present number of men 33, entitled to 60; 700 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Black Joke No. 33—Located in Fifty-eighth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, end brakes, new style, four 8 inch cylinders, 4½ inch stroke, with patent capstan, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 44, entitled to 60; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Howard engine No. 34—Located in Christopher, near Hudson street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order, but small; engine second class, crane neck, piano style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1856, by James Smith; present number of men 56, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Columbus engine No. 35—Located on Third avenue, near One hundred and twenty-first street; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; engine second class, end brakes, 9 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1857, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 27, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Equitable engine No. 36—Located in Sixty-eighth street, near Broadway (Harsenville); performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels, in good condition; present number of men 34, entitled to 50; 800 feet of hose, 400 of which is good.

Tradesmen engine No. 37—Located in Fifty-ninth street, between Second and Third avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; engine second class, piano style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, built in 1856, by W. H. Torboss, in good condition; present number of men 20, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Southwark engine No. 38—Located, 28 Ann street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in bad condition; engine first class, Philadelphia style, 9½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in ordinary condition, built in 1842, by John Agnew, Philadelphia, Pa.; patent running gear, rebuilt in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 38, entitled to 70; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Franklin engine No. 39—Located in Thirty-first street, near Seventh avenue; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good condition; engine built by John H. Sickels, third class, piano, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan; present number of men 39, entitled to 50; 600 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Lady Washington engine No. 40—Located in Elm street, near Broome; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, crane neck style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1856, by James Smith; present number of men 55, entitled to 60; 600 feet of hose, 400 of which is good.

Clinton engine No. 41—Located in Delancey street, corner of Attorney street; performs duty in the fifth and eighth districts. House in ordinary condition; engine second class, piano Carson style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition. built in 1853, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 55, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Empire engine No. 42—Located, No. 2½ Murray street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; engine second class, crane neck, piano style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1853, by James Smith; present number of men 38, entitled to 60; 450 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Manhattan engine No. 43—Located at Manhattanville; performs duty at Manhattanville, Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, 7 inch cylinders, 8 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1853, by James Smith; present number of men 22, entitled to 50; 450 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Live Oak engine No. 44—Located, 92 Houston street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in ordinary condition; engine second class, Philadelphia style, 8½ inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, in good condition, built in 1851, by A. Van Ness; present number of men 41, entitled to 60; 700 feet of hose, 400 of which is good.

Aurora engine No. 45—Located at Yorkville; performs duty in Yorkville and vicinity. House in ordinary condition; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1854, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 35, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Mazeppa engine No. 48—Located in Twenty-fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the second and third districts. House in good order; engine second class, new style, end brakes, four 8½ inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 41, entitled to 60; 800 feet of hose, 400 of which is good.

Pocahontas engine No. 49—Located in One hundred and twenty-sixth street, between Third and Fourth avenues; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in good order; engine third class, piano style, four 7 inch cylinders, 4½ inch stroke, patent capstan, in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 25, entitled to 50; 700 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Lone Star engine No. 50—Located, 165 West Twentieth street; performs duty in the second and third districts. House in good order; engine third class, piano new style, four 7 inch cylinders, 5 inch stroke, patent capstan, built in 1855, by James Smith; present number of men 25, entitled to 50; 400 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Mutual engine No. 51—Located in Twenty-second street, near First avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House in good condition; engine second class, Shanghai style, 8 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, good condition, built in 1856, by Torboss & Co.; present number of men 40, entitled to 60; 400 feet of hose, in good condition.

HOSE COMPANIES.

Eagle hose No. 1—Located in Madison, near Pike street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 17, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Knickerbocker hose No. 2—Located 5 Duane street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in ordinary condition; carriage built by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 22, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Independence hose No. 3—Located, 211 Hester street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 22, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Marion hose No. 4—Located corner of Delancey and Attorney streets; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in ordinary condition; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 30, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, 400 feet of which is good.

New York hose No. 5—Located, Firemen's Hall, Mercer street; performs duty in the fourth and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1847, by Pine & Hartshorn; rebuilt in 1852, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 24, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Croton hose No. 6—Located, 23½ Gouverneur street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 26, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Ringgold hose No. 7—Located in Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1857, by William Williams; present number of men 18, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, 600 feet of which is good.

City hose No. 8—Located, 74 Cedar street, temporary; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. Carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 10, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Columbia hose No. 9—Located, 174 Mulberry street; performs duty in the sixth and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 23, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Liberty hose No. 10—Located, 3 Dover street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1855, by Jesse H. Ludlum; present number of men 17, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Gulick hose No. 11—Located, 14 Amos street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; hose tender in good condition; present number of men 29, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Washington hose No. 12—Disbanded.

Jackson hose No. 13—Located, 34 Mangin street; performs duty in the fifth

and sixth districts. House in bad order; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 17, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Atlantic hose No. 14—Disbanded.

Fulton hose No. 15—Located, 1½ Eldridge street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; rebuilt in 1857, by the same builders; present number of men 28, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Tompkins hose No. 16—Located in Norfolk, near Houston street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 29, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Clinton hose No. 17—Located corner of First avenue and Fifth street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage ordinary, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 27, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Franklin hose No. 18—Located, 28 Beaver street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 26, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

American hose No. 19—Located, 52 Greene street; performs duty in the fourth and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 20, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, 100 of which is good.

Humane hose No. 20—Located, 28 Ann street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House indifferent and small; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 17, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Hudson hose No. 21—Located, 304 Washington street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1853, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Phœnix hose No. 22—Located, 101 Hester street; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1849, by A. Van Ness; rebuilt in 1855, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 24, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Perry hose No. 23—Located in Horatio, between Hudson and Fourth streets; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good condition; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1849, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 21, entitled to 30; 1,000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

National hose No. 24—Located, 253 Spring street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in ordinary condition; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by J. H. S. Allen, of Newark, N. J.; present number of men 27, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

United States hose No. 25—Located in Worth street, near Broadway; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in ordinary condition;

carriage built by J. H. Sickels ; rebuilt in 1857, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 11, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Rutgers hose No. 26—Located, 6 Norfolk street ; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 30, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Neptune hose No. 27—Located, 106 Reade street ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in bad condition ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by Torboss & Co. ; present number of men 19, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Pearl hose No. 28—Located, corner of Chambers and Centre streets ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856 by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 25, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Metamora hose No. 29—Located, corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-first street ; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Ludlum ; present number of men 14, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Laurel hose No. 30—Located in Twenty-seventh street, near Ninth avenue ; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good condition ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of mnn 12, entitled to 30 ; 1,000 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Putnam hose No. 31—Located, 7 Jackson street ; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order ; carriage in ordinary condition, built by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 19, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Index hose No. 32—Located, corner of Forty-eighth street and Eighth avenue ; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 21, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Warren hose No. 33—Located, 118 Sullivan street ; performs duty in the third and eighth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built by Jesse H. Ludlum ; present number of men 30, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Lafayette hose No. 34—Located 211 East Eleventh street ; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good condition ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Ludlum ; present number of men 22, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Baltic hose No. 35—Located, 199 Mercer street ; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 21, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Oceana hose No. 36—Located, 205 Madison street ; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Sickels ; present number of men 18, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Madison hose No. 37—Located in Broadway, near Twenty-sixth street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 20, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Amity hose No. 38—Located, 132 Amity street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 19, entitled to 30; 1,000 feet of hose, in good condition.

Metropolitan hose No. 39—Located, 343 Third avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House in bad order; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Ludlum; present number of men 17, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Empire hose No. 40—Located, 70 Barrow street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in bad order; carriage in good condition, built in 1857, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 30, entitled to 30; 1,000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Alert hose No. 41—Located, 67 Watts street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. Carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 18, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Mazeppa hose No. 42—Located, 286 West Thirty-third street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 24, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Pioneer hose No. 43—Located on Third avenue and One hundred and twenty-first street; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in ordinary condition; carriage in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 25, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Washington hose No. 44—Located in Thirty-first street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 22, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Red Jacket hose No. 45—Located in Thirty-third street, near Third avenue; performs duty in the first and fifth districts. House in good order; carriage condemned; present number of men 18, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Valley Forge hose No. 47—Located, 138 West Thirty-seventh street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good condition; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 25, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Mechanics' hose No. 47—Located in Fourth street, between Avenue D and Lewis street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; carriage ordinary, built in 1856, by Torboss & Co.; present number of men 27, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Americus hose No. 48—Located in Eighty-fifth street, near Third avenue; performs duty in Yorkville and vicinity. House in good order; carriage in good

condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 19, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in good condition.

Lady Washington hose No. 49—Located, 126 Cedar street ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn ; rebuilt in 1857 ; present number of men 12, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Hope hose No. 50—Located, 10½ Mott street ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 24, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Relief hose No. 51—Located in Fiftieth street and Lexington avenue ; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 14, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

Undine hose No. 52—Located in one hundred and twenty-second street, near Third avenue ; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 17, entitled to 30 ; 1,000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Naiad hose No. 53—Located, 179 Church street ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1853, by J. H. Sickels ; present number of men 18, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Eureka hose No. 54—Located, 153 Franklin street ; performs duty in the third and eighth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1857, by W. H. Torboss ; present number of men 20, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Harry Howard hose No. 55—Located in Christopher, near Hudson street ; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order ; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by J. H. Sickels ; present number of men 26, entitled to 30 ; 1000 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Nassau hose No. 56—Located, 8 Theatre Alley ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House temporary ; hose tender building by Torboss & Co. ; present number of men 14, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in good condition.

Paulding hose No. 57—Located in Eighteenth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the second and third districts. House temporary ; carriage in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 22, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Merchant hose No. 58—Located in Burling slip ; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House temporary ; carriage ordinary, built in 1849, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 21, entitled to 30 ; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

Ion hose No. 59—Located in Manhattanville ; performs duty in Manhattanville and vicinity. House temporary ; carriage in ordinary condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn ; present number of men 12, entitled to 30 ; 950 feet of hose, in ordinary condition.

M. T. Brennan hose No. 60—Located, 12 Elm street ; performs duty in the

seventh and eighth districts. House in good condition; carriage in good condition, built in 1855, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 23, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, all of which is good.

Hose company No. 61—Located, 379 Fourth avenue; performs duty in first and fifth districts. House in good condition; carriage in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 8, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in good condition.

Minute hose No. 62—Located, 380 West Forty-third street. House temporary; hose tender building by Wm. Williams; present number of men 16, entitled to 30; 900 feet of hose, in bad condition.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANIES.

Mutual hook and ladder No. 1—Located in Chambers, corner of Centre street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1848; rebuilt in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 12, entitled to 50.

Chelsea hook and ladder No. 2—Located in Twenty-fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; performs duty in the second and third districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1856, by J. H. Sickels; present number of men 41, entitled to 50.

Phœnix hook and ladder No. 3—Located, 132 Amity street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 25, entitled to 50.

Eagle hook and ladder No. 4—No location.

Union hook and ladder No. 5—Located 91 Norfolk street; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1852, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 27, entitled to 50.

Lafayette hook and ladder No. 6—Located, Firemen's Hall, Mercer street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn, and rebuilt in 1856, by the same; present number of men 26, entitled to 50.

Mechanics' hook and ladder No. 7—Located in One hundred and twenty-sixth street, between Third and Fourth avenues; performs duty in Harlem and vicinity. House ordinary; truck in good condition; present number of men 25, entitled to 50.

Empire hook and ladder No. 8—Located, corner of Eighth avenue and Forty-eighth street; performs duty in the first and second districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1851, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 36, entitled to 50.

Washington hook and ladder No. 9—Located, 132 East Twenty-sixth street, temporary; performs duty in the first and second districts. Truck in good condition, built in 1854, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 36, entitled to 50.

Naraganset hook and ladder No. 10—Located at Yorkville; performs duty in

Yorkville and vicinity. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1848, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 11, entitled to 50.

Harry Howard hook and ladder No. 11—Located, 295 East Broadway; performs duty in the sixth and seventh districts. House temporary; truck ordinary; present number of men 30, entitled to 50.

Friendship hook and ladder No. 12—Located, 78 East Thirteenth street; performs duty in the fourth and fifth districts. House in good condition; truck in good condition; present number of men 30, entitled to 50.

Marion hook and ladder No. 13—Located in Third street, near Lewis; performs duty in the fifth and sixth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1855, by W. H. Torboss; present number of men 44, entitled to 50.

Columbian hook and ladder No. 14—Located, 96 Charles street; performs duty in the third and fourth districts. House and truck both in good condition; present number of men 44, entitled to 50.

Baxter hook and ladder No. 15—Located in Franklin, near Hudson street; performs duty in the seventh and eighth districts. House in good order; truck in good condition, built in 1853, and rebuilt in 1856, by Pine & Hartshorn; present number of men 44, entitled to 50.

☞ The hook and ladder trucks are all supplied with the necessary ladders, hooks, axes, picks, lanterns, &c.

Exempt engine company—Located, 202 Centre street. House in good order; engine, formerly No. 42, double brake, piano style, 10 inch cylinders, 9 inch stroke, built in 1842, by Henry Waterman, Hudson, New York; rebuilt in 1850, by Pine & Hartshorn.

This company was organized by the Common Council, December 27th, 1854, as a reserved corps, composed exclusively of exempt members of the department, and performs duty only in case of a general alarm of fire, or when directed by the engineers.

FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

William Wright, *President*.....270 West 22d street.
Benj. Cartwright.....211 Clinton street.
Edward Brown.....489 Houston street.
Andrew Craft.....186 Delancey street.
Robert H. Ellis.....514 Broome street.
John W. Schenck.....41 West 23d street.
R. M. Hedden, *Clerk*.....12 Charlton street.

The above Commission was authorized in pursuance of the act of the legislature, passed March 29th, 1855, which specially defines their powers and duties.

ASSOCIATION OF EXEMPT FIREMEN.

This association is composed of persons who have served the time prescribed by law, in the New York Fire Department. They meet on the third Tuesday of

January, April, July and October, at Firemen's Hall, Mercer street, between Prince and Houston.

OFFICERS FOR 1858.

Philip W. Engs, *President*.....131 Front; h., 70 West 14th street.
Zophar Mills, 1*st Vice-President*.....144 Front; h., 207 Madison street.
A. Ockershausen, 2*d Vice-President*.21 Rose street; h., 22 Rose street.
George W. Wheeler, *Recording Sec'y*.1 Centre street; h., 172 Broome street.
F. Hagadorn, *Financial Secretary*...10 Wall street; h., Williamsburgh.
Joseph M. Price, *Treasurer*.....Oriental Bank; h., 31 Pike street.
David Theall, *Sergeant-at-arms*.....30 Amos street.

FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR 1857.

In accordance with long-established usages, your Trustees again present an account of the great and important duties intrusted to their care; and although we are in the midst of one of the greatest financial revulsions ever witnessed by the present generation, nevertheless we are gratified with the fact, that no worthy person, having a claim on the Fund, on applying to that source, has been refused, and we trust that, in our efforts to relieve the sick and disabled firemen, the widows and orphans, we will be seconded by an ever generous community.

Although the receipts of the Department have been increased, there has been a corresponding increase of expenditure.

The Trustees have expended, during the past year, in the purchase of coal and shoes; paying funeral expenses; widow's pensions, &c., &c., the sum of thirty thousand five hundred and sixty-seven dollars and ninety-one cents. It will be perceived that the above expenditures exceed, in amount, by over five thousand dollars, that of any previous year.

This amount, your Trustees are satisfied, has been judiciously expended in relieving the wants, and cheering the firesides of the widows and orphans, as well as our sick and disabled brethren.

By referring to the annexed Report of the Treasurer, it will be perceived that, at the last Annual Report, there remained a balance in his hands of twenty-two hundred and thirteen dollars and thirty-four cents ($2,213 34). Since which time he has received from various sources the sum of thirty-four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars and fifty-eight cents, which, in the aggregate, amounts to thirty-six thousand eight hundred and sixty-three dollars and ninety-two cents. Out of which there has been expended the sum of thirty thousand six hundred and eleven dollars and fifty-eight cents.

Invested on bond and mortgage, ($1,500) one thousand five hundred dollars: re-invested two thousand dollars, leaving a balance deposited in the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, to the credit of the Fire Department Fund, of two thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars and thirty-four cents.

The Permanent Fund (including Trust and Special Trust Funds) now amounts to ninety-five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars ($95,250).

Invested as follows:—Ninety-five thousand dollars on bond and mortgage, and two hundred and fifty dollars in Manhattan Bank Stock.

It is with sincere pleasure we refer to the exertions of the Firemen's Ball Committee. By their devotion to the Department, their good taste and discretion, they have caused the Firemen's Ball to be the pride of the Fireman, and a great source of relief to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund. The proceeds of the last Annual Ball, at the Academy of Music, netted the unprecedented large sum of five thousand three hundred and ninety-nine dollars and thirty-one cents, which amount far exceeds any previous effort on their part.

Donations have been received from Messrs. Fisher & Bird, Bank of Commonwealth, Joseph Sampson, Miss Mary A. C. Rodgers, Swift & Hurlburt, and also the proceeds of a concert given by the Pyne and Harrison Troupe, at Burton's Theatre; all of which have been publicly acknowledged in appropriate terms, over the signature of the Treasurer. The Trustees are under obligations to Messrs. Thalberg and H. Vieux-temps, for their kind and valuable assistance to aid the Department funds at the concert given at the Academy of Music. The net proceeds could not be ascertained in time for this report,

The School Committee have, as usual, discharged the duties intrusted to their care. Since the last Annual Report, they have distributed 1,978 pair of shoes to the various recipients of the Fund. They also report that there is a vacancy in one of the Van Schaick Scholarships of the University, caused by Edward L. Snyder having, in a very creditable manner, fulfilled the course of studies for which he entered. It is hoped the members of the Department will avail themselves of the generous contribution of our honored citizen, Myndert Van Schaick, Esq., of the Free Scholarships in the University of this city, by naming a *son* of a New York Fireman to said privilege, at an early day, to the Board of Trustees.

The Committee on Fines and Penalties, who are charged with the prosecution for violations of the Fire Laws, report that, during the past year, they have received from the Fire Wardens nearly one hundred notices of violations which were not removed on notification by them. The Committee report, on examination, some were wrongly notified, others have since removed, or the time extended. The balance have been placed in the hands of Counsel, to prosecute. Prior to the year 1857, a large number of suits were commenced against parties for violating the laws, all of which are forwarded as fast as circumstances will permit.

The Court of Appeals, at its last sitting, confirmed the constitutionality of the law relative to agents of Foreign Fire Insurance Companies doing business in this city. The Trustees are gratified to state, that all agents doing business in this city, with two exceptions, have promptly complied with the law. The exceptions are, Asa Bigelow, agent of various Boston and Providence Insurance Companies, who has carried the case to the Supreme Court of the United States, and Alfred Pell, agent of English Insurance Companies located in London and Liverpool. The suits against the latter are still pending.

The Court of Appeals also confirmed the judgment of the Lower Courts in the case of the Department against Buffum, for a violation of the Fire Laws, which case had been in litigation for over five years.

The Committee, as well as the Wardens, experience great trouble in execut-

ing the law relative to buildings, owing to the mutilation the bill was subjected to after it was sent from this city, and will call the attention of the Representatives to the importance of securing the passage of the law relative to buildings, presented to the Legislature last winter, but not in time to pass both houses.

This law, as well as the faithful execution of it, deserves the attention of the members of the Department, and it is hoped that they, as well as our citizens in general, will lend their aid to enforce a law which is not only for the protection of the lives of Firemen, but our citizens generally.

The Fuel Committee have, during the past year, distributed over 500 tons of coal, and have made the usual contract for the ensuing year.

The Trustees again call on the active members of the Department to be ever on the alert to suppress rowdyism and disorderly conduct; and let each member reflect that every act against law and order committed by members of the Department casts, not only a stain on the fame of the volunteer department, but is also a source of sincere regret and sorrow in the hearts of those of its patrons who are proud to contribute their share for the relief of the widows and orphans, as well as to the disabled and sick Firemen.

Owing to the great increase in the number of active Firemen, as well as the short time required to be exempt from duty, we must necessarily prepare to meet a very large increase of demands on the Fund, and it is a fact that the pensioners on the widows' list have about doubled in number during the past ten years.

The term of service of Henry A. Burr, Zophar Mills, and William Williams, will expire at the Annual Meeting. It is, therefore, requisite to elect three Trustees, for three years each.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

By order of the Board of Trustees,

HENRY A. BURR, *President.*

JAMES KELLY, *Secretary.*

New York, December 4th, 1857.

Schedule, showing the Number of Fires and Alarms in each District, and the Amount of Loss.

MONTHS.	First.		Second.		Third.		Fourth.		Fifth.		Sixth.		Seventh.		Eighth.		LOSS ON BUILDINGS.	LOSS ON STOCK.	TOTAL.
	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.	Fires.	Alarms.			
Feb. (from 18th to 28th)	....	3	1	....	2	.....	.....	1	2	2	1	2	6	....	3	....	$1,494	$4,293	$5,787
March	1	4	5	2	3	1	6	1	9	4	6	1	3	1	7	....	8,060	27,889	35,949
April	.....	.....	6	....	3	2	2	2	3	5	7	1	5	5	4	2	6,203	25,232	31,435
May	3	1	9	4	6	7	3	3	3	2	1	7	3	2	4	1	10,087	23,926	34,013
June	1	1	6	1	2	4	3	3	2	1	8	1	2	1	1	3	13,574	21,142	34,716
July	1	2	4	....	2	4	3	1	2	1	6	5	7	1	1	2	7,530	51,961	59,491
August	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	....	1	4	1	3	....	2	1	2	3,136	12,416	15,552
September	2	....	7	....	4	7	1	1	2	5	4	2	2	3	2	1	3,879	15,180	19,059
October	.....	3	6	1	1	1	2	....	2	4	4	....	5	1	3	1	3,415	24,520	27,925
November	4	3	3	1	5	3	1	1	1	....	3	2	6	1	2	1	12,644	97,280	109,924
December	1	4	2	2	5	3	7	1	6	....	2	2	5	1	4	1	2,508	13,572	16,080
Total	14	24	52	13	34	33	29	14	33	28	43	26	44	18	32	14	$72,530	$317,411	$389,941

Total number of Fires from February 18th, 1856, to December 31st, 1856.....281
" " of Alarms, from spirit lamps and gas explosions.....170
Total Amount of Loss by fire.....$389,941.

PERSONS APPOINTED BELL RINGERS AT THE SEVERAL DISTRICT FIRE ALARM BELLS (EXEMPT FIREMEN.)

In pursuance of Ordinance of Common Council, approved October 15th, 1853.

City Hall Cupola.

George Bevins. Wm. F. Crumwell.

Washington J. Creiger.

Essex Market Cupola.

Wm. A. Waterbury. —— Hempstead.

Wm. B. Welsh.

Jefferson Market Cupola.

E. M. Conklin. Jno. L. Van Wart.

William Taylor.

Union Market Cupola.

Charles Parks. William Miller.

Patrick Feeny.

Bell Tower in Twenty-second Street.

John H. Forman. P. H. Waters.

W. H. Tinkler.

Bell Tower in Thirty-third Street.

Samuel H. Waugh. Jno. H. Sleight.

Daniel Curry.

Bell Tower in Macdougal Street.

Harrison Redfield, John Clements.

George Weibelt.

Bell Tower at Mount Morris.

Christian Seaman. Samuel A. Morrison.

John Hart.

Bell Tower in Marion Street.

David Fenton. John H. Eichell.

John W. Garside.

Post Office Tower.

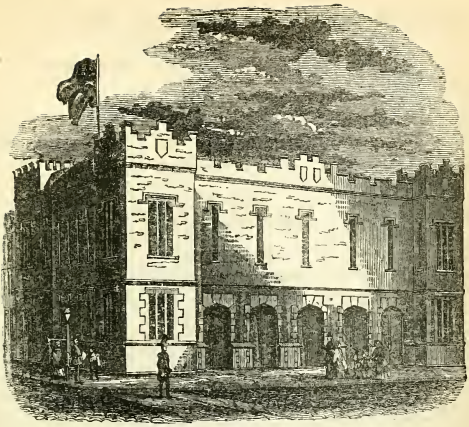
Simon Jackson. U. W. Wenman.

Henry E. Allison.

Yorkville Tower.

John F. Sloper. F. Bazzoin.

James Lynch.



THE NEW ARMORY, OR DOWN-TOWN ARSENAL.

This edifice is situated on the corner of White and Elm streets. It is one hundred and thirty-one feet on White street, and eighty-four feet on Elm street. It is built of blue stone, only two stories high, the first being thirteen feet, and the second thirty feet high. The windows are very narrow, being only eighteen inches wide, so that in case of an assault by a mob outside, the building could be defended with success by fifty men. The first floor is used as a gun room and meeting room, the second as a drill room, and a rendezvous in case of a riot. The style is Gothic, and on the three corners of the building are situated towers; there are five doors on White street, and one on Elm, which are made of boiler iron. It is built on piles driven into the ground. This building is used as a receptacle for a portion of the artillery of the first division of the New York State Militia. It is a very handsome building, and is constructed on the very best plan for defence. On the centre of the roof will be erected a large flag-staff, by which communication from this building and the arsenal up-town may be carried on by signal telegraph.

NEW YORK CITIZEN SOLDIERY.

FIRST DIVISION NEW YORK STATE MILITIA.

CHARLES W. SANDFORD, *Major General Commanding,*

FIRST BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General CHAS. B. SPICER.

	Men.
First Regiment, Colonel Ryer	279
Second Regiment, Colonel Bogart	519
Third Regiment, Colonel Postley	635
Seventy-first Regiment, Colonel Vosburgh	391
Seventy-third Regiment, (on Staten Island), Colonel Osgood	267
Veteran Corps Artillery, Captain Richard Raynor	81

SECOND BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General CHAS. YATES.

Fourth Regiment, Colonel Hincken	308
Fifth Regiment, Colonel Schwartzwaelder	567
Sixth Regiment, Colonel Pinckney	302
Seventy-fifth Regiment, Lieutenant Colonel Haggerty	200

THIRD BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General WM. HALL.

Seventh Regiment, Colonel Duryee	900
Eighth Regiment, Colonel Lyons	400
Ninth Regiment, Colonel Pitkin	600
Fifty-fifth Regiment, Major Le Gal	240

FOURTH BRIGADE.

Commanded by Brigadier General JOHN EWEN.

Tenth Regiment, Colonel Halsey	290
Eleventh Regiment, Colonel Van Buren	508
Twelfth Regiment, Colonel R. French	667
Sixty-ninth Regiment, Colonel J. J. Ryan	329
Total	7483

Infantry	4603
Cavalry	1291
Artillery	1589
Total	7483

FINANCIAL TABLES.

Appropriations and Expenditures of City Government, from January 1st to December 31st, 1857.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	APPROPRIAT'NS.	EXPENDITURES.
Alms-house	$843,800 00	$718,800 00
Aqueduct repairs and improvements	45,000 00	44,620 72
Board of Health	10,000 00	10,741 81
Belgian pavement	50,000 00	10,093 07
Construction of Twenty-first Ward Station-house	10,000 00	.....
Contingencies, Common Council	15,000 00	17,383 85
Contingencies, Mayor's office	3,000 00	2,970 20
City contingencies	80,000 00	80,788 70
County contingencies	40,000 00	39,096 33
City Inspector's Department	8,950 00	8,950 60
Coroners' fees	20,000 00	14,326 86
Common Council, pay of members	31,488 00	10,496 00
Cleaning streets under contract, and pay of Inspectors	250,000 00	252,784 02
Docks and piers, building and repairing, and cleaning and repairing slips	175,000 00	135,393 86
Diamond Reef, blasting and removing (reappropriated)	20,600 00	.....
Donations	15,000 00	14,217 00
Election expenses	20,000 00	40,210 90
Election expenses, fitting up polls	500 00	500 00
Errors and delinquencies	5,000 00	3,836 88
Fire Department for Chief Engineer	72,732 00	72,788 67
Fire Department steam fire engines	19,500 00	.....
Interest on revenue bonds	295,000 00	299,292 76
Interest on assessment bonds	75,000 00	56,542 40
Intestate estates	3,000 00	4,800 31
Iron pavements	125,000 00	.....
Lamps and gas	421,490 00	378,332 08
Lamps and gas, Harlem district	35,000 00	9,736 14
Lands and places	25,000 00	23,502 70
Lands and places, Fourth avenue parks	30,000 00	.....
Lands and places, iron railing around Tompkins square	25,000 00	.....
Monument to Maj. Gen. Worth (reappropriated)	23,500 00	10,000 00
Markets	7,000 00	7,222 97
Mayoralty fees	150 00	.....
Officers' fees	40,000 00	40,009 87
Paving Bowery and Chatham street	100,000 00	77,128 62
" " " (reappropriated)	41,854 93	
Amount carried forward	$2,982,564 93	$2,384,767 30

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	APPROPRIAT'NS.	EXPENDITURES.
Amount brought forward	$2,982,564 93	$2,384,767 30
Police and fire telegraph	15,000 00	14,377 17
Police	825,000 00	825,500 00
Printing	85,000 00	85,000 00
Parapet wall, Fiftieth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues	6,000 00	.....
Rents	30,000 00	29,673 88
Real estate	35,000 00	31,325 00
Real estate expenses	100,000 00	21,634 18
Roads and avenues	75,000 00	61,391 78
Roads and avenues, grading Eight avenue	40,000 00	.....
Repairs and supplies	11,544 00	12,516 60
Repairs to public buildings, including new buildings, and buildings for Fire Department	63,000 00	61,518 95
Reconstruction of Fifteenth Ward Station-house	12,000 00	.....
Removing public buildings in opening streets	5,000 00	196 50
Stationery	20,000 00	20,134 02
Supplies to public offices	15,000 00	14,707 37
Sewers, repairing and cleaning	24,000 00	19,827 94
Salaries	412,500 00	396,425 63
Sunken vessels, removing	2,000 00	979 00
Street expenses and paving, including arrearages of 1856	100,000 00	99,994 63
Tenth avenue, working as a country road (reappropriated)	18,000 00	17,353 83
Wells and pumps, and repairing	1,000 00	1,000 00
Water pipes and laying	91,300 00	91,293 27
Ward maps and surveying for Tax Commissioners	5,000 00	4,429 17
Arrearages of 1856	438,370 47	377,788 23
Totals	$4,571,633 97	$5,413,459 40

Appropriations and Expenditures on Trust and Special Accounts, from January 1st to December 31st, 1857.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	APPROPRIATIONS.	EXPENDITURES.
Arsenal property	$275,000 00	$275,000 00
Asylum for Idiots	240 00	260 00
Building loan stock No. 3	50,000 00	50,000 00
Charges on arrears of taxes for Bureau of Arrears	5,000 00	
Charges on arrears of assessments for Bureau of Arrears	5,000 00	1,051 50
Commissioners of Record	275,000 00	275,000 00
Common Schools, for state, ¾ mill	383,805 37	231,460 31
" " " city	1,100,410 82	1,100,410 82
Croton Aqueduct Department, for sewers under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board	500,000 00	101,789 29
Croton Aqueduct, for raising mains in 5th av.	48,100 00	
Croton Water Works extension, inc. new res'vr.	300,000 00	24,115 91
Central Park, interest on debt	255,760 00	255,760 00
Central Park improvement	300,000 00	300,000 00
Central Park awards	1,049,169 29	1,049,169 29
County Clerk's office	15,550 00	18,844 87
Court of Common Pleas	7,000 00	2,350 18
City Inspector's liens on lots	5,000 00	1,895 68
Deaf and Dumb Asylum	2,700 00	2,870 00
Fencing vacant lots	2,000 00	1,358 87
House of Refuge	8,000 00	8,000 00
Institution for the Blind	2,240 00	1,240 00
Interest on assessments	20,000 00	
Judgments		223,855 54
New reservoir awards	485,560 18	485,560 18
New York Juvenile Asylum	40,000 00	27,445 65
For redemption of public education stock	12,357 36	
Refunded on assessment sales	25,000 00	1,490 30
Refunded on tax sales	5,000 00	
Repairs to sidewalks, ordinance of 1853	20,000 00	
Surrogate's office	12,570 00	15,547 53
Superior Court	6,600 00	6,600 00
Streets, opening	800,000 00	69,904 40
Streets, paving	600,000 00	144,245 66
State mill tax, ¾ mill	511,740 50	511,740 50
Redemption of revenue bonds	6,542,000 00	6,399,515 00
Redemption of Assessment bonds	375,000 00	122,000 00
Wells and pumps	2,000 00	423 24
Totals	$14,047,803 52	$11,708,904 72

Expenditures and Receipts of City Government, including Trust Accounts, from January 1st, to December 31st, 1857.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Alms-house	$718,800 00	
Aqueduct repairs and improvements	44,620 72	$50 00
Board of Health	10,471 81	573 75
Belgian Pavemnet	10,093 07	
Contingencies Common Council	17,383 85	100 00
Contingencies, Mayor's Office	2,970 20	
City Contingencies	80,788 70	
County Contingencies	39,096 33	2 00
City Inspector's Department	8,950 60	25 00
Coroners' Fees	14,326 86	
Common Council, pay of members	10,496 00	
Cleaning streets under contract, and pay of Inspectors	252,784 02	6,049 97
Docks and Piers, building and repairing, and cleaning and repairing Slips	135,393 86	
Donations	14,217 00	
Election expenses	40,210 90	
Election expenses, fitting up polls	500 00	
Errors and delinqencies	3,836 88	
Fire Department for Chief Engineer	72,788 67	
Interest on Revenue Bonds	209,292 76	962 84
Interest on Assessment Bonds	56,542 40	9,348 31
Intestate Estates	4,800 31	
Lamps and Gas	378,332 08	
Lamps and Gas, Harlem District	9,736 14	
Lands and Places	23,502 70	
Monument to Major General Worth	10,000 00	
Markets	7,222 87	
Officers' fees	40,009 47	4 00
Paving Bowery and Chatham street	77,128 62	
Police and Fire Telegraph	14,377 17	
Police	825,500 00	
Printing	85,000 00	
Rents	29,673 88	
Real Estate	31,325 00	
Real Estate expenses	21,634 18	
Roads and avenues	61,391 78	
Repairs and supplies	12,516 60	
Repairs to Public Buildings, including new buildings, and buildings for Fire Department	61,518 95	
Removing public buildings in opening streets	196 50	
Stationery	20,134 02	
Supplies to public offices	14,707 37	
Sewers, repairing and cleaning	19,827 94	
Salaries	396,425 63	
Sunken vessels, removing	979 00	
Street expenses and paving, including arrearages of 1856	99,994 63	856 66
Carried forward	$4,079,499 47	$17,972 53

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Brought forward	$4,079,499 47	$17,972 53
Tenth avenue, working as a country road (re-appropriated)	17,353 83	
Wells and pumps, and repairing	1,000 00	
Water pipes, and laying	91,293 27	789 40
Ward maps, and surveying for Tax commissioners	4,429 17	
Arrearages of 1856	377,788 23	
Asylum for Idiots	260 00	
Building loan stock No. 3	50,000 00	
Charges on arrears of taxes for bureau of arrears		40 00
Charges on arrears of assessments for bureau of arrears	1,051 50	
Common Schools, for State, ¾ mill	231,460 31	60,544 49
do. do. for City	1,100,410 82	
Croton aqueduct department, for sewers, under the direction of the Croton aqueduct board	101,789 29	62,707 24
Croton aqueduct for new reservoir	5,470 25	
Central Park, interest on debt	255,760 00	
County Clerk's office	18,844 87	14,357 73
Court of Common Pleas	2,350 18	5,301 31
City Inspector's liens on lots	1,895 68	1,936 25
Deaf and dumb asylum	2,870 00	
Fencing vacant lots	1,358 87	2,104 63
Institution for the blind	1,240 00	
Interest on assessments		73,629 63
New York Juvenile Asylum	27,445 65	
Refounded on assessments	1,490 30	8,543 10
Refunded on tax sales		842 62
Surrogate's office	15,547 53	12,968 78
Superior Court	6,600 00	6,101 04
Streets, opening	69,904 40	136,816 73
Streets, paving	144,245 66	113,988 89
State mill tax, ¾ mill	511,740 50	
Redemption of revenue bonds	6,399,515 00	5,598,050 00
Redemption of assessment bonds	122 000 00	356,700 00
Wells and pumps	423 24	96 57
New reservoir awards	485,560 18	1,926 63
Commissioners of Record	275,000 00	
Judgments	223,855 54	2,570 10
Arsenal property	275,000 09	
House of Refuge	8,000 00	
Central Park improvement	3,000,000 00	
Croton water works extension	18,645 66	189 00
Central Park awards	1,049,169 29	342,726 97
Hudson River Rail Road, interest on bonds		175 00
Interest received on stock sold		1,220 94
Sewer connections		21,425 50
Arrears of assessments		160,986 80
Collecting fees, state mill tax		441 30
Carried forward	$16,280,538 69	$7,005,353 18

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	EXPENDITURES.	RECEIPTS.
Carried forward	$16,280,538 69	$7,005,353 18
Dividend on stock		70 00
Central Park fund stock, 6 per cent.		832,970 95
Water stock, new reservoir		988,300 00
Central Park improvement fund stock		300,000 00
Central Park stock, 6 per cent., new arsenal		197,500 00
Commutation of taxes		1 90
Taxes of year 1856, and previous years		569,843 58
Taxes of year 1857		6,285,482 53
Interest on taxes		74,520 31
Totals	$16,280,538 69	$16,253,842 15

Permanent Debt.— The permanent debt redeemable from the Sinking Fund, consisted of the following items on the first of January, 1858 :

5 per cent. Water stock, redeemable in	1858	$3,000,000
5 " " " " "	1860	2,500,000
5 " " " " "	1870	3,000,000
5 " " " " "	1875	255,600
5 " " " " "	1880	2,147,000
5 & 6 per cent. Croton Water Stock,	1890	1,000,000
5 per cent. Fire Indemnity Stock	1868	402,768
5 " Building Loan, No. 3	1870	75,000
5 " " " " 4	1873	115,000
5 " Water Stock, (new res.)	1875	29,110
6 " " " "	1875	988,300
5 " Central Park Fund Stock,	1898	713,200
6 " " " " "	1887	1,765,700
6 " " " (arsenal)	1898	197,500
6 " Central Park Improvement Fund Stock	1887	300,000
Whole amount		$16,489,168
Less investments by Commissioners' Sinking Fund in city stocks	5,093,880	
Bonds and mortgages	621,994	$5,715,874*
Amount unprovided for, January 1, 1858		$10,773,294

Funded Debt redeemable from Central Park assessments.

This debt consists of six per cent. Central Park Assessment Fund Stock, payable February 5, 1859 ..... $1,600,000

* In addition to these assets, and the ANNUAL REVENUES by law appropriated to this Fund, the REAL ESTATE belonging to the Corporation, estimated as worth exclusive of the Croton Aqueduct and Reservoir, more than twenty-seven million of dollars, is also pledged for the redemption of the City Debt.

Funded Debt redeemable from taxation, January 1st, 1858.

5	per cent.	Building Stock, No. 3, payable				Nov. 1st,	1858.....	$50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1859.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1860.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1861.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1862.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1863.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1864.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1865.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1866.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1867.....	50,000
5	"	N. Y. City Stocks, for docks & slips,				"	1868.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1869.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1870.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1871.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1872.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1873.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1874.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1875.....	50,000
5	"	"	"	"	"	"	1876.....	50,000
5	"	Public Education Stock, payable				"	1873.....	154,000
		Total amount, January 1st, 1858.....						$1,104,000

Funded Debt redeemable from Central Park Assessments, January 1st, 1857.

6 per cent. Central Park Assessment Fund Stock, payable February 5th, 1859.....	$1,600,000
Total amount of Central Park Assessment Fund Stock....	$1,600,000

A Statement of Valuation of Property in the City and County of New York, from 1805 to 1825, both inclusive.

DATE.	VALUATION.	CITY AND COUNTY TAX.	STATE TAX.	TOTAL OF CITY AND STATE TAX.	CENTS.	DOLS.
1805..	$25,645,867	$127,094 87	.....	.....	50	per 1
1806..	26,529,630	127,814 97	.....	.....	48½	"
1807..	24,959,955	129,155 09	.....	.....	52	"
1808..	25,118,720	138,984 18	.....	.....	55	"
1809..	24,782,267	139,027 39	.....	.....	56	"
1810..	25,486,370	129,727 15	.....	.....	51	"
1811..	26,045,730	176,978 25	.....	.....	68	"
1812..	26,240,040	174,920 17	.....	.....	67	"
1813..	27,650,230	174,727 94	.....	.....	63	"
1814..	28,091,497	214,225 09	.....	.....	26	"
1815..	81,636,042	197,613 38	$163,372 08	$361,285 46	41½	"
1816..	82,074,200	180,653 94	164,148 50	344,802 44	42	"
1817..	78,895,735	216,720 44	157,591 27	374,311 71	47	"
1818..	80,254,091	255,740 79	80,254 09	335,994 88	42	"
1819..	79,113,061	250,140 21	79,113 61	329,253 82	41½	"
1820..	69,530,753	270,361 19	69,530 75	339,891 94	49	"
1821..	68,286,079	299,430 30	68,285 07	367,715 37	49½	"
1822..	71,285,141	303,105 61	71,289 14	374,397 75	52½	"
1823..	70,940,820	351,814 36	70,940 80	422,755 16	59½	"
1824..	83,075,676	353,329 89	41,537 84	394,857 73	47½	"
1825..	101,160,046	336,868 82	50,580 03	387,448 85	38½	"

Statement of the Value of Real and Personal Estate in the City and County of New York, with the amount raised by Tax, from the year 1826 *to* 1857, *both inclusive.*

DATE.	VALUE OF REAL ESTATE.	VALUE OF PERSONAL ESTATE.	TOTAL VALUE REAL & PERSONAL.	AMOUNT RAISED BY TAX.
1826.....	$64,804,050	$42,434,981	$107,238,931	$383,759 89
1827.....	72,617,770	39,549,156	112,211,926	437,692 02
1828.....	77,138,880	36,879,653	114,019,533	485,751 72
1829.....	76,130,430	35,672,636	111,803,066	507,107 24
1830.....	87,603,580	37,684,938	125,288,518	509,178 44
1831.....	95,594,335	41,966,194	137,560,259	572,104 05
1832.....	104,160,605	40,741,723	144,902,328	665,385 74
1833.....	114,124,566	52,366,976	166,491,542	971,854 61
1834.....	123,249,280	63,299,231	186,548,511	835,605 49
1835.....	143,742,425	74,991,278	218,723,703	965,602 94
1836.....	233,732,303	75,758,617	309,500,920	1,085,130 44
1837.....	196,450,109	67,297,241	263,747,350	1,244,972 15
1838.....	104,543,359	69,609,582	264,152,941	1,486,993 73
1839.....	196,940,134	73,920,885	270,869,019	1,352,826 51
1840.....	187,221,714	65,011,801	252,233,515	1,354,835 29
1841.....	186,359,948	64.843,972	251,194,920	1,394,136 65
1842.....	176,513,092	61,292,559	237,805,651	2,031,382 66
1843.....	164,955,314	64,274,765	229,229,079	1,747,516 59
1844.....	171,937,591	64,789,552	236,727,143	1,988,818 56
1845.....	177.207,990	62,787,527	239,995,517	2,096,191 18
1846.....	181,480,534	61,471,470	244,952,004	2,526,146 71
1847.....	187,315,386	59,837,913	247,153,299	2,581,776 30
1848.....	193,029,076	61,164,447	254,163,523	2,715,510 25
1849.....	197,741,919	58,455,224	256,197,143	3,005,762 52
1850.....	207,142,576	78,919,240	286,061,816	3,230,085 02
1851.....	227,015,856	93,095,001	320,110,857	2,924,455 94
1852.....	253,278,384	98,490,042	351,768,426	3,380,511 05
1853.....	294,637,296	118,994,137	413,631,382	5,066,698 74
1854.....	330,300,396	131,721,338	462,021,734	4,845,386 07
1855.....	336,975,866	150,022,312	486,998,278	5,843,822 89
1856.....	340,972,098	170,774,393	511,740,491	7,075,425 72
1857.....	352,958,803	168,216,449	521,175,252	8,111,758 09

WARDS.	ASSESSMENTS OF 1856.		ASSESSMENTS OF 1857.		TOTAL.		INCREASE.		DECREASE.	
	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.	1856.	1857.	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.	REAL ESTATE.	PERSONAL ESTATE.
1	$37,192,580 00	$60,089,019 00	$37,937,067 00	$61,752,499 00	$97,281,593 00	$99,689,566 00	$744,487 00	$1,663,486 00	.....	.....
2	22,787,925 00	6,773,172 49	23,449,566 00	7,471,425 00	29,561,097 49	30,920,991 00	661,641 00	698,252 51	.....	.....
3	22,723,288 00	9,341,631 00	24,222,956 00	9,638,612 00	32,064,919 00	33,861,568 00	1,499,668 00	296,981 00	.....	.....
4	9,449,070 00	1,758,545 00	9,442,270 00	1,772,995 00	11,207,615 00	11,215,265 00	.....	14,450 00	$6,800 00	.....
5	14,282,450 00	1,953,992 00	14,839,550 00	1,511,209 00	16,236,442 00	16,350,759 00	557,100 00	.....	.....	$442,783 00
6	9,567,324 00	1,530,422 00	10,444,350 00	964,851 00	11,097,746 00	11,409,201 00	877,026 00	.....	.....	565,571 00
7	12,574,698 00	3,328,166 12	12,794,975 00	3,274,490 12	15,902,864 12	16,069,465 12	220,277 00	.....	.....	53,676 00
8	16,162,969 00	2,907,358 55	16,473,072 00	2,199,206 00	19,070,327 55	18,672,278 00	310,103 00	.....	.....	708,152 55
9	13,899,000 00	3,081,875 58	13,988,400 00	2,745,541 00	16,980,875 58	16,733,941 00	89,400 00	.....	.....	336,334 58
10	8,281,500 00	1,083,484 11	8,377,800 00	1,038,195 00	9,364,984 11	9,415,995 00	96,300 00	.....	.....	45,289 11
11	7,634,000 00	847,545 42	7,705,500 00	829,940 00	8,481,345 42	8,535,440 00	71,500 00	.....	.....	17,405 42
12	7,391,285 00	758,075 00	7,366,694 00	767,319 00	8,149,360 00	8,134,013 00	.....	9,244 00	24,591 00	.....
13	5,121,400 00	515,100 00	5,156,086 00	627,264 00	5,636,500 00	5,783,350 00	34,686 00	112,164 00	.....	.....
14	10,261,400 00	2,254,423 00	10,609,600 00	2,751,487 00	12,515,823 00	13,361,087 00	348,200 00	497,064 00	.....	.....
15	25,691,500 00	21,991,129 00	26,019,350 00	20,991,084 00	47,682,629 00	47,010,434 00	337,850 00	.....	.....	1,000,045 00
16	15,565,200 00	3,539,588 55	15,830,400 00	4,143,369 27	19,104,788 55	19,973,769 27	265,200 00	603,780 71	.....	.....
17	15,821,379 00	5,725,736 21	17,028,179 00	4,919,536 00	21,547,115 21	21,947,715 00	1,206,800 00	.....	.....	806,200 21
18	32,954,350 00	16,792,442 00	33,205,780 00	15,581,238 00	49,746,792 00	48,787,018 00	251,430 00	.....	.....	1,211,204 00
19	8,041,183 00	1,560,000 00	8,558,654 00	699,165 00	9,601,183 00	9,257,819 00	517,471 00	.....	.....	860,835 00
20	14,304,950 00	1,019,250 00	14,895,100 00	975,200 00	15,324,200 00	15,870,300 00	590,150 00	.....	.....	44,050 00
21	21,025,025 00	6,586,092 00	24,124,000 00	5,858,968 00	27,611,117 00	29,982,968 00	3,098,975 00	.....	.....	727,124 00
22	10,239,022 00	730,675 90	10,489,354 00	474,870 00	10,969,697 90	10,964,224 90	250,432 00	.....	.....	255,805 90
Non-residents,....		18,600,265 00	.....	17,227,986 00	18,600,265 00	17,227,986 00	.....	.....	.....	1,372,279 00
	$340,971,498 00	$172,767,781 94	$352,958,803 00	$168,216,449 39	$513,739,279 94	$521,175,252 39	$12,018,696 00	$3,895,422 22	$31,391 00	$8,446,754 77

Valuation of 1857.....	$521,175,252 39	Total Valuation in County.....	$521,175,252 39
" 1856,.....	513,739,279 94	" " " Lamp District.....	505,517,999 39
Increase over 1856,	$7,435,972 45	" " south of Forty-second street	496,570,685 39

Less Decrease.....	4,013,317 03
Total Increase.....	$7,435,972 45

FERRY RENT.

LESSEE.	LOCATION.	RENT.	EXPIRES.
	East River.		
Smith & Bulkley per Union Ferry Co.	Catharine street	$16,000 00	1863.
Fulton & Union Ferry Co.	Whitehall & Fulton sts.	35,000 00	1861.
W'msburgh Ferry Co.	Grand st. & Peck slip	9,000 00	1859.
Houston st. Ferry Co.	Houston street	6,500 00	1863.
A. H. Shultz per G. L. Knapp	14th st. & Greenpoint	250 00	1865.
J. H. Martin per Union Ferry Co.	Roosevelt street	3,000 00	1867.
A. J. Berry & J. J. Hicks per B'klyn Ferry Co.	Pier No. 35	3,000 00	1868.
J. Sharp per Union Ferry Co.	Wall street	5,000 00	1862.
St. Patrick's Cathedral per G. L. Knapp	23d street	100 00	1863.
Stephen Halsey	Hell Gate, 86th st.	50 00	1867.
J. L. Smith	Staten Island	5,100 00	1865.
A. W. Winants	34th s. to Hunter's P't, L. I.	100 00	1867.
James Wilson	Jck'n st. to Hudson a v. Bn.	500 00	1868.
	North River.		
Jersey City Ferry Co.	Cortlandt street	5,000 00	1866.
J. C. & R. L. Stevens	Barclay street	100 00	1865.
" "	Hoboken street	600 00	1860.
" "	Christopher street	350 00	1862.
S. V. D. Laing	39th street	1st 5 years, 100 00 2d 5 years, 200 00	1862.
Pavonia Ferry Co.	Chambers street	9,050 00	1864.
Henry Conklin	86th st. & Bull's Ferry		No rent to be charged until 86th st. is completed.
J. H. Youmans per Dayton & Benedict.	North half of pier No. 43.	1,250 00	1859.
Francis Price	42d street	50 00	1866.

Real estate in use by Fire Department.

No. 24	Beaver street, near Broad	$15,000
" 74	Cedar street, near Nassau	3,000
" 176	Cedar street, near Washington	1,500
" 5	Duane street, near William	4,000
	West Broadway, corner of North Moore street	3,500
" 5	Jackson street	3,000
" 189	Madison street, near Rutgers	3,500
	Gouverneur street, near Henry	3,000
" 127 & 129	Mercer street, near Prince, (Firemen's Hall)	35,000
" 99	Wooster, near Prince	7,000
	Horatio street, near Prince	4,000
" 48	Horatio street	6,100
" 107	Barrow street, near Bedford	3,000
" 91	Ludlow street	3,500
" 101	Hester street, near Eldridge	3,500
" 49	Chrystie street	4,000
	Eldridge street, near Walker, two lots	5,000
" 92	Houston street	5,000
	Tenth street, near Avenue D	1,000
" 707	Fourth street	5,000
	Lawrence street, near Tenth Avenue, Manhattanville	1,000
" 47	Marion street	6,000
" 174	Mulberry street	4,000
" 132	Amity steeet	6,000
" 225	Seventeenth street, near Ninth avenue	5,000
" 165	West Twentieth street	3,500
	Twenty-fourth street, near Seventh avenue	3,000
" 199	Chrystie street, near Stanton	6,000
	Thirteenth street, south side, between Third and Fourth avenues	5,000
	Twenty-second street, near Second avenue, three lots	10,000
" 1006	Broadway, near Twenty-sixth street	5,000
	Twenty-fifth street, near Third avenue	3,000
	Thirty-third street, between Third and Fourth avenues	2,000
	Third avenue, corner of Eighty-fifth street	6,000
	Sixty-eighth street, north side, between Tenth avenue and Bloomingdale road	1,000
" 125	Norfolk street, between Houston and Stanton	5,000
" 118	Sullivan street	6,500
	Tenth avenue, between One hundred and fifty-fourth and One hundred and fifty-fifth streets	1,200
	Third avenue, between Avenue D and Lewis street	3,300
	Thirteenth street, between Greenwich and Seventh avenues	7,000
" 223	Twelfth street	$6,000

		Estimated value.
	Thirteenth street, between Avenues B and C	4,000
	Twenty-seventh street, bet. Ninth and Tenth avenues	4,000
No. 131	Christopher street, near Hudson	2,000
" 19	Elizabeth street	8,000
	Elm street, near Broome	6,000
	Eighty-second street, south side, between Third and Fourth avenues	1,000
	Fourth avenue, between One hundred and twenty sixth and One hundred and twenty-seventh streets	5,000
	Henry street, near Gouverneur	8,000
	One hundred and twenty-second street, near Third avenue	2,500
	One hundred and twenty-first street, near Third avenue	1,000
	Forty-seventh street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues	3,000
	Fiftieth street, near Third avenue	5,000
	Fifty-ninth street, between Second and Third avenues	413
	Thirty-first street, near Seventh avenue	3,000
	Thirty-third street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues	3,000
" 6	Norfolk street	6,060
	Fifty-eighth street, near Third avenue	5,566
" 179	Church street	9,500
" 115	Christopher street, between Bleecker and Hudson	4,000
" 22	Eldridge street, (jail)	7,000
" 40	Fifth street, between second and Third avenues	1,066
	Houston street, north side, between Lewis and Columbia	1,100
" 593	Hudson street	6,800
	Eighteenth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues	3,700
	Total	$315,813

Public Parks.

Bowling Green, foot of Broadway	$135,000
Battery, fronting the harbor, foot of Broadway	3,000,000
Castle Garden	100,000
Park, bounded by Broadway, Chatham and Chambers streets	3,000,000
Buildings in the Park	600,000
Duane Park	15,000
Park at Cross, Anthony and Little Water streets	15,000
Washington square, bounded by Waverley place and Fourth, Macdougal and Wooster streets	816,000
Abingdon square, bounded by Hudson street, Eighth avenue and Troy street	12,000
Triangular Park, Fourth, Christopher and Grove streets	15,000
Central Park, Fifty-ninth and One hundred and sixth streets, Fifth and Eighth avenues	5,111,526

	Estimated value.
Union Park, bounded by Fourth and Fifth avenues, and Fourteenth and Seventeenth streets	$504,000
Tompkins square, bounded by Avenues A and B, and Seventh and Tenth streets	337,000
Stuyvesant square	196,000
Madison square, bounded by Fourth and Fifth avenue, and Twenty-third and Twenty-sixth streets	520,000
Triangular Park, bounded by Fifth avenue, Broadway and Twenty-fifth street	10,000
Reservoir square	150,000
Manhattan square	88,000
Hamilton square, Yorkville	97,000
Mount Morris square	40,000
	$14,761,526

Bulkheads, Wharves and Piers, belonging to the Corporation of the city of New York.

NORTH RIVER.

No. of Piers.		
	Bulkhead, Battery place	$2,000
½12, 13, ½14	Albany street, and Cedar street	100,000
20	Dey street	50,000
21, 22, ½23	Fulton street, and Vesey street	115,000
29	Warren street	90,000
30	Chambers street	60,000
31	Duane street	110,000
32, ½33	Between Duane and Jay streets	45,000
½34	Harrison street	15,000
35	Franklin street	40,000
36	North Moore street	30,000
37	Beach street	40,000
38	Hubert street and North Battery	100,000
39	Vestry street	36,000
40	Watts street	20,000
41, ½42	Canal street	125,000
½42, 43	Canal street	50,000
*44	Between Spring and Charlton streets	22,500
45, 46	Charlton street and King street	45,000
47	Hamersley street	20,000
48	Clarkson street	30,000
49	Leroy street	20,000

* Half of pier No. 44, North river, conveyed by resolution of Common Council to Jonathan Wilt, and the other half to J. N. Danforth.

No. of Piers.		Estimated value.
	50 Morton street	20,000
51, 52,	53 Christopher, Amos and Charles streets	85,000
	54 Perry street	15,000
	55 Hammond street	20,000
	Troy street	10,000
	Eighteenth street	10,000
	Twenty-first street	10,000
	Twenty-sixth street	10,000
	Forty-third street	10,000
	Fifty-third street	10,000
	Fifty-fifth street	10,000
	Manhattanville, One hundred and thirtieth and One hundred and thirty-first streets	10,000
	One hundred and fifty-fifth street	1,000
	Pier foot of Twentieth street	11,000
	" Twenty-second street	11,000
		$1,428,500

EAST RIVER.

	Vanderbilt pier	$10,000
1 & ½ short pier	Whitehall	50,000
½4, 5, 6, 7, ½	Broad street and Coenties slip	450,000
	½12 Old slip and bulkhead	50,000
	½15 Coffee-house slip and bulkhead	50,000
	½20, ½21 Burling slip and bulkhead	85,000
	½22, ½23 Fulton street and Beekman street	100,000
	½24, ½25 Between Beekman street and Peck slip	70,000
½29, 30, 31, ½32	Roosevelt street and James slip	120,000
	½33, ½34 Oliver street	50,000
	37, 38 Market slip	100,000
	40, 41 Pike slip	90,000
	1–9, 42 Between Pike and Rutgers' slips	5,000
	43, 44 Rutgers' slip	90,000
	46 Jefferson street	30,000
	48 Clinton street	45,000
½ short pier,	½53 Gouverneur slip	45,000
	½56, ½57 Jackson street	25,000
	Broome street—2 piers	45,000
	Delancey street—2 piers	45,000
	Bulkhead along Rivington street, and from Rivington to Stanton street, and pier in the slip	54,000
	Pier foot of Stanton street	15,000
	" Third "	10,000
	" Fifth "	10,000
	" Twenty-third street and bulkhead	50,000

	Estimated value.
Pier foot of Twenty-fifth street	$20,000
" Twenty-sixth "	20,000
" Twenty-seventh "	10,000
" Twenty-eighth "	10,000
" Fifty-third "	4,000
" Sixty-first "	4,000
" One hundred and sixth street	3,000
" One hundred and thirtieth street	3,000
Total valuation of East river	$1,829,000
" " North river	1,428,500
	$3,257,500

Real Estate occupied for Market Purposes.

MARKETS.	BOUNDED BY	EST. VALUE.
Centre	Grand, Centre, Broome and Baxter streets	$100,000 00
Clinton	Canal, Washington, Spring and West streets	75,000 00
Catharine	Cherry and South streets	60,000 00
Essex	Ludlow, Grand and Essex streets	95,000 00
Fulton	Beekman, South, Fulton and Front streets	210,000 00
Franklin	Front and South streets	30,000 00
Gouverneur	Front, South and Gouverneur streets	6,000 00
Harlem	Third av., west side, bet. 120th and 121st streets	10,000 00
Jefferson	Greenwich lane, Amos street and Sixth avenue	75,000 00
Tompkins	Sixth and Seventh sts. Third av. and Hall place	50,000 00
Union	Houston, Sheriff, Columbia and Second streets	18,000 00
Washington	Fulton, West, Vesey and Washington streets	385,000 00
	Total	$1,114,000 00

Real Estate used by the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Croton Aqueduct	$15,000,000
Distributing Reservoir and Reservoir square, 40th and 42d streets, 5th and 6th avenues	300,000
Receiving Reservoir, 79th and 86th streets, 6th and 7th avenues	150,000
Ten lots, 7th avenue, West 84th and 85th streets	4,000
Eight lots, Avenue A, 24th and 25th streets	20,000
Total	$15,474,000

Real Estate used by the Police Department.

No. 49 Beekman street, south, Gold and William	$20,000
Nos. 94 and 96 Charles street, south, Bleecker and Hudson	18,000
Delancey street, north, Attorney	10,000

Eighth avenue, east, south-east corner 48th street	$6,000
First avenue, west, 4th and 5th streets	15,000
Fifty-ninth street, south, Second and Third avenues	7,000
Nos. 9 and 11 Franklin street, south, Baxter and Centre	20,000
No. 49 Leonard street, north, Church and West Broadway	10,000
No. 221 Mercer street, west, Amity and Fourth streets	10,000
No. 9 Oak street, south, Pearl and Roosevelt	14,000
One hundred and twenty-sixth street, south, 3d and 4th avenues	8,000
Prince street, south, Laurens and Wooster	10,000
Twentieth street, south, Seventh and Eighth avenues	7,000
Thirty-fifth street, south, Eighth and Ninth avenues	7,000
No. 53 Spring street, north, Marion and Mulberry	10,000
Thirty-fifth street	3,700
Total	$175,700

Estimated Value of the Real Estate belonging to the Corporation of the City of New York.

1857.

Uncommuted quit-rents, reserved on property when sold, and Water Grants yet to be issued	$900,000
Lots under lease, without covenants of renewal	325,000
Lots under lease, with covenants of renewal	500,000
Real estate in Brooklyn, owned by the city of New York	50,000
Common lands	500,000
Sundry lots and gores of land	250,000
Real estate in use by the Police Department	175,700
" " Fire Department	315,813
" " Governors of Alms-house	1,250,000
Real estate in use for Common School purposes	1,200,000
" " Market purposes	1,150,000
" " Public Parks	14,761,526
Bulkheads, wharves and piers belonging to the Corporation	3,400,000
Property in use for ferry purposes	1,200,000
Property used for Croton Aqueduct Department	15,475,000
Total	$41,625,639

Rates of Wharfage of the Port of New York, as established by the Legislature of the State of New York, April 9th, 1813.

[See Laws of the State of New York, revised and passed at the Thirty-sixth session of the Legislature, Vol. 2, sec. 212, page 429.]

For every vessel under 50 tons, at the rate of $0 50 per day.

For every ship or vessel	over	50	tons	and	under	100	tons	.....	$0 62½	per day
"	"	100	"	"	150	"	"	.....	0 75	"
"	"	150	"	"	200	"	"	.....	0 87½	"
"	"	200	"	"	250	"	"	.....	1 00	"
"	"	250	"	"	300	"	"	.....	1 12½	"
"	"	300	"	"	350	"	"	.....	1 25	"
"	"	350	"	"	400	"	"	.....	1 37½	"
"	"	400	"	"	450	"	"	.....	1 50	"
"	"	450	"	"	500	"	"	.....	1 62½	"
"	"	500	"	"	550	"	"	.....	1 75	"
"	"	550	"	"	600	"	"	.....	1 87½	"

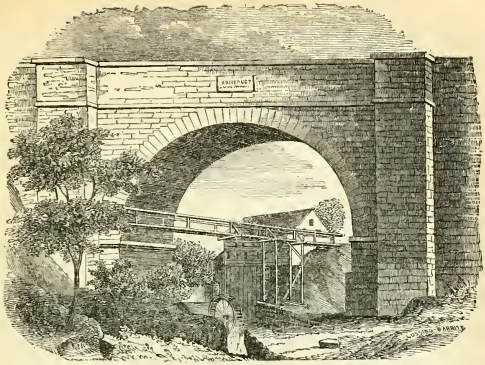
☞ For every ship or vessel of 600 tons and upward, 12½ *cents in addition on every* 50 *tons*, in addition to the rate last mentioned, ($1 87½.) for every day such ship or vessel shall use, or be made fast to any of the wharves in the city of New York.

" Every ship or other vessel which shall make fast to any other ship or vessel that shall be fastened to any wharf, and being so fastened, shall load, unload or careen, shall pay the *one half* of the rate of wharfage such ship or vessel would have been liable to pay if fastened to such wharf, and there loaded, unloaded or careened." *See.* 215.

COMPTROLLER'S PAY DAYS.

1858.

APPLICATION DAYS, 1858.	PAY DAYS, 1858.
January 13	January 6
" 27	" 20
February 10	February 3
" 24	" 17
March 10	March 3
" 24	" 17
April 7	" 31
" 21	April 14
May 5	" 28
" 19	May 12
June 2	" 26
" 16	June 9
" 30	" 23
July 14	July 7
" 28	" 21
August 11	August 4
" 25	" 18
September 8	September 1
" 22	" 15
October 6	" 29
" 20	October 13
November 3	" 27
" 17	November 10
December 1	" 24
" 15	December 8
" 29	" 22



CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.

CONSTRUCTION OF SEWERS.

Statement showing the locality, size and length of all sewers, with the receiving basins and culverts attached to each, for which contracts have been made during the year 1857.

STREET.	BETWEEN	SIZE.	LENGTH FEET.	BASINS AND CULVERTS.
Bowery	Roosevelt and Franklin square	4x2 ft. 8 in	1030	5
"	James and East Broadway	"		
Greene	Amity and Bleecker	"	420	
Clinton	Broome and Grand	"	230	
Forty-ninth	Second and Third avenues	"	580	2
Fifty-ninth	4th avenue and 450 feet west of 5th av.	"	1649	4
Thirteenth	University place and Broadway	.....	650	
Broadway	Twelfth and Thirteenth streets			
Monroe	Catharine and Market	"	580	
Mulberry	Bayard and Canal	"	455	
Barrow	West Washington place and Bleecker	"	470	2
Forty-seventh	Fifth and Seventh avenues	"	1879	2
Bleecker	Bank street and Eighth avenue	"	79	
Thirty-seventh	Lexington and Fourth avenues	"	396	
Bowery	James and Madison	"	330	
Dutch	Fulton and John	"	190	
Hudson	Barrow and Grove	"	230	
William	Northeast corner of Frankfort	.....	....	1
Robinson	East corners of West	.....	....	2
Broadway	Southeast corner of Chambers	.....	....	1
Total		.....	9150	19

The following work has been completed at private expense :

	FEET.
Troy street, sewer extended to new bulkhead	500
West Twenty-third street, " "	600
Twenty-first street, at intersection of Broadway	180
Total	1,280

RECAPITULATION.

	FEET.
Of sewers by contract	9,150
" at private expense	1,280
Total	10,430

Or two miles, less 130 feet.

SEWERS

CONSTRUCTION UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION IN 1849.

1849.	Number of sewers	25	
	" basins and culverts	58	
	Lineal feet in length		16,165
1850.	Number of sewers	70	
	" basins and culverts	173	
	Lineal feet in length		61,579
1851.	Number of sewers	103	
	" basins and culverts	157	
	Lineal feet in length		63,009
1852.	Number of sewers	100	
	" basins and culverts	196	
	Lineal feet in length		65,689
1853.	Number of sewers	85	
	" basins and culverts	256	
	Lineal feet in length		73,542
1854.	Number of sewers	88	
	" basins and culverts	244	
	Lineal feet in length		73,519
1855.	Number of sewers	65	
	" basins and culverts	110	
	Lineal feet in length		38,679
1856.	Number of sewers	73	
	" basins and culverts	121	
	Lineal feet in length		49,280
1857.	Number of sewers	23	
	" basins and culverts	19	
	Lineal feet in length		10,430

Total—85 miles, 2,042 feet.

WATER PIPES.

The following lines of main pipes have been laid during the year 1857:

SIX INCH.

Street.	Between	Feet.
Bowery	Oliver and Oak streets	2,210
First avenue	111th and 114th streets	850
Third "	intersection of 83d street	50
Fourth " (west side)	34th and 41st streets	1,723
Do. " (east side)	34th and 42d streets	2,044
Do. " (west side)	from 90th street, southerly	161
Seventh "	54th and 55th streets	200
Eleventh "	39th and 40th streets	255
Do. "	42d and 43d streets	255
Thirty-fourth street	Lexington and 4th avenues	481
Do. "	4th avenue, westerly	150
Thirty-fifth street	" "	200
Do. "	" easterly	50
Thirty-sixth "	" "	37
Do. "	" westerly	34
Do. "	2d av., and 375 feet west	382
Do. "	10th av., and 400 feet west	297
Thirty-seventh "	4th avenue, westerly	250
Do. "	" easterly	250
Thirty-ninth "	" westerly	48
Do. "	10th avenue, and 600 feet west	637
Do. "	500 ft. w. of 11th av. and N. R.	467
Fortieth "	4th avenue, westerly	46
Do. "	" easterly	32
Do. "	11th avenue and North river	952
Forty-first "	4th avenue, westerly	34
Do. "	" easterly	25
Forty-fifth "	150 ft. E. 2d av., and E. river	1,258
Do. "	6th avenue and 50 feet east	50
Do. "	100 feet west of 6th avenue, and 500 feet east 6th avenue	600
Forty-sixth "	6th av., and 250 feet east	255
Fiftieth "	8th and 9th avenues	850
Fifty-second "	2d and 3d avenues	850
Fifty-third "	Broadway and 8th avenue	680
Fifty-fifth	3d avenue and 425 feet east	425
Seventieth "	" and 600 feet west	600
Ninetieth "	4th avenue, easterly	187
Do. "	" westerly	471
One hundred and fourteenth street	1st and 3d avenues	1,785
	Total	20,131

TWELVE INCH.

Street.	Between	Feet.
Second avenue	45th and 48th streets	795
Thirty-eighth street	10th and 11th avenues	892
Forty-eighth	1st and 2d avenues	807
Do.	9th avenue, and 550 feet west	595
	Total	3,089

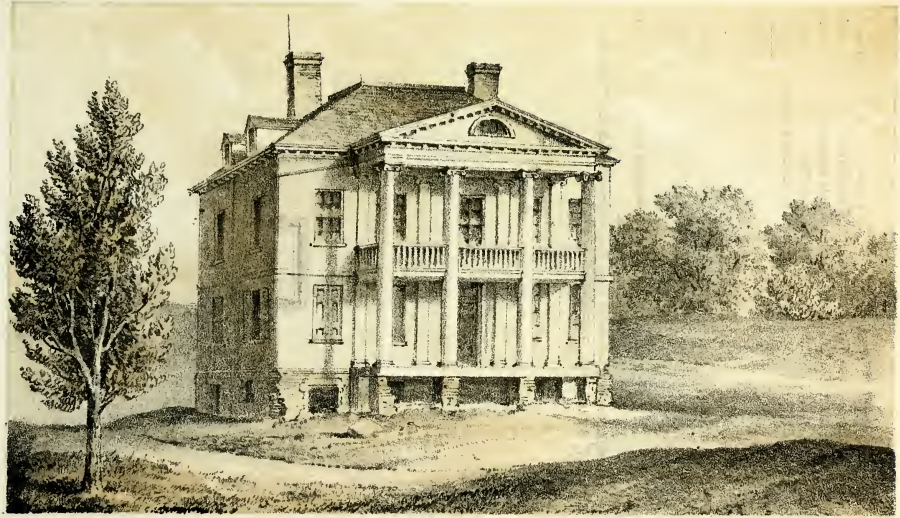
RECAPITULATION.

Of six inch mains	20,131
" twelve "	3,089
Total	23,220

Or four miles, one thousand two hundred feet.

VAULT PERMITS.

For permits to construct vaults, there has been received, from the 21st day of May, 1857, to January 1st, 1858, the sum of $9,901 00.



A. Weingärtner's Lith.ª N.Y.

for D.T. Valentine's Manual 1856.

"THE HERMITAGE", Residence of the late SAMUEL L. NORTON,

43d St. betw. 8th & 9th Aves

PIPE OF ALL SIZES, FOR THE SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION OF CROTON WATER TO DECEMBER 31, 1857.

TIME.	48	36	30	24	20	16	12	10	6	4	TOTALS.
Previous to July, 1849.	....	60333	25796	5400	20275	13125	225140	5875	668107	....	1,024,051 feet, or 193 miles, 5,011 feet.
July to December, 1849.	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	958	2430	....	9402	7451	20,236 " 3 " 4,396 "
January to " 1850.	....	545	2040	....	4860	.....	2375	....	30539	969	41,328 " 7 " 4,368 "
" " 1851.	....	.....	.....	....	2721	.....	18739	....	42817	923	65,199 " 12 " 1,839 "
" " 1852.	....	.....	.....	....	3650	.....	12171	....	47714	....	63,535 " 12 " 175 "
" " 1853.	3500	.....	5125	....	.....	.....	996	....	24161	....	33,782 " 6 " 2,102 "
" " 1854.	587	.....	.....	....	1765	.....	5000	....	23223	....	30,575 " 5 " 4,275 "
" " 1855.	....	.....	10582	....	1492	.....	6063	....	18784	....	36,921 " 6 " 5,141 "
" " 1856.	....	.....	1319	....	102	.....	2731	....	25702	129	29,983 " 5 " 3,583 "
" " 1857.	....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	3089	....	20131	....	23,220 " 4 " 2,100 "
	4087	60878	44862	5400	34864	14078	278764	5875	919576	9472	1,368,830 feet, or 259 miles, 1,310 feet.

The present department was organized in July, 1849. The first line in the table gives the quantity in use at that time; the others the quantity laid each year since. The figures at the head of the columns indicate the internal diameter of pipes, in inches.

Table exhibiting the average depth of Water in the Distributing Reservoir, for each month in each year, from 1848 *to* 1857.

MONTH.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.
	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.
January	26.04	30.11	26.11	20.02	27.02	16.05	23.10	25.02
February	26.01	33.00	29.06	21.01	24.09	17.05	20.02	23.06
March	27.01	33.06	31.09	24.10	26.04	23.00	23.02	25.02
April	28.02	33.02	31.10	24.10	21.07	26.05	24.00	26.08
May	24.09	33.10	31.04	28.03	27.03	29.05	26.00	26.09
June	25.04	31.11	29.05	25.05	25.02	27.10	25.07	23.03
July	25.09	28.01	28.00	22.10	24.03	25.04	24.00	23.09
August	26.02	27.08	29.00	24.04	23.04	25.08	24.01	23.10
September	25.08	29.03	27.03	23.02	22.00	26.08	23.10	25.00
October	27.02	28.10	29.03	24.09	24.02	27.06	19.03	23.02
November	24.00	30.11	30.04	26.04	23.06	25.00	23.05	26.06
December	26.08	26.01	29.06	24.06	20.06	24.04	29.05	24.08
Average	25.00	30.07	29.05	25.00	24.02	24.07	23.11	24.11

CITY INSPECTOR'S DEPARTMENT.

DEATHS, MARRIAGES AND BIRTHS REPORTED TO THE CITY INSPECTOR DURING THE YEAR 1857.

MONTHS.	DEATHS.	MARRIAGES.	BIRTHS.
January	2047	207	1661
February	1783	324	1457
March	1963	321	1659
April	1791	368	1357
May	1776	422	1534
June	1462	437	1573
July	2021	286	1670
August	2821	209	1459
September	2463	252	1638
October	1875	337	1491
November	1605	178	1122
December	1726	369	1806
	23333	3710	18427

The number of deaths are, it is believed, the whole number which occurred in the city, the ordinances prohibiting (since 1850) interments south of Eighty-sixth street, except in private vaults and burial places; and prohibiting, also, the removal of deceased persons without a permit from the City Inspector, granted in filing a certificate stating the name of deceased, age, color, &c. This insures full returns; few burials are in the city, and these are properly returned.

The number of births and marriages, owing to the neglect of physicians, clergymen and others to report, and the difficulty of enforcing the requirements of the law, is obviously much below the truth. The records are, however, of value for reference to decide the legitimacy and rights of parties in law suits, and in reference to property, imperfect as they undoubtedly are for scientific purposes.

SCHEDULE OF OFFICERS

WHOSE SALARIES ARE PAID FROM THE CITY TREASURY.

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Daniel F. Tiemann	Mayor	The People			$5000 00
George G. Barnard	Recorder	do			5000 00
Abraham D. Russell	City Judge	do			5000 00
Office Clerk Com. Council.					
D. T. Valentine	Clerk of the Common Council	Board of Aldermen			3000 00
Do	Preparing Minutes for publication	do do			150 00
John H. Chambers	Deputy Clerk of Board of Aldermen	do do			2000 00
Christian B. Woodruff	First Assistant do do	do do			1200 00
Simon Meyers	Second do do do	do do			1200 00
Francis J. Twomey	Third do do do	do do			1000 00
G. A. Valentine	Librarian	Clerk of Common Council			250 00
Do	Temporary Clerk	do do			650 00
Frank J. McDonough	Engrossing Clerk	do do	6c.p.f.		
Patrick Gallagher	Sergeant-at-Arms	Board of Aldermen			800 00
Horatio N. Parker	Messenger to Board of Aldermen	do do			850 00
Terrence P. Smith	Assistant Messenger do do	do do			750 00
Peter L. Feirty	Reader to do do	President Board of Aldermen			500 00
Office of Clerk of Board of Councilmen.					
C. T. McClenachan	Clerk of Board of Councilmen	Board of Councilmen			2000 00
John A. Towle	Deputy Clerk do	do do			1200 00
James Little	Assistant do do	do do			1000 00
William Yates	Engrossing Clerk do	Clerk to Board of Councilmen			900 00
N. M. Slidell	Sergeant-at-Arms do	Board of Councilmen			800 00
John Kennard	Reader do	President of Board of Councilmen			500 00

R. T. Entwistle	Door-keeper do	Board of Councilmen		$4 00	
John E. Greene	Messenger do	do do			900 00
Mayor's Office.					
J. Blakeney Auld	Mayor's Clerk	Mayor			1500 00
William H. Stephens	First Marshal	do			1500 00
George W. Hinchman	Assistant Clerk and Mayor's Messenger	do			1300 00
John Audubon	Assistant Clerk	do			1500 00
Richard Scott	do	do			1200 00
Benj. S. Hedricks	do	do			1000 00
Peter Duffy	Inspector of Vessels	do	Fees.		
Finance Department.					
Azariah C. Flagg	Comptroller	The People			3000 00
Artemus S. Caty	Clerk to Comptroller	Comptroller and Board of Aldermen			1500 00
Wakeman H. Dikeman	Stock Clerk	do do			1700 00
Joseph C. Pinckney	Book-keeper	do do			1500 00
James Upton	Messenger	do do			800 00
Auditing Bureau.					
James Timpson	Auditor	do do			2000 00
David Groesbeck, Jr.	Assistant Auditor	do do			1200 00
Charles Van Tine	do	do do			1000 00
Bureau of Clerk of Arrears.					
Augustus Purdy	Clerk of Arrears	do do			2000 00
Phineas H. Kingsland	Assistant do	do do			1200 00
R. A. Storrs	First Assistant Clerk of Arrears	Clerk of Arrears & B'd of Aldermen			1200 00
—— ——	Second do do	do do			1200 00
—— ——	Third do do	do do			1000 00
Charles J. Dougherty	Fourth do do	do do			1000 00
—— ——	Messenger	do do			800 00
Bureau of Collection of City Revenue.					
Joseph Rose	Collector of City Revenue	Comptroller and Board of Aldermen			3000 00
Joseph A. Rose	Clerk to do	do do			1200 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Bureau of Taxes.					
Wilson Small	Receiver of Taxes	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			$3000 00
John P. Hone	Deputy Receiver of Taxes	do do			2500 00
Alfred Vredenburgh	Clerk to do	Receiver of Taxes			1200 90
William V. Porter	First Clerk to Receiver of Taxes	Receiver and Board of Aldermen			2000 00
Casper C. Childs	Second do do	do do			1200 00
Henry Wilkes	Third do do	do do			1200 00
William G. McLaughlin	Fourth do do	do do			1200 00
Peter Fargis	Messenger	do do			700 00
Six Temporary Clerks		do do		$3 00	2820 00
Chamberlain of City.					
Andrew V. Stout	City Chamberlain	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			500 00
Do	Allowed for Clerk hire	Chamberlain			400 00
Street Department.					
—— ——	Street Commissioner	The People			5000 00
—— ——	Deputy Street Commissioner	Street Commissioner			2500 00
—— ——	Map Clerk	do			1200 00
—— ——	Contract Clerk	do			2000 00
—— ——	Book-keeper	do			2000 00
—— ——	do	do			1500 00
—— ——	General Clerk	do			2000 00
—— ——	do	do			1500 00
—— ——	do	do			1200 00
—— ——	do	do			1200 00
—— ——	do	do			1000 00
—— ——	do	do			1000 00
—— ——	Messenger	do			1000 00
—— ——	Assistant do	do			500 00
—— ——	do do	do			500 00

Bureau of Wharves.					
—— ——	Superintendent of Wharves	Street Commissioner			2000 00
Bureau of Repairs and Supplies.					
—— ——	Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies	do do			2000 00
—— ——	Deputy do do	Supt. of Repairs & Supplies			2000 00
Five Clerks	Five Clerks	do do			5000 00
Bureau of Lamps and Gas.					
—— ——	Superintendent of Lamps and Gas	do do			2000 00
—— ——	Clerk to do do	Superintendent of Lamps and Gas			1200 00
—— ——	do do do	do do do			800 00
Bureau of Sidewalks.					
—— ——	Inspector of Sidewalks	Street Commissioner		$2 00	
Bureau of Col. of Assessments					
Joseph R. Taylor	Collector of Assessments	do do	Fees.		
Horatio N. Sherwood, Ira A. Libby, Walter Oakley	Deputy Collectors of Assessments	do do	Fees.		
Bureau of Sup. of Fire Dep.					
Henry H. Howard	Chief Engineer of Fire Department	Fire Department & Common Council			$6000 00
Bureau of Roads.					
—— ——	Superintendent of Roads	Street Commissioner			2000 00
Bureau of Street Improvements.					
—— ——	Superintendent of Street Improvements	do do			2000 00
—— ——	Clerk to do do	Superintendent			1500 00
—— ——	do do do	do			1200 00
—— ——	do do do	do			1000 00
—— ——	do do do	do			1000 00
Bureau of Surveying.					
Six Surveyors		Street Commissioner	Fees.		

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Bureau of Lands and Places.					
—— ——	Superintendent of Lands and Places	Street Commissioner			2000 00
Bureau of City Hall and Park.					
James Taylor	Keeper of the City Hall and Park	do do			1250 00
Fifteen persons	To clean, &c., City Hall and Courts	Keeper		$1 50	7142 50
Four men to remove obstacles		at $3 per diem		$3 00	
Bureau of Fire Telegraph.					
Charles Robinson	Regulator of Fire Telegraph				1000 00
Fire Wardens.					
Robert B. Sanderson	Fire Warden	Fire Department & Common Council			600 00
Lewis C. Meeks	do	do do			600 00
George C. Brown	do	do do			600 00
Michael Eichells	do	do do			600 00
John S. Clayton	do	do do			600 00
John Downey	do	do do			600 00
James M. Macgregor	do	do do			600 00
F. S. Gregg	do	do do			600 00
C. G. Merritt	do	do do			600 00
William H. McDonough	do	do do			600 00
John T. Harding	do	do do			600 00
Theo. Keeler	do	do do			600 00
John J. Tindale	Clerk to Fire Wardens	do do			800 00
Thirty three bell-ringers		each $600			19800 00
Fire Commissioners' Office.					
R. M. Hedden	Clerk	Fire Commissioners			800 00
—— ——	Messenger	do do			600 00

Croton Aqueduct Depart.				
Myndert Van Schaick	President	Mayor and Board of Aldermen		3000 00
Theodore R. De Forest	Assistant Commissioner	do do		3000 00
Alfred W. Craven	Chief Engineer	do do		5000 00
John C. Winder	Assistant do	Croton Aqueduct Board		1450 00
Henry L. Robertson	Clerk	do do		1400 00
John J. Conklin	Messenger	do do		700 00
Bureau of Water Rents.				
Revo C. Hance	Registrar	Mayor and Board of Aldermen		1500 00
William Fardon	Deputy	Registrar and Board of Aldermen		1000 00
William V. Lecount	Clerk	Registrar		1000 00
Jacob E. Howard	do	do		1000 00
Edmund E. Dean	do	Croton Aqueduct Board		1000 00
Gilbert H. White	do	do do		1000 00
Seymour V. Moody	do	do do		1000 00
Charles R. Fleet	do	do do		1000 00
Bureau of Pipes, Sewers & Drains.				
John P. Flender	Water Purveyor	Croton Aqueduct Board & B'd of Ald		1500 00
Alexander F. Dodge	Contract Clerk	Croton Aqueduct Board		1200 00
—— ——	Clerk	Water Purveyor		1000 00
Peter D. De Forest	do	do do		1000 00
City Inspector's Department.				
George W. Morton	City Inspector	The People		5000 00
J. S. Monell	Registrar of Records	City Inspector & Board of Aldermen		1200 00
W. R. W. Chambers	First Clerk to City Inspector	do do		1200 00
Samuel A. Vanderlip	Registry Clerk	do do		600 00
Lemuel W. Parkes	do	do do		750 00
Twenty-two Health Wardens		do do	$3 00	
Bureau of Sanitary Inspection.				
Richard C. Downing	Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection	do do		2500 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Bureau of Markets.					
Joseph Canning	Superintendent of Markets	City Inspector			$1000 00
Mathew D. Greene	Clerk of Washington Market	Superintendent of Markets			1000 00
George Goodheart	Deputy Clerk do	do do			750 00
Mathew C. Fordham	Clerk of Fulton Market	do do			800 00
George Kimmens	do Catharino do	do do		$2 00	
A. Thomas	do Essex do	do do		2 00	
PeterPettit	do Union do	do do		2 00	
Leonidas Osborne	do Jefferson do	do do		2 00	
Henry S Larue	do Tompkins do	do do		2 00	
Dewitt Forshay	do Clinton do	do do		2 00	
Richard D. Marshall	do Franklin do	do do		1 50	
James S. Egbert	do Centre do	do do		2 00	
Lucius F. Hickox	do Gouverneur do	do do		1 00	
Health Commissioners.					
William Rockwell	Resident Physician	Mayor and Board of Aldermen			1250 00
Jedediah Miller	Health Commissioner	do do			3000 00
Alms-house Department.					
George B. Gilbert	Clerk	Board of Governors			1500 00
Joshua Phillips	Clerk to Governors	do do			1500 00
Samuel R. Spelman	Supply Clerk	do do			1250 00
Cornelius M. Kellock	Messenger	do do			75 00
Alms-house.					
Jonathan Stearns	Warden	do do			1500 00
Thomas J. Marshall	Clerk	do do			933 33
Michael Shea	Register Clerk	Warden			375 00
Elijah T. Simpson	Engineer	do			700 00

Hugh T. Brady	Chaplain	Board of Governors		600 00
Eliza Heaton	Matron	Warden		400 00
Catharine M. Flynn	Assistant Matron	do		350 00
Ann M. Purdy	Help to Matron	do		125 00
John Turner	Captain of the Dead Boat	do		240 00
Henry Zeh	Gardener	do		400 00
Laurence Rogers	Runner	do		96 00
Bellevue Hospital.				
Timothy Daly	Warden	Board of Governors		1500 00
John Frey	Apothecary	do do		832 00
John King	Engineer	do do		720 00
Elizabeth R. Dennis	Matron	do do		400 00
John J. Campbell	House Surgeon	do do		216 00
Frederick A. Burrell	do	do do		216 00
J. M. Farrington	Assistant Surgeon	do do		216 00
Nathan Barrows	do	do do		216 00
C. F. W. Haase	House Physician	do do		216 00
R. C. McEwen	do	do do		216 00
J. R. Buist	do	do do		216 00
G. S. Hardaway	do	do do		216 00
C. W. Walton	Assistant Physician	do do		216 00
S. R. Forman	do	do do		216 00
E. Lambert	do	do do		216 00
H. F. Andrews	do	do do		216 00
14 Orderlies, Nurses and Help		Warden each $144		2016 00
5 " " "		do " 120		600 00
14 " " "		do " 96		1344 00
35 " " "		do " 60		2100 00
11 " " "		do " 30		330 00
City Prison.				
John Gray	Warden	Board of Governors		2000 00
John H. Whitmore	Clerk	do do		1500 00
John C. Covel	Physician	do do		800 00
Artemas Kendall	Deputy	Warden		750 00
Thomas Mullan	do	do		750 00
James Brown	do	do		750 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM	ANNUAL.
Thomas Sullivan	Deputy	Warden			750 00
Peter Crosby	do	do			750 00
Robert Cunningham	do	do			750 00
Abraham Clearman	do	do			750 00
Flora Foster	Matron	do			550 00
Anna J. French	Assistant Matron	do			350 00
Lavinia Phelps	Night Matron	do			350 00
Edward Smith	Deputy	do			750 00
Mark Finley	do	do			750 00
James Finley	Messenger	do			300 00
Second District Prison.					
Matthew Daly	Deputy Keeper	do			850 00
William H. Warts	do	do			750 00
Third District Prison.					
John Orr	do	do			750 00
John Brown	do	do			750 00
Fourth District Prison.					
Hiram Chandler	do	do			850 00
William B. Doty	do	do			750 00
Lunatic Asylum.					
M. H. Ranney	Resident Physician	Board of Governors			1500 00
C. W. Packard	Assistant do	do do			716 00
R. L. Parsons	do do	do do			216 00
Zetus Searle	Chaplain	do do			600 00
Bernard McCann	Engineer	do do			630 00
Richard Read	Attendant	do do			296 00
Richard Wilson	do	do do			296 00
Seven Attendants		do do ....each $272			1904 00

Michael Cardial	Watchman	Resident Physician						400 00
Thomas Chadwell	do	do	do					400 00
Mary Goodwin	Matron	do	do					400 00
Margaret Toohey	do	do	do					304 00
Eight Female Attendants		do	do	each $174				1392 00
Mary Welsh	Sewing Room	do	do					125 00
Fifteen Female Attendants		do	do	each $72				1080 00
Four Workmen		do	do	each $168				672 00
Out-door Poor Department.								
George Kellock, Jr.	Superintendent	Board of Governors						2000 00
Sparhawk Parsons	Clerk	Superintendent Out-door Poor						700 00
William B. Parsons	do	do	do					700 00
Henry W. Boswell	do	do	do					900 00
Charles E. Anderson	do	do	do					600 00
John McGrath	Visitor	do	do					900 00
James Marshall	do	do	do					900 00
James Quackenbush	do	do	do					900 00
John Mullane	Hearse Driver	do	do					700 00
Robert McDade	Assistant do	do	do					700 00
Anthony Furer	do do	do	do					465 00
Godfrey Kieffer	Door-keeper	do	do					500 00
Isaac Ferguson	Keeper of Bellevue Yard	do	do					800 00
Philip Koehler	do do	do	do					800 00
James Albertson	do of Nineteenth street Yard	do	do					800 00
John Bruter	do do	do	do					800 00
Henry Bertholf, Sr.	do of Rivington street Yard	do	do					800 00
George Brown	do do	do	do					800 00
John J. Spurling	Temporary Visitor	do	do					800 00
John Jordan	do	do	do					800 00
James O'Meara	do	do	do					800 00
Michael Wall	do	do	do					800 00
Robert Fisher	do	do	do					800 00
Jacob H. Brown	do	do	do					800 00
Drake B. Palmer	do	do	do					800 00
Joseph G. Dosey	do	do	do					800 00
David A. Hull	do	do	do					800 00
George Smith	do	do	do	Employed only during Jan., Feb. & March.				800 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Elisha Kingsland	Temporary Visitor	Superint'nt Out-door Poor	.....	.....	800 00
Nelson D. Thayer	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Charles W. Caffey	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Francis Mesmer	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Lewis Hallet	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Jotham Wilson	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Stephen McCormick	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Thomas O'Reilly	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Henry G. Hunt	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
David C. Colman	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Penitentiary.					
John Fitch	Warden	Board of Governors	.....	.....	1500 00
John E. Flagler	Clerk	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Robert G. Walmsley	Deputy Warden	Warden	.....	.....	1000 00
Robert McGee	Shoemaker	do	.....	.....	720 00
Robert Hunt	Blacksmith	do	.....	.....	720 00
George P. Bloomer	Carpenter	do	.....	.....	720 00
Philip E. Brown	Quarry Master	do	.....	.....	720 00
John De Mott	do	do	.....	.....	720 00
Abraham H. Quick	Mason	do	.....	.....	720 00
James Mahoney	Stone Cutter	do	.....	.....	720 00
James Dodd	Engineer	do	.....	.....	720 00
Nineteen Keepers		do	.....	.....	720 00
One do		do	.....	.....	12350 00
Five Guards		do	.....	.....	500 00
John Schureman	Assistant Carpenter	do	.....	.....	3250 00
Elien H. Halliwell	Matron	do	.....	.....	220 00
Eliza Ring	do	do	.....	.....	400 00
Penitentiary Hospital.					
W. W. Sanger	Resident Physician	Board of Governors	.....	.....	1500 00

Employed only during Jan., Feb. & March.

each $350

E. G. Greenlee	Assistant	do	Resident Physician		216 00
J. C. O'Neil	do	do	do do		216 00
J. E. Van Wagner	do	do	do do		216 00
S. Cooper	do	do	do do		216 00
L. C. Cox	do	do	do do		216 00
E. A. O. Ware	do	do	do do		216 00
J. Neff	do	do	do do		216 00
A. Gallagher	do	do	do do		216 00
Sarah Knox	Matron		Warden		400 00
Elizabeth Pursell	do (Small Pox Hospital)		do		150 00
John Atkinson	Apothecary		Resident Physician		600 00
B. B. Sibell	Steward		Warden		933 33
S. G. Butler	Clerk		Resident Physician		120 00
Francis Burns	Coxswain				300 00
Two Nurses			Resident Physician ..... each $150		300 00
Randall's Island.					
Harmon Eldredge	Warden, (Randall's Island)		Board of Governors		1500 00
John Verhoff	Coxswain	do	Warden		500 00
James McGivney	Keeper	do	do		630 00
O. Fitzpatrick	Gardener		do		400 00
Philip S. Dorland	Farmer		do		630 00
William O. Webb	City Cemetery, (Ward's Island)		do		800 00
Rufus Ripley	Keeper	Nursery	do		600 00
Ebenezer Jessup	Engineer	Nursery	do		600 00
John Torrey	Tailor	Nurseries	do		420 00
Jane Ley	Matron	Nurseries	do		450 00
Emeline Morgan	Assistant Matron.	Nurseries	do		350 00
Margaret W. Fort	do	Nurseries	do		350 00
Charlotte Bottner	do	Nurseries	do		350 00
Leah E. Strang	do	Nurseries	do		350 00
Ellen H. Barnette	do	Nurseries	do		350 00
Anna Robinson	do	Nurseries	do		240 00
Mary Baldwin	Sewing-room	Nurseries	do		150 00
Ann Brady	Wash-house	Nurseries	do		100 00
Sixty Nurses		Nurseries	do ..... each $60		3600 00
Henry N. Whittlesey	Resident Physician, (Nursery Hospital)		Board of Governors		1200 00
John T. Crook	Assistant do	do	Resident Physician		216 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Edward Rives	Assistant Physician, (Nursery Hospital)	Resident Physician			$216 00
Jackson Hart	Apothecary	do do			300 00
Mary Strong	Matron, (Nursery Hospital)	Warden			370 00
Bridget Byron	Assist. Matron, do	do			370 00
Margaret Moss	Nurse	do			84 00
Thirty Nurses		do each $60			1800 00
Thomas B. Tappan	Store-keeper	Board of Governors			1333 33
Store-house, R. I.					
N. P. Anderson	Store-keeper	Board of Governors			1333 33
S. M. Drew	Clerk	do do			933 33
Bake-house.					
Alfred Chancellor	Baker	Board of Governors			1000 00
Christie Field	do	Store-keeper			180 00
Thomas P. White	Clerk	do			168 00
Work-house.					
Joseph Keen	Superintendent	Board of Governors			2000 00
Samuel Reynolds	Deputy Superintendent	do do			1000 00
Charles W. Smyth	Clerk	do do			933 33
John Slattery	Engineer	do do			650 00
Isaac Hampton	Carpenter	do do			720 00
Lewis Winter	Shoemaker	do do			720 00
H. Brainard	Quarry Master	do do			720 00
A. D. Renton	Mason	do do			720 00
Nine Keepers		do do each $600			5400 00
Two Matrons		do do each $300			600 00
Ferry, B. I.					
Charles F. Graham	Ferry Master	Board of Governors			650 00
Patrick Jamison	do	do do			650 00

Michael Graham	Coxswain	do do		450 00
Joseph A. Smith	do	do do		450 00
Law Department.				
Richard Busteed	Counsel to the Corporation	The People		3500 00
Do	By virtue of act of April 1, 1854			6500 00
Do	Allowed for Clerk hire			8000 00
George H. Purser	Corporation Attorney	Counsel and Board of Aldermen		5000 00
J. D. Macgregor	Clerk to attorney	Corp. Attorney & Board of Aldermen		1250 00
J. H. Stout	do do	do do do		1000 00
—— ——	Messenger	do do do		250 00
Bureau of Public Administrator.				
Thomas C. Field	Public Administrator	Corp. Attorney & Board of Aldermen		1250 00
William H. Faulkner	Regulator of Public Clocks	Com. of Sts. & Lps. & B'd of Aldermen		300 00
Police Courts.				
*R. W. Osborn	Justice, 1st District Police Court	The People		2000 00
*Michael Connolly	do do do	do		2000 60
*James H. Welsh	do do do	do		2000 00
Ed. M. Skidmore	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen		1250 00
*John Lalor	do do do	do do		1250 00
*R. H. Johnston	do do do	do do		1250 00
Oscar Bogart	Scrivener do do	do do		1000 00
John Quackenbush	Justice, 2d District Police Court	The People		2000 00
Richard Kelly	do do do	do		2000 00
James Murray	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen		1250 00
Merwin N. Jones	do do do	do do		1250 00
Thomas J. Murray	Scrivener	do do		800 00
James R. Steers	Justice, 3d District Police Court	The People		2000 00
M. T. Brennan	do do do	do		2000 00
W. R. Rockwell	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen		1250 00
George W. Riblet	do do do	do do		1250 00
James E. Kerrigan	Scrivener	do do		1000 00
J. Sherman Brownell	Justice, 4th District Police Court	The People		2000 00
Charles M. Vandervoort	Clerk do do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen		1250 00

* Each of said Justices and Clerks allowed one sixth in addition, for Sunday services; each Justice also allowed $1200 per annum, as Justice of the Special Sessions.

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
F. Fenneberg	Interpreter, First District Court	Court			$600 00
John P. Schmohl	do Second do	do			600 00
Charles Miller	do Third do	do			600 00
George F. Dohrenwind	do Fourth do	do			600 00
Adolphus Mincho	do Halls of Justice				700 00
Board of Supervisors.					
Joseph B. Young	Clerk	Board of Supervisors			1400 00
Henry Mathews	Messenger and Sergeant-at-arms	do do			600 00
District Attorney.					
Peter B. Sweeney	District Attorney	The People			5000 00
John Sedgwick	Assistant do	District Attorney			2500 00
Ira Floyd, Jr.	Clerk to District Attorney	do do			800 00
Henry Vandervoort	Clerk Court of Sessions	Court of Sessions			2500 00
John Sparks	Deputy Clerk do	do do			1500 00
Theodore Taylor	Clerk to City Judge	City Judge			1000 00
Thomas Fonda	do Recorder	Recorder			1000 00
Courts.					
Supreme Court.					
James I. Rosevelt	Justice Supreme Court	The People			1500 00
Henry E. Davies	do do	do			1500 00
Thomas W. Clerke	do do	do			1500 00
Daniel P. Ingraham	do do	do			1500 00
Josiah Sutherland	do do	do			1500 00
Superior Court.	Allowed $2500 by the state and $8 p' day for services out of the county				
John Duer	Chief Justice Superior Court	The People			5000 00
John Slosson	Associate do do	do			5000 00
Murray Hoffman	do do do	do			5000 00

Joseph S. Bosworth	do do do	do	5000 00
Lewis B. Woodruff	do do do	do	5000 00
Edwards Pierrepont	do do do	do	5000 00
Court of Common Pleas.			
Charles P. Daly	First Judge, Common Pleas	The People	5000 00
John R. Brady	Associate Judge, Common Pleas	do	5000 00
Henry Hilton	do do do	do	5000 00
Marine Court.			
Albert A. Thompson	Justice Marine Court,	The People	3000 00
A. K. Maynard	do do	do	3000 00
Florence McCarthy	do do	do	3000 00
Moses D. Gale	Clerk do	Board of Supervisors	2000 00
Justices' Courts.			
Thomas Stewart	Justice, Ward Court	The People	2000 00
Charles Sweeney	do do	do	2000 00
William H. Dusenberry	do do	do	2000 00
William H. Van Cott	do do	do	2000 00
Charles K. Smith	do do	do	1250 00
Theo. J. Fonda	do do	do	1250 00
O. W. Van Voorhis	do do	do	1250 00
*I. B. Bachelor	Clerk, do	Mayor and Board of Aldermen	1250 00
*Thomas F. Peers	do do	do do	1250 00
*William E. Smith	do do	do do	1250 00
*David Seaman	do do	do do	1250 00
*Edward S. McPherson	do do	do do	1250 00
*John Waite	do do	do do	1250 00
*John L. Ambler	do do	do do	1250 00
County Clerk's Office.			
Richard B. Connolly	County Clerk	The People	3000 00
David A. Fowler	Deputy County Clerk	County Clerk	1500 00
Benjamin Cohen	Docket Clerk	do	1000 00
Albert G. Wallace	Assistant do	do	850 00

* Contested by appointments of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, December 18, 1857.

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Theo. M. Squires	Clerk Supreme Court in Equity	County Clerk			$1000 00
Horatio P. Carr	do do do at Law	do			1000 00
W. S. Yard	Clerk Special Term	do			1000 00
D. I. Chatfield	Clerk General Term	do			1000 00
Allen M. Sniffen	Clerk Circuit Court	do			1000 00
Richard C. Beamish	Clerk in Chambers	do			1000 00
Stephen C. Duryea	Recording Clerk	do			750 00
John M. French	do do	do			750 00
John Martin	do do	do			750 00
Charles Kip	do do	do			750 00
Sylvester Nolan	do do	do			600 00
John Poynton	do do	do			600 00
North West	Clerk of Records	do			750 00
John E. Kelly	Recording Clerk	do			800 00
David Eagan	do do	do			800 00
A. Ingraham	do do	do			450 00
Office of Clerk of Court of Common Pleas.					
Benjamin H. Jarvis	Clerk of Court of Common Pleas	Court			2500 00
Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr.	Deputy Clerk	Clerk of Court			1500 00
R. J. Clark	Clerk to General Term	do			1000 00
T. H. Landon	Clerk to Trial Term, Part First	do			1000 00
H. M. Herrick	do do Part Second	do			1000 00
R. S. Cummings	Clerk at Chambers	do			1000 00
John Brown	Naturalization Clerk	do			900 00
P. B. Richardson	Recording Clerk	do			800 00
Register's Office.					
William Miner	Register	The People	Fees.		
Thomas C. Acton	Deputy Register	Register	"		
Lewis H. Watts	Assistant do	do	"		

Henry Miller	Searcher	do	"	
John J. Wilson	do	do	"	
Edward W. De Grove	do	do	"	
George Mortimer	Satisfaction Clerk	do	"	
Alfred E. Crooker	Examiner	do	"	
John C. Holland	Recording Clerk	do	"	
William J. Donnelly	do do	do	"	
Henry F. Decker	do do	do	"	
P. James	do do	do	"	
Sigismund Beer	do do	do	"	
John Ahern	do do	do	"	
James J. Kelso	do do	do	"	
Charles Boice	do do	do	"	
David Lennox	do do	do	"	
Isaac P. Wilkinson	Collector	do	"	
Michael Phillips	Messenger	do	"	
Surrogate's Office.				
Edward C. West	Surrogate	The People		5000 00
Gabriel Van Cott	Chief Clerk	do		1000 00
Cornelius Minor	General Clerk	do		1000 00
William Ripley	Recording Clerk	do	Fees.	
Charles S. Riblet	do do	do	"	
—— ——	do do	do	"	
David R. Jacques	Engrossing Clerk	Surrogate	"	
—— ——	Porter	do		60 00
Tax Commissioners.				
Jonathan W. Allen	Tax Commissioner	Board of Supervisors		3500 00
Amor J. Williamson	do do	do do		3500 00
Josiah W. Brown	do do	do do		3500 00
James Kelly	Deputy Tax Commissioner	Tax Commissioners		2000 00
William P. Powers	do do	do do		2000 00
George H. Franklin	do do	do do		2000 00
Andrew J. Campbell	do do	do do		2000 00
Charles J. Dodge	do do	do do		2000 00
James Andrews, Jr.	do do	do do		2000 00
Henry V. Lovell	do do	do do		2000 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
William Sinclair	Deputy Tax Commissioner	Tax Commissioners			$2000 00
James Dennis	do do	do do			2000 00
George L. Loutrel	do do	do do			2000 00
David W. Allen	do do	do do			2000 00
Warren Brady	do do	do do			2000 00
Alfred S. Dusenberry	Clerk to Tax Commissioners	do do			1200 00
Richard G. Newkirk	do do	do do			1200 00
Thomas O. Davis	do do	do do			1200 00
John Lenahan	do do	do do			1000 00
Justin H. Howard	do do	do do			1000 00
Thaddeus B. Glover	do do	do do			1000 00
Jacob L. Smith	do do	do do			800 00
Francis S. Street	do do	do do			800 00
John Morgan	do do	do do			800 00
Joseph H. Toone	Surveyor	do do			3000 00
Bureau of Assessments.					
Charles McNeill	Deputy Tax Commissioner		Fees.		
William A. Dooley	do do		"		
Jacob F. Oakley	do do		"		
Walter S. Pinckney	Clerk to Tax Commissioners				1000 00
Office Clerk Superior Court.					
George T. Maxwell	Clerk	Justices Superior Court			2500 00
Jesse Oakley	Deputy Clerk	Clerk Superior Court			1200 00
Henry H. Rice	Deputy Clerk in Equity	do do			1200 00
Peter Lemon	Assistant do	do do			800 00
George Fadie	do do	do do			800 00
William Haviland	do do	do do			900 00
Commissioner of Jurors.					
U. D. French	Commissioner of Jurors	B'd of Supervisors & Judges of Superior Court & Court of Common Pleas			1500 00

Office Clk B'd of Education.					
Thomas Boese	Clerk, Board of Education	Board of Education			2800 00
Myron Finch	Deputy Clerk	do	do		1500 00
William F. Clarke	do do	do	do		1500 00
Thomas T. Bennett	Assistant Clerk	do	do		1000 00
Charles E. Pierce	do do	do	do		1250 00
Charles H. Gilbert	do do	do	do		1000 00
John Killalee	Porter	do	do		700 00
John G. White	Messenger	do	do		200 00
Samuel S. Randall	City Superintendent of Schools	do	do		3000 00
Henry Kiddle	Assistant do do	do	do		2500 00
Samuel W. Seton	do do do	do	do		1400 00
William Jones, Jr.	do do do	do	do		1400 00
Joseph E. Bell	Messenger to Superintendent	do	do		200 00
Attendants on Courts.					
Supreme.					
Henry Berthoff	Attendant on Supreme Court	Board of Supervisors and the Court			700 00
Ambrose De Fries	do do	do	do		700 00
Nathaniel Hepburn	do do	do	do		700 00
B. W. Buchanan	do do	do	do		700 00
S. Rowland	do do	do	do		700 00
John F. Skidmore	do do	do	do		700 00
Joseph P. Smith	do do	do	do		700 00
Edward J. Knight	do do	do	do		700 00
Richard Kimmins	do do	do	do		700 00
William Hartnett	do do	do	do		700 00
R. W. Bishop	do do	do	do		700 00
Superior.					
Leonard Hoffman	Attendant on Superior Court	Board of Supervisors and the Court			700 00
Samuel S. Acker	do do	do	do		700 00
Charles U. Combs	do do	do	do		700 00
James G. Kent	do do	do	do		700 00
Charles Goldin	do do	do	do		700 00
James Ryan	do do	do	do		700 00
Thomas Ryan	do do	do	do		700 00
John Reid	do do	do	do		700 00
Thomas F. Jackson	do do	do	do		700 00

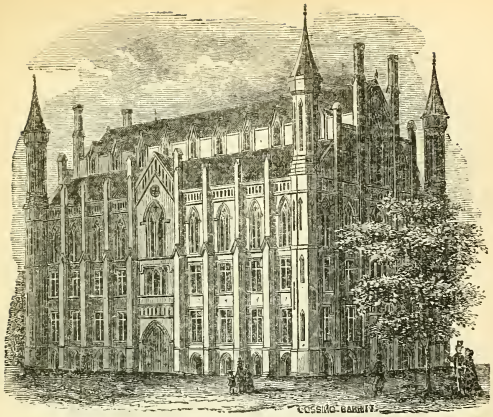
NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Jesse Wood	Attendant on Superior Court	Board of Supervisors and the Court.	.....	.....	$700 00
Jonathan N. Odell	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
Common Pleas.					
S. W. Dusenberry	Attendant on Court of Common Pleas	Board of Supervisors and the Court.	.....	.....	700 00
Edward A. Davin	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
John Cooper	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
Allen McKeachnie	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
W. H. Brown	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
John Major	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
William Meehan	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
Timothy Weeks	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
John Meigs	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
Marine Court.					
John Garrett	Attendant on Marine Court	Board of Supervisors and the Court.	.....	.....	700 00
P. Lawless	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
T. Kevlin	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
H. Whitehead	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
S. S. Thompson	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
W. F. Bishop	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
G. C. Maynard	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
D. G. Gale	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
E. Shandley	do do	do do	.....	.....	700 00
Court of Sessions.					
William Joyce, Captain	Attendant	Board of Supervisors	.....	.....	1200 00
Cornelius Murray	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Henry Evans	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
Andrew Sheehan	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
James Trase	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00
William Dougherty	do	do do	.....	.....	800 00

Patrick Smith	do	do	do			800 00
Patrick Murphy	do	do	do			800 00
Edward S. Maloy	do	do	do			800 00
Edward O. Baker	do	do	do			800 00
Joseph Karge	do	do	do			800 00
William S. Allen	do	do	do			800 00
William Wilde	do	do	do			800 00
William H. Carter	do	do	do			800 00
Edward Halloran	do	do	do			800 00
John Stacom	do	do	do			800 00
John N. Cornell	do	do	do			800 00
Joseph T. Webster	do	do	do			800 00
Central Park.						
Egbert L. Viele	Chief Engineer	Commissioners				2500 00
Frederick Law Olmsted	Superintendent	do				2000 00
David H. Hart	Clerk to the Commission	do				1200 00
Lachlan H. McIntosh	Disbursing Clerk	do				1250 00
Michael Miller	Property Clerk	do				1000 00
George E. Waring	Superintendent of Draining	do				1500 00
Samuel I. Gustin	do of Planting	do				1200 00
Francis Petrarchi	Clerk	do				500 00
Charles R. Honeywell	Messenger	do				200 00
Police.						
James W. Nye	Commissioner and President	Governor			$8 00	
James Bowen	do and Treasurer	do				2000 00
James S. T. Stranahan	Commissioner	do			$8	
Jacob Cholwell	do	do			$8	
Pelatiah Perit	do	do			$8	
F. A. Tallmadge	General Superintendent	Commissioners				3000 00
Daniel Carpenter	Deputy do	do				2000 00
George W. Embree	Chief Clerk	do				2000 00
Daniel B. Hasbrouck	Deputy Clerk	do				1000 00
Joel B. Mott	do	do				1000 00
John J. Rabineau	do	do				1000 00
Humphrey Bower	do	do				1000 00
William H. Folk	do	do				1000 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
Abraham Pierce	Deputy Clerk	Commissioners			$1000 00
Dr. Kennedy	Surgeon	do			1500 00
Dr. Kimbark	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Jones	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Mott	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Ranney	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Fisher	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Freleigh	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Waterman	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Wells	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Gould	do	do			1500 00
Dr. Ives	do	do			1500 00
John W. Cropsey	Sergeant, 1st Precinct	do			900 00
36 Patrolmen, 1st Precinct		do			28800 00
2 Doormen		do			1400 00
Hart B. Weed	Inspector, 2d Precinct	do			1200 00
30 Patrolmen, 2d Precinct		do			24000 00
1 Doorman		do			700 00
James A P. Hopkins	Inspector, 3d Precinct	do			1200 00
39 Patrolmen, 3d precinct		do			31200 00
2 Doormen		do			1400 00
George W. Walling	Inspector, 4th Precinct	do			1200 00
46 Patrolmen, 4th Precinct		do			36800 00
2 Doormen		do			1400 00
Henry Hutchings	Inspector, 5th Precinct	do			1200 00
36 Patrolmen, 5th Precinct		do			28800 00
2 Doormen		do			1400 00
Nathaniel T. Hicks	Sergeant, 6th Precinct	do			900 00
37 Patrolmen, 6th Precinct		do			29600 00
John Cameron	Inspector, 7th Precinct	do			1200 00
19 Patrolmen, 7th Precinct		do			15200 00
Charles S. Turnbull	Inspector, 8th Precinct	do			1200 00

39 Patrolmen, 8th Precinct		do		31200 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
Jacob L. Sebring	Inspector, 9th Precinct	do		1200 00
Clark Knapp	Sergeant, do	do		900 00
34 Patrolmen, 9th Precinct		do		27200 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
Thaddeus C. Davis	Sergeant, 10th Precinct	do		900 00
34 Patrolmen, 10th Precinct		do		27200 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
Peter Squires	Inspector, 11th Precinct	do		1200 00
34 Patrolmen, 11th Precinct		do		27200 00
1 Doorman		do		700 00
Galen T. Porter	Inspector, 12th Precinct	do		1200 00
William G. Graham	Sergeant, do	do		900 00
42 Patrolmen, 12th Precinct		do		33600 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
Thomas Steers	Sergeant, 13th Precinct	do		900 00
33 Patrolmen, 13th Precinct		do		26400 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
John J. Williamson	Inspector, 14th Precinct	do		1200 00
Morris De Camp	Sergeant do	do		900 00
37 Patrolmen, 14th Precinct		do		29600 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
George W. Dilks	Inspector, 15th Precinct	do		1200 00
Peter A. Banta	1st Sergeant do	do		900 00
Amos Upham	2d do do	do		900 00
35 Patrolmen, 15th Precinct		do		28000 00
1 Doorman		do		700 00
Samuel Carpenter	Sergeant, 16th Precinct	do		900 00
31 Patrolmen, 16th Precinct		do		24800 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
Jedediah W. Hartt	Inspector, 17th Precinct	do		1200 00
38 Patrolmen, 17th Precinct		do		30400 00
2 Doormen		do		1400 00
Theron R. Bennett	Sergeant, 18th Precinct	do		900 00
32 Patrolmen, 18th Precinct		do		25600 00
1 Doorman		do		700 00
James Bryan	Sergeant, 19th Precinct	do		900 00

NAMES.	OFFICES.	BY WHOM APPOINTED.	COMPENSATION.		
			FEES.	PER DIEM.	ANNUAL.
40 Patrolmen, 19th Precinct		Commissioners			32000 00
2 Doormen		do			1400 00
Francis M. Curry	1st Sergeant, 20th Precinct	do			900 00
George M. Dennett	2d Sergeant do	do			900 00
35 Patrolmen, 20th Precinct		do			28000 00
1 Doorman		do			700 00
Francis C. Speight	Inspector, 21st Precinct	do			1200 00
Albert M. Palmer	Sergeant do	do			900 00
34 Patrolmen, 21st Precinct		do			27200 00
James E Coulter	Inspector, 22d Precinct	do			1200 00
William Vanorden	Sergeant do	do			900 00
37 Patrolmen, 22d Precinct		do			29600 00
2 Doormen		do			1400 00



FREE ACADEMY.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

OF THE

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK,

Composed of the Commissioners of Common Schools, elected from each Ward.

January, 1858.

COMMISSIONERS OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

Ward.	
1.	Samuel Auld, John O'Grady.
2.	George Niven, Jared A. Timpson,
3.	Vincent N. Lecomte, Hugh G. Crozier.
4.	Eugene Shine, Thomas Fitzgerald.
5.	William B. Eager, Jr., James M. Tuthill.
6.	William Sinclair, Richard Barry.
7.	William M. Tweed, Daniel Coger.
8.	John R. Lydecker, William Bloomfield.
9.	Provost S. Haines, Charles E. Gildersleve
10.	George H. Clark, Daniel Slote.
11.	Aaron B. Rollins, George White.
12.	James Mackean, Abraham V. Williams.

Ward.	
13.	Jonathan L. Schofield, Adonijah H. Brummell.
14.	Andrew H. Green, Andrew L. Byrne.
15.	Erastus C. Benedict, Richard Warren.
16.	William Jay Haskett, Robert A. Adams.
17.	Richard C. Fellows, James Cushing, Jr.
18.	William H. Neilson, William E. Curtis.
19.	Terrence Farley, Hugh McCabe.
20.	William Monteith, Oliver H. Lee.
21.	John Davenport, Lafayette Ranney.
22.	John O'Keefe, James Marriner.

William H. Neilson, *President.*
Thomas Boese, *Clerk.*
Myron Finch, *Deputy Clerk.*
William F. Clarke, *Finance Clerk.*

STANDING COMMITTEES, 1858.

1.—*Executive Committee on Free Academy.*

Mr. Ranney, Mr. Adams,
Mr. Fellows, Mr. Crozier,
Mr. Tuthill, Mr. Bloomfield,
Mr. Mackean.

2.—*Executive Committee on Evening Schools.*

Mr. White, Mr. Farley,
Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Monteith,
Mr. Slote, Mr. Byrne,
Mr. Gildersleve.

3.—*Executive Committee on Normal Schools.*

Mr. Eager, Mr. Scofield,
Mr. Tweed, Mr. Rollins,
Mr. Lydecker, Mr. O'Grady.

4.—*Finance Committee.*

Mr. Warren, Mr. Auld,
Mr. Clark, Mr. Lecomte,
Mr. Cushing.

5.—*Committee on Annual Apportionment and Report.*

Mr. Curtis, Mr. Coger,
Mr. Auld, Mr. Niven,
Mr. Crozier.

6.—*Committee on New Schools.*

Mr. Green, Mr. Williams,
Mr. Marriner, Mr. Lecomte.
Mr. Davenport.

7.—*Committee on Sites and School Houses.*

Mr. Tuthill, Mr. Rollins,
Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Haines,
Mr. Lee.

8.—*Committee on School Furniture.*

Mr. Tweed, Mr. Haines,
Mr. Scofield, Mr. O'Keefe,
Mr. Fitzgerald.

9.—*Committee on Warming and Ventilation.*

Mr. Williams, Mr. Green,
Mr. Clark, Mr. Eager,
Mr. White.

10.—*Committee on Repairs.*

Mr. Scofield. Mr. Coger,
Mr. Monteith, Mr. McCabe,
Mr. Lecomte.

11.—*Committee on Supplies.*

Mr. Davenport, Mr. Slote,
Mr. White, Mr. Farley,
Mr. Lee.

12.—*Auditing Committee.*

Mr. Cushing, Mr. Lydecker,
Mr. Davenport, Mr. Mackean,
Mr. Tuthill.

13.—*Committee on By-Laws.*

Mr. Lee, Mr. Benedict,
Mr. Curtis, Mr. Eager,
Mr. Tweed.

14.—*Committee on Elections and Qualifications.*

Mr. Adams, Mr. Timpson,
Mr. Fellows, Mr. Shine,
Mr. O'Keefe.

15.—*Committee on Correspondence.*

Mr. Marriner, Mr. Barry,
Mr. Fitzgerald, Mr. Timpson,
Mr. Byrne.

16.—*Committee on Course of Study and School Books.*

Mr. Haskett, Mr. Bloomfield,
Mr. Williams, Mr. Monteith,
Mr. Benedict.

17.—*Committee on Teachers.*

Mr. Gildersleve, Mr. Warren,
Mr. Haskett, Mr. Brummell,
Mr. O'Grady.

18.—*Committee on Salaries and Offices.*

Mr. Slote, Mr. Haskett,
Mr. Byrne, Mr. Timpson,
Mr. Crozier.

19.—*Committee on Libraries.*

Mr. Fellows, Mr. Shine,
Mr. Barry, Mr. Bloomfield,
Mr. Marriner.

20.—*Committee on Free Scholarship.*

Mr. Haines, Mr. O'Keefe,
Mr. Niven, Mr. McCabe,
Mr. Shine.

21.—*Committee or Printing.*

Mr. Sinclair, Mr. Brummell,
Mr. Clark, Mr. Adams,
Mr. Lydecker.

FREE ACADEMY,

Twenty-third street, corner of Lexington avenue.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Lafayette Ranney, Robert A. Adams,
Richard C. Fellows, Hugh G. Crozier,
James S. Tuthill, William Bloomfield,

OFFICERS.

Principal.....Horace Webster, LL.D.
Vice Principal.....John Jason Owen, D.D.
Librarian.....John Graff Barton, A.M.
Registrar.....Joseph Oakley Nodyne, A.M.
Janitor.....Nicholas Seeber.

FACULTY.

Horace Webster, LL.D, President of the Faculty, and Head of the Department of Philosophics.

John Jason Owen, D.D, Vice-President of the Faculty, and Head of the Department of Ancient Languages.

Wolcott Gibbs, M.D., Department of Physical Sciences.

Gerardus Beekman Docharty, LL.D., Department of Pure Mathematics.

John Augustus Nichols, A.M., Department of Mixed Mathematics.

Charles Edward Anthon, A.M., Department of History and Belles-Lettres.

John Graeff Barton, A.M., Department of English Language.

Jean Roemer, LL.D., Department of Modern Languages.

G. B. Docharty, LL.D., Secretary.

INSTRUCTORS.

Horace Webster, LL.D., Principal, and Professor of Moral, Intellectual, and Political Philosophy.

John Jason Owen, D.D., Vice-Principal, and Professor of the Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

Wolcott Gibbs, M.D., Professor of Chemistry and Physics.
Gerardus Beekman Docharty, LL.D., Professer of Pure Mathematics.
John Augustus Nichols, A.M., Professor of Mixed Mathematics.
Charles Edward Anthon, A.M., Professor of History and Belles-Lettres.
John Graeff Barton, A.M., Professor of the English Language and Literature.
Jean Roemer, LL.D., Professor of the French Language and Literature.
Augustin Jose Morales, A.M., Professor of the Spanish Language and Literature.
Theodor Gustav Glaubenskiee, Professor of the German Language and Literature.
——— ———, Professor of the Italian Language and Literature.
Paul Peter Duggan, N.A., Professor of Drawing. (*Absent with leave.*)
Hermann Joseph Aloys Kœrner, PH.D., Acting Professor of Drawing.
Robert Ogden Doremus, M.D., Professor of Natural History and Physiology.
Joel Tyler Benedict, A.M., Adjunct-Professor in the Department of Mathematics.
George Washington Huntsman, A.M., Adjunct-Professor in the Department of Philosophy.
Joseph Howard Palmer, A.M., Tutor in Mathematics.
William Beinhauer Silber, A.M., Tutor in Ancient Languages,
Benjamin Arad Sheldon, A.M., Tutor in Mathematics.
Alfred George Compton, A.M., Tutor in English.
Lewis Condit Bayles, A.B., Tutor in Ancient Languages.
Charles Henry Pratt, A.B., Tutor in Ancient Languages.
Arthur McMullen, A.B., Tutor in Mathematics.
Franklin Samuel Rising, A.B., Tutor in History and Belles-Lettres.
Casimir Fabregou, A.B., Tutor in French.
Joseph Anderson, A.M., Tutor in English.
Adolph Werner, A.B., Tutor in English.
Joseph Oakley Nodyne, A.M., Librarian and Registrar.
James R. Brant, A.M., Assistant in the Laboratory.

PRESIDENTS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

For 1842—George W. Strong.
" 1844—Gerardus Clark.
" 1846—Townsend Harris.
" 1848—Robert Kelly.
" 1850—Erastus C. Benedict.
" 1852—Erastus C. Benedict.
" 1854—Erastus C. Benedict.
" 1856—Andrew H. Green.
" 1858—William H. Neilson.

For 1843—Thomas Jeremiah.
" 1845—Isaac A. Johnson.
" 1847—Townsend Harris.
" 1849—Robert Kelly.
" 1851—Erastus C. Benedict.
" 1853—Erastus C. Benedict.
" 1855—William H. Neilson.
" 1857—Andrew H. Green.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF INSTRUCTION.

HENRY H. VAN DYCK,
State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Albany, New York.
EMERSON W. KEYES,
Deputy State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Albany, New York.
SAMUEL S. RANDALL,
City Superintendent of Schools.
HENRY KIDDLE,
Assistant Superintendent.
190 East Nineteenth street.
SAMUEL W. SETON,
Assistant Superintendent.
37 Irving place.
WILLIAM JONES, Jr.,
Assistant Superintendent.
36 Orchard street.

THE FREE ACADEMY.

The Free Academy of the city of New York is the first institution established in this State by the popular sovereignty, and maintained at the public expense, for the purpose of extending to the pupils of the Common Schools the advantages of free education in those higher departments of learning, which cannot be obtained but at a considerable expense in the colleges previously established in this State. It was intended to be the complement of the system of free public schools—making them complete and available for all classes of the people, and by their courses of studies and means of instruction, fitted to meet the wants of all, from the elementary instruction of early childhood, to the more various and profound studies in literature and science, which constitute the higher departments of collegiate learning.

The Board of Education of the city of New York took the first action in reference to the establishment of this institution, by the adoption of a resolution, introduced by Commissioner Townsend Harris, July 27th, 1846, raising a Committee to report upon the subject. On January 20th, 1847, a report was presented by said Committee, recommending the establishment of "a *Free College or Academy*," and presenting its design, nature and objects in this language: "Your Committee will not at present enter into the details of the proposed institution, but will briefly remark, that their design is to offer the idea of a college, which, while it shall be in no way inferior to any of our colleges in the character, amount or value, of the information given to the pupils, the course of studies to be pursued will have more especial reference to the active duties of operative life, rather than those more particularly regarded as necessary for the pulpit, bar or the medical profession."

The report was published and considered at a meeting of the Board, held on the 10th of February, 1847, when a committee was appointed to draft a memorial in the name of the Board, to be presented to the legislature, praying, among other things :—

First—" That the legislature will be pleased to pass a law directing the regents of the University to pay over to the Board of Education, such amount of the literature fund as may be apportioned by them to the third, fourth, fifth and sixth Senate Districts of this State; such moneys to be applied to the support of a free college or academy, in the city of New York, for the instruction of students who have been pupils in the Common Schools of the said city."

Second—" That the legislature will further authorize the Board of Education in said city to call on the Supervisors from time to time, to raise by tax such sums as may be required for the erecting, furnishing and fitting up of said college or academy, and supporting the same, such sums to be notified to, and raised by the said Supervisors, in the same manner and under the same heading of taxation that the moneys for the support of Common Schools in said city are now raised."

This memorial was drafted and presented to the legislature, offering, amongst others, the following views and purposes :—

" One of the important objects designed to be secured by establishing a Free Academy, is to bring the advantages of the best education that any school in our country can give within the reach of all the children of the city, whose genius, capacity, and desire of attainments are such as to render it reasonably certain that they may be made, and by such means would become eminently useful to society ; the permanency of our free institutions, the future state of society, the extent to which the laws of the country will be regarded, and social quiet and order preserved, depend essentially upon the virtue and intelligence of the people."

" Another object of the proposed free institution is, to create an additional interest in, and more completely popularize the Common Schools. It is believed that they will be regarded with additional favor, and attended with increased satisfaction, when the pupils and their parents feel that the children who have received their primary education in these schools can be admitted to all the benefits and advantages furnished by the best endowed college in the State, without any expense whatever. It is believed that such an institution as the proposed Free Academy is designed to be, in addition to the great benefits it will confer by annually graduating a large number of highly educated young men, destined to pursue some of all the various pursuits of life, would stimulate tens of thousands, who might never enter into this academy, to additional industry and greater advances, while in the common schools. The certainty, to a young man of good abilities, and desirous of making large acquisitions in knowledge, of having the opportunity of gaining as extensive an education as can be acquired in any institution in the State, if his parents can only furnish him the means to subsist at home, is, in the highest degree cheering, while the certainty that the limited earnings of his parents will preclude him, in the existing state of things, from having any such advantages, tends to repress such generous

aspirations, paralyze effort, and prevent the full development of his ability to become extensively useful to the class in which his lot may be cast, or to society at large."

Such were the objects presented to the legislature, to induce the passage of the law authorizing the establishment of the Free Academy. The people were promised an institution which, in the character, amount and value of the education imparted, should be inferior to none of our colleges, and at the same time should be so organized that the course of studies to be pursued would tend to educate the pupils practically, and particularly qualify them to apply their learning to advance and perfect the operations of the various trades and occupations in which they may engage; and also, to furnish peculiar facilities for instruction of the highest order in various branches of knowledge omitted altogether, or not practically taught in our colleges. These views were approved by the Board, and concurred in by the succeeding Boards who always have considered the Academy as a part of the Common School system of the city, by which, in easy and continuous development, students may pass on, as far as they are able, to the higher levels of literary and scientific education—an institution uniting in a properly progressive system the usual duties of the American Academy and the American College—retaining always its characteristic peculiarity of an agency of the government, in offering to all the people, equally, the means of educating their sons up to the point from which they respectively are to start in the pursuits of manhood and citizenship, and meeting the wants not only of those whose wealth is largely taxed to support education, but of those more numerous, whose aggregate taxes are still larger, and also those whose more slender resources are subject to no direct pecuniary tax, but who, in numberless indirect exactions, contribute their full share in supporting the burdens of organized society.

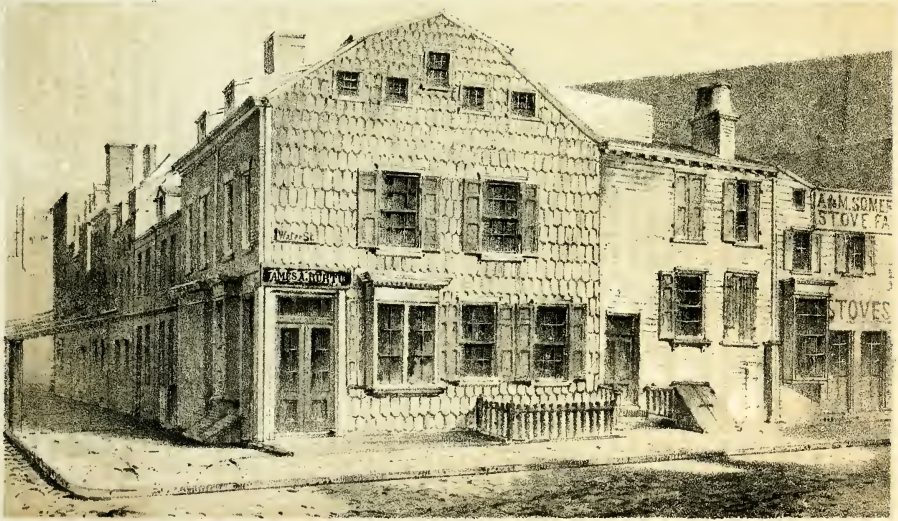
The act authorizing the Board to establish a Free Academy was passed May 7th, 1847, providing, as a condition to its becoming a law, that the question whether such academy should be established according to its provisions, should be submitted to the people at the election to be held on the first Monday of June, 1847, and that a majority of the votes given must be in favor of the proposition. The question was so submitted, and 19,404 votes were given in favor of it, to 3,409 against—leaving a majority of 15,995.

ORGANIZATION OF THE FREE ACADEMY.

By the statute it is made the duty of the Board of Education:

"To continue to furnish, through the Free Academy, the benefit of education, gratuitously, to persons who have been pupils in the Common Schools of the said city and county, for a period of time to be regulated by the Board of Education, not less than one year.

"To supervise, manage and govern said Free Academy, and make all needful rules and regulations therefor; fix the number and compensation of teachers and others to be employed therein; prescribe the preliminary examination, and the terms and conditions on which pupils shall be received and instructed therein and discharged therefrom; direct the course of studies therein, and



A.Weingärtner's Lith.N.Y.

for D.T.Valentine's Manual 1858.

OLD HOUSE N.W. COR. PECK SLIP & WATER ST. 1858.

provide in all things for the good government and management of the said Free Academy; and purchase the books, apparatus, stationery, and other things necessary and expedient to enable the said Free Academy to be properly and successfully conducted, and to keep the said building or buildings properly repaired and furnished. And the Board, upon the recommendation of the faculty of the Free Academy, may grant the usual degrees and diplomas in the arts, to such persons as shall have completed a full course of study in the said Free Academy.

To appoint annually a standing committee of not less than five persons of their number, who shall, subject to the control, supervision and approbation of the said Board, constitute an Executive Committee, for the care, government and management of the said Free Academy, under the rules and regulations prescribed as aforesaid, whose duty it shall be to make detailed reports to the said Board of Education, and, among other things, to recommend the rules and regulations which they deem necessary and proper for the said academy.

The organization of the institution, based on the above enactments, is shown in the following digest of the by-laws of the Board of Education and regulations of the faculty.

REQUISITES FOR ADMISSION.

The examination of candidates for admission takes place immediately after the general examination, in July, and continues at the same hours every day until concluded. No student can be admitted to the Academy unless he resides in the city, be fourteen years of age, shall have attended the Common Schools in the city twelve months, and shall pass a good examination in

Spelling,	Algebra, as far as quadretic equations
Reading,	inclusive,
Writing,	Geography,
English Grammar,	History of the United States,
Arithmetic,	Constitution of the United States,

Elementary Book-keeping.

No candidate can be examined for admission unless he shall present to the Principal of the Academy a certificate in the form prepared by the Executive Committee, signed by the Principal of the school or schools of which he has been a member, and specifying the age of the candidate, the common schools of this city which he has attended, the length of time in each, and when. If the number qualified for admission be more than can be admitted, the preference is given to those who have attended the Common Schools the greater period.

At either of the regular examinations, members may be admitted to one or all of the classes, to pursue the studies of any one or more departments, provided they shall have attended the Common Schools the requisite period—shall be of the proper age—shall pass the proper examination in the requisites for admission, and also an examination satisfactory to the Faculty, in the previous studies of the class or departments to which they are to be admitted.

No person is allowed to be present at the examination except the instructors in the Academy, and members of the Board of Education and other school officers; neither are the names of the candidates, nor the schools from which they

come, made known to the instructors conducting the examinations, but each candidate is designated during examination by a number given to him on a card by the Principal. Only the names of such as have passed a good examination are afterward ascertained, in order to be inscribed on the rolls of the Academy.

Students are not allowed to reside or board in the Academy; they reside or board with their parents or guardians. By removing from the city, they forfeit their right to remain in the institution.

Graduates may become resident graduates, and continue their studies at option.

DISCIPLINE.

The discipline of the Academy is mild, persuasive and just, but steady, strict and unyielding. The law on this point is clear and explicit.

"Every student," it says, "shall conduct himself according to the rules of good manners, good morals, and manly propriety; shall give punctual and constant attendance to all his duties; shall use the property of the institution with care and economy, and restore the same when required."

The punishments inflicted in the Academy are demerit marks, private admonition, admonition by the Principal in the presence of the Section and of the Instructor in the recitation room, suspension by the direction of the Principal, public admonition by the Principal, in presence of all the students at roll call, final admonition by the Principal in a meeting of the Faculty, and dismission for misconduct, to be directed by a vote of the Faculty.

Every violation of the rules is recorded in the *Book of Discipline*, together with the degree of punishment inflicted, and the amount of demerits received. No student is demerited without receiving notice of the fact and the cause.

Every student admitted into the Academy receives a certificate thereof, stating, that on leaving the institution with a good character after one year, he shall receive another certificate or diploma, stating the period he has been in the Academy, and the studies there pursued by him; and, provided he shall have satisfactorily accounted for all the books and other property committed to him, and shall have maintained a good character, he shall, on so leaving the Academy, receive such diploma; but no student shall receive a certificate of dismission if he be dismissed for misconduct; and, in each certificate, it shall be stated that he is furnished with a statement of his standing in the Academy, as it shall appear on the records during his whole connection with the Academy.

OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION AND GOVERNMENT.

The studies are pursued under the following academic officers, appointed by the Board of Education:

The Principal, who shall be Professor of Moral, Intellectual and Political Philosophy.

A Professor of English Language and Literature.

A Professor of the Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.

A Professor of French Language and Literature.

A Professor of German Language and Literature.

A Professor of Spanish Language and Literature.

A Professor of History and Belles-Lettres.
A Professor of Pure Mathematics.
A Professor of Mixed Mathematics.
A Professor of Chemistry and Physics.
A Professor of Natural History and Physiology.
A Professor of Drawing.
An Adjunct-Professor in the Department of Philosophies.
An Adjunct-Professor in the Department of Mathematics.
And as many tutors as may be from time to time required.

The Faculty consists of the Professors who, conformably to the classification of studies pursued in the Academy, are at the head of the following Departments:

Philosophies	History and Belles-Lettres,
English Language,	Pure Mathematics,
Ancient Languages,	Mixed Mathematics,
Modern Languages,	Physical Sciences.

CLASSIFICATION OF STUDIES.

PHILOSOPHIES.

Moral Philosophy.
Intellectual Philosophy.
Political Philosophy.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

English Language and Literature, comprising—
General Grammar.
English Grammar.
Etymology.
Synonymy, Composition.

ANCIENT LANGUAGES.

Latin Language and Literature.
Greek Language and Literature.

MODERN LANGUAGES.

French Language and Literature.
German Language and Literature.
Spanish Language and Literature.

HISTORY AND BELLES-LETTRES.

History.
Composition, Rhetoric, Oratory.

PURE MATHEMATICS.

Algebra.
Geometry.
Trigonometry and its Applications.
Analytical Geometry.
Descriptive Geometry.
Differential and Integral Calculus.

COLLATERAL SUBJECT.—Drawing.

MIXED MATHEMATICS.

Analytical Mechanics.
Acoustics.
Optics.
Astronomy.
Civil Engineering.

PHYSICAL SCIENCES.

Physics.—Light—Heat. Electricity—Magnetism. Electro-Magnetism.
Chemistry.—Inorganic—Organic. Physiological. Agricultural.
COLLATERAL SUBJECTS.—Natural History. Physiology. Anatomy. Hygiene.

NORMAL SCHOOLS.

TEACHERS.

LEONARD HAZELTINE, *Principal.*

Male Normal School.

David Patterson,	John G. McNary,	William H. Wood.

Female Normal School.

SUSAN WRIGHT, *Vice-Principal.*

John H. Fanning,	Michl. J. O'Donnell,	Henrietta Dutch.
David B, Scott,	William Smeaton,	Margaretta Marston,
William Belden, Jr.,	Sarah A. Bunker,	Annie Bammann,
James H. Partridge,	Clara M. Edmonds,	Anna M. Marsh,
Thos. F. Harrison,	Rosina G. Hartman,	Frances E. A. Gutch.

Colored Normal School.

JOHN PETERSON.

Daily Normal School for Girls.

SUSAN WRIGHT, *Principal.*

TEACHERS.

Eliza T. Burns,	Ruth D. Clemence,	G. Batchelor, (*French.*)
S. Elizabeth Verrinder,	D. H. Cruttenden,	J. B. Stearns, (*Drawing.*)

John A. Sconcia, Music.



THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE J. CROLIUS, 1840.
Cor. of Goss & Reade Streets.

COMMISSIONERS, INSPECTORS AND TRUSTEES OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

February 1, 1858.

FIRST WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.		Time expires.
Samuel Auld	Dec. 31, 1858	John O'Grady, jr.	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Joseph Jamison	" 1858	Denis Keenan	" 1858

Trustees.

John H. Williams	" 1861	John Healy	" 1859
Thomas Byrnes	" 1859	William Jennett	" 1861
J. Clitz Morrison	" 1858	Michael Brennan	" 1859
John Scott	" 1859	Nicholas Dimond	" 1859

JOHN H. WILLIAMS, *Chairman.*

JOHN O'GRADY, jr., *Secretary of Board of School Officers.*

SECOND WARD—*Commissioners.*

George Niven	Dec. 31, 1858	Jared A. Timpson	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

James W. Manning	" 1859		

Trustees.

Thomas D. Gale	" 1861	George Hermance	" 1858
Isaac Ayres	" 1861	James C. Stoneall	" 1859
Theodore G. Chambers	" 1858	Vacancy.	
James S. Libby	" 1858	Vacancy.	

THIRD WARD—*Commissioners.*

Vincent N. Lecomte	Dec. 31, 1858	Hugh G. Crozier	" 1859

Inspectors.

Amos Stookey	" 1858	Wm. A. J. McGrath	" 1859

Trustees.

Philip McGovern	" 1858	John Otterson	" 1859
Enoch Smith	" 1858	Edward B. Heath	" 1859
Daniel Mooney	" 1861	Augustus Heath	" 1859
Nicholas S. Ludlam	" 1858	James Le Grand	" 1858

HUGH G. CROZIER, *Chairman.*

AUGUSTUS HEATH, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

FOURTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Eugene Shine	Dec. 31, 1858	Thomas Fitzgerald	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Geo. W. Casserly	" 1858	Dennis Hogan	" 1859

Trustees.

	Time expires.		Time expires.
John Oliver	Dec. 31, 1860	Christo'r Kassenbrock	Dec. 31, 1858
James Reilly	" 1858	Oliver O'Donnell	" 1860
Andrew Cusack	" 1859	Edward M. Morris	" 1861
James M. Sheehan	" 1859	John Shea	" 1861

OLIVER O'DONNELL, *Chairman.*

ANDREW CUSACK, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

FIFTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William B. Eager, jr.	Dec. 31, 1858	James M. Tuthill	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Benjamin R. Conklin	" 1858	John Besson	" 1859

Trustees.

Albert L. De Camp	" 1858	William Kemble	" 1860
Charles C. Nott	" 1858	James B. Dupignac	" 1860
Charles C. Curtis	" 1859	Andrew W. Leggat	" 1861
Augustus Howe	" 1859	James S. Scofield	" 1861

WM. B. EAGER, jr., *President.*

WM. KEMBLE, *Vice-President.*

JAMES S. SCOFIELD, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

SIXTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William Sinclair	Dec. 31, 1858	Richard Barry	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Thomas White	" 1859	Thomas W. Casey	" 1858

Trustees.

William Cantwell	" 1861	Timothy Brennan	" 1859
Edward J. McGloin	" 1861	George Pearson	" 1859
James McGuire	" 1860	Henry T. Gallagher	" 1860
Patrick Fitzgerald	" 1858	Walter Roche	" 1858

WILLIAM SINCLAIR, *Chairman.*

WILLIAM CANTWELL, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

SEVENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William M. Tweed	Dec. 31, 1858.	Daniel Coger	Dec. 31, 1859.

Inspectors.

David P. Arnold	Dec. 31, 1858.	Joseph E. Snodgrass	Dec. 31, 1859.

Trustees.

Zebulon C. Inslee	Dec. 31, 1858.	Richard B. Connolly	Dec. 31, 1860.
George W. King	" 1858.	Bernard Smith	" 1860.
Mahlon T. Hewit	" 1859.	John Witherell	" 1861.
Thomas Lawler	" 1859.	Richard Poillon	" 1861.

ZEBULON C. INSLEE, *Chairman.*

———— *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

EIGHTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.		Time expires.
John R. Lydecker	Dec. 31, 1858.	William Bloomfield	Dec. 31, 1859.

Inspectors.

John Dixon	Dec. 31, 1859.	One vacancy.	

Trustees.

William Westerfield	Dec. 31, 1858.	Samuel J. Montgomery	Dec. 31, 1860.
David A. Fowler	" 1858.	Robert T. Wild	" 1860.
Eliphalet Bootman	" 1859.	William Forbes	" 1861.
Henry A. Morgan	" 1859.	Matthias Clark	" 1861.

HENRY A. MORGAN, *Chairman.*

SAMUEL J. MONTGOMERY, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

NINTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Provost S. Haines	Dec. 31, 1858.	Charles E. Gildersleve	Dec. 31, 1859.

Inspectors.

William H. Van Valer	Dec. 31, 1858.	William E. Beardsley	Dec. 31, 1859.

Trustees.

James H. Townsend	Dec. 31, 1858	Alexander H. Keech	Dec. 31, 1860
Charles S. Wright	" 1858	W. Irving Adams	" 1860
Henry P. See	" 1859	John Kennard	" 1861
McDonough Bucklin	" 1859	James W. Booth	" 1861

JAMES H. TOWNSEND, *Chairman.*

JAMES W. BOOTH, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

TENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Daniel Slote	Dec. 31, 1859	George H. Clark	Dec, 31, 1858

Inspectors.

Monmouth H. Underhill	Dec. 31, 1858	John J. McGowan	Dec. 31, 1859

Trustees.

Charles L. Brower	Dec. 31, 1858	Theodore Ward	Dec. 31, 1859
Peter Parks	" 1860	Charles E. Pierce	" 1858
Benjamin H. Willis	" 1860	Herman Gutman	" 1861
Jacob Raynor	" 1859	James M. Glover	" 1861

CHARLES L. BROWER, *Chairman.*

PETER PARKS, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

ELEVENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Aaron B. Rollins	Dec. 31, 1858	George White	Dec. 31, 1858

Inspectors.

James Marshall	" 1858	Ross McGuire	" 1859

Trustees.

Charles Perley	" 1858	John Mason	" 1860
William Cummings	" 1858	Samuel Gillis	" 1860
John Pickford	" 1859	Andrew R. Jackman	" 1861
Samuel S. Acker	" 1859	Michael Cunningham	" 1861

SAMUEL S. ACKER, *Chairman.*

JOHN PICKFORD, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers*

TWELFTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.		Time expires.
A. V. Williams	Dec. 31, 1859	James Mackean	Dec. 31, 1858

Inspectors.

H. B. Perkins	" 1858	John Moore	" 1859

Trustees.

John Vance	" 1858	James Davis	" 1860
G. C. Hebberd	" 1858	John Bellamy	" 1860
H. H. Gregory	" 1859	Charles Boice	" 1861
Blazius Ryer	" 1859	Thomas Colgan	" 1861

JOHN VANCE, *Chairman.*

CHARLES BOICE, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

THIRTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Jonathan L. Scofield	Dec. 31, 1858	Adonijah H. Brummell	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Lewis Withington	" 1858	Richard G. Newkirk	" 1859

Trustees.

Alonzo G. Reynolds	" 1858	George Roberts	" 1860
John T. Belch	" 1858	Wm. B. McManus	" 1860
Garrett M. Losee	" 1859	James A. Flack	" 1861
Henry Bansher	" 1859	George H. Thurber	" 1861

LEWIS WITHINGTON, *Chairman.*

S. W. SETON, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

FOURTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Andrew H. Green	Dec. 31, 1858	Andrew L. Byrne	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Henry Manron	" 1859	Patrick Brennan	" 1858

Trustees.

Patrick Dolan	" 1861	John Freel	" 1859
James O'Neill	" 1861	Henry P. West	" 1860
James Lynch	" 1858	David Hastings	" 1860
James Mulligan	" 1858	John H. Chambers	" 1859

PATRICK DOLAN, *Chairman.*

HENRY P. WEST, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

FIFTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Erastus C. Benedict	Dec. 31, 1858	Richard Warren	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

John M. Knox	" 1858	John B. Stevens	" 1859

Trustees.

James D. Oliver	" 1858	Samuel Hotaling	" 1859
Linus W. Stevens	" 1858	Eli Goodwin	" 1860
Joseph B. Varnum, Jr.	" 1859	Edward L. Beadle	" 1861
Thomas Denny	" 1860	Richard C. McCormick	" 1861

EDWARD L. BEADLE, *Chairman.*

R. C. MCCORMICK, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

SIXTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires,		Time expires.
Wm. Jay Haskett	Dec. 31, 1858	Robert A. Adams	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Samuel Osgood	" 1858	John W. Hogencamp	" 1859

Trustees.

John De Lamater	" 1861	Samuel Moore	" 1859
George P. Brown	" 1861	James Pollock	" 1859
Thomas Christy	" 1860	James Cassidy	" 1858
Alexander Ming	" 1860	John W. Conklin	" 1858

JOHN W. CONKLIN, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

SEVENTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Richard C. Fellows	Dec. 31, 1858	James Cushing Jr.	Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

William Hibbard	" 1859	George A. Jeremiah	" 1858

Trustees.

Thomas B. Barnaby	" 1861	Wm. H. Vandenhoff	" 1859
Elisha R. Belcher	" 1861	J. C. Chamberlain	" 1858
John Lloyd	"		

J. C. CHAMBERLAIN, *Chairman.*

WM. H. VANDERHOOF, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

EIGHTEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

William H. Neilson	" 1858	William E. Curtis	" 1859

Inspectors.

James W. Gerard	" 1859	Henry Quackenboss	" 1858

Trustees.

James M. Edney	" 1859	Alex. M. Lawrence	" 1858
William K. Strong	" 1859	Valentine G. Hall	" 1858
Charles G. Murch	" 1860	John Foster	" 1861
E. Delafield Smith	" 1858	James B. Brady	" 1861

JAMES M. EDNEY, *Chairman.*

HENRY QUACKENBOSS, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

NINETEENTH WARD—*Commissioners.*

Terrence Farley	" 1858	Hugh McCabe	" 1859

Inspectors.

J. H. Riker	" 1858	J. Towle	" 1859

Trustees.

George W. Beebe	" 1858	Wm. H. Rich	" 1860
H. B. Bolster	" 1858	D. Gallagher	" 1860
Charles Smithson	" 1859	S. M. Drew	" 1861
W. J. McDivit	" 1859	D. McCarthy	" 1861

S. M. DREW, *Chairman.*

WM. H. RICH, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

TWENTIETH WARD—*Commissioners.*

	Time expires.			Time expires.
William Monteith	Dec, 31, 1858	Oliver H. Lee		Dec. 31, 1859

Inspectors.

Peter H. Duncan	"	1859	John G. Butler	" 1858

Trustees.

William Menck	"	1861	Casper Myers	" 1859
Watts C. Livingston	"	1861	Edwin Dobbs	" 1859
Robert Taylor	"	1860	James Kearney	" 1858
Henry Larkin	"	1860	Nelson J. Waterbury	" 1858

EDWIN DOBBS, *Chairman.*

——— *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

TWENTY-FIRST WARD—*Commissioners.*

John Davenport	"	1858	Lafayette Ranney	" 1859

Inspectors.

Lewis S. Thomas	"	1859	B. B. Chappell	" 1858

Trustees.

R. Staubery	"	1858	E. F. Rogers	" 1860
H. M. Schieffelin	"	1858	N. B. Mountfort	" 1860
Richard Kelly	"	1859	John Stephenson	" 1861
B. B. Atterbury	"	1859	James Dennis	" 1861

JOHN DAVENPORT, *Chairman.*

LEWIS S. THOMAS, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*

TWENTY-SECOND WARD—*Commissioners.*

James Marriner	"	1858	John O'Keefe	" 1859

Inspectors.

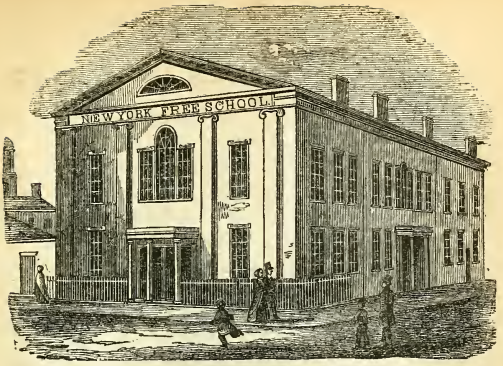
Valentine Ruppart	"	1858	Edward Timpson	" 1859

Trustees.

William Dealing	"	1858	John Adams	" 1860
Jotham Wilson	"	1858	John M. Helck	" 1860
Patrick Murphy	"	1859	John F. Betts	" 1861
John F. Fay	"	1859	A. H. Underhill	" 1861

JOHN F. FAY, *Chairman.*

PATRICK MURPHY, *Secretary of the Board of School Officers.*



WARD SCHOOLS,

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE LOCAL BOARDS OF THE SEVERAL WARDS IN WHICH THEY ARE SITUATED.

TEACHERS.

School No. 1—Fourth Ward.

245 William street, near Duane.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William W. Smith,	Cornelia Honeywell,	Harriet M. Megie,
Edward A. Walsh,	Mary A. Gilfillan,	Martha S. Brennan,
Michael H. Keily,	Annie L. O'Donnell,	Caroline A. Baker,
George F. Wicks,	Emilie J. Edison,	Rose T. Martin,
Helena Raymond,	James E. Irvine,	Emily E. McCallum,
Lucy M. O'Connell,	Annie M. Cudlipp.	Joanna Murphy,
Mary A. Mahoney.		Mary Bergman.

JAMES W. ALDEN, Music.

School No. 2—Seventh Ward.

116 Henry street, near Pike.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Charles H. Kimball,	Elizabeth Wood Garrett,	Sarah Conklin,
William J. Goldey,	Isabel F. Richards,	Sarah L. Dean,
Jacob Fehrmann,	Mary E. Stainburn,	Elizabeth McDougal,
Margaret A. Bamman,	Delia A. Masters,	Elizabeth Blanchard.
Eliza M. Phelps,	Olivia D. Michaels,	Eliza C. Budd,
Sarah A. Dunbar,	Catherine M. Postley,	H. E. Anderson,
Catharine J. Delaney,	Catherine M. Williams,	Harriette Budd.
Rebecca S. Lowry.	Emma Cole.	Maria Roerner,
		Mary W. Lowery.

GEORGE W. PETIT, Music.

School No. 3—Ninth Ward.
490 Hudson street, corner of Grove street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
David Patterson,	J. F. McCormick,	Mary C. Brombush,
B. B. Southerland,	Elizabeth Pope,	Sarah J. Dorman,
Wm. W. Holder,	Deborah Wainwright,	Eliza B. Scudder,
George A. Hall,	Catharine Buxton,	Sarah M. George,
Louisa Barton,	Sarah J. Ingersoll,	Josephine Weeks,
Eliza A. Hannon,	Eliza J. Birch,	Jane M. Hill,
Mary A. King.	Mary J. Davis,	Caroline Wilson,
	Emma J. Cavanagh.	Louisa D'Orsay,
		Isabella Young,
James A. Johnson, Music.		Helen Eslocker.

School No. 4—Thirteenth Ward.
203 Rivington street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
J. D. Demilt,	Catharine White,	Emily A. White,
C. W. Feeks,	Jane Moon,	Eleanor S. Northrip,
J. C. Devoy,	Harriet Howland,	Sarah E. Bertine,
Margaret Miller,	Martha Rhoades,	Kate A. Marston,
Augusta Scofield,	Louisa Mosher,	Mary A. Leu Ba,
Sarah B. Baldwin,	Harriet J. Delong,	Mary J. Blair,
Nancy Mosher,	Albertine Cooley,	Sarah L. Shields,
Helena Parmenter.	Ann Cushing,	Mary J. Robinson,
	Emily E. McKinney.	Jeannette Robertson,
		Lucy Roberts,
		E. J. Hunter,
George H. Curtis, Music.		Amanda Roberts.

School No. 5—Fourteenth Ward.
222 Mott street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Michael J. O'Donnell,	Charlotte A. Purdy,	Mary T. Shepard,
Michael A. Curran,	Mary J. Dowling,	Margaret A. Mather,
Thomas Moore,	Amanda M. Marston,	Mary T. Grace,
James Toal.	Adelia M. Perkins,	Mary E. Perham,
	Emma J. Scatliff.	Mary J. Jones.
		Mary E. McGill,
George W. Petit, Music.		Eliza A. Dalton.

School No. 6—Twelfth Ward.
Randall's Island.

Male.	*Primary.*
Thomas P. Okie,	Harriet J. Spofford,
Harriet J. Craven,	Sarah J. Linderman,
Mary E. Bryant,	Mary A. Green,
Sarah L. Payne,	Elizabeth Willson,
Susan A. Allen,	Chrisa. Kennaird,
Isabella J. Johnson,	Elizabeth M. Hammond.

School No. 7—Tenth Ward.
60 Chrystie street, near Hester.

Male.	*Female.*
Samuel D. Allison,	Sarah A. Bunker,
J. T. Boyd,	Mary A. Hannah,
H. A. McCartin,	Ellen S. Chapman,
Henry W. Smith,	Mary C. Kennard,
Clarissa Root,	Annie E. Watkins,
Harriet E. Irwin,	Catharine M. Reed,
L. C. Hooker.	Mary E. Trimbley.

George A. Bristow, Music.

School No. 8—Eighth Ward.
66 Grand street, near Wooster.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Cornelia A. Cooper,	Harriet Bartine,	Eliza Mullen,
S. G. Penfield,	Elizabeth F. King,	Ann E. Brower,
Catharine Kane,	Eliza Veitch,	Letitia Cassidy,
Catharine Cassidy,	Catharine Conant.	C. A. Kohler,
Mary F. Burgyes.		S. A. Birmingham,
		Mary A. Nash.

School No. 9—Twenty-second Ward.
Corner of 82d street and 11th avenue.

Male.	*Female.*
John D. Robinson,	Catharine Jollie,
John S. Ketcham,	Maria Jasper,
Isabella C. Dickinson.	Emily S. Harraway,
	Mary J. Brennan.

School No. 10—Fifteenth Ward.
180 Wooster street, near Bleecker.

Male.	*Primary.*
George Moore,	Sarah A. Young,
Galen C. Thatcher,	Mary Beach,
Caroline Birch,	Anna Linebeck,
S. G. R. Jelliffe.	Marian Bliven,
	Anna Emerson,
	Josie Corbyn,
	Anna Bliven,

School No. 11—Sixteenth Ward.
17th street, near 8th avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John G. McNary,	Mary S. Preston,	Abby N. Beale,
Alonzo Hopper,	Mary E. Savage,	Elizabeth Beale,
D. B. Frisbee,	M. C. Houseworth,	Amelia De Baun,

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Russell Raymond,	Serena A. Goodwin,	Mary E. Phelan,
G. Morton Mitchell,	Eliza J. Ellery,	M. Gertrude White,
Margaret Boak,	Jennie A. Fleming,	Harriet S. Hawley,
M. Victoria Graham,	Matilda Tanzer,	Mary E. Bishop,
Agnes Jackson,	Annie E. Thompson,	Harriet F. Howe,
E. Caroline Kopper,	Abbie M. Saunders,	Phebe Conklin,
Eliza Wood.	Sarah L. Lewis.	M. F. Vandervoort,
		M. J. McFarlane,
		Mary McEntee,
		Adelia Boyce,
		Sarah C. Bostwick,
J. C. Woodman, Music.		Rosalia Blum.

School No. 12—Seventh Ward.

371 Madison street, near Jackson.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary*
John H. Fanning,	Anna M. Marsh,	Nancy E. Hoyt,
Robert J. Turney,	Matilda Mosher,	Susanna McAuley,
Oscar Hinchman,	Mary M. Ryckman,	Julia M. Knight,
Ellen P. Daly,	Deborah Weeks,	Mary J. Currier,
Aug. B. Sage,	Louisa Peters,	Sarah A. Ball,
Eliza J. Evans,	Sarah Ga Nun,	Annie Glasier,
Charlotte F. Glover.	Martha Moore.	Carrie Douglass,
George W. Petit, Music.		M. V. Smith,

School No. 13—Seventeenth Ward.

298 Houston street, near Essex.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Leonard Hazeltine,	Georgiana M. Watson,	Mary L. Harris,
Robert H. Pettigrew,	Sarah J. De Grove,	Catharine Smith,
George W. Strecter,	Prudence Sill,	Esther E. Noe,
Mary D. Johnson,	Sarah E. Crane,	Annie E. Van Vorst,
Mary J. McCoy,	Marietta Egbert,	Mary A. Riley,
George E. Whittier,	Mary T. Devereaux,	Mary A. Dunbar,
F. E. Bruenhausen.	Hannah A. Sill.	Caroline E. Noe,
		Phebe A. Kendall,
		Frances C. Kirk.
Charles L. Barnes, Music.		Annie M. Wiggins.

School No. 14—Twenty-first Ward.

27th street, near 3d avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
La Fayette Olney,	Caroline F. Whiting,	Catharine Meyers,
Jarvis Jennings,	Mary J. Whiting,	Martha Doak,
Rosena G. Hartman,	Anna A. Dayton,	Emily J. Edwards,

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Emma Shuner,	Mary Turner,	Victoria J. Knight,
Frances J. Graham,	Hester Platt,	Elizabeth St. John,
Susan A. Sparling,	Sarah H. Hazeltine,	Emma Smith,
James R. Pettigrew,	Caroline Elwell.	Anna Holman,
Eliza Slavan.		Harriet Goodenow,

F. H. NASH, Music.

School No. 15—Eleventh Ward.
259 Fifth street, between Avenues C and D.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
N. P. Beers,	Urania Downs,	W. J. Vanderhoof,
James M, Campbell,	Mary J. Patten,	A. E. Ketchum,
James J. McCoy,	Elizabeth Elting,	Annie L. Hayes,
Harriet Lockwood,	Annie A. Wood,	E. E. Fairfield,
Martha T. Turner,	Letty Burr,	Amanda Carman,
Phebe Mayhew,	Sarah Messenger,	Euphemia Young,
Car. L. Canfield,	Mary J. Green,	Sarah C. Lewis,
Henrietta Fiske,	Urania Secord,	Louisa Murray,
Hester J. Husted.	Harriet N. Lugar,	Annie E. Giles,
	Eliza T. White.	Susan Doyle,
		Marianna Rowe.

F. H. NASH, Music.

School No. 16—Ninth Ward.
13th street, near 7th avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Arthur Murphy,	Virginia M. Oakley,	Mary Oliver,
Mary J. Mead,	Caroline A. Powers,	Amelia Linebeck,
Georgiana Harriott,	Emily Scudder,	Sarah M. Gordon,
Jennette McCloskey,	Sarah A. Jackson,	Jane Thomas,
Josephine Adee.	Sarah J. Hemphill.	Melissa Thorp,
		Amelia Blakely.

JAMES A. JOHNSON, Music.

School No. 17—Twenty-second Ward.
47th street, between 8th and 9th avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
James Monteith,	Amelia Kiersted,	Phebe A. Wood,
Wm. A. E. Davis,	Georga. M. Bunker,	Kate C. Kenney,
Robert Burden,	Mary A. Haines,	Elizabeth Lewis,
Mary M. Slater,	Susan C. Brick,	Mary Tuthill,
George A. Leonard,	Agnes McCartney,	Arabella Field,
Francis J. Scarlett,	Jane Jollie,	Maria L. Ackerman.
Frederick W. James,	Charity Dealing,	Emma Moore,
Elizabeth Wilson,	Anna B. Leggett,	Louisa Kyle,
	Mary A. Root,	Agnes Dana.

F. H. NASH, Music.

School No. 18—Nineteenth Ward.

Fifty-seventh street and Lexington avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Euph. Hirst,	Annie Bamman,	A. E. D. Rockwell,
L. B. Corey,	Sarah F. Miller,	C. C. Rockwell,
Thos. E. Cady,	A. M. S. Huthwaite,	Ellen Drew,
George H. Moore,	A. L. Disbrow,	B. T. Foshour,
Elizabeth A. Scanlan.	Margaret Walsh.	Agnes W. Walsh,
		J. D. Corson,
		E. C. Nevins,
		W. Bonesteed.

School No. 19—Seventeeth Ward.

Ninth street, corner of First avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Wm. Smeaton,	Caroline Hazeltine,	Sarah E. Buckbee,
Wm. Herring,	Mary E. Hinton,	Mary C. Hepburn,
H. C. Litchfield,	Anna M. Hazard,	Mary H. Tompkins,
William Fleming,	Agnes McFarland,	Mary E. Trainor,
C. A. Buckbee,	Clara Worman,	Jane B. Miller,
Clara Hopps,	Emma Wicks,	R. M. M. Ilan,
Ella M. Flowey.	Sarah J. Callender.	Kate Rogers,
		Fannie L. Petit,
		Annie Birdsall.

School No. 20—Tenth Ward.

Chrystie street, near Delancey.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
J. W. Mather,	Martha Ames,	Annie Thompson,
Alex. Morehouse,	Margaret W. Tibbetts,	Ellen S. Seaman,
Wm. J. Kennard,	Eliza F. Knapp,	Mary O. Bell,
Thomas B. Sandford,	Sarah A. Fisher,	M. A. T. Hamilton,
Elbert A. Young,	S. Amelia Haynes,	M. A. T. Lawrence,
G. W. Van Sicklen,	H. N. Hutchings,	Emeline Voorhees,
Mary L. Winter,	Frances A. Hayes,	Florinda Cornell,
H. Josephine Eddy,	Isabella Stephens,	E. M. Gildersleve,
Mary Buckelew,	Lucretia Felter.	C. B. Charlock,
Annie Hart,		Jane A. Hutchings,
Adelaide Browne.		Lavinia Stratton,
		Agnes Wright.

School No. 21—Fourteenth Ward.

No. 21 Marion street, near Prince.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John Boyle,	Maria J. Sweeny,	Fanny Willoughby,
Hugh Williamson,	Eleanor M. Cronin,	Catharine M. Connor,

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William G. Raymond,	Helen C. O'Brien,	Emily T. Rice,
John A. Slevin,	Susan McConnellogue.	Mary Finnegan,
William P. Byrne.		Hellena Connolly,
		Eliza Dunn,
		M. J. Willoughby,
		Mary McLain.

School No. 22—Eleventh Ward.

Stanton street, corner Sheriff.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Seneca Durand,	Frances J. Murray,	Jane M. Gilfillan,
S. W. Merritt,	Mary C. McGuire,	Frances J. Coleman,
George W. Stewart,	Julia A. Bell,	Annie L. Darlington,
Margaret Patterson,	Caroline A. Dunbar,	Mary E. Marshall,
Sarah E. Michaels,	Delia F. Lockwood,	Eugenia Green,
Eliza B. Beelby	Cornelia Howe,	Julia Orton,
Malvena Van Etten.	Marion W. Holly.	Julia C. Flanagan,
		Sarah J. Brown,
F. H. NASH, Music.		Anna M. Murray.

School No. 23—Sixth Ward.

Nos. 26 and 28 City Hall place.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William Mullany,	Catharine Duffe,	Anna C. McHugh,
Stinson McIver,	Mary J. Gallagher,	Joanna Poole,
Thomas Gibbons,	Rose M. O'Neil,	Margaret McGrath,
Henry S. Carroll,	Mary R. Dolan,	Mary A. McHugh,
Frances McHugh,	Elizabeth Riley.	H. Wright,
O. P. Weir.		Kate McHugh,
		Rosa Cohen,
		Mary E. Clancy,
M. COLBURN, Music.		Mary J. McDermott.

School No. 24—Sixth Ward.

Elm street, near Leonard.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
James M. Sweeny,	Margaret A. McCorker,	Mary S. McDermott,
A. S. Gallagher,	Honoria D. Hogan,	E. M. F. McGrath,
Jas. P. McIvor,	Jane M. Grant,	Alecia M. Kearney,
Hugh P. O'Neil,	Frances B. Murray,	Catharine Gallagher,
John White,	Emma A. Sweeny.	Hannah E. Keating,
Matthew Murphy.		Lucy A. Dawson,
M. COLBURN, Music.		Elizabeth O. Donnell.

School No. 25—Fourth Ward.

No. 13 Oak street, near Pearl.

Female.

Catharine Lynch,
Catharine M. Fitzgibbons,
Elizabeth M. Faye,
Margaret C. Canary,
Harriet S. Watson,
Anna Goodwin.

SAML. EARLE, Music.

School No. 26—Fourth Ward.

Rose street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Samuel S. St. John,	Catharine M. Griffin,	Eliza Reynolds,
John Halpin,	Mary O. Leary,	Margaret Donegan,
Patrick C. Lenny,	Mary C. Dougherty,	E. McLaughlin,
Walter K. Ritch.	Mary A. O'Brien.	Rose R. Crosby,
J. C. WOODMAN, Music.		Mary A. Sweeny.

School No. 27—Fourth Ward.

No. 74 Oliver street.

Female.

Emily B. Slight,
Maria Barrenpohl,
Ellen D. Irvine,
Sarah Quinn,
Isabella Cindon,
Anna A. Power.

SAMUEL EARLE, Music.

School No. 28—Twenty-second Ward.

Fortieth street, near Eighth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Joseph Finch,	Mary Kelly,	Hannah J. Maklers,
John J. Cook,	Frances M. Finch,	Julia M. Scarlett,
James H. Hallock,	Mary H. Miller,	Mary M. Skeffington,
Lewis M. Kolb,	Susan Kelly,	Mildred Johnson,
James McCormick,	Caroline E. Church,	Mary F. McKenna,
Barbara Gellan,	Harriet F. Williams,	Louisa M. Osborne,
Sarah C. Wilson.	Isabella Dolurange.	Amelia W. Hanaway,
F. H. NASH, Music.		Sarah Cartwright.

School No. 29—First Ward.

No. 97 Greenwich street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Lewis W. Arman,	Caroline A. Tier,	Marion Blair,
Thomas Fanning, jr.,	Ellen A. Preswick,	Sarah C. Hubbie,

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Ed. Schwacofer,	Josephine Morrison,	Amy B. Butts,
James B. Treanor,	A. E. Van Boskerck,	E. W. Carman,
Ellen M. Hackett,	Abbe A. Wright.	Maria E. Martin,
Sarah L. Blackburn.		Caroline H. Probst,
		Jessie McGregor,
		A. M. Franklin,
		M. E. Duncan,
		Sarah Cohen,
		Messoure Finley,
F. H. Nash, Music.		Amelia Towne.

School No. 30—Eleventh Ward.

Second street, near Avenue C.

Female.
Sarah H. Keyes,
Anna M. Birdsall,
Mary J. Houseworth,
Julia Pettrick,
Sarah Gibberson,
Hannah Phillips.

School No. 31—Seventh Ward.

Monroe street, near Montgomery.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John J. Anderson,	Elizabeth Sayre,	Mary A. Ebbetts,
John R. Ames,	Lucy F. Scarborough,	Emily J. Peck,
William F. Berry, jr.,	Mary Stevenson,	Mary A. Hannah,
Alexander Oliver,	Sarah E. Raywood,	Mary J. Clark,
William B. Soullard,	Henrietta Hull.	Mary S. Ketcham,
William M. Cole.		Josephine M. Noman.
		Anna E. Lowes,
		Sarah I. Glasier.

School No. 32—Fourteenth Ward.

Baxter street, near Grand.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Edward McIlray,	Catharine Connolly,	Ellen T. Ahern,
Nicholas Mulligan,	Elizabeth A. Bossurt,	Margaret A. Doyle,
Thomas W. Kennedy,	M. J. Hunter,	A. M. Van Riper,
Honora Madden.	Jane M. Connolly.	Margaret Gormly,
		H. A. Collins,
		M. A. Muldoon,
		Kate A. Evans,
		M. A. Brady.

School No. 33—Twentieth Ward.

Thirty-fifth street, near Ninth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Geo. W. Cooper,	Clara M. Edmonds,	H. A. C. Huthwaite,
T. Dwight Martin,	Agnes E. Baylies,	Kate Brown,
Wm. Menzies Adams,	Mary A. Simms,	Joseph M. P. Hume,
Elvira E. Neville,	Mary Keeler,	Gilette R. Kiersted,
Janet Young,	V. Jennie Ranney,	Sarah E. McKusker,
Mary D. Scolare,	Clarissa E. Hartmann,	Phebe E. Brooks,
Elizabeth A. Hunt,	Almira J. Danley,	Julia Green,
Elizabeth Smith,	Mary A. Lyon,	Jeannette McGowan,
Rosanna Whiteside,	Alice Peers.	Mary Blonk,
Chas. S. Wightman.		Margaret Adams,
		Eliza Hoffman,
		Emily Jackson,
G. P. Benjamin, Music.		Henrietta Van Tine.

School No. 34—Thirteenth Ward.

Broome street, between Sheriff and Willett.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Henry C. Martin,	Harriet N. Goldey,	Jane Rutherford,
William M. Jolliffee,	Annot A. Rutherford,	M. F. Maguire,
Benj. Y. Conklin,	Margaret C. Mikels,	C. H. Appleton,
Emily M. Appleton,	Grace A. Mayhew,	P. E. Karmonisky,
Josephine F. Orr,	Lucretia Y. Flack,	Mary T. Fairchild,
Berenice J. Fitz,	Josephine Irvin,	Harriet Keeler,
Mary E. Moore.	Sarah A. Reeves.	Phebe L. Lawton,
		Josephine Ostrander,
		Mary E. McTier,
G. H. Curtis, Music.		Mary A. Moore.

School No. 35—Fifteenth Ward.

Thirteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

Male.	*Primary.*
Thos. Hunter,	Jane M. Linsey,
Charles Gates,	Sarah J. Martin,
Edward Gilbert,	Louisa J. Shannon,
George White, jr.,	Mary C. Banta,
George L. Burr,	Annie R. Wilson,
Silas W. Randall,	Mary Weightman,
Anna M. Rogers,	Charlotte E. Tillman.
Jane V. Kennedy,	
Eliza J. Lee,	
S. L. Vanderbilt,	
Martha J. Hawley.	Geo. H. Curtis, Music.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N. Y. for D. T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

RESIDENCE OF W. B. CROSBY, ESQ.

Rutgers Place, between Jefferson & Clinton Sts 1838

School No. 36—Eleventh Ward.
Ninth street, near Avenue C.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Alpheus B. Dubois,	Lucinda W. Wooster,	Euretta M. Nicholson,
Samuel H. P. Meigs,	Charlotte R. Wooster,	Victoria A. Hulen,
James R. Finch,	Mary L. Hoyt,	Phebe A. Walters,
Catharine Vannay,	Elizabeth A. Devereaux,	Anna E. Turner,
Henrietta Walters.	Sarah J. Crane,	Anna E. Warren,
Anna L. Madden,	Susan McVey,	Mary E. Eppes,
Susan Horton,	Maria J. Dodge,	Mary E. Squires,
Helen J. Garvie.	Elizabeth A. Powers,	Catharine A. Mitchell,
	Sarah M. Bowker.	Anna E. Brush,
		Annie McPherson,
		Jane Jones,
		Eliza Jackman.

School No. 37—Twelfth Ward.
Eighty-seventh street, near Fourth avenue.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
John M. Boyce,	Margaret Hebbard,	Laura H. Gildersleeve,
Gillespie Miller,	Elizabeth Crocker,	Louisa Ingersoll,
Elizabeth T. Hart,	Henrietta Lennon.	Eleanor M. Geary,
Mary Frazer,		Emma T. Sandford,
Emily Hitchcock.		E. Lawson,
E. C. Riley, Music.		C. Cox.

School No. 38—Eighth Ward.
Clarke street, near Broome.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
J. Elias Whitehead,	Cordelia Chadeayne,	Mary Insler,
Charles W. Lord,	Mary A. Downs,	Martha G. Ring,
Moulton Emory,	Frances C. Church,	Sarah S. Seaman,
William H. Post,	Sarah H. Love,	Margaret Felt,
Miles Finch	M. Matilda Mayer	Harriet E. Hindes,
Henrietta Forbes,	Mary Houseworth,	Jane E. Baird,
Elizabeth A, Smith,	Helen Thompson,	Frances A. Stevens,
Dessie L. Edwards.	Sarah F. Inslee.	Susan B. Brown,
		Harriet E. Ruden,
		Mary E. Manwaring,
F. H. Nash, Music.		Mary E. Nelson.

School No. 39—Twelfth Ward.
One hundred and twenty-fifth street, between Second and Third avenues, Harlem.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Jacob S. Warner,	Maria S. Kenyon,	Mary A. Freeman,
James Riker,	Edith M. Hays,	Priscilla Bross,

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Mary E. Gardner,	Anna E. Lockwood,	Eliza A. Freeman,
Mary E. Jones,	Catharine A. Hebbard.	Francis A. Polley,
Mary V. Lockwood.		Sophia H. Crawford,
ANDREW R. TULLEY, Music.		Lottie A. Vermelya.

School No. 40—Eighteenth Ward.

Twentieth street, between First and Second avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
David B. Scott,	Jane M. Greacen,	Charlotte C. Wray,
Edward S. Worth,	Mary J. Lennon,	Elizabeth A. Wilkinson,
George W. Albro,	Sarah A. Bodine,	Martha McFarland,
Mason O. Fuller,	F. H. P. Meginley,	Mary E. Carroll,
Joseph H. Wiley,	Anna E. Moss,	Deborah A. Bisco,
J. D. Stratton.	Rebecca Slater.	Eliza Cronin,
		Annie Hollister,
		Anna Spencer,
		Amy Smith,
		Anna Sherman.

School No. 41—Ninth Ward.

Greenwich avenue, opposite Charles street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Thomas F. Harrison,	M. Louisa Scott,	Susannah Whitney,
Josiah H. Zabriskie,	Julia V. Easton,	Catharine Fagan,
George W. Harrison,	Elizabeth Cavanagh,	Mary Crowell,
Charles W. Smith,	Sarah F. Nixon,	Elizabeth J. Wasson,
Editha L. Ashby,	Mary J. Topping,	Mary A. Connolly,
Louisa C. Burke,	Sarah F. Connor,	Louisa Cole,
Jacob D. Kirknor,	Mary A. Merritt.	Elizabeth M. Smith,
Kate H. Cavanagh,		Emily Golder,
Marion K. Irwin.		Jane Carpenter,
JAMES A. JOHNSON, Music.		Jane Fagan.

School No. 42—Tenth Ward.

Alien street, between Walker and Hester.

Male	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Elisha L. Avery,	Caroline Hopkins,	Emily B. Hunt,
John Walsh,	Anna L. Post,	Mary H. Palmer,
Henry Christman,	Sarah E. Conrad,	Pauline L. Loss,
Henry McGregor,	Catharine L. Hannah,	Elizabeth Thorp,
Thorndyke F. Saunders,	Catharine V. Davis,	Ellen F. Culver,
M. Antoinette Megie,	Frances Hollingshead,	Pamelia Hart,
Jemima Reed,	Mary E. Woolley,	Mary E. Miller,

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Ernitene Sproull.	Martha J. Austin,	Rebecca Hiltman,
	Emma D. Hill.	Josephine Stuyvesant,
		Hannah Mount,
		Mary F. Peppers,
		Almira Gassner,
		Anna E. McGuire,
George F. Bristow, Music.		Sarah E. S. Dunn.

School No. 43—

Male.	*Female and Primary.*
Charles McGregor,	Barbara H. McDonnell,
Eliza R. Knapp,	Charlotte M. Spafford.
Katie A. Moore.	
Edward C. Riley, Music.	

School No. 44—Fifth Ward.
Corner of North Moore and Varick streets.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William Belden, Jr.,	Jane A. A. Ebbets,	Catharine Connoll,
Thomas W. Concklin,	Helen G. Morgan,	Jane E. Cunningham,
Charles D. B. Simonton,	Elizabeth Thurston,	Catharine Gordon,
Ezra Beach, Jr.,	Margaret C. Cornell,	Hannah E. Tappen,
Daniel H. Skidmore,	Fanny K. Lewis,	Isabella Jewerson,
Oscar P. Howe,	Mary J. Oelzner,	Elizabeth Loveridge,
Louis A. Smith,	Mary A. Walling,	Mary C. Tate,
Eliza H. Burr,	Frances E. Smith,	Josephine Van Alstyne,
Louise Buschman,	Harriet N. Kopper,	Josephine Robbins,
Angelina G. Cornell,	Emma Vreeland,	Julia Norris,
Sarah A. Cunningham,	Mary V. Seaman,	A. M. Francis,
Mary F. Thompson.		Eliza M. Reynolds.
George F. Bristow, Music.		

School No. 45—Sixteenth Ward.
Twenty-fourth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Thomas Foulke,	Adelaide Hawley,	Emily Kennedy,
Nelson B. Bartram,	Andie E. Fowler,	Sarah E. Coley,
Charles W. Morse,	Susan M. Parr,	Matilda Holton,
James W. Graff,	Sarah R. Blum,	Emily R. Grafton,
Sarah Stewart,	Hetty L. Board,	Jane Caldwell,
Julia Hostin,	Matilda L. Stopp,	Victoria S. Crapser,
Jane A. Pullis,	M. Isabel Oakley,	Mary H. Ewart,
Ellen D. Traphagen,	Ann A. Rogers,	Maria J. Wright,
Sarah M. Christ,	Kate D. Lane,	Adeline V. Sutton.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Lucretia A. Robinson.	Mary E. Hutchinson.	Emily J. Disbrow,
		Emma S. Burger,
		Lizzie May,
		Jane White,
		Emma Fryer,
		Cornelia Schureman,
		Jennie Barton,
F. H. Nash, Music.		Mary Mullally.

School No. 45—Twelfth Ward.

One hundred and fifty-sixth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Male.	*Female.*
John C. Graff,	Matilda M. Landon,
Maria C. Jennings,	Julia A Goldsmith,
Mary H. Hammond,	Eugenia Swartz.
Henrietta Pugendorn.	
E. C. Riley, Music.	

School No. 47—Fifteenth Ward.

Fifteenth street, between Broadway and University place.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Lydia F. Wadleigh,	Aroline C. Hall,	M. Louise Geer,
Mary A. Ranney,	Harriet B. Swift,	Sarah E. Berrier,
Lavenia M. Holman,	Sarah E. Woodward,	Miriam Carpenter,
Lina Achert,	Margaret Dornan,	Agnes Turnbull,
Julia A. Willard,	Josephine Sheldon,	Kate Requa,
	Emma McMann,	Lucy M. Way,
	Harriet H. Peake,	Hattie E. Murch,
	Jane Adams.	Fredenia Moran,
George F. Bristow, Music.		Lucy Porter.

School No. 48—Twentieth Ward.

Twenty-eighth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
James H. Partridge,	Isabella Hill,	Eliza A. Ebbetts,
Hugh Carlisle,	Margaret S. Arnout,	Ruth D. Clemence,
P. W. Connolly,	Philindia Woodruff,	Eliza M. Dyke,
James A. Treacy,	Emma L. Thompson,	Mary E. Ingersoll,
Rosanna Rogers,	Sarah J. Beatty,	Mary E. Nunns,
M. S. McKibbin,	Amanda M. Edwards,	Sarah A. Ward,
Anna M. Dunn,	C. G. Harwood,	M. J. Findley,
Hannah E. Jacobus,	Margaret A. Smith,	Laura E. Agar,
Martha F. Richardson,	Julia Ludlum,	Frances A. Denton,
	Mary A. Woodgate,	E. T. Fitzpatrick,
		Mary E. Allen,
		S. E. Odell,
G. P. Benjamin, Music.		Jemima Walker.

School No. 49—Twenty-first Ward.

Thirty-seventh street, between Second and Third avenues.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
William H. Wood,	Frances E. A. Gutch,	Julia S. Clark,
Samuel M. Perkins,	Laura E. Leal,	S. Victoria Walsh,
William A. Owen,	Susan E. Sloan,	Emily B. Elwell,
Josephine M. Rogers,	Mary B. Curry,	Caroline A. Moss,
Sarah A. Acheson,	Helen B. Hunter,	Mary A. Ladd,
Julia St. John,	Frances E. Fecks,	Kate A. Wilson,
Martha A. Smith,	Emma Fitch.	Sarah E. Ryno,
Rachael T. Birdsall,		Jane Fulton,
William Carlisle.		Rosa Famaris,
		Emma Husted,
		Sarah Adams,
		Isabella Cartell,
		Elizabeth A. Martin,
		Louisa D. Sartor.

School No. 50—Eighteenth Ward.

Twentieth street, between Second and Third avenues.

Female.	*Primary.*
Margaretta L. Marston,	M. Eliza Purdy,
Harriet A. Leonard,	Mary Talbert,
Letitia Mathews,	Kate Kennelien,
Ellen Hoyt,	Mary J. Moran,
Elizabeth F. Innes,	Mary Barker,
Catharine J. Decker,	Maria L. Rairnan,
Caroline B. Decker,	Mary A. Crothers,
Adeline W. Farless,	Lizzie H. Pardee,
Martha Miller,	Lottie Halstead,
Annie Kelly,	Lizzie Steele,
Sarah O. Haviland,	Kate E. Hart.
Helen E. Ludlow.	

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Primary School No. 1.

Orchard street, between Broome and Delancey.

Mary J. King,	Margaret T. Johnston,	Mary V. Stevens,
Isabella Van Cott,	Mary G. King.	

Primary School No. 2.

No. 103 Bayard street, near Baxter.

Sarah A. Foster,	Mary A. Bamman,	Mary E. Fierty,
	Jane T. McJuray.	

Primary School No. 3.

No. 100 *Cannon street, near Stanton.*

Ellen F. Holly, Mary E. Murphy, Alice L. Donohue,
Joanna Messenger, Rose Murray.

Primary School No. 4.

Corner Bowery and Delancey street.

Susan M. Drinker, Margaret Caffery, Mary C. Meeks,
Bridget M. Harrison, Mary J. Taylor.

Primary School No. 5.

No. 401 *Cherry street, near Scammel.*

Mary C. Crane, Louise J. Hobby, Ann A. Moore,
Catharine M. Griffing, Sarah M. Reeve, Mary Ankess.

Primary School No. 7.

No. 321 *Sixth street, between Avenues B and C.*

Julia A. Cook, Adelaide Hardy, Sarah Ryno.

Primary School No. 8.

No. 61 *Thompson street.*

Christiana L. Dugan, Mary C. Hallock, Maria Hopper,
Georgina Dugan.

Primary School No. 10.

No. 174 *Amos street, near Washington.*

Elizabeth E. Mead, Mary J. Anderson, Sarah A. Birdsall,
Elizabeth Sleight.

Primary School No. 13.

No. 101 *Bayard street, near Baxter.*

Anna Mahony, Agnes C. O'Donnell, Mary Lawlor,
Lucy E. McDaniels, C. H. M. Mulrooney.

Primary School No. 14.

Rear of No. 60 *Chrystie street, between Hester and Canal.*

Mary E. Ewen, Maggie A. Boyd, Mary E. Robinson,
Amelia Sower.

Primary School No. 15.

No. 36 *Stanton street, near Chrystie.*

Margaret H. Braiden, Charlotte Willmott, Louisa Bildersee,
Catharine T. Clark, Catharine E. Albertson.

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Cannon street, near Broome.

Ernestina F. Moll, L. A. Montague, Sarah M. Norris,
Julia A. Wood, Lucretia A. Tooker, Irene M. Gahagan.

Primary School No. 17.

No. 61 Greenwich street.

Phebe A. Hope, Cordelia Everett, Alice Fair,
Emily A. Comstock.

Primary School No. 19.

Twentieth street, near Seventh avenue.

Olley Pack, L. K. Ammerman, Agnes Gilbert,
H. Amanda Irving, Mary Rolston.

Primary School No. 20.

Corner of Avenue C and Fourth street.

Mary M. Smith, Belinda Williamson, Annie E. Curtiss,
Eleanor M. Magee, Louisa Chasman.

Primary School No. 22.

Corner of Bleecker and Downing streets.

M. Louisa Roome, Esther Birdsall, Margaret Patterson,
Sarah R. Lake, Annie Royce, Helen Oakey.

Primary Schools Nos. 23 and 24.

No. 61 Thompson street.

Isabella Veitch, Sarah E. Hopper, Jane G. Hill,
Evelina Russell.

Primary School No. 25.

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H. A. McCormick, Mary Hopper, Emily Meredith,
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Primary Schools Nos. 29 and 30.

No. 3 *Stone street.*

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Twenty-first street, between Madison and Fourth avenues.

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Olive C. Smith, Delia W. Moore,

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Francis A. Comstock, Clementina Palmer, Jane Tuthill,
Elizabeth Wright, Josephine Hope.

Primary School No. 36.

Waverley place, near Bank street.

Jane Walker, Augusta Loss, Eleanor Firth.

Primary School No. 37.

Waverley place, near Bank street.

Catharine A. Taft, Mary E. Harriott, Amelia McGrath.

Primary School No. 38

Rear of No. 60 *Chrystie street, between Hester and Canal.*

Emeline Olsen, Alice F. Bartley, Kate A. Terry,
Susan K. Vandewater.

Primary School No. 39.

No. 233 *West Eighteenth street.*

C. F. R. Crowell, Maria F. Pierce, Marietta Brown,
Ellen Webb.

Primary School No. 40.

Rear of No, 147 *Clinton street.*

Mary Holbrook, Ellen C. Gregory, Juliett B. De Long,
Mary E. Northrop.

Primary School No. 41.
Rear of No. 147 Clinton street.

Susan Holbrook, Margaret A. Scofield, Jane E. Bruen,
Mary J. Smith.

Primary School No. 42.
No. 100 Cannon street, near Stanton.

Abby M. Burton, Henrietta Barnes, Maria E. Hull,
Anna E. White.

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Rivington street, near Goerck.

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Helen C. Duffy.

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Rivington street, near Goerck.

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Mary E. Rhoades.

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Harriet A. Donaldson, C. Brinckerhoff.

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Eleventh street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Margaret Chirney, Martha Griffin, Mary Hickok,
Jane Smith.

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233 *West Eighteenth street.*

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Abbie E. Benson.

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Horatio street, near Hudson.

Mary Waterbury, Fannie Maltbee, Eliza Swinson,
Anastasia Wixon, Elizabeth Wandall.

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545 *Greenwich street.*

Mary J. Downs, Ellen Smith, Mary Shannon,
Emma C. Smith.

Primary School No. 51.
545 *Greenwich street.*

Caroline Jollie, Caroline Esterly, Mary F. Garner,
Mary Renville.

Primary School No. 53.

Fourth street, near Avenue —.

Helen J. Nicholson,	Carrie V. Yergason,	Jane A. Schureman,
Kate T. Moriarty,	Margaret F. McCaffery,	Abby G. Webb.

Primary School No. 54.

Twenty-ninth street, near Ninth avenue.

Sarah K. White,	Dorothea Dixon,	Charlotte Pollock,
Margaret Keown,	Mary Updike,	Helena D. Smith,
Charlotte S. Meredith,	Anna M. Mulvey,	Sarah J. Gaddis.

Primary School No. 55.

Eighty-fourth street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Catharine A. Geary,	Mary Fick,	Emma Weir.

Primary School No. 56.

Thirty-seventh street, near Tenth avenue.

Hannah G. Preston,	Mary V. McKuskor,	Fanny C. Vinton,
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Primary School No. 57.

Corner Twenty-third street and Second avenue (Demilt Dispensary.)

Mary B. Cooley,	Ellen Winchell,	Lavinia Purdy,
Almira L. Knapp,	Harriet A. Youngs,	Susan Coherty.
	Jennie McFarland.	

Primary School No. 58.

Nineteenth street, between Avenue — and First avenue.

Frances A. Felt,	Jane A. Garthwaite,	Maria J. Thompson,
Jane M. Yates,	Mary A. Mills,	Harriet J. Brown,
Sarah A. Cole,	Louisa E. Green,	Sarah E. Stainburn,
Eliza A. Anderson,	Margarita C. Bergen,	Isabella Barr.

Primary School No. 59.

Susan Jackson,	M. Gildersleeve,	A. Canty,
	A. Simpson.	

COLORED WARD SCHOOLS.

School No. 1.

135 *Mulberry street, near Grand.*

Male.	*Female.*
John Peterson,	Eliza Gwynne.
Peter S. Ewell,	Mary A. Griffin,
Peter H. Leveridge,	Mary F. Allen,
Wright Seaman.	Rhoda S. Ledges.

School No. 2.

51 and 53 Laurens street.

Male.	*Female.*	*Primary.*
Ransom F. Wake,	Fanny Tompkins,	Sarah Ennalls,
John R. Porter.	Caroline Hamilton,	Catharine Harley,
Helen M. Clow.	Elizabeth Spencer.	

SAMUEL WALDRON, Music.

School No. 3.

Eighty-fifth street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Catharine A. Thompson.

School No. 4.

One hundred and seventeenth street, near Second avenue, Harlem.

Caroline W. Groves.

School No. 5.

19 Thomas street.

Eliza D. Richards,	Harriet Anderson,	Sarah Hamilton,
Elizabeth Jennings,	Margaret Roach.	

S. WALDRON, Music.

School No. 6.

1167 Broadway, near Thirty-sixth street.

Charles L. Reason, Helen Appo.

COLORED PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Primary School No. 1.

Fifteenth street, near Seventh avenue.

Charlotte S. Smith, Mary E. Tilghman, Amelia Ogden.

Primary School No. 2.

Rear of Church in Second street, near Avenue C.

Mary E. Robbins, Ellen L. Tredwell.

Primary School No. 3.

Rear of Church in Second street, near Avenue C.

George H. Green, Albert J. Ewell.

TEACHERS IN THE EVENING SCHOOLS.

First Ward.

Male.

L. W. Annan,	D. O. Quimby,	A. W. Schwacofer,
Edward Schwacofer,	Charles H. Kitchel,	William Bayer,
George F. Weeks,	H. J. Johnson,	L. W. Engle,

Female.

Caroline A. Tier,	Lucy M. O'Connell,	C. A. Probit,
Amy B. Butts,	Annie M. Franklin,	Sophia D. Hunter,
J. Edith Irvine.		

Fourth Ward.

Male.

A. T. Gallagher,	Wm. A. McLaury,	Rose M. Crinley,
Walter K. Retch,	Mary A. Mahoney,	T. D. Stetson,
Thomas Gibbons,	Johanna Murphy,	Frederick Seigler.

Female.

Catharine Lynch,	Ann L. O'Donnell,	Mary A. Sweeney,
Mary J. O'Leary,	Margaret Canary,	Theresa M. Gill,
Elizabeth Faye,	Mary A. O'Brien,	E. McLaughlin.

Fifth Ward.

Thomas W. Conklin,	Nathan Solomon,	D. K. Skidmore,
Frederick M. Campbell,	Charles T. Brush,	H. W. Culver,
Ezra Beach.		

Sixth Ward.

Male.

Stinson McIver,	Robert T. Lawlor,	Peter Stahl,
Bart. Carrick,	Michael McGuin,	Charles Reider,
Hugh P. O'Neil,	Owen Weir,	T. D. Stetson,
John White,	Joseph Magrath,	Mathew Murphy.

Female.

Margaret M. McCorker,	E. M. F. McGrath,	Mary Lawlor,
Jane A. Grant,	Margaret Donigan,	Rose M. O'Neil,
Frances B. Murray,	Mary J. Gallagher.	

Seventh Ward.

Male.

John J. Anderson,	William M. Cole,	S. Seiler,
Jacob T. Boyle,	Alexander Oliver,	Charles Probsting,
John R. Ames,	Augustus B. Sage.	

Female.

E. Wood Garrett,	Mary F. Peppers,	Clarissa A. Root,
Ellen P. Daly,	Catharine A. Manton.	

Eighth Ward.

Male.

J. Elias Whitehead,	Christina Dugan,	Moneton Emory,
Du Bois B. Frisbee,	Mary F. Burgyes,	L. W. Engle,
Miles Finch,	Denne L. Edmonds.	

Female.

Mary Inslee,	Sarah J. Seaman,	Jane C. Baird,
Margaret Felt,	Maria Renck,	Harriet Ruden.

Ninth Ward.

Male.

Charles Gates,	John Demarest,	Oliver Smith,
Charles McGregor,	Edith Ashby,	G. C. Finn,
Henry McGregor,	Orrea W. Dempster,	William Barrie.

Tenth Ward.

Male.

John Walsh,	Wm. F. Berry,	Jacob T. Bergen,
Jarvis Jennings,	Harvey Stiles,	A. Walchener,
Wm. H. Post,	Edward D. Gale,	Charles Probsting,
W. W. Soullard,	Joseph Worrall.	

Female.

Annot A. Rutherford,	Charlotte F. Glover,	Mary A. Moore,
Mary W. Tibbets,	Jane Rutherford,	Eliza F. Knapp,
	Harriet Irwin.	

Eleventh Ward.

Male.

S. Durand,		H. Walters,
R. J. Furney,	Charles Kitchell,	Hamlin Babcock,
S. H. P. Meigs,	Geo. White, Jr.,	Jane M. Gilfillan,
S. W. Merritt,	H. Lockwood,	H. M. Barnes,
Wm. P. Quinn,	M. Patterson,	Emma E. Fairfield,
Ed. J. Delaney,	J. Kirkner,	Amanda Carman,
Henrietta Fisk,	A. J. Spencer,	Peter Scherer,
Carrie V. Yergerson,	Margaret McCaffery,	George Deitz,
H. J. Husted,	C. L. Canfield,	S. Wightman.

Female.

Henry J. Nicholson,		Annie Gilles,
S. H. Clapp,	Louisa Murray,	Annie Curtiss,
Fanny H. Coleman,	Emily Cornell,	Louisa Channan,
Eliza T. White,	Eleanor Magee,	Angeline Cornell,
Maria Dodge,	Julia A. Flanagan.	

Twelfth Ward.

HARLEM.

Jacob S. Warner,		Fanny C. Lynch,
Timothy W. Kennedy,	Mary E. Gardner,	John Hartmayer.

MANHATTANVILLE.

Male.

John C. Grapp,	M. C. Jennings,	Jane Goodwin,
James Goodwin.		Martha Brennan.

Female.

Barbara McDonnell,	Eliza Knapp,	Martha J. Brennan,

YORKVILLE.

Male.

Gillespie Miller,	Geo. W. Seabold,	L. F. Green,
Wm. Carlisle,	John C. Lennon,	A. Wadliams,
	H. M. Lennon.	

Female.

Elizabeth T. Hart.	Maria E. Jones,	Ellen M. Geary,
Edith M. Hays,	Harriet J. Craver.	

Thirteenth Ward.

H. C. Martin,	John C. Devay,	Henri Foelke,
Wm. M. Jelliffe,	John P. Appleton,	C. Lellman,
Jacob Fehrman,	Ellen Beneville,	—— Whitman.

Fourteenth Ward.

Male.

M. J. O'Donnell,	James P. McIvor,	F. J. Gallagher,
F. P. McHugh,	E. D. Irvine,	H. Friedgen,
Wm. G. Raymond,	Mary J. Hunter,	William Colfey,
	John Ryan.	

Female.

Annie Bamman,	Cath. Fitzgibbon,	Alicia Kearney,
F. Willoughby.	S. M. McConnellogue,	Emily T. Rice.

Fifteenth Ward.

Male.

Thomas Hunter,	Edward Gilbert,	J. Grundhoeffer,
William H. Storrs,	George H. Moore,	E. Dwight Church,
Sarah J. Dornan,	Henry T. Carroll.	

Female.

Anna M. Rogers,		Mary E. Clancy,
Margaret A. Smith,		Mary A. Merritt.

Sixteenth Ward.

Male.

N. B. Bartram,		
William J. Kennard,	James W. Graff,	S. G. R. Jolliffe,
Russel Raymond,	Sarah Stewart,	Mary D. Scolari,
Elizabeth Beale.	Janet Young.	Charles Wightman,
		William Y. Jarrie.

Female.

Abby N. Beale,	Sarah Crist,	Maria L. Young,
Emma L. Thompson,	Eliza Wood,	Harriet M. Robson,
Mary A. Simms,	Jane A. Pullis,	Sarah L. Lewis.

Eighteenth Ward.

Male.

William Herring,		Sarah E. Buckbie,
George H. Albro,	Edward Carter,	Clara Hopps,
George W. Stewart,	H. G. McArthur,	Melinda Clark,
H. C. Litchfield,	Edwin Bissell,	Jane McGreacen,
Silas W. Randall,	John P. Dwyer,	T. D. Stetson.

Female.

E. L. Nicholson,		Lucy A. Slote,
Fr. H. Meguley,	Mary A. Hamilton,	Catharine Meitchell,
Sarah A. Bodine,	Victoria Hulen,	Anna Brush.

Nineteenth Ward.

Lucien B. Corey,		William Fleming,
Hugh Williamson,	William F. Hudson,	John C. Jones.
James A. Treacy,	William Kane,	Elizabeth T. Lewis,
James Murphy,	A. C. Bowman,	Amos Bowman.

Twentieth Ward.

T. Dwight Martin,	Charles F. Hartman,	Rosina Whiteside.
W. M. Adams,	Fred. W. James,	Elizabeth Smith,
	Elvira E. Neville.	

Twenty-first Ward.

Male.

Samuel M. Perkins,		Elizabeth Scanlan,
Patrick W. Connolly,	Robert Burden,	E. H. D. Kelly,
William A. Owen,	Thomas Crowther,	William Muirath,
Mason O. Fuller,	William Sinclair, Jr.,	William Fleming.

Female.

Rosina G. Hartman,	Cath. H. Myers,	Johanna Toole,
Victoria J. Ranney,	Bridget Fishner,	Mary E. Topping.

Twenty-second Ward.

Male.

John W. Boyce,	Lewis Kolb,	Henry McGregor,
Hugh Carlisle,	Michael H. Keiley,	Sarah Wilson,
Michael Hays,	P. G. Conlan,	Emily Hitchcock,
A. McMullen,	Annie E. Geary,	M. F. McKenna,
James McCormick,	E. Fitzpatrick,	H. Magraf.

Female.

Mary M. Slater,	Kate C. Kenny,	Josephine Weeks,
Eliza M. Dyke,	Angeline Slater,	Charity Dealing,
J. D. McNespie,	Anna B. Leggett,	Mary E. Whiting,
	Cath. J. O'Keefe.	

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John R. Porter,	Fanny Tompkins,	M. M. De Grasse.

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Freshmen	41
	—152

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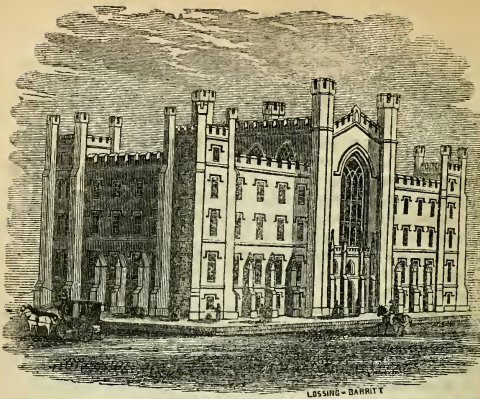
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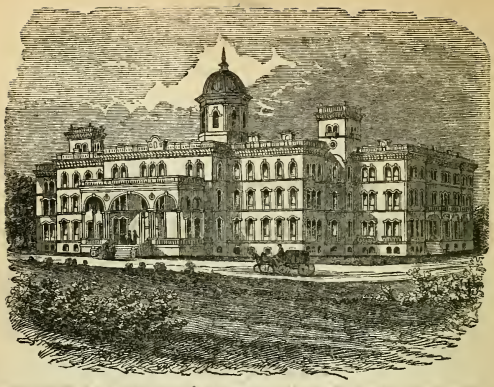
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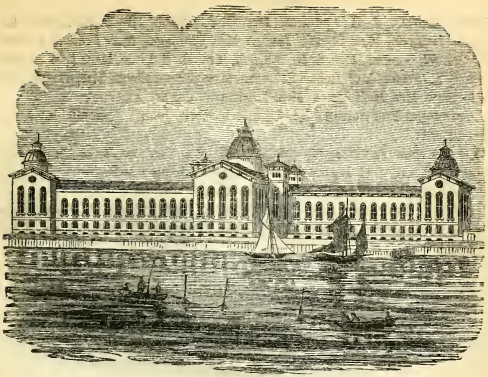
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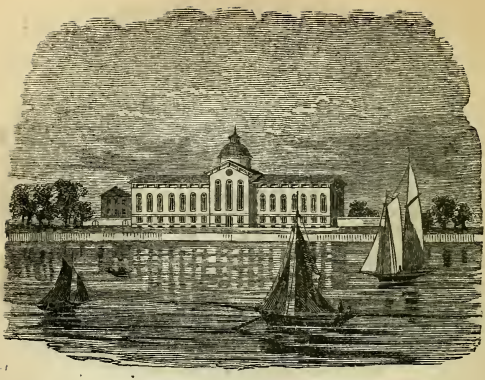
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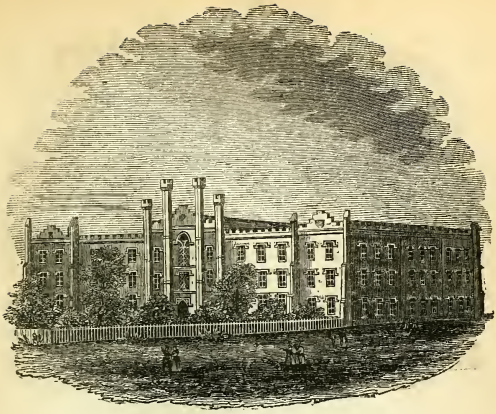
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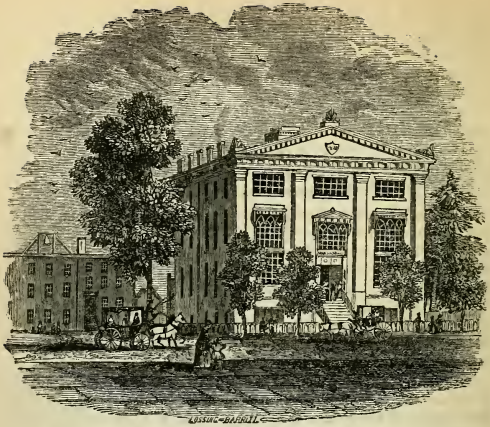
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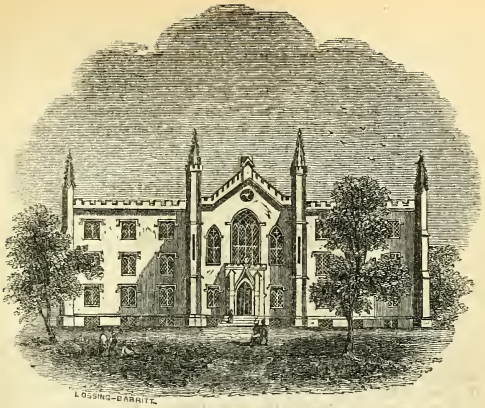
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Horace Green, M.D., }
Valentine Mott, M.D., } *Consulting Surgeons.*
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SUPERINTENDENTS—Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Pell.

TEACHERS—Male Department, Miss Milrow; Female Department, Miss Wheeler; Primary Department, Miss Dempster.

Number of children, 187.

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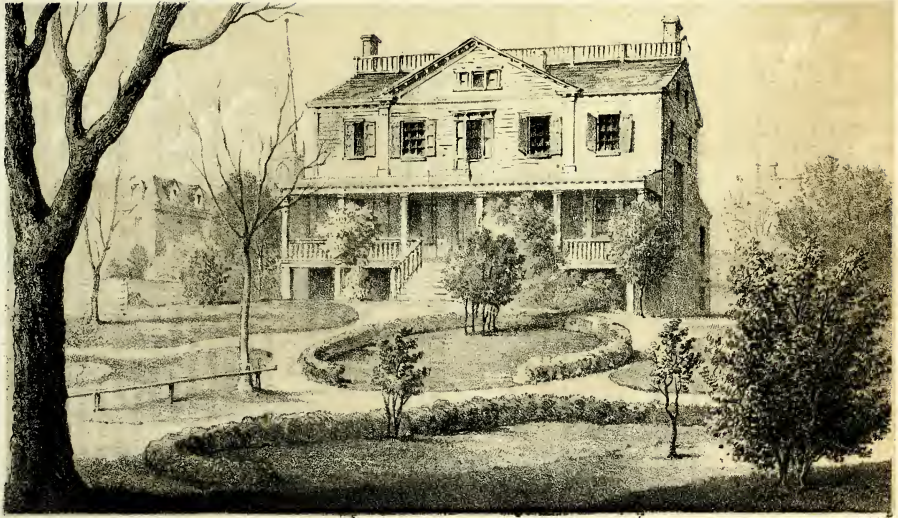
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MATRON—Mary G. Stickney.

Number of inmates, 40.



A. Weingärtner's Lith. N.Y. for D.T. Valentine's Manual 1856

"THE NURSERY" in 6th Ave Cor. 15th St.

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No. 100 West Sixteenth street.

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PHYSICIAN—Dr. J. G. Clark.

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" William Thompson,
" Samuel Candler,
Philip Woodhouse,
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Asylum, temporary, foot of East Fifty-fifth street.
Permanent Asylum at One hundred and seventy-fifth st., near High Bridge.
John D. Russ, *Superintendent.*

The objects of this Corporation are to receive and take charge of such children, between the ages of seven and fourteen years, as may be voluntarily intrusted to it by their parents or guardians, or committed to its charge by competent authority, to provide for their support, and to afford them the means of moral, intellectual and industrial education. Visiting days at the Asylum, last Thursday in each month.

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223 Sixth avenue.

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" R. Tighe,
" S. H. Remsen,
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CONSULTING PHYSICIANS—Edward Delafield, M.D., Thomas M. Markoe, M.D., J. T. Metcalfe, M.D., H. D. Bulkley, M.D.

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No. 20 Fourth avenue, opposite the Cooper Union.

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Jackson S. Schultz, *Second Vice-President.*
John B. Whitman, *Third Vice-President.*
Charles H. Delavan, *Corresponding Secretary.*
James McDonald, *Recording Secretary.*
George W. Glaze, *Treasurer.*
Edmund B. Child, *Librarian.*

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Conversation Meetings—Every Wednesday evening.

The objects of the Association are to diffuse knowledge and information throughout the mechanical classes; to found Lectures on Natural, Mechanical, and Chemical Philosophy, and other scientific subjects; and to establish schools for the benefit of their youth, and to hold annual fairs. In accordance with the above objects, it has established classes in Modeling, Machinery, Architectural and Ornamental Drawing; a winter Course of Lectures on scientific and other subjects; also, a reading-room and a library, consisting of six thousand volumes, all of which are free to the mechanics, workingmen, and apprentices of the city of New York. Among the works is Napoleon's great work on Egypt. Terms of membership, $2,00 per annum.

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Anna Guest, *Matron*.

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TEACHERS—Mrs. Marie S. Case, Miss Mary D. Hulin, Miss Caroline St. John, Miss Margaret Dunlap, Miss Jannet Bland, Miss Julia Janes, Mrs. Eveline Darling.

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ORGANIZED 1843—INCORPORATED 1848.

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John McIntyre,
James R. Cruikshank,
Robert Curtiss,
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Daniel N. Tucker,
J. L. Watkins.

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W. A. Haughton.

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Archibald Hall,
Charles Chamberlain,
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North-west corner of Centre and White streets

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Gurdon Buck, M.D.,	David Clarkson,
Caleb Swan,	Gerard Stuyvesant,
H. M. Schieffelin,	John O. Stone, M.D.

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On Applications—Dr. Gurdon Buck, Dr. John O. Stone.
On Conference—George T. Trimble, Adam Norrie, Caleb Swan.

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For February—Benjamin H. Field, Gerard Stuyvesant.
For March—H. M. Schieffelin, D. C. Murray.
For April—Caleb Swan, J. W. Beekman.
For May—George T. Trimble, John O. Stone, M.D.
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For October—Caleb Swan, Adam Norrie.
For November—H. M. Schieffelin, Gurdon Buck, M.D.
For December—James W. Beekman, John O. Stone, M.D.

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Theodore F. Hardenburgh, M.D., *Assistant House Physician.*

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John W. Corson, M.D..... / George Aigner, M.D.....	....10 to 11 "	Throat and Chest.
D. R. Capriles, M.D..... / R. B. Wilson, M.D.....	....11 to 12 "	Eye, Ear, and Skin.
B. Kelly, M.D..... / F. Arthur, M.D.....	....12 to 1 "	Genito-Urinary, Syphilis, and Rheumatism.
F. W. Strube, M.D..... / James Allen, M.D.....	....1 to 2 "	Head and Abdomen.

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J. S. Tonebee, M.D., is the Physician of the *First District*, which comprises all that portion of the city below a line from Hudson river through Barclay street, across the Park, through Frankfort, Pearl, and Dover streets, to the East river; including both sides of the boundary street, except Barclay.

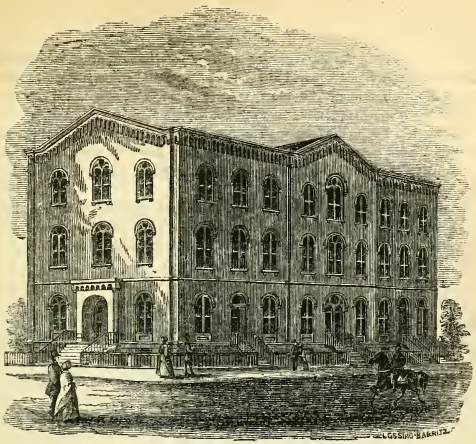
H. Harriot, M.D., is the Physician of the *Second District*, which is bounded south by Barclay street; west by Hudson river; north by Spring street; and east by Broadway, including the south side of Spring, and both sides of the other boundary streets.

E. M. Cameron, M.D., is the Physician of the *Third District*, which is bounded south by the First District, and on the other sides by a line through Chatham, Division, and Pike streets, on the East river; not including either side of the boundary streets.

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APOTHECARY—Edward Hore.

ASSISTANT APOTHECARY—C. E. Munroe.



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INCORPORATED MARCH, 1851.

Second avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

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William Walker, *Treasurer.*
Ashbel Green, *Secretary.*

Peter Cooper, William F. Mott, jr., Joseph F. Joy, John H. Earle, Nathaniel Hayden, Charles Tracy, Adam W. Spies, Henry Young, Giles Babcock, John J. Walker, Charles C. Savage, Peter McMartin, Joseph W. Patterson, James Low, Charles Roome, Luther G. Clark, Henry G. Marquand, William Post, Julius A. Candee, Geo. W. Varian.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON FINANCE—Henry Young, Henry A. Hurlbut, Peter McMartin, Luther C. Clark.

ON CONFERENCE—Charles Tracy, Nathaniel Hayden, Giles Babcock, Chas. Roome.

ON APPLICATIONS—John H. Earle, Joseph F. Joy, William F. Mott, jr., Henry G. Marquand,

On Supplies—Adam W. Spies, Charles C. Savage, James Low, William Post.

On Real Estate—Joseph F. Joy, Julius A. Candee, Joseph W. Patterson, George W. Varian.

VISITING COMMITTEES.

For April—Peter Cooper, Henry G. Marquand, James Campbell, Joseph W. Patterson.

For May—John H. Earle, John J. Walker, Henry A. Hurlbut, Charles Roome.

For June—William F. Mott, jr., Peter McMartin, Giles Babcock, Luther C. Clark.

For July—James Low, Charles C. Savage, Ashbel Green, William Walker.

For August—Joseph F. Joy, George W. Varian, Nathaniel Hayden, Julius A. Candee.

For September—Adam W. Spies, William Post, Henry Young, Charles Tracy.

For October—Joseph W. Patterson, Peter Cooper, Henry G. Marquand, John Campbell.

For November—Henry A. Hurlbut, John H. Earle, Charles Roome, John J. Walker.

For December—Peter McMartin, William F. Mott, jr., Giles Babcock, Luther C. Clark.

For January, 1858—Charles C. Savage, James Low, William Walker, Ashbel Green.

For February—Nathaniel Hayden, George W. Varian, Julius A. Candee, Joseph F. Joy.

For March—Henry Young, William Post, Charles Tracy, Adam W. Spies.

ATTENDING PHYSICIANS.

A. Elder, M.D.	Diseases of Heart, Lungs and Throat.
G. P. Cammann, M.D.	
Gouverneur M. Smith, M.D.	Diseases of Head, Abdomen, &c.
J. H. Bartholf, M.D.	
David S. Conant, M.D.	Diseases of Eye and Ear.
Wm. F. Holcomb, M.D.	
Edward H. Parker, M.D.	Diseases of Children.
J. L. Campbell, M.D.	
T. Gailliard Thomas, M.D.	Diseases of the Skin.
Wm. H. Draper, M.D.	
George T. Elliott, jr., M.D.	Diseases of Women.
W. C. Livingston, M.D.	
Julius S. Thebaud, M.D.	Surgery.
William R. Donaghe, M.D.	

Note.—The physicians attend on alternate days; the first named, in each class, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday; the other on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

House and Vaccine Physician—John O. Bronson, M.D.

VISITING PHYSICIANS—North District, William B. Bibbins, M.D. South District, George L. Hyslop, M.D.

NOTE.—Dr. Bibbins is the Visiting Physician for the district between 24th and 40th streets; and Dr. Hyslop for the district between 14th and 23d streets, east of Sixth avenue.

APOTHECARY—Henry Q. Mack.

EASTERN DISPENSARY.

INCORPORATED A. D. 1832.

Office, No. 74 Ludlow street, between Grand and Broome.

OFFICERS.

William P. Cooledge, *President.*
William Dennistoun, *Vice-President.*
Ephraim D. Brown, *Treasurer.*
William W. Smith, *Secretary.*

TRUSTEES—Ephraim D. Brown, Robert R. Crosby, Edward Cromwell, Wm. Dennistoun, John Polhamus, Wm. W. Smith, Thomas Wallace, Jeremiah L. Sackett, Henry H. Barrow, Wm. P. Cooledge, James Egbert, John W. C. Leveridge, David Sands, William Wood, Pelatiah P. Page, Hiram B. Littell, Stephen W. Gaines, Wm. D. Murphy, Thomas Williams, jr., Geo. Wood, Henry Lyles, jr., Charles T. Goodwin, Samuel Raynor, Samuel T. Valentine, George W. Quintard, Henry L. Slote, Samuel Barstow, Theodore L. Cuyler, John P. Hays, Wm. A. Freeborn.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON FINANCE—William Dennistoun, *Chairman;* Robert R. Crosby, Wm. D. Murphy.

ON LIBRARY—Geo. W. Quintard, *Chairman;* Samuel Raynor, William A. Freeborn.

ON VACCINE—Henry L. Slote, *Chairman;* Theo. L. Cuyler, William D. Murphy.

ON SUPPLIES—Samuel T. Valentine, *Chairman;* Jeremiah L. Sackett, Jas. Egbert.

ON APPLICATIONS—Edward Cromwell, *Chairman;* Henry H. Barrow, John W. C. Leveridge.

ON CONFERENCE—Ephraim D. Brown, *Chairman;* Samuel Barstow, Henry Lyles, jr.

The President of the Board is *ex-officio* a member of all the Standing Committees.

VISITING COMMITTEES.

FOR APRIL—Henry Lyles, jr., John W. C. Leveridge.
FOR MAY—Wm. Dennistoun, Henry L. Slote.
FOR JUNE—John Polhamus, J. L. Sackett.
FOR JULY—Henry H. Barrow. Jno. P. Hays.
FOR AUGUST—H. B. Littell, Thomas Wallace.

For September—Theo. L. Cuyler, Wm. P. Cooledge.
For October—Edward Cromwell, James Egbert.
For November—Ephraim D. Brown, Geo. W. Quintard.
For December—Wm. D. Murphy, Samuel Raynor.
For January, 1858—S. T. Valentine, Wm. A. Freeborn.
For February—David Sands, Geo. Wood.
For March—Pelatiah P. Page, Robert R. Crosby.
For April—Samuel Barstow, Wm. Wood.

MEDICAL BOARD.

1. OFFICERS.

Benjamin Drake, M.D., *President.*
Henry Guernsey, M.D., *Treasurer.*
Jonas P. Loines, M.D., *Secretary.*

Sessions held quarterly—the first Friday of each quarterly month.

2. MEMBERS.

I.—ATTENDING PHYSICIANS,

Who attend daily at the Dispensary, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M., Sundays and holidays excepted.

John W. Corson, M.D. / N. H. Gibbes, M.D.	2 to 3 o'clock, P.M.	Diseases of the Heart, Lungs and Throat.
Benjamin Drake, M.D. / J. B. Wyckoff, M.D.	11 to 12 " A.M.	Diseases of the Head and Bowels, Rheumatism and Fevers.
G. T. Dougherty, M.D. / W. C. Corson, M.D.	1 to 2 " P.M.	Diseases of the Eye, Ear and Nerves.
Verranus Morse, M.D. / E. B. Belden, M.D.	2 to 3 " "	Diseases of the Skin.
Eustace Trenor, M.D. / John Trenor, jr., M.D.	9 to 10 " A.M.	Diseases of the Teeth.
George Lewis, M.D. / N. P. Rice, M.D.	2 to 3 " P.M.	Diseases of Women.
E. W. Derby, M.D. / John Trenor, jr., M.D.	10 to 11 " A.M.	Surgery and Unclassified Diseases.
Frederick Nash, M.D. / Julius Frankel, M.D.	11 to 12 " "	Diseases of Children.

II.—HOUSE PHYSICIAN.

Jonas P. Loines, M.D.,

Who attends daily at the Dispensary, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. On Sundays, from 9 to 10 A.M., and 1 to 2 P.M.

III.—VISITING PHYSICIANS,

Who call at the Dispensary to take the names of patients from the rough register, daily, in the forenoon after 9, and in the afternoon after 4, during the months of April, May, June, July, August and September; and during the remainder of the year, in the forenoon, after 10½, and in the afternoon after 3. On Sundays and holidays once only, viz: 10 A.M.

*Northern District.**

JOHN O. BRONSON, M.D.

The Northern District is bounded by Fourteenth street, First avenue, Sixth street, and East river; including the south side of Fourteenth street, neither side of First avenue, and the north side of Sixth street.

Middle District.

TRUMAN NICHOLS, M.D.

The Middle District is bounded by Sixth street, First avenue and Allen street, and Broome street; including the south side of Sixth street, neither side of First avenue and Allen street, and the north side of Broome street.

Southern District.

HENRY GUERNSEY, M.D.

The Southern District is bounded by Broome street, Allen and Pike streets, and the East river; including the south side of Broome street, neither side of Allen, and both sides of Pike street.

APOTHECARY—JAMES G. MCKEE.

Office hours—During the months of April, May, June, July, August and September, from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M., and during the remainder of the year, from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. On Sundays and holidays, from 9 to 10 A.M., and from 1 to 2 P.M.

NOTE.—The Dispensary is open throughout the year during the Apothecary's office hours.

NORTHERN DISPENSARY.

Corner of Waverley place and Christopher street.

Jacob Harsen, *President.*
Philip Reynolds, *First Vice-President.*
Henry Stokes, *Second Vice-President.*
John S. Bussing, *Third Vice-President.*
Charles R. Whittemore, *Secretary.*
Alexander M. L. Scott, *Treasurer.*
Henry Van Schaick, *Counsellor.*

COMMITTEES.

ON FINANCE—Richard Warren, Joseph L. Clark, John B. Hall, James M. Brown, John S. Dickerson.

ON SUPPLIES—Alex. Knox, Mark Spencer, Henry Van Schaick.

ON APPLICATIONS—William M. Vermilye, Timothy T. Merwin, Peter R. Warner.

ON CONFERENCE—Philip Reynolds, Clinton Gilbert, Benjamin F. Wheelwright.

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* These districts, which are subdivisions of the general Dispensary district, as nearly equal in population as possible, are assigned to separate physicians, to secure more thorough and prompt medical care of those who are confined to their houses with sickness.

VISITING COMMITTEES.

APRIL—Floyd Smith, B. F. Wheelwright, J. B. Hall, Mark Spencer.

MAY—Jed. Frye, L. Suydam, William Mandeville, Henry Oothout.

JUNE—Alex. Knox, Abm. Van Nest, J. D. Oliver, David Magie.

JULY—Wm. L. Morris, James Warren, A. M. L. Scott, J. B. Hillyer.

AUGUST—P. W. Engs, J. Terbell, William N. McIntyre, Thomas S. Winslow.

SEPTEMBER—John Groshon, C. S. Benson, R. Colgate, Thomas Egleston.

OCTOBER—Timothy T. Merwin, George S. Stitt, William B. Aitkin, David Stewart.

NOVEMBER—Philip Reynolds, Richard Warren, Peter R. Warner, James M. Brown.

DECEMBER—George Barrell, Edwin J. Brown, John S. Dickerson, Jeremiah Lambert.

JANUARY, 1857—Henry Stokes, John S. Bussing, Caleb F. Lindsley, Peter H. Vandervoort.

FEBRUARY—Clinton Gilbert, Joseph L. Clark, John N. Bradley, John Hegeman.

MARCH—William M. Vermilye, Henry Van Schaick, Mancer M. Backus, Washington R. Vermilye.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS—John Nelson, M.D., James Stewart, M.D., Joseph M. Smith, M.D., F. U. Johnston, M.D.

CONSULTING SURGEONS—Valentine Mott, M.D., Gurdon Buck, M.D., Alex'r H. Stevens, M.D., Willard Parker, M.D.

VISITING PHYSICIANS—*First District*, E. B. Warner, M.D. *Second District*, J. R. Leaming, M.D.

VACCINE PHYSICIAN—Charles McMillan, M.D.

APOTHECARY—A. T. E. Hilton, M.D.

ASSISTANT APOTHECARY—George W. Donaldson.

ATTENDING PHYSICIANS.

G. P. Cammann, M.D. C. P. Tucker, M.D.	Heart and Lungs.
A. L. Loomis, M.D. W. E. Vermilye, M.D.	Fevers and Rheumatism. Head and Bowels.
F. I. Bumstead, M.D. —— O'Rourke, M.D.	Diseases of the Eye and Ear.
E. Elliott, M.D. E. Denniston, M.D.	Diseases of Skin.
R. W. Cairns, M.D. H. W. Brown, M.D.	Surgery and Unclassified Diseases.
S. Griswold, M.D. S. Smith, M.D.	Women and Nervous Diseases.
R. F. Halstead, M.D. J. Purdy, M.D.	Diseases of Children.

NORTH-WESTERN DISPENSARY.

511 Eighth avenue.

OFFICERS.

Robert Ray, *President.*
Oliver H. Lee, *First Vice-President.*
O. W. Morris, *Second Vice-President.*
Samuel Newby, *Treasurer.*
Charles H. Rusher, *Secretary.*

MANAGERS.

Robert Ray,	James T. Maxwell,
Samuel Newby,	Amos M. Lyon,
Oliver H. Lee,	A. B. Millard,
B. Henry Goff,	Daniel H. Smith,
Charles H. Busher,	Archd. Gracie King,
John Milhau,	Henry McLean,
O. W. Morris,	Thomas McIntyre,
Nelson J. Waterbury,	William B. Burger,
Patrick Tracy,	P. D. Whitmore,
Charles L. Doe,	Abm. M. Kanouse,
Gilbert N. Marshall,	Eugene Thomson,
David R. Doremus,	Nicholas L. Demarest,

Washington Cooper.

COMMITTEES:

FINANCE—John Milhau, A. M. Kanouse, Amos M. Lyon.
CONFERENCE—Oliver H. Lee, Charles H. Rusher, Henry McLean.
SUPPLY—Daniel H. Smith, Thomas McIntyre, William B. Burger.

MONTHLY VISITING COMMITTEE.

JANUARY, 1858—Oliver H. Lee, G. N. Marshall.
FEBRUARY—D. R. Doremus, Nicholas L. Demarest.
MARCH—Amos M. Lyon, James T. Maxwell.
APRIL—Patrick Tracy, John Milhau.
MAY—A. B. Millard, William B. Burger.
JUNE—Eugene Thomson, Charles L. Doe.
JULY—O. W. Morris, R. Henry Goff.
AUGUST—Nelson J. Waterbury, Henry McLean.
SEPTEMBER—Thomas McIntyre, Archibald Gracie King.
OCTOBER—P. D. Whitmore.

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, &c.

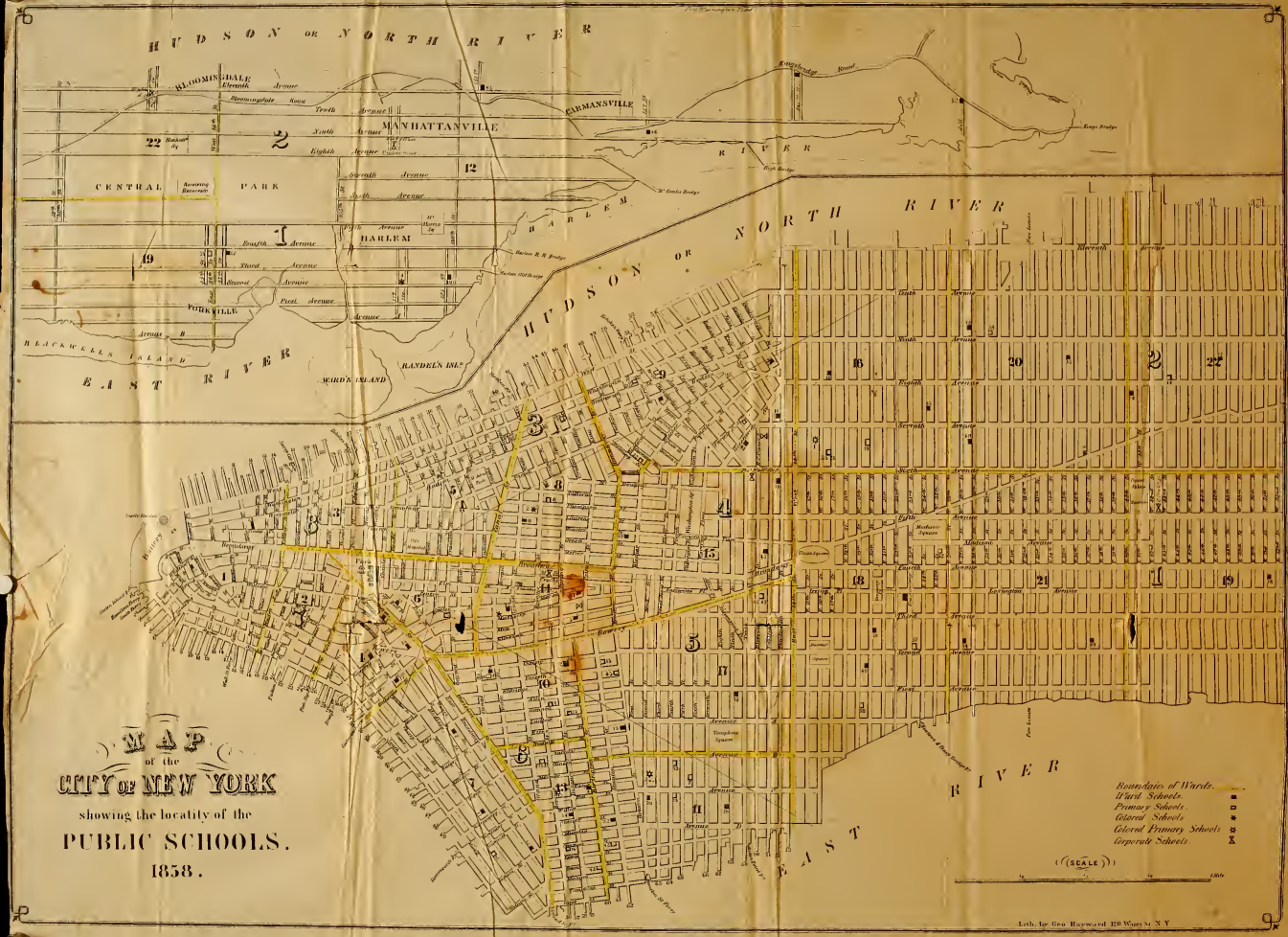
DISTRICT PHYSICIANS—*First District,* John G. Sewall, M.D. *Second and Third Districts,* Henry W. Nichols, M.D.
ASSISTANT DISTRICT PHYSICIAN—Mortimer G. Porter.
CONSULTING SURGEONS—W. H. Van Buren, M.D., John Watson, M.D.
CONSULTING PHYSICIANS—A. N. Gunn, M.D., H. D. Bulkley, M.D.
HOUSE AND VACCINE PHYSICIAN—J. Henry Watts, M.D.
APOTHECARY—J. Henry Watts, M.D.
ASSISTANT APOTHECARY—James B. Gardner.

LEADING STATISTICS OF THE FIVE DISPENSARIES OF NEW YORK. FOR THE YEAR 1856.

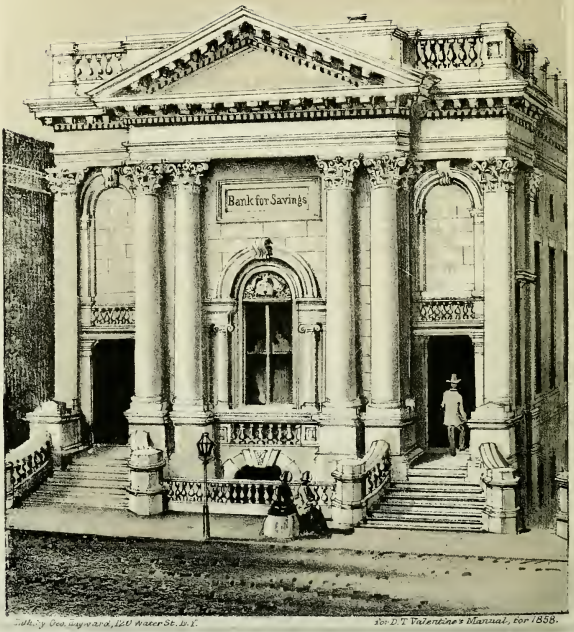
NAME OF DISPENSARY, AND DATE OF ITS INCORPORATION.	PATIENTS WHERE TREATED.		SEXES.		Grand Totals.	Whole number Vaccinated.	Deaths for the year.	NATIVITY OF THE PATIENTS.		Number of Prescriptions Dispensed.	Average cost of service to each Patient, 1856.	Average cost for the previous year.
	At the Dispensary.	At their Dwellings.	Males.	Females.				Of Native Birth.	Of Foreign Birth.			
											cents.	cents.
New York.....A. D. 1791	34,258	5,977	16,685	23,550	40,235	3,447	28 7	12,150	28,085	91,731	12 2-3	12 2-5
Northern..... " 1827	7,375	3,654	4,259	6,770	11,029	841	65	4,317	6,712	32,974	30 2-5	18 2-5
Eastern..... " 1832	17,115	3,902	9,190	11,827	21,017	5,262	177	10,509	10,508	31,629	17	12 4-5
Demilt..... " 1851	16,385	4,172	8,586	11,971	20,557	2,196	223	8,399	12,158	31,608	21 1-2	6 1-4
North-western..... " 1852	8,986	2,491	4,973	6,504	11,477	528	83	4,999	6,478	20,378	229-10	24
Total.....	84,119	20,196	43,693	60,622	104,315	12,274	835	40,374	63,911	211,320	17 1-2	17 9-10

LEADING STATISTICS OF THE FIVE DISPENSARIES OF NEW YORK. FOR THE YEAR 1856.

NAME OF DISPENSARY, AND DATE OF ITS INCORPORATION.		PATIENTS WHERE TREATED.		SEXES.		Grand Totals.	Whole number Vaccinated.	Deaths for the year.	NATIVITY OF THE PATIENTS.		Number of Prescriptions Dispensed.	Average cost of service to each Patient, 1856.	Average cost for the previous year.
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New York	A. D. 1791	34,258	5,977	16,685	23,550	40,235	3,447	28 7	12,150	28,085	91,731	12 2-3	12 2-5
Northern	" 1827	7,375	3,654	4,259	6,770	11,029	841	65	4,317	6,712	32,974	30 2-5	18 2-5
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Total		84,119	20,196	43,693	60.622	104,315	12,274	835	40.374	63,941	211,320	17 1-2	17 9-10


HUDSON OR NORTH RIVER
BLOOMINGDALE
MANHATTANVILLE
CARMANSVILLE
CENTRAL PARK
HARLEM
YORKVILLE
BLACKWELLS ISLAND
RANDELS ISLAND
WARD'S ISLAND
EAST RIVER
MAP
of the
CITY OF NEW YORK
showing the locality of the
PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
1858.
Boundaries of Wards.
Ward Schools.
Primary Schools.
Colored Schools.
Colored Primary Schools
Corporate Schools.
SCALE
Lith. by Geo Hayward 120 Wall St N Y





Wm. J. Bennett, del. & lith. 139 Fulton St. N.Y. For D.T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK

Bleecker St. N. Y. 1858.

HOMŒOPATHIC DISPENSARY.

59 Bond street.

MANAGER—Dr. Otto Fullgraff.

ATTENDING PHYSICIANS—Otto Fullgraff, M.D., B. D. Chase, M.D., F. Bond, M.D., J. L. Wade, M.D., Achille Ascoli, M.D., J. W. Mitchell, M.D., G. W. Richards, M.D., J. S. Woods, M.D., G. B. Bouton, M.D., E. F. Hoffman, M.D., C. W. Torry, B.A., and Henry B. Millard, B.A., students of medicine.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS—A. S. Ball, M.D., G. E. Belcher, M.D., M. Freligh, M.D., L. Hallock, M.D., J. C. Peters, M.D, A. D. Wilson, M.D., R. M. Bolles, M.D., Alfred Freeman, M.D., E. Guernsey, M.D., E. E. Marcy, M.D., J. M. Quinn, M.D., L. T. Warner, M.D.

GERMAN DISPENSARY.

132 New Canal street.

ORGANIZED JANUARY, 1857.

F. Karck, *President.*
E. A. Oelichs, *Vice-President.*
E. S. Ballin, *Treasurer.*
B. Roelker, *Secretary.*

The College of Physicians, who give their services gratuitously, have distributed the labors among themselves, according to specialities, and five divisions have been made:

1. For internal diseases, treated by Drs. E. Schilling and E. Schwedler.
2. For surgical diseases, by Drs. E. Krackowitzer and L. Voss.
3. For diseases of children, by Drs. M. Herzog and A. Jacobi.
4. For diseases of women, by Drs. J. Kammerer and E. Noeggerath.
5. For diseases of the skin, by Dr. J. Goldmark.

The institution is open every day, with the exception of Sundays and holidays, and the hour from 12 to 1 is set apart for children and women, and the hour from 1 to 2 P.M. for all other patients.

BANK FOR SAVINGS.

The cut on the preceding page represents the new building erected in Bleecker street, for the purposes of the old Bank for Savings, formerly situated in Chambers street.

The compiler has been induced to give a representation of this fine building, from the fact that it is a most beautiful specimen of architecture, and a structure which is peculiarly adapted for the business of the institution, and one which is unquestionably an ornament to the city. But more especially is this representation given, because the institution is the oldest of the kind in the city,

and one which has the longest been identified with its interests, and therefore more familiar to the citizens of New York.

The following is a list of the officers, as they now exist, together with a list of the principal officers from 1819 to 1858.

TRUSTEES.

Najah Taylor, *President.*
James I. Jones, *First Vice-President.*
Marshall S. Bidwell, *Second* "
Daniel Lord, *Third* "
J. De Peyster Ogden, *Secretary.*
Charles Connor, *Accountant.*
James F. De Peyster, *Treasurer.*

Benj. L. Swan, Stephen Conover, James Suydam, John C. Green, James Brown, Caleb Swan, Wm. Tucker, Adam Norrie, Benj. H. Field, Edw. S. Clark, Cornelius Smith, John J. Phelps, Chas. P. Leverich, Wyllis Blackstone, R. Lenox Kennedy, Edmund Penfold, Peter V. King, Geo. T. Trimble, John M. Dodd, Geo. F. Hussey, Chas. R. Swords, Linus W. Stevens, Nicholas Ludlum.

PRESIDENTS.

Wm. Bayard, 1819, died in office in 1826.
Wm. Few, 1826, died in office in 1828.
John Pintard, 1828 to 1841.
Philip Hone, 1841, died in office in 1851.
Najah Taylor, 1851, continues in office.

Mr. Taylor, the present President of the Bank, has been a Trustee from the organization of the Bank in 1819, and, although in his 89th year, continues to perform the duties of his office with zeal and ability.

TREASURERS.

John Murray, jr, 1819, died in office.
Duncan P. Campbell, 1819 to 1823.
John Oothout, 1823 to 1843.
Caleb O. Halsted, 1843 to 1851.
Charles J. Aldis, 1851 to 1854.
James F. De Peyster, 1854, continues in office.

SECRETARIES.

James Eastburn, 1819 to 1825.
R. C. Cornell, 1825, died in office in 1845.
J. De Peyster Ogden, 1845, continues in office.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS,

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM EXPIRES.
Andrews, Horace	April 24, 1857.	April 24, 1859.
Ahern, John	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Anderson, A. C	November 7, 1857.	November 7, 1859.
Acker, Samuel S	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Ackley, J. M.	" "	" "
Allen, Samuel F	" "	" "
Armstrong, W. H	" "	" "
Ames, John S	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Atocha, Aleca A	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Baldwin, A. De Witt	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Baldwin, George E	" "	" "
Bancroft, John	July 7, 1857.	July 7, 1859.
Billing, Benj. L	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Brown, E. H	" "	" "
Beck, Joseph	" "	" "
Betts, Wm. C	April 10, 1857.	April 10, 1859.
Boyce, Joseph P	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Brown, Joseph O	" "	" "
Broach, P. V	" "	" "
Banta, Mathias	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Barker, Stephen	" "	" "
Batchelor, Isaac B	" "	" "
Bell, Samuel P	" "	" "
Bissell, John	" "	" "
Brown, Erastus W	" "	" "
Boese, Thomas	" "	" "
Brainard, Cephas	" "	" "
Brinckerhoff, Wm. E	" "	" "
Brown, Augustus J	" "	" "
Bruorton, Wm	" "	" "
Butman, Asa	" "	" "
Bull, Jireh	" "	" "
Bagley, Sargent V	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Banks, Henry C	" "	" "
Betts, Wm., jr	" "	" "
Brady, Stephen J	" "	" "
Bloodgood, Cyrenus	" "	" "
Bishop, Richard H	" "	" "
Bryant, Martin L	" "	" "
Bell, Joseph M	" "	" "
Boardman, Samuel	" "	" "
Bell, George H	" "	" "
Bensel, James P	" "	" "
Corey, Edwin F	" "	" "
Childs, Casper C	" 29, 1856.	" 29, 1858.
Condit, John A	" "	" "

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM EXPIRES.
Cantine, Francis C.	February 13, 1856.	February 13, 1858.
Cahill, Francis.	" "	" "
Carnes, Cornelius.	" "	" "
Corey, Francis E., jr.	" 17, 1858.	" 17, 1860.
Clark, Ed. P.	" "	" "
Chambers, Richard A.	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Clarke, Danl. W.	" 17, 1858.	" 17, 1860.
Curby, Daniel.	" 18, 1857.	" 18, 1859.
Colgate, Josiah S.	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Couenhoven, James T.	" "	" "
Cushman, A. F.	" "	" "
Chambers, John H.	January 24, 1857.	January 24, 1859.
Cady, A. S.	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Chapman, W. F. T.	" "	" "
Cleveland, H. T.	" "	" "
Cosgrove, Wm.	" "	" "
Cook, Wm.	February 17, 1858	February 17, 1860.
Cushing, Thos.	" "	" "
Connolly, Robert.	" "	" "
Cudlipp, Reuben H.	" "	" "
Carr, Horatio P.	" "	" "
Cannon, S. Townsend	" "	" "
Casserly, Bernard.	" "	" "
Creighton, John.	" "	" "
Curry, Duncan F.	" "	" "
Carpenter, Wm. C.	" "	" "
Dissosway, C. R.	" "	" "
Drake, Elias G., jr.	" 6, 1857.	" 6, 1859.
Drake, John.	January 26, 1856.	January 26, 1858.
Dixey, Wm.	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Devoy, John H.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Divin, Edward.	" "	" "
Drake, Wm. B.	" "	" "
Daniels, Edward M.	" "	" "
Dougherty, Charles J.	" "	" "
Downing, Richard C.	" "	" "
Duncan, Peter H.	" "	" "
Elmendorf, Edmund, jr.	December 20, 1856.	December 20, 1858.
Easton, D. T.	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Ely, Samuel S.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Eagleson, Alex. M.	" "	" "
Farran, Thomas.	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Farrington, John R.	" "	" "
Fogerty, John B.	April 24, 1857.	April 24, 1859.
Furniss, Wm.	" 20, 1857.	" 20, 1859.
Farr, James W.	February 18, 1857.	February 18, 1859.
Fowler, David A.	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Frazer, Edward A.	" "	" "
Fellows, Richard C.	" "	" "
Fitzgerald, Jerome B.	" "	" "
Farrington, Henry.	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Fellows, Ed. B.	" "	" "
Fowler, Boltis M.	" "	" "
Fisher, Nicholas,	" "	" "

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM EXPIRES.
Foot, John	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Fowler, Charles C	" "	" "
Fowler, Charles W	" "	" "
Frazer, Charles	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Gildersleeve, Charles E	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Glover, Thaddeus B	" "	" "
Glover, Louis N	September 15, 1856.	September 15, 1858.
Graff, Wm. T	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Green, Edward	" "	" "
Gray, John F	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Guest, Francis B	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Genet, Henry W	May 18, 1857.	May 18, 1859.
Gellatly, Francis	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Gumbleton, James J	" "	" "
Gardner, Stephen E	" "	" "
Geissenheiner, Frederick	" "	" "
Hart, Felix	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1860.
Hetz, David	April 15, 1857.	April 15, 1859.
Hart, Volhert O	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Harrison, James	" "	" "
Hale, James W	" "	" "
Hegeman, John	" "	" "
Hillyer, James M	" "	" "
Hodgkinson, Worthington	" "	" "
Howard, Jacob E	" "	" "
Hargan, George	" "	" "
Hayes, John	" 6, 1856.	" 6, 1858.
Hays, James C	" "	" "
Herrich, Hugh M	" "	" "
Hobart, Dayton	February 16, 1856.	February 16, 1858.
Hoff, Jacob	" 18, 1857.	" 18, 1859.
Hoyt, John D	" 16, 1856.	" 16, 1858.
Hunt, George A	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Hays, Gilbert F	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Harger, John Oscar	" "	" "
Hatch, Wm. B	" "	" "
Hoope, John	" "	" "
Hyatt, Jas. P	" "	" "
Irving, Henry J	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Irving Leslie	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
James, Morris	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Johnson, Charles P	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Jones Marvin N	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Joy, Ed. L	April 10, 1857.	April 10, 1859.
Jessurun, S	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Jenkins, Wm. O	" "	" "
Johnson Leonard L	" "	" "
Kellogg, George D	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Kellock, George, jr	" "	" "
Kirby, Spencer	" "	" "
Knight, E. J	" "	" "
Keyser, Jeremiah	" 26, 4856.	" 26, 1858.
Kelly Richard	" "	" "
Kohler, Andrew	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM EXPIRES.
Low, James W.	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Lineback, Charles F.	" "	" "
Latimer, Wm. T.	" "	" "
Lemon, Peter	" "	" "
Lincoln, Henry S.	" "	" "
Leggett, Wm. V.	" "	" "
Lee, Fred. R.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Leconey, James	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Leverich, John W. C.	" "	" "
Lovell, Henry V.	" "	" "
Lockman, Jacob K.	" "	" "
Lay, Sylvester	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Lee, William	" "	" "
Loew, Chas. E.	" "	" "
Lester, C. Edwards	" "	" "
McGowan, Henry P.	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
McFarland, Thos.	February 18, 1857.	February 18, 1859.
Masten, Myer	March 6, 1857.	March 6, 1859.
Millspaugh, Philip	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Mumford, Wm. O.	" "	" "
Martine, Theodore	" "	" "
MacPherson, E. S.	" "	" "
Mountfort, N. B.	" "	" "
McCurdy, Richard N.	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
McLaughlin, Wm. G	" "	" "
Mackellar, Wm.	" "	" "
Mahen, Daniel	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Mosford, Henry	" "	" "
Myers, Simon	" "	" "
Minor, Cornelius	" "	" "
Marriner, Jas.	" "	" "
Matthews, Henry J.	" "	" "
McCahill, John	" "	" "
McGregor, John D.	" "	" "
McConnell, Edward C.	" "	" "
Maclay, Moses B.	" "	" "
Miller, Ira O.	" "	" "
Moncrief, Jas.	" "	" "
McKay, Wm.	" "	" "
Mills, John C.	" "	" "
Newins, E. S.	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Nichols, Washington R.	" "	" "
Newell, Charles S.	" "	" "
Nones, Jos. B.	" "	" "
Noyes, Calvin	" "	" "
Nesbitt, Jas.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Nesbit, Nathan	" "	" "
Nelson, George P.	" "	" "
Osborne, George L.	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
O'Brien, Daniel M.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Osborne, John G	" "	" "
Ostrander, Alex.	" "	" "
Pecare, Jacob	December 13, 1858.	December 13, 1856.
Parsons, W. D.	" "	" "

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM EXPIRES.
Pinckney, Charles C	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Pierce, Josiah	" "	" "
Phœnix, J. Phillips	" 14, 1856.	" 14, 1858.
Purdy, Augustus	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Phillips, John	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Post, James M	" "	" "
Prentiss, Thos	" "	" "
Pentz, Benjamin J	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Purdy, Stephen M	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Phillips, Alfred A	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Platt, Zephaniah	" "	" "
Palmer, Peter S	" "	" "
Pitkin, Lucius	" "	" "
Read, Richard	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Richmond, Thomas A	" "	" "
Riker, D. P	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Randall, David	January 24, 1857.	January 24, 1859.
Rogers, George T	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Ropes, John F	" "	" "
Riblet, Wm. H	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Ripley, Wm	" "	" "
Reilley Jas. J	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Robinson, Edward, jr	" "	" "
Reed, Robert	" "	" "
Rice, Henry H	" "	" "
Robinson, William E	" "	" "
Reynolds Gilbert H	" "	" "
Sander, Joseph	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Seeley, Frederick L	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Seagrist, Nicholas	" "	" "
Shaw, Alex. P. Sharp	" 20, 1856.	" 20, 1858.
Smith, Andrew J	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Stewart, James L	" "	" "
Sweeney, James M	" "	" "
Shafer, Ebenezer B	" "	" "
Sill, Richard	" "	" "
Slyter, James S	" "	" "
Smith, Abram G	" "	" "
Smith, Albert	" "	" "
Somerindyke, John W	" "	" "
Seaman, David	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Seixas, Isaac G	" "	" "
Selmes, Reeves E	" "	" "
Shandley, Ed. J	" "	" "
Strebeigh, Robert M	" "	" "
Stephens, Wm. H	" "	" "
Sturtevant, Oscar W	" "	" "
Stansbury, Edward A	" "	" "
Smith, Calvin	" "	" "
Small, Wilson	" "	" "
Smith, Henry	" "	" "
Sommers, Thomas S	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Sinclair, William	" "	" "
Sandford, James	" "	" "

NAMES.	WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM EPXIRES.
Slausen, Jona. S.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Smith, James	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Shay, Charles E.	" "	" "
Stuart, James L.	" "	" "
Stackpool, Richard	" "	" "
Stoutenburgh, J. A.	" "	" "
Squires Theodore M.	November 5, 1857.	November 5, 1859.
Stephens, Wm. H.	February 9, 1857.	February 9, 1859.
Smith, Wm. E., jr.	" 17, 1858.	" 17, 1860.
Stevens, Joel O.	" "	" "
Sherwood, Thomas D.	" "	" "
Steel, O. R.	" "	" "
Smythe, Frederick C.	" "	" "
Smith, Wilson	" "	" "
Taylor, Isaac L.	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Taylor, William L.	" "	" "
Taylor, Daniel B.	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Tindale, John J.	" "	" "
Tuthill, Ira H.	December 26, 1856.	December 26, 1858.
Townsend, Henry P.	February 18, 1857.	February 18, 1859.
Tweed, William M.	" 17, 1858.	" 17, 1860.
Underhill, Abraham	Decembe 13, 1856.	December 18, 1858.
Vail, Moses M.	" "	" "
Van Cott, Thomas G.	" "	" "
Van Hosen, George M.	" "	" "
Van Namee, James	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Vandervoort, C. M.	" "	" "
Voorhies, Theodore B.	" "	" "
Van Antwerp, Peter	February 17, 1858.	February 17, 1860.
Vanderheyden, Samuel D.	" "	" "
Vultee, Frederick L.	" "	" "
Verren, Thomas	" "	" "
Van Winkle, Simon	" "	" "
Webster, Samuel T.	" "	" "
Westerfield, William E.	" "	" "
Wakeman, Thaddeus B.	" "	" "
Watson, James H.	December 13, 1856.	December 13, 1858.
Westlake, Owen E.	" "	" "
Weight, George W.	" "	" "
Wyckoff, Jacob H.	" "	" "
Wheeler, George W.	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Wood, Augustus L.	" "	" "
Weaver, William	" "	" "
Webber, John	" "	" "
Walsh, Augustus H.	" "	" "
Wellslager, J.	" "	" "
Wells, W. James, jr.	" 13, 1856.	" 13, 1858.
Ward, S. L. H.	" "	" "
Wheeler, Clark B.	" 26, 1856.	" 26, 1858.
Whitmore, John H.	" "	" "
White, John H.	July 17, 1856.	July 17, 1858.
Winne, Richard	February 18, 1857.	February 18, 1859.
Watkinson, Redford J.	" 17, 1858.	" 17, 1860.
Wilson, William	" "	" "
Whitehead, Thomas G.	" "	" "

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Abbott, Carden
Anderson, John, jr.
Adams, R. A.
Adams, Thomas
Ambler, John C.
Ammerman, Jacob R.
Ball, Samuel T.
Backley, Thomas C. T.
Bogert, H. A.
Black, John
Brown, James C.
Baldwin, A. D.
Baldwin, George E.
Bates, J. Francis
Benjamin, P. A.
Barrow, E. P.
Beekel, J. C.
Browne, William H.
Bell, G. W.
Briggs, D. C.
Bissell, John
Brown, Samuel
Bissell, Edward
Butler, William Allen
Bogart, John Augustus
Betts, W. C.
Baldwin, G. E.
Brown, William H.
Brown, Samuel
Baldwin, J. M.
Bull, Jireh
Benedict, Charles L.
Beck, F. J.
Baldwin, S.
Bloomfield, William
Banks, Henry
Camerden, Henry C., jr.
Carnes, Cornelius
Clark, Edward P.
Chambers, John H.
Clarke, Daniel W.
Corey, Edwin F.
Cowdrey, William L.
Campbell, Malcolm
Clark, William Y.
Coddington, Jefferson
Colgate, Josiah S.
Clarke, Albert G.
Clark, Charles G.
Clark, Thomas M.
Dougherty, C. J.
Dodge, J., jr.
Drake, John
Dodge, William
Darling, W. M. A.
Davison, C. A.
De Lancey, Edward F.
Dill, J. H.
Dusenbury, Edwin
Disosway, Cornelius R.
Downing, J. W.
Darling, George D.
Dean, Ezra
Dykes, Francis H.
Edwards, Charles
English, William C. R.
Ely, Jonathan S.
Edward John
Emmet, William P.
Eagleson, A. M.
Farrington, Henry
Forman, William Henry
Fleming, Charles E.
Foster, J. P. Giraud
Fellows, R. C.
Farnham, William T.
F———, Edward
Fraser, Edward A.
Furniss, William
Graham, Augustus C.
Glover, Taddeus
Genet, E. J.
Gallatin, Albert
Glover, Louis N.
Giuteau, J. M.
Graham, N. B.
Grandin, William
Griswold, B. W.

Greene, P. Wilson
Herrick, Asahel R.
Hoffman, John T.
Hickson, John, jr.
Higgins, A. T.
Heath, Henry
Harrison, William B.
Haight, Nicholas
Hoffman, E.
Hopper, John
Harberger, J. S.
Harrington, Richard M.
Hoes, P. S.
Hoxie, Nathaniel P.
Hoffman, Augustus
Hedenberg, D. L.
Hinckman, G. W.
Huelot, Henry H.
Hyatt, Effingham T.
Irving, Edgar
Jenkins, James E.
Jaques, David R.
Johnson, J. C. P.
Johnson, Henry W.
King, Frederick W.
Knapp, Frederick
Lynch, George H.
Ludlum, Edwin
Leveridge, B. C.
Laurens, Joseph C.
Lane, Thaddeus H.
Latting, John J.
Lyell, John H.
Lay, Sylvester
Lawton, J. Warren
Livingston, John
Lockwood, John A.
Lowe, J. A.
Lawrence, Eugene
Lalor, John
Leete, George A.
Lawrence, Joseph C.
Merrihew, Stephen
Moody, Horace J.
Murray, Washington
McKinstrey, Charles
Milledoler, William S.
McGregor, John D.
McLean, George W.
Moore, W. H. H,
Macdonough, A. R.
McSorley, John A.
Maclay, Moses B.
Morrell, George W.
Mumford, W. O.
McPherson, E. S.
Murray, Washington
Mayo, John
Megary, Charles
Nott, Charles C.
Neilson, John
Norris, J. B.
Nichol, William C.
Neilson, N. F.
Notton, R. H.
Noyes, Carlin
Oakley, Thomas Boyd
O'Keefe, David, jr.
Overton, R. Carlton
Oakley, William H.
Purser, George H.
Porter, Edmund J.
Phillips, Jonas B.
Pentz, Benjamin J.
Pentz, John H.
Pirsson, John W.
Polack, Joseph
Platt, John W.
Plummer, Gordon
Poole, William
Pitkin, Lucius
Pentz, Adam P.
Parker, James
Paris, Irving
Phillips, Samuel A.
Porter, Edmund J.
Peltin, J. D.
Robinson, Ed., jr.
Ruggles, James F.
Riker, Elijah H.
Rodgers, A. P.
Richmond, Thomas A.

Raballo, Charles A.
Rice, H. H.
Ryberg, Charles J.
Ryckman, Lewis W.
Randall, D.
Ross, W. P.
Smith, E. Delafield
Sniffen, Allan M.
Stryker, Garret H., jr.
Seixas, Daniel
Stewart, Thomas
Sommers, J. B. Y.
Satterthwaite, John B.
Smith, William E., jr.
Sterling, William G.
Spear, Charles
Sommers, Thomas S.
Spring, G., jr.
Stevens, J. Bancroft
Sweeny, James M.
Schulter, William
Semmler, John A.
Seagrist, Nicholas
Stogdill, William H.
Sands, Andrew
Smyth, Frederick
Seaver, Zachariah
Sinclair, William J.
Stansberry, E. A.
Sutherland, J. L.
Stewart, Thomas
Swan, Otis D.
Taylor, G. Lee
Thompson, James
Townsend, John, jr.
Tracy, Charles
Turner, Pascal W.
Tallman, H. C.
Taylor, Isaac L.
Taylor, William L.
Upton, Francis H.
Van Vleck, J. T.
Van Schaick, S. D.
Van Winkle, Isaac
Varnum, Joseph B.
Van Olinda, A. B.
Vose, John G.
Van Boskerck, John
Vanderbilt, Cornelius, jr.
Weber, Jacob
Woodman, George
Westlake, O. E.
Walton, George L.
Woodward, W. A.
Wright, George W.
Wheelwright, W.
Waddington, W. D.
Wilson, James W.
White, John R.
White, John Jay
Winthrop, Charles F.
Walton, E. H.
Wiler, G. P.
Webb, C. S.
Winterton, W. B.
Walsh, Edwin
Wheeler, C. B.
Woodman, George
Whitehead, Henry M.
York, Joseph
Zits, Francis H.

LOCATION OF PUBLIC OFFICES.

City Hall, Park.

Sheriff's Jury	Office,	basement,	No. 4	City Hall.
Clerk of Board of Councilmen	"	first floor,	" 5	"
Mayor	"	"	" 6	"
Health Commissioner	"	"	" 6	"
Resident Physician	"	"	" 6	"
Inspector of Vessels	"	"	" 6	"
First Marshal	"	"	" 6	"
Superintendent of Carts	"	"	" 6	"
Commissioner of Jurors	"	"	" 7	"
Clerk of Common Council	"	"	" 8	"
Keeper of the City Hall	"	"	" 9	"
County Clerk	"	"	" 10	"
Sheriff	"	"	" 11	"
Corporation Library Room	"	"	" 12	"
Naturalization Office	"	"	" 12½	"
Governor's Room	"	2d floor,	" 14	"
Board of Aldermen	Chamber	"	" 15	"
Clerk of Superior Court	Office,	"	" 18	"
Court of Common Pleas	Part 1st,	"	" 19	"
" " "	" 2d,	"	" 20	"
Board of Councilmen	Chamber	"	" 16	"
Board of Supervisors	"	"	" 17	"
Judge's Chambers, Common Pleas	"	"	" 21	"
Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies	Office,	"	2&3	"
Collector of Assessments	"	N. W. cor. of basem't.		"
Clerk of Court of Common Pleas	No. 13.			

New Court House, Park.

Corner of Centre and Chambers strects.

Clerk of Marine Court.	Recorder.
Marine Court.	Supreme Court, Special and General Term, Chambers.
Superior Court, Part First.	Circuit Court.
Superior Court, Part Second.	Court of Oyer and Terminer.
Receiver of Taxes.	United States Court.
Tax Commissioners.	
District Attorney.	

Rotunda, Park.

Governor of Alms-house	Office,	1st floor.	
Croton Aqueduct Department	"	2d	"
Water Purveyor	"	2d	"
Chief Engineer	"	3d	"

Hall of Records, Park.

Register	Office,	1st floor,	Nos. 1 & 2.

Street Commissioner.....Office, 2d floor, " 4.
Comptroller..... " " " 5.
Collector of City Revenue..... " " " 5.
Board of Fire Commissioners..... " Firemens' Hall.
Chamberlain of City..... " Shoe & Leather Bk.
Superintendent of Buildings..... " 74 Ludlow street.
" Streets..... " rear Essex market.
" Lamps and Gas..... " Essex market.
" Pavements..... " Com.Rep. & Supplies.
" Wharves..... " No. 4 Hall of Rec'ds.
Police, Lower (Halls of Justice)..... " Centre street.
" Upper..... " rear of Essex markt.
" " ..... " Jefferson market.
For Proving Water Pipes..... " 6th av. and Amos st.
Commissioner of Streets and Lamps..... " Essex market.
Corporation Counsel..... " 51 Chambers street.
Public Administrator..... " 51 Chambers street.
Corporation Attorney..... " Tryon row.
Police Commissioners..... " cor. Broome & Elm.
House for Detention of Witnesses..... " 88 White street.
United States Marshal, office corner College place and Murray street.
Coroners' office, Chambers street, between Centre street and Broadway.
Justices' Court, First District.....35 Warren street.
" Second " .....Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards, Chambers, bet. Centre and Chatham.
" Third " .....Jefferson market.
" Fourth " .....corner of Fifth street and First avenue.
" Fifth " .....corner of Grand and Clinton streets.
" Sixth " .....Broadway, junction of 34th street.
" Seventh " .....corner of 86th street and 4th avenue.
Commissioners of Emigration.....81 Anthony street.

Corner of Murray street and College place.

United States District Attorney.
United States Commissioners.

New York Times Building.

Surrogate's office.....2d floor.

LIST OF LICENSED PAWNBROKERS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACES OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
May 4.	Solomon D. Willis & Co...	52 Roosevelt street.....	No. 1.$50 00
" 6.	Reuben B. De Bare.....	56½ Bowery.....	" 2. 50 00
" 6.	Frederick Tamlyn.....	39 Carmine street.....	" 3. 50 00
" 6.	Abraham J. Jackson.....	58 Reade street.....	" 4. 50 00
" 6.	Henry Barnard.....	21 Third avenue.....	" 5. 50 00
" 11.	Charles Cohen.....	Broome and Columbia....	" 6. 50 00
" 11.	John Lynch.....	61 Grand street.....	" 7. 50 00
" 12.	J. J. Solomon.....	11 West 18th street.....	" 8. 50 00
" 12.	Wellington J. Jackson....	47 Willett street.....	" 9. 50 00
" 12.	Boas Levy.....	619 Hudson street.....	" 10. 50 00
" 13.	Louis Levy.....	433 Grand street.....	" 11. 50 00
" 13.	Sarah Parker.....	24 North William street.	" 12. 50 00
" 13.	George Higgins.....	194 21st street.....	" 13. 50 00
" 13.	Aaron Adolphus.....	423 Pearl street.....	" 14. 50 00
" 14.	John White.....	39 Centre street.....	" 15. 50 00
" 19.	Joseph Tribils.....	80 Bayard street.....	" 16. 50 00
" 19.	Benjamin Weaver.....	408 Ninth avenue.....	" 17. 50 00
" 19.	Charles Cudlip.....	289 Spring street.....	" 18. 50 00
" 19.	Jacob A. Silver.....	136 Spring street.....	" 19. 50 00
" 21.	D. G. Ferguson.....	174 Varick street.....	" 20. 50 00
" 25.	Patrick Fullin.....	121 West Broadway.....	" 21. 50 00
" 25.	Hugh McAleenan.....	62 Mulberry street.....	" 22. 50 00
" 23.	Jonas Solomon.....	145 Grand street.....	" 23. 50 00
" 26.	Bridget Costella.....	501 Pearl street.....	" 24. 50 00
" 26.	Jacob L. Phillips.....	197 Grand street.....	" 25. 50 00
" 27.	S. D. Moss.....	74 Catharine street.....	" 26. 50 00
" 27.	Peraz Fridenberg.....	496 Hudson street.....	" 27. 50 00
" 27.	C. Fridenberg.....	299 East Broadway.....	" 28. 50 00
" 27.	John B. Simpson.....	25 Catharine street.....	" 29. 50 00
" 27.	Wm. Wilson.....	181 Bowery.....	" 30. 50 00
" 27.	Robert Simpson.....	195 Bowery.....	" 31. 50 00
" 27.	John J. Levy.....	45 Sixth avenue.....	" 32. 50 00
" 28.	David Dealy.....	250 Mulberry street.....	" 33. 50 00
" 28.	Barnard Mallon.....	50 Worth street.....	" 34. 50 00
" 28.	Daniel O. Farrell.....	462 Eighth avenue.....	" 35. 50 00
" 29.	Peter O'Brien.....	39 West Broadway.....	" 36. 50 00
June 5.	S. J. Levy.....	490 Broome street.....	" 37. 50 00
" 9.	Robert Malone.....	498 Pearl street.....	" 38. 50 00
" 12.	Robert Malone.....	80 West Broadway.....	" 39. 50 00
July 3.	Hugh Daniel Smyth.....	238 East 18th street.....	" 40. 50 00
" 9.	Hugh Ferrigan.....	132 24th street.....	" 41. 50 00
" 16.	Patrick Doyle.....	188 Hester street.....	" 42. 50 00
" 18.	Patrick Gawley.....	67 Division street.....	" 43. 50 00
Aug. 18.	James Brittain.....	254 Ninth avenue.....	" 44. 50 00
" 29.	E. A. Crawford.....	469 Grand street.....	" 45. 50 00
Sept. 8.	Dennis Mehan.....	18 Grand street.....	" 46. 50 00
Dec. 7.	Wm. C. Higgins.....	389 Third avenue.....	" 47. 50 00
1858.			
Jan. 5.	Jacob Pecare.....	422 Broome street.....	" 48. 50 00
" 16.	Abraham Goodman.....	31 Centre street.....	" 49. 50 00
	Total amount.....		$2,450 00

LICENSED DEALERS IN SECOND-HAND ARTICLES,

In the City of New York, from May 1, 1857, to Feb. 1, 1858.

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACES OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
May 4.	Peter V. Klindt	78 Henry street Removed to 15 Essex, Jan. 5, 1858.	No. 1. $25 00
" 11.	Marc Wasch	125 Delancey street	" 2. 25 00
" 12.	Peter Granget	121 Delancey street	" 3. 25 00
" 19.	Benjamin Weaver	408 9th avenue	" 4. 25 00
" 19.	Peter V. Broach	308 Hudson street	" 5. 25 00
" 19.	John Schirmer	677 8th avenue	" 6. 25 00
" 29.	Francis Sezymanski	531 Pearl street	" 7. 25 00
June 1.	John Murphy	507 Pearl street	" 8. 25 00
" 6.	James McSally	80 West Broadway	" 9. 25 00
" 8.	Michael Walter	2 Crosby street	" 10. 25 00
" 12.	Charles Burtels	345 Houston street	" 11. 25 00
" 15.	Henry Chase	232 7th avenue	" 12. 25 00
" 15.	Joseph Smalls	214 Centre street	" 13. 25 00
" 15.	Francis Appel	126 Greenwich avenue	" 14. 25 00
" 16.	Moss Davis	291 9th avenue	" 15. 25 00
" 16.	Christopher Downing	488 6th avenue	" 16. 25 00
" 22.	D. Webster	4 Baxter street	" 17. 25 00
" 23.	David Williams	16 Baxter street	" 18. 25 00
" 23.	Michael Schwartz	98 Baxter street	" 19. 25 00
" 23.	Aaron Leroy	10 Baxter street	" 20. 25 00
" 23.	Abraham Jacobs	16 Baxter street	" 21. 25 00
" 23.	Solomon Colman	60 Baxter street	" 22. 25 00
" 23.	George Jackson	52 Baxter street	" 23. 25 00
" 23.	Isadore Abrams	18 Baxter street	" 24. 25 00
" 24.	M. De Wolf	116 Baxter street	" 25. 25 00
" 24.	Mark Slesser	12 Baxter street	" 26. 25 00
" 24.	M. Jacobs	6 Baxter street	" 27. 25 00
" 24.	Morris Abrahams	80 Baxter street	" 28. 25 00
" 24.	Marks Beekman	38 Baxter street	" 29. 25 00
" 24.	Abraham Meyer	40 Baxter street	" 30. 25 00
" 24.	Theodore Walter	98½ Baxter street	" 31. 25 00
" 24.	Julius Moses	5 Baxter street	" 32. 25 00
" 24.	Conrad Harn	88½ Baxter street	" 33. 25 00
" 24.	Samuel Plater	56 Baxter street	" 34. 25 00
" 24.	Rosanna Weinbergh	100 Baxter street	" 35. 25 00
" 24.	Isadore Aaron	20 Baxter street	" 36. 25 00
" 24.	Isadore Abraham	14 Baxter street	" 37. 25 00
" 25.	Iman Israel	7 Baxter street	" 38. 25 00
" 25.	Medad Meyers	8 Baxter street	" 39. 25 00
" 25.	Joseph Cullen	542 8th avenue	" 40. 25 00
" 27.	Samuel Stone	22 Baxter street	" 41. 25 00
" 27.	Jacob Rosenthal	66 Baxter street	" 42. 25 00
" 29.	John G. Damen	270 Spring street	" 43. 25 00
" 29.	Harris Brock	62 Baxter street	" 44. 25 00
" 30.	John Dunn	203 Spring street	" 45. 25 00
July 7.	Edward M. Morris	3 James street	" 46. 25 00
" 9.	E. M. Ezekiels	134 7th avenue	" 47. 25 00
" 16.	Emanuel Cohen	117 Chatham street	" 48. 25 00
Aug. 4.	M. D. Oysterman	171 Division street	" 49. 25 00
" 24.	Elizabeth Gilligan	271 10th avenue	" 50. 25 00

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACES OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
Aug. 27.	Thomas Lively	303 7th avenue	No.51. $25 00
" 31.	Catharine Gallagher	485 3d avenue	" 52. 25 00
" 31.	Richard Hennessy	363 3d avenue	" 53. 25 00
Oct. 1.	Solomon McLaughlin	129 3d avenue	" 54. 25 00
" 13.	Felix Boylan	474 3d avenue	" 55. 25 00
Dec. 15.	Aaron Vandervelder	204 Hester street	" 56. 25 00
" 15.	S. Seaman	311 9th avenue	" 57. 25 00
" 21.	James Morgan	171 Prince street	" 58. 25 00
" 22.	David David	275 9th avenue	" 59. 25 00
" 22.	Thomas Gallagher	493 9th avenue	" 60. 25 00
" 23.	Dedrick Seedorf	129 Sullivan street	" 61. 25 00
" 26.	Robert M. Imlay	285 9th avenue	" 62. 25 00
" 31.	Isaac Schoolmaster	5 Marion street	" 63. 25 00
" 31.	James McDivitt	44 East Broadway	" 64. 25 00
" 31.	Mrs. J. M. Fleming	45 Norfolk street	" 65. 25 00
1858.			
Jan. 5.	Dudley M. Mills	278 Delancey street	" 66. 25 00
" 6.	Francis Huffman	239 Spring street	" 67. 25 00
" 11.	Benjamin Isaacs	246 9th avenue	" 68. 25 00
" 12.	James Flaherty	406 8th avenue	" 69. 25 00
" 14.	Joseph Frank	72 Baxter street	" 70. 25 00
" 15.	John Murphy	40 Madison street	" 71. 25 00
" 15.	Raphael Davis	315 9th avenue	" 72. 25 00
" 22.	Lawrence Graham	161 Avenue A	" 73. 25 00
" 25.	Louisa Thompson	552 Hudson street	" 74. 25 00
" 27.	James Creenan	240 Second avenue	" 75. 25 00
Feby. 5.	Henry Bawker	467 9th avenue	" 76. 25 00
" 5.	William Vandenburgh	313 Spring street	" 77. 25 00
	Total amount		$1,925 00

LIST OF PERSONS TO KEEP INTELLIGENCE OFFICES

In the City of New York, from May 1, 1857, to February 1, 1858.

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
April 30.	Levin Tilman	27 Sixth street	1. renw'l. $12 50
May 1.	Louis Kaufman	766 Broadway	2. " 12 50
" 2.	Edward Carroll	72 Sixth avenue	3. " 12 50
" 4.	Louis Miller	139 Bowery	4. " 12 50
" 5.	Thomas Cook	248 Bowery	5. " 12 50
" 5.	Henry Pope	217 Bowery	6. new. 25 00
" 5.	Isaiah Watts	240 Grand street	7. renw'l. 12 50
" 6.	John P. Ingebrand	29 Greenwich street	8. " 12 50
" 9.	Peter Cooper and Rev. B. of the American and For tion and Employment So	Van Kime, in behalf eign Emigrant Protec ciety	9. " 12 50
" 9.	John S. Scudder	7 West 11th street	10. " 12 50
" 12.	Henry Mayer	120 Greenwich street	11. " 11 50
" 20.	Wm. Manning	271 Bowery	12. " 12 50
" 23.	Arthur Wesley	360 Sixth avenue	13. " 12 50

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
May 26.	John Young, for the Society for Encouragement of Servants	6 Sixth avenue	14. renw'l. 12 50
June 9.	Edward Gilleu	6 East Broadway	15. " 12 50
" 9.	Joseph W. Rister	1 Greenwich street	16. " 12 50
" 9.	Wygand Griggs	301 Bowery	17. new. 25 00
" 9.	Anthony M. See	179 Bowery	18. " 25 00
" 19.	Wm. Walker	65 Third avenue	19. renw'l. 12 50
" 20.	Frederick Gumbert	302 Eighth avenue	20. " 12 50
" 20.	John Cailen	18 Third avenue	21. new. 25 00
" 23.	Isaac Ahrens	135 Cedar street	22. " 25 00
" 24.	James Floyd	Sixth avenue & 11th st.	23. " 25 00
" 24.	N. S. Levy	75 Fourth street	24. " 25 00
" 25.	Alex. F. Runge	275 Bowery	25. renw'l. 12 50
" 27.	Morris Connert	126 Greenwich street	26. " 12 50
July 2.	Clark Mason	395 Bowery	27. " 12 50
" 2.	Clark Mason	14 Sixth avenue	28. " 12 50
" 18.	Wm. H. Brooks	13 Eighth avenue	29. new. 25 00
Aug. 8.	George Holbrook	267 Houston street	30. " 25 00
" 10.	Wm. J. Redpath	347 Broadway	31. " 25 00
" 20.	Charles H. Smith	217 Bowery	32. " 25 00
Sept. 7.	Caleb Bedell	363 Broadway	33. renw'l. 12 50
" 30.	John Millward, 17, 1857, removed to 166	493 Broadway, Oct. Broadway	34. new. 25 00
1858.			
Feb. 2.	Marion Yorkton	28 Fourth avenue	35. " 25 00
	Total amount		$600 00

LICENSED KEEPERS OF JUNK SHOPS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

From May 1, 1857, to February 1, 1858.

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
May 6.	Dennis Callahan	79 West 18th street	No. 1. $25 00
" 8.	Daniel Daly	366 Water street	" 2. 25 00
" 11.	Patrick McNamee	40 Ridge street	" 3. 25 00
" 11.	Luke Carrigan	291 Front street	" 4. 25 00
" 12.	George Sachs	9th avenue and 52d street	" 5. 25 00
" 13.	Barnard McCabe	68 Seventh avenue	" 6. 25 00
" 13.	Barney Currin	Avenue A and 22d street	" 7. 25 00
" 13.	Michael McAlearney	31 Pitt street	" 8. 25 00
" 14.	Dennis Callahan	488 Seventh avenue	" 9. 25 00
" 14.	Francis McSaby	98 West 19th street	" 10. 25 00
" 14.	Edward McCabe	104 Seventh avenue	" 11. 25 00
" 15.	John Fitzpatrick	205 South street	" 12. 25 00
" 15.	John Crowley	227 South street	" 13. 25 00
" 15.	John O'Brien	226 South street	" 14. 25 00
" 15.	Ellen Lane	52 Jefferson street	" 15. 25 00
" 15.	James McBride	192½ Division street	" 16. 25 00
" 15.	Michael Carroll	145 Worth street	" 17. 25 00

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
May 16.	Daniel Malachy	450 Water street	No. 18. $25 00
" 16.	David Crowley	271 South street	" 19. 25 00
" 16.	Michael Dorovan	92 Montgomery street	" 20. 25 00
" 16.	Patrick Shea	159 Worth street	" 21. 25 00
" 16.	Thomas Jones	164 Worth street	" 22. 25 00
" 16.	Samuel Cranshaw	288 39th street	" 23. 25 00
" 16.	Edward Moss	56 Jackson street	" 24. 25 00
" 18.	Michael McEutee	278 35th street	" 25. 25 00
" 19.	John Donovan	369 South street	" 26. 25 00
" 19.	Mary Murphy	258 South street	" 27. 25 00
" 19.	Murty Mahoney	109 Broad street	" 28. 25 00
" 19.	Daniel Bradley	95 Baxter street	" 29. 25 00
" 19.	Oliver Robertson	97 Market street	" 30. 25 00
" 19.	John Carroll	40 Grand street	" 31. 25 00
" 19.	Mary Brady	377 Seventh avenue	" 32. 25 00
" 20.	Hugh Lackey	18 James slip	" 33. 25 00
" 21.	John Kelly	45 Madison street	" 34. 25 00
" 21.	John Fitzgerald	21 Willett street	" 35. 25 00
" 21.	Barnard Hearon	34 Park street	" 36. 25 00
" 21.	Edward Fallon	197 Hester street	" 37. 25 00
" 22.	Patrick McCarthy	289 Front street	" 38. 25 00
" 22.	Robert Nugent	87 West 17th street	" 39. 25 00
" 22.	Patrick Roach	1 Goerck street	" 40. 25 00
" 22.	Patrick Doyle	382 Tenth avenue	" 41. 25 00
" 22.	Patrick Boylan	71 Broome street	" 42. 25 00
" 22.	Charles Moag	157 Ludlow street	" 43. 25 00
" 22.	Dennis Donohoe	371 South street	" 44. 25 00
" 22.	Jacob Murr	508 Water street	" 45. 25 00
" 22.	John Donohoe	293 Front street	" 46. 25 00
" 22.	Thomas Moss	71 Park street	" 47. 25 00
" 23.	John Smith	79 Norfolk street	" 48. 25 00
" 23.	Wm. Gilmartin	25 Baxter street	" 49. 25 00
" 23.	Dennis McCarthy	287 Front street	" 50. 25 00
" 25.	Michael Skalley	101 Watt street	" 51. 25 00
" 25.	Patrick Quinlan	189 Church street	" 52. 25 00
" 25.	John Kannelley	38 West Broadway	" 53. 25 00
" 25.	Patrick Clifford	264 West 45th street	" 54. 25 00
" 25.	Hugh Quinn	579 Greenwich street	" 55. 25 00
" 25.	Henry Plaff	52d and 53d street	" 56. 25 00
" 25.	John Desmost	235 West 17th street	" 57. 25 00
" 25.	James D. Dawe	305 West 29th street	" 58. 25 00
" 25.	John Dawnes	90 Laight street	" 59. 25 00
" 27.	Patrick Cragin	218 Stanton street	" 60. 25 00
" 27.	Patrick Kavanah	111 Delancey street	" 61. 25 00
" 27.	James Mehan	44 West Broadway	" 62. 25 00
" 28.	Michael McCann	20 Burling slip	" 63. 25 00
" 28.	Patrick Kavanagh	136 Baxter street	" 64. 25 00
" 28.	John Gallivan	101 Gold street	" 65. 25 00
" 28.	John McGinty	82 Hammersly street	" 66. 25 00
" 29.	James Duffy	269½ Seventh avenue	" 67. 26 00
" 29.	Thomas Lamb	89 Pike street	" 68. 25 00
" 29	James McArdle	87 West 17th street	" 69. 25 00
" 29.	Barney Harkins	120 West 18th street	" 70. 25 00
" 29.	Benj Fox	419 Ninth avenue	" 71. 25 00

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
May 29.	John Velly	332 West 25th street	No. 72. $25 00
" 29.	Mary McManamara	68 Baxter street	" 73. 25 00
" 29.	Patrick McGloin	54 Mulberry street	" 74. 25 00
" 29.	Patrick Gilman	484 Greenwich street	" 75. 25 00
" 30.	David Scannell	220 West street	" 76. 25 00
" 30.	John Ambrose	109 Delancey street	" 77. 25 00
" 30.	Francis Ruddy	482 Ninth avenue	" 78. 25 00
" 30.	Thomas McLoughlin	148 Baxter street	" 79. 25 00
" 30.	Thomas Lord	220 East 20th street	" 80. 25 00
June 1.	Michael Maddigan	585 Washington street	" 81. 25 09
" 1.	James Reagan	125 Roosevelt street	" 82. 25 00
" 1.	Patrick McManus	46 Worth street	" 83. 25 00
" 1.	David Draddy	13 James slip	" 84. 25 00
" 2.	Patrick Gillmore	726 Washington street	" 85. 25 00
" 2.	Philip Duffy	107 Delancey street	" 86. 25 00
" 2.	Philip Geise	90 Sheriff street	" 87. 25 00
" 2.	Wm. McConnollogue	62 Spring street	" 88. 25 00
" 2.	Hugh McMahon	338 West 16th street	" 89. 25 00
" 2.	Peter Moran	269 Mulberry street	" 90. 25 06
" 3.	Bernard Cain	428½ Cherry street	" 91. 25 00
" 3.	Terrence Teorrigan	226 Fortieth street	" 92. 25 00
" 3.	Alex. McMullen	31 Goerck street	" 93. 25 00
" 3.	John McGinnis	45th street and First av.	" 94. 25 60
" 3.	John McGinn	22 Sullivan street	" 95. 25 00
" 3.	Michael Kerr	326 West 49th street	" 96. 25 00
" 4.	Andrew O. Sheeney	324 West street	" 97. 25 00
" 4.	Barney McAlaney	359 26th street	" 98. 25 00
" 4.	Michael McCabe	30 East 14th street	" 99. 25 00
" 4.	James Keenan	104½ East 22d street	" 100. 25 00
" 5.	Michael Tuomey	31 Rector street	" 101. 25 00
" 5.	Andrew Baldwin	59 Greenwich street	" 102. 25 00
" 5.	Thomas McAndre	289 13th street	" 103. 25 00
" 5.	Mathew Tracy	143 Cedar street	" 104. 25 00
" 5.	James McBranthy	46 Jay street	" 105. 25 00
" 6.	James Collins	62 Market street	" 106. 25 00
" 6.	David Donovan	23 Albany street	" 107. 25 00
" 6.	James Fullerton	340 Third street	" 108. 25 00
" 6.	Edward Hughes	139 Lewis street	" 109. 25 00
" 6.	James Walsh	59 West street	" 110. 25 00
" 6.	Daniel O'Brien	10 Carlisle street	" 111. 25 00
" 6.	Henry Morgan	266 West 39th street	" 112. 25 00
" 8.	Hugh Grimes	246 Stanton street	" 113. 25 00
" 8.	John McSweeney	121 Roosevelt street	" 114. 25 00
" 8.	Michael Shanghessy	637 Washington street	" 115. 25 00
" 8.	Wm. Rodgers	278 West 47th street	" 116. 25 00
" 8.	Robert Delworth	380 Hudson street	" 117. 25 00
" 8.	Bernard Brady	18 Albany street	" 118. 25 00
" 8.	John Harrison	40 Dover street	" 119. 25 00
" 9.	Owen Geray	56 Centre street	" 120. 25 00
" 9.	Abraham Trizall	Broadway, bet. 51st & 52d.	" 121. 25 00
" 9.	Daniel Drew	225 West 17th street	" 122. 25 00
" 9.	Thomas Riley	148 28th street	" 123. 25 00
" 9.	John Maguire	98 Tenth avenue	" 124. 25 00
" 10.	John Sweeney	76 Baxter street	" 125. 25 00

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
June 12.	Martin Cavanagh	52 Park street	No.126.$25 00
" 13.	Philip McQuade	65 Baxter street	" 127. 25 00
" 13.	Francis McMahon	261 East 13th street	" 128. 25 00
" 15.	John Klein	243 Second street	" 129. 23 00
" 15.	Philip Caraher	269 Stanton street	" 130. 25 00
" 15.	Edward Garrigan	68 Hamersley street	" 131. 25 00
" 15.	Jeremiah Daley	83 Market street	" 132. 25 00
" 15.	Patrick Mooney	100 49th street	" 133. 25 00
" 15.	Brian McMahon	370 Greenwich street	" 134. 25 00
" 15.	Ursule Blyfues	228 Second street	" 135. 25 00
" 15.	Harned Adler	341 Seventh avenue	" 136. 25 00
" 15.	James Dynnott	618 Greenwich street	" 137. 25 00
" 16.	Lawrence Brady	110 Avenue C	" 138. 22 00
" 16.	Rhody McLaughlin, ed to 74 Baxter street,	170 Baxter street, remov- June 23	" 139. 25 00
" 22.	John Welsh, ed to 24 Roosevelt street,	102 Cherry street, remov- January 18, 1858	" 140. 25 00
" 22.	Michael Kelly	591 Greenwich street	" 141. 25 00
" 22.	Joseph Conway & Co	243 Stanton street	" 142. 25 00
" 22.	Bartley Sharra	33 Gansevoort street	" 143. 25 00
" 23.	Pierre Rolet	141 West 20th street	" 144. 25 00
" 23.	John Sullivan	56 Centre street	" 145. 25 00
" 24.	James McLaughlin	33 Laurens street	" 146. 25 00
" 24.	Terrence Boyland	139 West 29th street	" 147. 25 00
" 24.	Wm. Brown	201 Varick street	" 148. 25 00
" 25.	Thomas Brown	114 Baxter street	" 149. 25 00
" 25.	Timothy Bresnahan	42 West street	" 150. 25 00
" 25.	Patrick Mehan	330 East 13th street	" 151. 25 00
" 26.	Eugene Egan	354 Greenwich street	" 152. 25 00
" 27.	Henry Callahan	122 41st street	" 153. 25 00
" 27.	Cornelius Hanagan	285 Sixteenth street	" 154. 25 00
" 29.	John Atherton, ed to 114 West 30th st.,	166 Maiden lane, remov- August 7	" 155. 25 50
" 29.	Timothy Curtin	113 West 27th street	" 156. 25 00
" 29.	John Wolff	52d st. and 8th and 9th avs.	" 157. 25 00
" 29.	Thomas O'Connor	51 Pearl street	" 158. 25 00
" 29.	Crosby, Burrows & Co	290 Front street	" 159. 25 00
" 30.	Cornelius Collius	223 South street	" 160. 25 00
" 30.	Miles Collins	44th street and 8th av	" 161. 25 00
" 30.	Philip Kerns	91 First street	" 162. 25 00
" 30.	Owen Cammisky	8 Jackson street	" 163. 25 00
July 1.	Henry Bons	254 Front street	" 164. 25 00
" 1.	John Dimay	14 Baxter street	" 165. 25 00
" 1.	Thomas Lyons	133 Baxter street	" 166. 25 00
" 10.	Wm. Regan, moved to 103 Bayard	16 Franklin street, re- street, Sept. 29, 1857	" 167. 25 00
" 14.	Richard Tobin	90 West street	" 168. 25 00
" 15.	Matthew Mahoney	18 Marion street	" 169. 25 00
" 17.	Morris Roach	464 Greenwich street	" 170. 25 00
" 21.	Patrick Reily	90 Henry street	" 171. 25 00
" 22.	Thomas Hand	107 Willet street	" 172. 25 00
Aug. 6.	Daniel McDermot	398 Seventh avenue	" 173. 25 00
" 10.	Michael Goggin	56 West Broadway	" 174. 25 00
" 12.	James Bannen	58 West Broadway	" 175. 25 00

DATE OF LICENSE.	NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	REMARKS.
1857.			
Aug. 14.	Cornelius Casey	644 Greenwich street	No.176.$25 00
" 14.	Elis McManus	69 Orchard street	" 177 25 00
" 21.	Wm. Brosman	16 Dover street	" 178. 25 00
" 21.	Walter Willis	379 Cherry street	" 179. 25 00
" 22.	Geo. Stevenson	31 Leonard street	" 180. 25 00
" 26.	Patrick McDermott	600 Grand street	" 181. 25 00
" 28.	Peter Byrne	9 Suffolk street	" 182. 25 00
Sept. 1.	Wm. Turner	42 East Broadway	" 183. 25 00
" 1.	Daniel Egan	450 Greenwich street	" 184. 25 00
" 3.	Christopher Connolly	574 Second avenue	" 185. 25 00
" 7.	Francis O'Keefe	88 West street	" 186. 25 00
" 8.	Michael Carroll	155 East 32d street	" 187. 25 00
" 9.	Wm. Jones	109 East 37th street	" 188. 25 00
" 10.	James Clark	17 East street	" 189. 25 00
" 10.	Peter McKnight	242 Stanton street	" 190. 25 00
" 11.	Patrick White	55 Pike street	" 191. 25 00
" 16.	Terance Donnally	835 Greenwich street	" 192. 25 00
" 16.	Michael O'Connor	158 South street	" 193. 25 00
" 18.	James Dilworth	14 Goerck street	" 194. 25 00
" 19.	Patrick Kearne	155 West 27th street	" 195. 25 00
" 19.	Thomas Monahan	317 Avenue A	" 196. 25 00
Oct. 6.	Thomas McCrorcy	24 Morris street	" 197. 25 00
" 12.	Charles Drade	144 Christopher street	" 198. 25 00
" 28.	Patrick Donavan	16 Moore street	" 199. 25 00
Nov. 9.	John Brasnehan	13 Carlisle street	" 200. 25 00
" 16.	Richard Terventer	34 Moore street	" 201. 25 00
" 28.	Daniel Sweeney	299 Front street	" 202. 25 00
Dec. 26.	Morris Quinlan	291 Front street	" 203. 25 00
" 30.	John McCoy	70 Hester street	" 204. 25 00
1858.			
Jan. 2.	Daniel Holland	East 22d st., near Av. A.	" 205. 25 00
" 9.	William Laughlan	141 East 24th street	" 206. 25 00
" 25.	Michael McMahon	203 Avenue A	" 207. 25 00
" 25.	Patrick McMahon	225 Twelfth street	" 208. 25 00
" 26.	John Manix	163 Reade street	" 209. 25 00
" 26.	Hugh McGinnity	311 West 33d street	" 210. 25 00
" 26.	Francis Holsmorth	121 Willet street	" 211. 25 00
" 27.	Vincent Laruget	206 Third street	" 212. 25 00
" 30.	Ellen Hallisey	656 Water street	" 213. 25 00
Feb. 1.	James E. Sweet	228 West street	" 214. 25 00
" 2.	Morange & Dannstadt	176 William street	" 215. 25 00
	Total amount		$5,350 00

LINES OF OMNIBUSES,

FOR WHICH LICENSES HAVE BEEN ISSUED FROM JULY, 1857, TO FEBRUARY, 1858.

New York Consolidated Stage Company.

This company was formed under an act of the Legislature, passed April 4, 1854, entitled "An act to regulate stage routes in the city of New York, and to provide for the formation of companies to operate the same.—(*Laws of New York, Seventy-seventh Session, Chapter* 142, *page* 325.)

It is composed of the following lines, viz:

ROUTE—From Forty-second street, down Broadway to Whitehall street, to South ferry—28 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From Thirty-second street and Fourth avenue, down Fourth avenue, Broadway, and Whitehall street to South ferry—39 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From Avenue B and Fourteenth street, ; through Avenue B to Tenth street ; through Tenth street to Avenue A, to Eighth street, to Broadway, to Whitehall street, to South ferry ; with permission to extend their line through Tenth street to the Green Point ferry, East river—27 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From Forty-second street, down Seventh and Greenwich avenues, to Amity street ; through Amity street to Broadway ; to and through Broadway to Fulton street, to Fulton ferry—32 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From the Wall street ferry, up Wall street to Broadway ; up Broadway to Forty-second street ; through Forty-second street to the Crystal Palace—20 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—Commencing at Second avenue and Thirty-fourth street ; down Second avenue to Fourteenth street, to Broadway ; down Broadway to Barclay street, to the ferry—2 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From the Hudson River Railroad depot, through Thirty-first street, or one of the neighboring streets, to and through Ninth avenue to Fourteenth street, to Broadway ; down Broadway to Whitehall street and South ferry—30 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From the Crystal Palace, through Fortieth street to Madison avenue ; through Madison avenue to Thirtieth street ; through Thirtieth street to Fourth avenue ; through Fourth avenue to Broadway ; down Broadway to Wall street ; through Wall street to Wall street ferry—2 two-horse stages.

(Comprising eight distinct stage routes, for which one hundred and eighty licenses have been issued.)

T. Townsend & Co.

ROUTE—From Forty-sixth street, down Sixth avenue to and through Ninth street to Broadway ; down Broadway and Whitehall street to the South ferry—20 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From Forty-sixth street, through Sixth avenue and Eighth street to

Broadway; down Broadway and Whitehall street to the South ferry—20 two-horse stages.—(Not renewed their license.)

Mackrell & Simpson.

ROUTE—From Tenth street and Avenue C; through Tenth street to Avenue D; through Avenue D to Lewis and Grand streets, to East Broadway; down East Broadway to Chatham street, to Broadway, to Whitehall street, to South ferry—27 two-horse stages.

Andrews & McDonald.

ROUTE—From the corner of Forty-second street and Fifth avenue; through Fifth avenue to Thirteenth street, to University place, to Eleventh street, to Broadway, to Fulton street, to the Fulton ferry—36 two-horse stages.

Charles Curtis & Co.

ROUTE—From the Williamsburgh ferry, through Grand street to Broadway; through Broadway to Canal street; through Canal street to Greenwich street; through Greenwich street to Cortlandt street; through Cortlandt street to the ferry—34 two-horse stages.

Charles Curtis & Co.—Transfer Line.

ROUTE—From the Williamsburgh ferry, at the foot of Grand street, East river, through Grand street to the eastern side of Broadway—6 two-horse stages.

Knickerbocker Stage Co.

ROUTE—From Twenty-third street, down Eighth avenue, to and through Bleecker street to Broadway; down Broadway and Whitehall street to South ferry—36 two-horse stages.

ROUTE—From the corner of Twenty-eighth street and Eighth avenue to Fourth street; through Fourth street to Sixth avenue; through Sixth avenue to Carmine and Bedford streets, to Houston street, to Broadway; down Broadway to Maiden lane and South street, to the west side of South street, near Burling slip and Fulton street—20 two-horse stages.

Dry Dock Line—D. L. Young.

ROUTE—From the north-east corner of Avenue C and Tenth street; through Tenth street to Avenue D; through Avenue D to and through Columbia and Grand streets, to the Bowery; down the Bowery, Chatham street, Park row, Broadway and Whitehall street, to the South ferry—25 two-horse stages.

Charles Lent.

ROUTE—Commencing at Thirty-first street and Tenth avenue; down Tenth avenue to Fourteenth street; through Fourteenth street to Ninth avenue and Greenwich street, to Spring street, to Broadway, to Broome street, to the Bowery and Chatham street, to the Catharine street ferry—15 two-horse stages.

Sudlow & Siney.

ROUTE—From the north-east end of Avenue C; through Avenue C to Houston street, to Bowery; down Bowery, Chatham street and Broadway, to Whitehall street and South ferry—22 two-horse stages.

Murphy & Smith.

ROUTE—From the Crystal Palace, up Fortieth street to Madison avenue, to Twenty-third street; to Broadway; down Broadway to John street, to Nassau, down Nassau street to Wall street, to the ferry—35 two-horse stages.

Heird & Blackwell.

ROUTE—From Counties slip, up South street, to Gouverneur street; up Gouverneur and Madison streets to Goerck street; up Goerck street to Third street; down Third street to Avenue D, and up Avenue D, to the Green Point ferry, foot of Tenth street, E. R.—8 two-horse stages.

Joseph Churchill.

ROUTE—From Thirty-second street, up Broadway to Manhattanville—5 two-horse stages.

*Oscar T. Marshall.**

ROUTE—From the corner of East Twenty-third street and Avenue A; through Avenue A to Essex street; through Essex to Division; through Division to Chatham street; through Chatham street to Broadway; through Broadway to Fulton street; through Fulton to Washington; through Washington street to Cortlandt, down to the Cortlandt street ferry—16 two-horse stages.

*J. T. Mills.**

ROUTE—From the foot of Thirteenth street, North river; through Thirteenth street to Avenue B; through Avenue B to Clinton street; through Clinton to South street; through South street to Counties slip, to the South ferry—10 two-horse stages.

*O'Keefe & Duryea.**

ROUTE—From Houston street ferry, through Second street to Bleecker street; through Bleecker street, to Broadway; through Broadway to Cortlandt steeet, to Jersey City ferry, returning the same route—21 two-horse stages.

Total number of Stages licensed for the year 1858.

424 stages licensed, at $20	$8,480 00
5 stages licensed, at $5—being an out-town line	25 00
	$8,505 00

* Have not taken out license for 1858.

HACK LICENSES IN 1857.

No. of Hack licenses		338
" Special Hack licenses		225
Total		563
At $5 each	$2,815	
60 Drivers, at $1 each	60	
Total	$2,875	

RATES TO BE CHARGED BY CARTMEN.

Extract from Ordinance of Common Council, approved December 19, 1853.

Oils, molasses, liquors, and all wet casks containing less than 25 gallons, for every load	$0 38
Of 25 and under 50 gallons, for every four	0 40
Of 50 and under 100 gallons, for every two	0 45
Of 100 gallons and upward, for 100 gallons	0 50
Sugars, tobacco, copperas, and all dry casks of under 1,000 pounds weight, for every load	0 38
Of 1,000 pounds, and under 1,500 pounds, each	0 45
Of 1,500 pounds, and under 2,000 pounds, each	0 50
Of 2,000 pounds, andu pward, for every 100 pounds	0 05
And other ponderous articles of 1,000 pounds weight and upward, at the same rate.	
Hay, loose, per load	1 00
Bricks, when handled and piled, per load	0 40
Hoop poles, loose, per load	0 50
Timber and lumber, per load	0 35
Hemp, loose, for every 1,200 pounds	0 50
Beef and pork, for every 5 barrels	0 38
Calves, sheep and lambs, per load	0 35
Coal, per ton	0 50
Coal, per half chaldron	0 40
Cotton, for every three bales	0 38
Earthenware, loose, per load	0 40
Oil floor cloths, in boxes or loads of less than ten feet in length	0 33
Of ten feet, and less than 15 feet in length, each	0 50
Of 15 feet, and less than 20 feet in length, each	0 50
Of 20 feet, and less than 24 feet in length, each	0 65
Of 24 feet, and upward, as may be agreed on.	
Plaster of Paris, loose, per ton	0 65
Salt, for every 20 bushels	0 33
Cut stone, per load	0 35
Slate or tile, per load	0 35
Household furniture, loose, per load	0 50
For loading, unloading, and housing furniture in the removal of families, extra, per load	0 50
Bedding, tied up, chests, and boxes, per load	0 38
Cassia, in mats, per 100 mats	0 25
Anchors, of under 300 pounds weight, per load	0 38
" of 300 pounds weight, per load of 1,000 pounds	0 40
Chain cables of under 1,000 pounds weight, per load of 1,000 pounds weight and upward, per 100 pounds	0 05
Iron hollow ware, per load	0 40
Iron and steel, per load	0 4

Fish, dry, per load..... 0 50
And for every load of goods, wares, merchandise, or other things, not enumerated..... 0 28

Provided, That when the distance exceeds half a mile, and is within a mile, one-third more shall be added to the above rates and prices, and in the same proportion for any greater distance. And if any public cartman shall ask, demand, receive, take, exact, or extort any greater rate, price, pay or compensation, for carting or transporting any article or thing whatsoever, than is mentioned, allowed, expressed, and limited as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for him to receive any compensation for the said carting or transportation, and such asking or receiving shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

It shall not be lawful for any public cartman to neglect or refuse to carry and transport a good and sufficient load, as much as can be conveniently and safely stowed on his cart, or is reasonable for one horse to draw, nor any article of less than two thousand pounds weight, when required so to do, unless he be then actually otherwise employed; and every public cartman and public porter shall be entitled to be paid the legal rate of compensation allowed and provided in this ordinance, immediately upon the carting or transportation of any article or thing; and it may be lawful for any such public cartman or public porter to retain any article or thing so carted or transported by him, for which he is not so paid his cartage, and to convey the same, without delay, to the office of Chief of Police, and he shall be entitled to the lawful rate of pay or compensation for the so conveying. All disputes or disagreements as to distance, or rates of compensation, between the public cartmen or public porters, and persons employing or owing them for cartage or transportation, shall be determined by the Mayor.

It shall not be lawful for any public cartman, or any other person, to cart or transport through any of the streets of said city, any poles, plank, spars, timber, or other thing exceeding thirty feet in length, except on a suitable truck or other vehicle, and such plank or other thing be placed lengthwise thereon, so as not to project at either end beyond the line of the side or width of such truck or other vehicle; and all persons so carting or transporting any such poles, plank, timber, spars, or other things, in any other manner, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this article.

It shall not be lawful for the driver or other person having charge of any public cart, dirt-cart, or any other vehicle, to be off or away from any such cart, or any other vehicle, while the same is moving or passing along any of the streets or avenues of said city; nor shall it be lawful for any public cartman, while waiting for employment, at any place assigned for his cart to stand while waiting for employment, or at any other place, to snap or flourish his whip, or to be away from his cart, unless from necessity or on business, or to sit or stand about the door-steps or platforms in front of any house, store, or other building, to the annoyance of the occupants thereof.

It shall not be lawful for any person who has been licensed to keep public carts, or to be a public cartman, and whose license has been suspended or revoked by the Mayor, to keep, drive, or use any public cart in the city of New York under the penalty of twenty-five dollars for every such offence.

The stanchions of every public cart employed in the transporation of any firewood shall be shouldered with a band of iron around the part which enters the mortice, and the mortice cased with iron, so as to prevent the wearing of the stanchion or mortice; or, at least three feet distant from the floor of the cart, there shall be fixed across, from one stanchion to the other, an iron chain, so as to prevent the stanchions from spreading, and no public cartman shall cart any firewood in violation of any of these provisions.

It shall not be lawful for any person to keep, drive, use or employ, any cart, wagon, truck, dray, or other vehicle, other than such as are licensed as herein provided, for the transportation or conveyance of any article or thing, from place to place, in the city of New York, unless the name and residence, or place of business, where such owner can be found, [of the owner thereof,] be fairly and distinctly painted with red paint, on a white ground, in plain letters and figures, at least two and a half inches long, in a conspicuous place, on both sides of such cart or other vehicle, so as at all times to be easily seen thereon.

AN ORDINANCE

RELATIVE TO PUBLIC CARTS.

Be it ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, as follows:

SEC. 1. Every cartman who shall be duly licensed in the city of New York shall be permitted to place and leave his cart, when unemployed, in front of the house or premises where he shall, at the time, reside, or in front of the stable where he shall, at the time, stable his horse; provided that such cart shall be placed on the street upon the carriage-way thereof, in close proximity to the curb-stone next to his said residence or stable, and shall not extend beyond said curb-stone any greater distance than the width of such cart; nor beyond the line of the lot on which his said residence or stable is situated; and provided that such place of residence or stable shall be specified upon the license for such cart.

§ 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance are hereby repealed; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to any vehicle other than public carts in the city of New York.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, May 16, 1856.
Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, May 23, 1856.
Approved by the Mayor, May 24, 1856.

LICENSES GRANTED AT MAYOR'S OFFICE.

NEW YORK, December 31, 1857.

Receipts at First Marshal's Desk for the year 1857.

1106	Public Cart licenses, at	$2 50	each		$2,765 00
4531	" " renewals,	50	"		2,265 50
457	Cartmen's "	1 00	"		457 00
519	" " renewals,	50	"		259 50
76	Express "	5 00	"		380 00
102	" " renewals,	2 50	"		255 00
108	Charcoal "	2 50	"		270 00
65	" " renewals,	50	"		32 50
79	Porters' "	1 00	"		79 00
233	" " renewals,	25	"		58 25
426	Dirt Cart "	1 00	"		426 00
256	" " renewals,	25	"		64 00
19	Boarding-house Licenses,	10 00	"		190 00
1	Broker's License,	25 00	"		25 00
644	Fines collected				1,417 50
	Total				$8944 25

WILLIAM H. STEPHENS, *First Marshal.*

EXCISE COMMISSION,

UNDER AN ACT PASSED APRIL 16, 1857.

John Kerr, *Chairman.*
William Jay Haskett, *Treasurer.*
Robert D. Holmes, *Counsel.*
(Appointed May 12.)

Whole number of licenses granted	644
Innkeepers	480
Storekeepers	164
Amount received from above, and paid to the County Treasurer	$17,575

TABLE OF DISTANCES.

FROM THE BATTERY.	FROM THE EXCHANGE.	FROM THE CITY HALL.	TO
Miles.	Miles	Miles	
$\frac{1}{4}$			Rector street.
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$		Fulton "
$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$		Warren "
1	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	Leonard "
$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	Canal "
$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	Spring "
$1\frac{3}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	Houston "
2	$1\frac{3}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	4th "
$2\frac{1}{4}$	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	9th "
$2\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{3}{4}$	14th "
$2\frac{3}{4}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	17th "
3	$2\frac{3}{4}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	24th "
$3\frac{1}{4}$	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$	29th "
$3\frac{1}{2}$	$3\frac{1}{4}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$	34th "
$3\frac{3}{4}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	3	38th "
4	$3\frac{3}{4}$	$3\frac{1}{4}$	44th "
$4\frac{1}{4}$	4	$3\frac{1}{2}$	49th "
$4\frac{1}{2}$	$4\frac{1}{4}$	$3\frac{3}{4}$	54th "
$4\frac{3}{4}$	$4\frac{1}{2}$	4	58th "
5	$4\frac{3}{4}$	$4\frac{1}{4}$	63d "
$5\frac{1}{4}$	5	$4\frac{1}{2}$	68th "
$5\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{4}$	$4\frac{3}{4}$	73d "
$5\frac{3}{4}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$	5	78th "
6	$5\frac{3}{4}$	$5\frac{1}{4}$	83d "
$6\frac{1}{4}$	6	$5\frac{1}{2}$	88th "
$6\frac{1}{2}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$5\frac{3}{4}$	93d "
$6\frac{3}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{2}$	6	97th "
7	$6\frac{3}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$	102d "
$7\frac{1}{4}$	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	107th "
$7\frac{1}{2}$	$7\frac{1}{4}$	$6\frac{3}{4}$	112th "
$7\frac{3}{4}$	$7\frac{1}{2}$	7	117th "
8	$7\frac{3}{4}$	$7\frac{1}{4}$	121st "
$8\frac{1}{4}$	8	$7\frac{1}{2}$	126th "
$8\frac{1}{2}$	$8\frac{1}{4}$	$7\frac{3}{4}$	131st "
$8\frac{3}{4}$	$8\frac{1}{2}$	8	136th "
9	$8\frac{3}{4}$	$8\frac{1}{4}$	140th "
$9\frac{1}{4}$	9	$8\frac{1}{2}$	145th "
$9\frac{1}{2}$	$9\frac{1}{4}$	$8\frac{3}{4}$	150th "
$9\frac{3}{4}$	$9\frac{1}{2}$	9	154th "

DISTANCES ACROSS THE DIFFERENT FERRIES FROM NEW YORK.

South Ferry.....1,066 yards.
Fulton Ferry..... 731 "
Catharine Ferry..... 735 "
Walnut street Ferry. 935 "
Peck slip Ferry.....2,800 yards
Williamsburgh Ferry. 950
Staten Island 6,418

CITY RAILROADS.

NAME OF COMPANY.	DATE OF GRANT BY COMMON COUNCIL.	ROUTE.	NO. OF CARS.	PRESIDENT OF COMPANY.
N. Y. & Harlem R. R.*	Dec. 22, 1831..	From the Astor House, along the Park, through Park row, Centre and Broome streets, Bowery, and Fourth avenue, to Twenty-seventh street; from thence with large cars to Harlem River.....	..35	Allen Campbell.
N. Y. & New Haven R. R.*	Permission given by the Harlem Railroad to run upon their tracks.	On that portion of the route of the New York and Harlem Railroad, from corner of Centre and Canal streets to the Harlem river.....	....	J. R. Buckley.
Hudson River, R.R.*.....	May 6, 1847...	From corner of Chambers and Hudson streets; through Hudson, Canal and West streets to the Tenth avenue; thence to the Spuyten Duyvel creek.....	....	Samuel Sloan.
Sixth Avenue R. R.....	July 30, 1851..	From corner Barclay and Church; through Church and Chambers street, West Broadway, Canal, Varick, Carmine streets, and the Sixth avenue, to Forty-fourth street; returning by the same route, with a single track through College place.....	..43	William Ebbitts.
Eighth Avenue R. R.....	July 30, 1851..	From corner Barclay and Church, through Church and Chambers streets, West Broadway, Canal and Hudson streets, and Eighth avenue to Fifty-ninth street; returning by the same route, with a single track through College place.....	..42	George Law.

Second Avenue R. R.....	Dec. 11, 1852..	From corner of Forty-second street and Second avenue; through Second avenue, Twenty-third street First avenue, Allen and Grand streets, Bowery Chatham, Oliver and South streets, to Peck slip; returning through Pearl and Chatham streets, Bowery Grand and Chrystie streets, and Second avenue to Twenty-third street; thence to Forty-second street..	..30	Jno. O'Brien.
Third Avenue Railroad†...	Dec. 31, 1852..	From corner of Broadway and Park row; through Park row, Chatham street, Bowery and Third avenue to Sixty-first street.....	..50	William A. Darling.

* The first three named railroads have the trains running to different parts of the State; and the New York and New Haven and Hudson River Railroad companies have no city or small cars.

† This company have nearly completed the building of a structure of a magnificent character, on the Third avenue, a few streets above the present depot at Sixty-first street and Third avenue, and one which, for furnishing every facility for the proper management and disposition of the cars, horses, &c., attached to a railroad, is not excelled, if equalled, by any yet erected. A view of the same will be given in the next issue of this work.

LAWS TO REGULATE PUBLIC PORTERS.

1. The Mayor shall license and appoint as many and such parsons as he may think expedient, to be public porters of the city of New York, and revoke or suspend any or all such licenses at his pleasure, and it shall not be lawful for any person to use any wheelbarrow or hand-cart, to carry within said city, for hire, wages, or pay for such conveyance, or to be at any hotel, boarding-house, ferry, steamboat landing, railroad station or depot, and solicit of strangers, travelers, citizens or other persons, or accept the conveyance of baggage, or other articles, without being licensed as aforesaid by the Mayor.

This section shall not be construed to prevent any person keeping, or employed in, any hotel or boarding-house, from conveying any baggage or other articles to or from such hotel or boarding-house, and using a hand-cart or wheelbarrow therefor; provided the name of the hotel or boarding-house, and the keeper thereof, be painted distinctly on both sides of such wheelbarrow or hand-cart, and on a badge worn on the front of his hat or cap, so as to be easily and distinctly seen.

2. All licenses to public porters, granted as aforesaid, shall run one year from the date thereof, and may be renewed by the Mayor at any time within the said year, for a succeeding year.

3. Every person receiving a license to be a public porter, as aforesaid, shall pay to the Mayor, for the use of the city, one dollar; and a further sum of seventy-five cents, upon the renewal of every such license.

4. Every public porter shall wear, in a conspicuous place about his person, so as to be easily seen, a brass plate, or badge, on which shall be engraved his name, the words "public porter," and the number of his license, and it shall be unlawful for any other person to wear or exhibit any badge, purporting to be, resembling, or similar to, the badge of a public porter; and no public porter shall permit any other person to wear his badge, or use his name in any way whatever, in the transportation or conveyance of any thing.

5. Public porters shall be entitled to charge and receive for the carrying or conveyance of any article, any distance within half a mile, twelve cents, if carried by hand, and twenty-five cents, if carried on a wheelbarrow or hand-cart; if the distance exceeds half a mile, and is within one mile, one-half the above rates in addition thereto, and in the same proportion for any greater distance.

6. If any public porter shall ask or demand any greater rate of pay or compensation for the carrying or conveyance of articles than is herein provided, he shall not be entitled to any pay for the said service; and to so ask, demand, or receive any such greater pay or compensation, shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance.

7. It shall not be lawful for any person to represent himself as, or to wear or exhibit any badge, inscription, card, or device, purporting or implying that he is employed or authorized by the keeper, proprietor, agent or officer of any hotel, boarding-house, vessel, steamboat, or railroad company, to solicit, receive or convey persons, baggage, or other things to or from any such hotel, boarding

house, vessel, steamboat, or railroad company's station or depot, without being actually and duly authorized by such keeper, proprietor, officer or agent, so to do, under the penalty of twenty-five dollars for every offence.

All persons who shall violate or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished pursuant to the provisions of section 20 and 21 of an act relative to the powers of the Common Council of the city of New York, and the criminal courts of said city, passed by the Legislature of the state of New York, January 23d, 1833, or, in lieu thereof, shall forfeit and pay, for the use of said city, ten dollars for each and every offence, except where a penalty is prescribed in said ordinance.

EXTRACT FROM ORDINANCES,

OF THE RATES AND PRICES OF

FARES TO BE CHARGED BY HACKNEY COACHES.

The prices or rates of fares to be taken by, or paid to the owners or drivers of hackney coaches or carriages, shall be as follows:

For conveying a passenger any distance not exceeding one mile, fifty cents; for conveying two passengers the same distance, seventy-five cents, or thirty-seven and a half cents each; and for every addltional passenger thirty-seven and a half cents.

For conveying a passenger any distance exceeding a mile, and within two miles, seventy-five cents; and for every additional passenger, thirty-seven and a half cents.

For conveying a passenger to the new alms-house and returning, one dollar; and for every additional passenger and returning, fifty cents.

For conveying one passenger to Fortieth street, and remaining half an hour, and returning, one dollar and a half; and for every additional passenger, fifty cents.

For conveying one passenger to Sixty-first street, and remaining three-quarters of an hour, and returning, two dollars; and for every additional passenger, fifty cents.

For conveying one passenger to Eighty-sixth street, and remaining one hour, and returning, two dollars and a half; and for every additional passenger, seventy-five cents.

For conveying one or more passengers to Harlem, and returning, with the privilege of remaining three hours, five dollars; or to High Bridge, five dollars, with the same privilege.

For conveying one or more passengers to King's Bridge, and returning, with the privilege of keeping the carriage all day, five dollars.

For the use of a hackney coach or carriage by the day, with one or more passengers, five dollars.

For the use of a hackney coach or carriage by the hour, with one or more pas-

sengers, with the privilege of going from place to place, and stopping as often as may be required, one dollar an hour.

In all cases where the hiring of a hackney coach or carriage is not at the time thereof specified to be by the day or hour, it shall be deemed to be by the mile.

For children between two and fourteen years of age, half price is only to be charged; and for children under two years of age, no charge is to be made.

Whenever a hackney coach or carriage shall be detained, excepting as aforesaid, the owner or driver shall be allowed after the rate of seventy-five cents an hour.

Every driver or owner of a hackney coach, carriage or cab, shall carry, transport, and convey, in, and upon his coach, carriage or cab, in addition to the person or persons therein, one trunk, valise, saddle-bag, carpet-bag, portmanteau or box, if he be requested so to do, for each passenger, without charge or compensation therefor; but for every trunk or other such articles above named, more than one for each passenger, he shall be entitled to demand and receive the sum of six cents.

In case of disagreement as to distance or price, the same shall be determined by the Mayor, or Superintendent of Hackney Coaches or Carriages.

The owner of any hackney coach or carriage shall not demand or receive any pay for the conveyance of any passenger, unless the number of the carriage, and the rates and prices of fare, shall be fixed and placed in a manner hereinafter directed by section second of title fourth of this ordinance, at the time such passenger may be conveyed in such carriage.

The owner or driver of any hackney coach or carriage shall not be entitled to recover or receive any pay from any person from whom he shall have demanded any greater price or rates than he may be authorized to receive as aforesaid.

Upon the trial of any cause commenced for the recovery of any of the aforesaid prices or rates, it shall be incumbent upon the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action, to prove that the number and prices or rates were placed and fixed in pursuance of the provisions of this ordinance, at the time the services were rendered, for which the suit may be brought.

No owner or driver of any hackney coach or carriage in the city of New York shall ask, demand, or receive any larger sum than he or they may be entitled to receive as aforesaid, under the penalty of ten dollars for every such offence, to be sued for and recovered from the owner or owners, or driver, of any such hackney coach or carriage, severally and respectively.

AN ORDINANCE,

IN ADDITION TO AN ORDINANCE, ENTITLED "AN ORDINANCE FOR LICENSING AND OTHERWISE REGULATING THE USE AND EMPLOYMENT OF CARTS AND CARTMEN, DIRT CARTS AND DIRT CARTMEN, AND PUBLIC PORTERS, AND FOR THE PRESERVATION OF GOOD ORDER IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK."

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

§ 1. All the provisions of this ordinance, to which this is an addition, as far as relates to carts and cartmen, and not inconsistent herewith, excepting sections 2, 3, 5, 10, 17 and 18, are extended to, and shall include and be applicable to all wagons and other vehicles, commonly known as express wagons, which shall be kept or used, driven or employed for the transportation of any thing whatsoever, to, or from any place within the city of New York, from or to any place whatsoever, for hire, wages or pay; provided always, that the owner or owners of such wagons or vehicles shall have a place in the city of New York for the transaction of such business.

§ 2. The Mayor shall find time to license and appoint so many and such persons as he may think proper, to set up and keep one or more express wagons in said city; and he may revoke or suspend any or all such licenses at his pleasure; but it shall not be lawful for any person to receive or hold a license to keep such express wagon, unless he is the actual owner of the wagon or wagons, and of a good horse or horses therefor, nor unless he be citizen of the United States, and has a family, and resides with his family in said city; or, if not having a family, shall have resided himself therein during the six months preceding; and the Mayor may examine, under oath, all persons applying for or holding any such license, or the renewal thereof, touching their qualifications, as aforesaid; and all licenses other than to persons so qualified, shall be void.

§ 3. The Mayor shall require and receive, for the use of the city, from every person to whom he may grant license to keep such express wagons, five dollars for every wagon so licensed, and two dollars and fifty cents for the licenses of each such wagon renewed.

§ 4. Every such express wagon shall have fairly painted on the outside thereof, in a conspicuous place, on each side, so as to be easily seen, in plain letters and figures, of at least two and a half inches in length, the name of the owner or owners, the place of business in said city, and the number of the license for such wagon; and such owner or owners shall be responsible for all articles entrusted to such wagon, or to the driver thereof, and for the conduct of such driver, whilst in charge of or with such wagon.

§ 5. No person shall drive such express wagon, unless he be twenty-one years of age, and have obtained license from the Mayor for such purpose, under the penalty of ten dollars for every such offence, to be recovered from the owner or owners of such express wagon, and from such driver, both or either.

§ 6. The Mayor is hereby authorized to grant licenses, from time to time, to drivers of such express wagons as are herein mentioned, as often as may be

necessary, and to suspend and revoke the same, whenever he may deem it expedient.

§ 7. Any driver of any express wagon, who shall be thrice convicted of a breach of any of the sections of this ordinance, shall be deprived of his license, and for ever debarred of a license under this ordinance.

AN ORDINANCE

TO AMEND AN ORDINANCE, ENTITLED "AN ORDINANCE FOR THE LICENSING AND OTHERWISE REGULATING THE USE AND EMPLOYMENT OF EXPRESS WAGONS, CARTS, AND CARTMEN," &c., &c., APPROVED BY THE MAYOR, JUNE 2, 1851.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York, in Common Council convened, do ordain as follows:

SEC. 2. The Mayor shall, from time to time, license and appoint so many and such persons as he may think proper, to set up and keep public carts in said city, provided that no one person shall be so licensed to keep more than three such public carts. And he shall also license so many and such persons as he may think proper, to be public cartmen of said city, and he may revoke or suspend any or all of such licenses at his pleasure; all persons licensed as aforesaid, to keep public carts, shall be deemed to be public cartmen, within the meaning of this ordinance; but it shall not be lawful for any person to receive or to hold a license to keep public carts, or to be a public cartman, unless he be a citizen of the United States, and resident within the state of New York, and is the actual owner of the cart or carts, with good horses therefor, so licensed to be kept as public carts; and the Mayor may examine, under oath, all persons applying for, or holding any such license, or the renewal thereof, touching their qualifications as aforesaid; and all licenses other than to persons so qualified, shall be void.

Adopted by the Board of Councilmen, May 9, 1856.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen, July 15, 1856.

Approved by the Mayor, July 30, 1856.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

Alms-house.....Blackwell's Island.
American Institute.....351 Broadway.
Armory, City.....corner Elm and White streets.
Arsenal, New York State.....Sixty-fifth street and Fifth avenue.
Assay Office.....adjoining Custom House, Pine street.
Astor Library.....Lafayette place.
Bloomingdale Asylum (for the insane)....117th street, west side Tenth avenue.
Custom House.....corner of Nassau and Wall streets.
City Prison.....bounded by Centre, Elm, Leonard and Franklin streets.
Columbia College.....50th street and Fourth avenue.
Court of Sessions.....66 Crosby street.
Deaf and Dumb Institute.....Fanwood, Washington Heights.
Debtors' Prison.....22 Eldridge street.
Dispensary, New York City.....114 White street, corner of Centre.
Dispensary, Eastern.....Ludlow street, corner of Essex market place.
Dispensary, Northern.....Waverley place, corner of Christopher street.
Dispensary, Demilt.....Second avenue, corner of Twenty-fourth street.
Dispensary, North-western.....501 Eighth avenue.
Ear and Eye Infirmary.....corner of Thirteenth street and Second avenue.
House of Refuge.....Randall's Island.
Lunatic Asylum.....Blackwell's Island.
Lyceum of Natural History.....561 Broadway.
Medical College of the New York University.....659 Broadway.
Mercantile Library Association.....Astor place building.
Merchants' Exchange.....Wall street, corner of William.
Mechanics' Institute.....corner of Bowery and Division street.
Museum, American.....Broadway, corner of Ann street.
New York Society Library....N. York Bible House, cor. 8th street and 3d av.
National Academy of Design.....Broadway, near Bond street.
New York City Hospital.....319 Broadway.
New York Institution for the Blind.....Ninth avenue, near Thirty-third street.
New York Board of Education.....140 Grand street, corner of Elm.
New York University.....Wooster street, corner of Waverley place.
New York Historical Society....corner of Second avenue and Eleventh street.
New York Law Institute.....New City Hall.
New York Lyceum.....East Fourteenth street, near Third avenue.
Orphan Asylum.....Bloomingdale, near Eightieth street.
Ophthalmic Hospital.....Stuyvesant street.
Penitentiary.....Blackwell's Island.
Police Commissioners.....413 Broome street, corner of Elm.
Peter Cooper Building....junction of 3d and 4th avenues, 8th and 7th streets.
Rutgers Female Institute.....244 Madison street, near Clinton.
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum.....Fifth avenue and Fifty-first street.
Stuyvesant Institute.....659 Broadway.

PAINTINGS

In the Governor's Room, City Hall.

1.	Governor	Lewis	Painted by	Trumbull.
2.	"	Tompkins	"	Trumbull.
3.	"	Clinton	"	Catlin.
4.	"	Yates	"	Vanderlyn.
5.	"	Van Buren	"	Inman.
6.	"	Throop	"	Weir.
7.	"	Marcy	"	Paige.
8.	"	Seward	"	Inman.
9.	"	Bouck	"	Elliott.
10.	"	Wright	"	Whitehorne.
11.	"	Young	"	H. P. Gray.
12.	"	Fish	"	———
13.	"	Hunt	"	Elliott.
14.	"	Seymour	"	———
1.	Mayor	Duane	"	———
2.	"	Varick	"	———
3.	"	Livingston	"	———
4.	"	Clinton	"	Parmecelli.
5.	"	Willett	"	Waldo.
6.	"	Radcliffe	"	Waldo.
7.	"	Halden	"	Vanderlyn.
8.	"	Allen	"	Waldo & Jewett.
9.	"	Paulding	"	Morse.
10.	"	Hone	"	Vanderlyn.
11.	"	Bowne	"	Weir.
12.	"	Lee	"	Inman.
13.	"	Lawrence	"	Inman.
14.	"	Clark	"	Inman.
15.	"	Varian	"	Mooney.
16.	"	Morris	"	Spencer.
17.	"	Harper	"	Inman & Hun'ton.
18.	"	Havemeyer	"	Matteson.
19.	"	Mickle	"	Mooney.
20.	"	Brady	"	Wensler.
21.	"	Woodhull	"	Charles Jarvis.
22.	"	Kingsland	"	———
23.	"	Westervelt	"	Mooney.
24.	"	Wood	"	Elliott.
	President	Washington	"	———
	"	Monroe	"	Vanderlyn.
	"	Taylor	"	Vanderlyn.
	"	Fillmore	"	———
	General	McComb	"	Waldo.
	"	Brown	"	Jarvis.

General Scott	Painted by	Kellogg.
" Lafayette	"	Morse.
" Monckton	"	Morse.
" Bolivar	"	———
" Williams	"	Trumbull.
" Paez	"	Charles Jarvis.
" Jacob Morton	"	Charles Jarvis.
Commodore Perry	"	Jarvis.
" Decatur	"	Sully.
" Bainbridge	"	Jarvis.
" Swift	"	Jarvis.
Governor Stuyvesant	Painted from family portrait.	
Hendrick Hudson	Original.	
D. T. Valentine, Esq	Painted by Charles Jarvis.	
Columbus	Original.	
G. Washington, (worked in silk,) from city of Lyons, France.		

In Board of Aldermen's Chamber.

General Washington	Painted by	Trumbull.
Governor Clinton	"	Trumbull.
John Jay	"	Weimar.
Alexander Hamilton	"	Weimar.

In Board of Councilmen's Chamber.

President Jackson	Painted by	Vanderlyn.
Governor Hamilton Fish	"	———
Commodore Hull	"	Jarvis.
Henry Clay	"	Jarvis.

Room No. 8, City Hall.

High Constable Jacob Hays ..... Painted by Shegogue.

Busts.

Governor's Room	Bust of	De Witt Clinton.
"	"	Henry Clay, by Pruden.
Chamber of Board of Aldermen	"	John Jay, (presented by his daughter to the Corporation, March, 1835.)
" "	"	Chief Justice Marshall, by Frazee.
Common Pleas Court Room	"	Thomas Addis Emmett.
" " "		Tablet to John T. Irving.
City Library	Bust of	Chancellor Kent, Clavenger.

HARBOR MASTERS OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

A. H. Schultz,
Jos. J. Chambers,
Daniel Herrick,
Abraham Pierce,
Charles Chamberlain.
O. Brennan,
W. H. Burleigh,

NEW YORK CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Augustus Schell, *Collector.*
Emanuel B. Hart, *Surveyor.*
A. B. Birdsall, *Naval Officer.*
Geo. N. Sanders, *Navy Agent.*
Anson Herrick, *Naval Storekeeper.*
John J. Cisco, *Assistant Treasurer.*
Daniel D. Briggs, *Appraiser.*
Samuel J. Willis, "
Isaac Phillips, "

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE.

No. 30 Wall street.

Samuel F. Butterworth, *Superintendent.*
John J. Cisco, *Treasurer.*
John Torrey, *Assayer.*
Edward N. Kent, *Melter and Refiner.*

Deposits of gold and silver are received and paid for, either in coins or stamped bars, at the option of the depositor. No deposit received of less value than $100. Visitors admitted every Wednesday, from 10 to 12 A.M.

COMMISSIONERS OF UNITED STATES DEPOSIT FUND

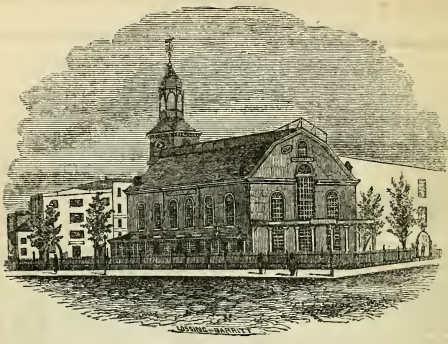
For the County of New York.

Edgar Ketchum.....Office, Register's Office.
Nathaniel Jarvis, jr..... " " "

NAME, LOCALITY, AND EXTENT OF PUBLIC SQUARES.

NAME.	LOCALITY.	AREAS.			
		Square feet.	A.	R.	P. FT.
Battery	Extreme southern end of the island	463,609	10	2	22 239
Bowling Green	Broadway, Whitehall, and State streets	24,483	0	2	9 253
The Park	Broadway, Chambers, Centre streets, and Park row	472,080	10	3	14 0
Duane Park	Duane, Hudson, and Greenwich streets	5,783	0	0	21 66
Five Points Park	Park street, Baxter street, and Mission Place	6,727	1	0	24 193
Hudson Square	Hudson, Laight, Varick, and Beach streets	177,962	4	0	13 183
Hudson Square		3,080	0	0	11 85
Washington Square	University place, Waverley place, Macdougal, and Fourth streets	424,684	9	2	39 246
Tompkins' Square	Avenue A, Seventh street, Avenue B, and Tenth street	457,764	10	2	1 112
Abingdon Square	Hudson street, Troy street, and Eighth avenue	9,021	0	0	33 36
Union Place	Broadway, Fourteenth street, Fourth avenue, and Seventeenth street	151,080	3	1	34 253
Stuyvesant Square	On Second avenue, between Fifteenth and Seventeenth streets	171,190	3	3	28 217
Gramercy Park	Between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, Lexington avenue, and Irving place	73,600	1	2	30 92
Madison Square	Fifth avenue, Twenty-sixth street, Madison square, and Twenty-third street	299,250	6	3	19 47
Hamilton Square	Sixty-sixth street, Fourth avenue, Sixty-ninth street, and Third avenue	649,890	15	0	0 0
Observatory Place	Fifth avenue, Ninety-fourth street, Fourth avenue, and Eighty-ninth street	1,122,375	25	3	2 160
Manhattan Square	Seventy-seventh street, Eighth avenue, Eighty-seventh street, and Ninth avenue	830,000	19	0	8 182
Mount Morris	Between One hundred and twentieth and One hundred and twenty-fourth sts., on the 5th av	878,665	20	0	27 114
Central Park	Between Fifty-ninth and One hundred and sixth streets, Fifth and Eighth avenues		730	0	0 0
Total		7,415,339	900	0	37 110

BLOOMINGDALE SQUARE, Fifty-ninth street, Ninth avenue, Fifty-third street, and Eighth avenue, was directed, by resolution of Common Council of 1856, to be closed.



NEW YORK POST OFFICE.

Isaac V. Fowler, *Postmaster.*
Nelson J. Waterbury, *Assistant Postmaster.*
William Caldwell, *Cashier.*
Augustus Stoutenburgh, *Secretary.*

LOCATION.

The Post Office is situated in Nassau street, extending from Liberty to Cedar street. Entrance from Cedar and Nassau streets. Mails received and delivered on Liberty street.

Mr. William B. Taylor is at the head of the department, embracing the entire city delivery.

Seymour J. Strong has charge of the box delivery.

Mr. J. H. Hallett has charge of the alphabet and carriers' delivery.

George C. Coffin is at the head of the foreign letter department.

Thomas Clark is at the head of the newspaper department.

W. A. B. Clement has charge of the letter distributing tables.

RATES OF POSTAGE

Between Offices in the United States, and to and from Canada, from and after June 30, 1851.

DIRECTIONS.	MUST BE PREPAID.				
For every single letter in manuscript, or paper of any kind upon which information shall be asked or communicated in writing, or by marks or signs sent by mail, the rates mentioned in this table shall be charged, and must be PREPAID; and for every additional half ounce or fraction of an ounce above the weight named in this table, an additional single rate is to be charged.	Weighing 1 ounce or under, being single rate.	Over ½ ounce, and not over 1 ounce.	Over 1 ounce, and not over 1½ ounce.	Over 1½ ounce, and not over 2 ounces.	Over 2 ounces, and not over 2½ ounces.
	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.	CENTS.
For any distance not over 3,000 miles.	3	6	9	12	15
For any distance over 3,000 miles....	10	20	30	40	50
To and from Canada, for any distance not over 3,000 miles, prepayment optional.....	10	20	30	40	50
For any distance over 3,000 miles....	15	30	45	60	75

1st. Every letter or parcel, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, shall be deemed a single letter or rate.

2d. All drop-letters, or letters placed in the New York Post Office not for transmission, but for city delivery only, are charged at the rate of two cents each.

3d. Each deputy post master, whose compensation for the last preceding fiscal year (ending the 30th June) did not exceed two hundred dollars, may send through the mail all letters *written by himself*, and receive through the mail all written communications addressed to himself on his *private business*, which shall not exceed in weight one-half ounce, free of postage. This does not authorize them to frank any letters, unless written by themselves, and on their private business only; nor does it authorize them to receive free of postage any thing but written communications addressed to themselves, and on their private business

NOTE.—From and after the 30th June, 1851, the mode of computing the rates upon inland letters—*i. e.* letters from one office within the United States or Territories to another, and also upon letters between the United States and the British North American Provinces—is to be as follows, to wit: Single rate, if not exceeding half an ounce; double rate, if exceeding half an ounce, but not exceeding an ounce; treble rate, if exceeding an ounce, but not exceeding an ounce and a half; and so on, charging an additional rate for every additional half ounce or fraction of half an ounce.

The mode of computing rates upon letters to Great Britain, and to all other foreign countries, the British North American Provinces excepted, will remain as at present, under the act of 3d March, 1849, and agreeable to instructions appended to the table of foreign postages.

NEW YORK GAS-LIGHT COMPANY,

Chartered 26th of March, 1823—unlimited in duration. Capital, $1,000,000.

OFFICERS.

William W. Fox, *President.* John Wowton, *Manager.*
C. L. Everitt, *Secretary.*

The pipes have been laid in all of the streets of the district south of Grand street, under its contract with the Corporation of the city, requiring about 130 miles of mains of various sizes, from eighteen-inch to three-inch diameter.

The works are situated on Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, from First avenue to the East river, with buildings and suitable apparatus for manufacturing, washing, purifying and distributing the gas. The Company are about putting up additional buildings, with the requisite apparatus appertaining thereto. There are now in operation six large telescopic gasholders, at that station, and there are seven smaller gasometers, for storage of gas, in different parts of the city.

MANHATTAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY,

Office, corner Irving place and Fifteenth street.

Chartered February 26, 1830—Perpetual. Capital, $4,000,000.

OFFICERS.

Charles Roome, *President.* Floyd Smith, *Vice-President.*
Samuel H. Howard, *Secretary.* Joseph A. Sabbatton, *Engineer.*
Charles Smith, *Superintendent of Street Mains and Lamps.*
Thomas Marsh, *Chief Inspector.*
Walter Roome, *Superintendent of Gas-works in 18th street.*
William Combe, *Superintendent of Gas-works in 14th street.*

This company supplies that portion of the city which lies north of Grand street. South of Seventy-ninth street they have two stations or works; one at the foot of Eighteenth street, near the North river, containing four large gasholders and six hundred retorts, and capable of supplying two million cubic feet of gas in twenty-four hours; and one station at the foot of Fourteenth street, East river. The Fourteenth street works are now producing four hundred thousand feet of gas per day; when finished, they will contain six large gasholders and nine hundred retorts, equal to a production of three million cubic feet of gas in twenty-four hours. This company have 200 miles of street mains; light 8,000 street lamps, and supply gas to over 22,000 stores and dwellings. In 1857 they manufactured 600,000,000 feet of gas.

HARLEM GAS-LIGHT COMPANY.

Incorporated February 8th, 1855. Capital, $250,000.

Offices, corner First avenue and One hundred and eleventh street; also No. 80 Nassau street. Works located between First avenue and Harlem river, and One hundred and tenth and One hundred and eleventh streets.

B. M. Wakeman, *President.* Henry P. McGown, *Sec'y and Treasurer.*

NAMES OF SPEAKERS

Of the Assembly of the State of New York, from 1777 to 1858.

SESSIONS.	NAMES.	WHEN ELECTED.
1	Walter Livingston	September..10th, 1777
2	Walter Livingston	October....13th, 1778
3	Evert Bancker	August....18th, 1779
4	Evert Bancker	September..7th, 1780
5	Evert Bancker	October...24th, 1781
6	Evert Bancker	July.....11th, 1782
7	John Hathorn	January...21st, 1783
8	John Hathorn	October....15th, 1784
9	John Lansing, jr.	January...13th, 1786
10	Richard Varick	" ...12th, 1787
11	Richard Varick	" 9th, 1788
12	John Lansing, jr.	December..11th, 1788
13	Gulian Ver Planck	July.....6th, 1791
14	John Watts	January 5th, 1791
15	John Watts	" 4th, 1792
16	John Watts	November ..6th, 1792
17	James Watson	January 7th, 1794
18	William North	" 6th, 1795
19	William North	" 6th, 1796
20	Gulian Ver Planck	November....1st, 1796
21	Dirck Ten Broeck	January.....2d, 1798
22	Dirck Ten Broeck	August.....9th, 1798
23	Dirck Ten Broeck	January ...28th, 1800
24	Samuel Osgood	November ..4th, 1800
25	Thomas Storm	January ...26th, 1802
26	Thomas Storm	" ...25th, 1803
27	Alexander Sheldon	" ...31st, 1804
28	Alexander Sheldon	November ..6th, 1804
29	Alexander Sheldon	January ...28th, 1806
30	Andrew McCord	" ...27th, 1807
31	Alexander Sheldon	" ...26th, 1808
32	James W. Wilkin	November...1st, 1808
33	William North	January ...30th, 1810
34	Nathan Sandford	" ...29th, 1811
35	Alexander Sheldon	" ...28th, 1812
36	Jacob Rutzen Van Rensselear	November ...3d, 1812
37	James Emott	January ...25th, 1814
38	Samuel Young	September .26th, 1814
39	Daniel Cruger	January ...13th, 1816
40	David Woods	November...5th, 1816
41	David Woods	January ...27th, 1818
42	William A. Duer	" 5th, 1819
43	John C. Spencer	" 4th, 1820
44	Peter Sharpe	November ..7th, 1820
45	Samuel B. Romaine	January 1st, 1822
46	Peter R. Livingston	" ...27th, 1823
47	Richard Goodell	" 6th, 1824
48	Clarkson Crolius	" 4th, 1825
49	Samuel Young	" 3d, 1826
50	Erastus Root	" 2d, 1827
51	Erastus Root	" 1st, 1828
52	Peter Robinson	" 5th, 1829

SESSIONS.	NAMES.	WHEN ELECTED.
53	Erastus Root	January 5th, 1830
54	George R. Davis	" 4th, 1831
55	Charles L. Livingston	" 3d, 1832
56	Charles L. Livingston	" 1st, 1833
57	William Baker	" 7th, 1834
58	Charles Humphrey	" 5th, 1835
59	Charles Humphrey	" 5th, 1836
60	Edward Livingston	" 3d, 1837
61	Luther Bradish	" 2d, 1838
62	George W. Patterson	" 1st, 1839
63	George W. Patterson	" 7th, 1840
64	Peter B. Porter, jr	" 5th, 1841
65	Levi S. Chatfield	" 4th, 1842
66	George R. Davis	" 2d, 1843
67	Elisha Litchfield	" 2d, 1844
68	Horatio Seymour	" 7th, 1845
69	William Crane	" 6th, 1846
70	William C. Hasbrouck	" 6th, 1847
71	Amos K. Hadley	" 4th, 1848
72	Amos K. Hadley	" 2d, 1849
73	Noble S. Elderkin	" 1st, 1850
74	Henry J. Raymond	" 7th, 1851
75	Joseph B. Varnum, jr., (extra session)	June 1851
76	Jonas C. Heart	January 1852
77	William H. Ludlow	" 1853
78	Wm. V. Pruyn	" 1854
79	De Witt C. Littlejohn	" 1855
80	Orville Robinson	" 1856
81	De Witt C. Littlejohn	" 1857
82	James B. Alvord	" 1858

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION, UNDER THE CONSTITUTION, TO THE PRESENT TIME.

Frederick Muhlenbergh, Pennsylvania.....1789 to 1791
John Trumbull, Connecticut.....1791 to 1793
Frederick A. Muhlenbergh, Pennsylvania.....1793 to 1797
Jonathan Dayton, New Jersey.....1797 to 1798
Theodore Sedgwick, Massachusetts.....1798 to 1801
Nathaniel Macon, North Carolina.....1801 to 1807
Joseph B. Varnum, Massachusetts.....1807 to 1811
Henry Clay, Kentucky.....1811 to 1814
Langdon Cheeves, South Carolina.....1814 to 1815
Henry Clay, Kentucky.....1815 to 1820
John W. Taylor, New York.....1820 to 1821
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.....1821 to 1823
Henry Clay, Kentucky.....1823 to 1825
John W. Taylor, New York.....1825 to 1827
Andrew Stevenson, Virginia.....1827 to 1835
John Bell, Tennessee.....1835 to 1837

James K. Polk, Tennessee.....1837 to 1839
Robert M. T. Hunter, Virginia.....1839 to 1841
John White, Kentucky.....1841 to 1843
John W. Jones, Virginia.....1843 to 1845
John W. Davis, Indiana.....1845 to 1847
Robert C. Winthrop, Massachusetts.....1847 to 1849
Howell Cobb, Georgia.....1849 to 1851
Linn Boyd, Kentucky.....1851 to 1853
Linn Boyd, " .....1853 to 1855
Linn Boyd, " .....1855 to 1857
Nathaniel P. Banks, Massachusetts.....1856 to 1858
Jas. L. Orr, South Carolina.....1858 to 1859

PRESIDENTS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN,

FROM THE ORGANIZATION UNDER THE AMENDED CHARTER.

Samuel Stevens.....1831–2
Henry Meigs.....1832–3
John Y. Cebra.....1833–4
James Monroe.....1834–5
Isaac L. Varian.....1835–6
Isaac L. Varian.....(From July 1st, 1836, to December 28,).....1836
Egbert Benson.....(From December 28th, 1836, to May 9,).....1837–8
Egbert Benson.....1838–9
A. V. Williams.....1839–40
Elijah F. Purdy.....1840–1
Elijah F. Purdy.....1841–2
Caleb S. Woodhull.....1842–3
Elijah F. Purdy.....1843–4
Richard L. Schieffelin.....1844–5
Oliver Charlick.....1845–6
David S. Jackson.....1846–7
Morris Franklin.....1847–8
Morris Franklin.....1848–9
James Kelly.....(From May 8th, 1849, to January 7th,).....1850
Morgan Morgans.....1850–1
Richard T. Compton.....1852–3

UNDER AMENDED CHARTER, 1853.

Nathan C. Ely.....1854
Isaac O. Barker.....1855
Isaac O. Barker.....1856
John Clancy.....1857

UNDER CHARTER OF 1857.

John Clancy.....1858

PRESIDENTS OF THE BOARD OF ASSISTANTS,

FROM THE ORGANIZATION UNDER THE AMENDED CHARTER.

James B. Murray	1831–2
William Van Wyck	1832–3
William Van Wyck	1833–4
George W. Bruen	1834–5
James R. Whiting	1835–6
Edward Curtis	1836–7
Caleb S. Woodhull	1837–8
Caleb S. Woohhull	1838–9
Nathaniel Jarvis, jr.	1839–40
Frederick R. Lee	1840–1
Thomas R. Lee	1841–2
William Adams	1842–3
Charles P. Brown	1843–4
William Everdell	1844–5
Nathaniel Pierce	1845–6
Neil Gray	1846–7
Linus W. Stevens	1847–8
Wilson Small	1848–9
Edwin D. Morgan (From May 8th, 1849, to January 7th,)	1850
Oscar W. Sturtevant	1850
Alonzo A. Alvord	1851
Jonathan Trotter	1852
Jonathan Trotter	1853

UNDER AMENDED CHARTER OF 1853.

Edwin J. Brown, President of Board of Councilmen	1854
Daniel D. Conover, " " "	1855
Benj. F. Pinckney, " " "	1856
Jonas N. Phillips. " " "	1857

UNDER CHARTER OF 1857.

Charles H. Haswell, President of Board of Councilmen	1858

POPULATION OF THE CITY AT VARIOUS PERIODS.

1656	1,000	1810	96,373
1673	2,500	1820	123,706
1696	4,302	1825	166,089
1731	8,628	1830	202,589
1756	10,381	1835	270,068
1773	21,876	1840	312,852
1786	23,614	1845	371,223
1790	33,131	1850	515,394
1800	60,489	1855	629,810

CENSUS OF NEW YORK COUNTY.

NEW YORK CITY.	Total population, 1855.	Increase since 1845.	Decrease since 1845.	VOTERS.		Aliens.	Colored persons not taxed.	Number, deducting aliens and colored persons not taxed.
				Native.	Naturalized.			
1st Ward....	13,486	1,256	.....	570	1,425	6,062	43	7,381
2d "	3,249	.....	3,713	500	290	1,384	64	1,801
3d "	7,909	.....	3,991	2,069	694	2,765	140	5,004
4th "	22,895	1,895	.....	922	2,459	10,785	80	12,030
5th "	21,617	1,281	.....	1,962	1,471	7,462	1,842	12,313
6th "	25,562	5,928	.....	686	2,263	13,010	550	12,002
7th "	34,422	8,866	.....	2,767	2,649	12,234	190	21,998
8th "	34,052	3,156	.....	2,392	1,910	10,783	2,144	20,825
9th "	39,982	9,075	.....	5,133	1,976	9,346	378	30,258
10th "	26,378	5,436	.....	2,160	1,476	10,218	255	15,905
11th "	52,979	25,270	.....	2,763	3,612	21,237	285	31,457
12th "	17,656	4,265	.....	957	787	7,864	147	9,645
13th "	26,597	4,186	.....	2,120	1,852	8,784	536	17,277
14th "	24,754	3,651	.....	1,246	1,954	10,275	716	13,763
15th "	24,046	4,624	.....	3,091	1,292	7,406	740	15,900
16th "	39,823	.....	527	3,350	2,173	13,495	353	25,975
17th "	59,548	32,401	.....	3,229	3,689	26,780	348	32,420
18th "	39,415	.....	.....	2,774	2,345	15,677	231	23,507
19th "	17,866	.....	.....	1,022	1,460	6,507	646	10,713
20th "	47,055	.....	.....	2,437	3,045	14,441	519	32,095
21st "	27,914	.....	.....	2,262	1,993	8,136	119	19,659
22d "	22,605	.....	.....	1,161	1,889	8,027	181	14,397
Total....	629,810	258,587	.....	46,113	42,704	232,678	10,807	386,325

STATEMENT

OF VOTES GIVEN FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, NOVEMBER, 1856.

City and County of New York.

James Buchanan and John C. Breckenridge.....41,913
Millard Fillmore and Andrew J. Donnelson.....19,924
John C. Fremont and William L. Dayton.....17,770

Popular Vote—U. S.

James Buchanan and John C. Breckenridge.....1,834,337
John C. Fremont and William L. Dayton.....1,311,812
Millard Fillmore and Andrew J. Donnelson.....873,055

Vote of the Electoral College.

Buchanan and Breckenridge.....174
Fremont and Dayton.....114
Fillmore and Donnelson.....8

Total number.....296

STATEMENT

OF THE NUMBER OF VOTES GIVEN, IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, AT THE ELECTION HELD NOVEMBER 3D, 1857, FOR

Secretary of State,
Comptroller,
Treasurer,
Attorney-General,
State Engineer and Surveyor,
Canal Commissioner,
Inspector of State Prisons, and
Judge of the Court of Appeals.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Gideon J. Tucker	195,482
Almon M. Clapp	177,425
James O. Putnam	66,882

COMPTROLLER.

Sandford E. Church	195,138
Robert Denniston	178,038
Nathaniel S. Benton	67,030

TREASURER.

Isaac V. Vanderpoel	195,153
John T. Hogeboom	178,194
Lyman Odell	66,737

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Lyman Tremain	195,186
William Curtis Noyes	178,335
Henry H. Ross	66,519

STATE ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Van Rensselaer Richmond	195,284
George Geddes	178,152
Roswell Graves	65,583

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

John M. Jaycox	194,958
Ariel S. Thurston	177,888
Goldsmith Denniston	66,328



TAMMANY HALL, 1830.

No. 39

Tammany Loan.



This is to Certify, that Clarkson Crolius holds Fifteen ——— Shares, of TEN DOLLARS each, in the LOAN to the **TAMMANY SOCIETY, OR COLUMBIAN ORDER**, in the City of New-York, bearing an Interest of seven per cent. per annum, from the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, redeemable at the pleasure of the Society, in such general proportions, and at such times, as they shall think proper, and Transferable only on their Books, agreeably to the ~~forms instituted~~ for that purpose.....GIVEN under our Hands and Seal of the Society, this first day of April — 1812.

James Bowne CHAIRMAN.

Jno J Irving Secretary.



INSPECTOR OF STATE PRISONS.

William C. Rhodes	195,167
Thomas Kirkpatrick	177,718
John M. Stevens	66,862

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Hiram Denio	196,016
Timothy Jenkins	175,325
Hiram Ketchum	64,300

STATEMENT

OF THE NUMBER OF VOTES GIVEN, IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, AT THE ELECTION HELD NOVEMBER 3D, 1857, FOR

Justices of the Supreme Court,
Justices of the Superior Court,
Judge of Court of Common Pleas.
Justice of Marine Court.
Members of the Senate and Assembly,
Recorder,
Surrogate,
District Attorney, and
Register.

JUSTICES—SUPREME COURT.

The whole number of votes given for Justice of the Supreme Court was	118,356
Of which Daniel P. Ingraham received	37,777
William Mitchell "	21,345
Josiah Sutherland, (to fill vacancy) received	37,688
Charles A. Peabody, " "	21,381
Scattering	165

JUSTICES—SUPERIOR COURT.

The whole number of votes given for Justices of the Superior Court was	119,039
Of which Joseph S. Bosworth received	38,134
Edwards Pierrepont "	37,928
Benjamin W. Bonney received	21,506
Luman Sherwood "	21,203
Isaac Taylor, (to fill vacancy) received	83
Robert Finn, " "	94
Recompense Stanbury, (to fill vacancy) received	14
Scattering	67

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

The whole number of votes given for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas was	59,484
Of which Henry Hilton received	38,062
William M. Allen received	21,382
Scattering	50

JUSTICE—MARINE COURT.

The whole number of votes given for Justice of the Marine Court was	59,266
Of which Florence McCarthy received	37,469
William H. Browne "	21,689
Scattering	118

RECORDER.

The whole number of votes given for Recorder was	59,267
Of which George G. Barnard received	37,305
Alexander Spaulding "	21,888
Scattering	74

SURROGATE.

The whole number of votes given for Surrogate was	59,365
Of which Edward C. West received	35,784
Alexander W. Bradford recieved	23,519
Scattering	62

REGISTER.

The whole number of votes given for Register was	59,033
Of which William Miner received	37,213
James H. Welsh "	21,566
Scattering	254

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

The whole number of votes given for District Attorney was	58,344
Of which Peter B. Sweeney received	37,259
Daniel Ullman "	20,851
Scattering	234

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

Fourth District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Fourth Senatorial District was	17,627
Of which John C. Mather received	13,226
Samuel Hall "	4,273
Scattering	128

Fifth District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Fifth Senatorial District was	13,350
Of which Smith Ely, jr., received	8,869
Joseph H. Petty "	1,353
Joseph C. Pinckney received	2,407
George W. Wheeler "	689
Scattering	22

Sixth District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Sixth Senatorial District was	15,001
Of which Richard Schell received	7,740
Joseph B. Varnum "	7,205
Scattering	56

Seventh District.

The whole number of votes given for Senator in the Seventh Senatorial District was	13,397
Of which John Doherty received	7,948
Libbeus B. Ward "	4,186
John L. Riker "	1,216
Scattering	47

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

First District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the First Assembly District was	2,848
Of which Jacob L. Smith received	1,657
Thos. McKnight "	619
Tobias Christopher O'Connor received	486
Scattering	86

Second District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Second Assembly District was	3,417
Of which William Cook received	954
Michael Fitzgerald received	1,276
Lewis Hopps "	185
James Hays "	919
Scattering	83

Third District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Third Assembly District was	3,554
Of which Richard Winne received	2,090
J. S. Schofield "	1,383
Scattering	81

Fourth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fourth Assembly District was	4,466
Of which John G. Seeley received	1,887
James G. Dolan "	1,403
Martin McDonald "	1,056
Scattering	120

Fifth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fifth Assembly District was	4,107
Of which A. J. Delany received	1,903
J. B. Stevens "	1,082
J. G. Armour "	1,000
Scattering	122

Sixth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Sixth Assembly District was	3,176
Of which George A. Jeremiah received	2,783
E. A. Wade "	1,312
Scattering	81

Seventh District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Seventh Assembly District was	4,181
Of which Philip W. Engs received	1,917
F. A. Conclin "	1,502
Daniel Rowley "	725
Scattering	37

Eighth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Eighth Assembly District was	4,558
Of which James H. Lynch received	3,107
William H. Anderson received	839
Benjamin B. Baptist "	520
Scattering	92

Ninth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Ninth Assembly District was	4,026
Of which Thomas Jones, jr., received	2,132
Alexander McLeod "	1,871
Scattering	23

Tenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Tenth Assembly District was	3,416
Of which J. W. Chandler received	2,120
James Peckham "	1,214
Scattering	82

Eleventh District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Eleventh Assembly District was	4,278
Of which Noah D. Childs received	2,417
J. B. Pollock "	1,823
Scattering	38

Twelfth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Twelfth Assembly District was	3,285
Of which William Gage received	2,062
J. B. Ryerson "	687
Joseph P. Morris "	417
Scattering	119

Thirteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Thirteenth Assembly District was	2,714
Of which David I. Chatfield, received	1,647
John Ives "	849
F. W. Clark "	209
Scattering	9

Fourteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fourteenth Assembly District was	3,844
Of which Dunham J. Crain received	2,295
Charles McNeill "	1,473
James McLaughlin "	58
Scattering	18

Fifteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Fifteenth Assembly District was	3,107
Of which Edward A. Moore received	1,750
S. S. Childs	1,328
Scattering	29

Sixteenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Sixteenth Assembly District was	1,952
Of which George Weir received	867
Edward Dayton "	651
Neill Morrison "	428
Scattering	6

Seventeenth District.

The whole number of votes given for Member of Assembly in the Seventeenth Assembly District was	1,564
Of which Garret Dyckman received	1,026
C. A. Whitehead "	363
Scattering	175

STATEMENT,

In detail, of the entire Vote of this City and County, given at the Election held December 1st, 1857, in pursuance of the provisions of the Amended Charter, passed by the Legislature of this State April 14th, 1857; for the offices of Mayor, Governors of the Alms-house, Supervisors, Aldermen, Councilmen, and Civil and Police Justices.

Mayor—First Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	186	384	.....
Second	124	312	.....
Third	89	324	.....
Fourth	50	59	.....
Fifth	98	197	.....
Totals	547	1276	.....
	547		
Majority	.....	729	

Mayor—Second Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	218	95	.....
Second	220	136	.....
Totals	438	231	.....
	231		
Majority	207		

Mayor—Third Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	122	152	.....
Second	140	77	.....
Third	158	115	.....
Fourth	44	61	.....
Totals	464	405	.....
	405		
Majority	59		

Mayor—Fourth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	205	306	2
Second	113	436	.....
Third	63	340	2
Fourth	63	583	1
Fifth	81	447	.....
Totals	525	2112	5
		525	
Majority	.....	1587	

Mayor—Fifth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	150	275	.....
Second	284	172	1
Third	290	262	.....
Fourth	384	280	1
Fifth	357	147	.....
Sixth	248	213	.....
Totals	1713	1349	2
	1349		
Majority	364		

Mayor—Sixth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	20	27	2
Second	115	392	4
Third	56	270	.....
Fourth	28	451	.....
Fifth	28	296	2
Sixth	62	357	1
Seventh	124	195	1
Eighth	62	413	.....
Totals	495	2401	10
		495	
Majority	.....	1906	

Mayor—Seventh Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	162	76	1
Second	135	146	1
Third	215	368	.....
Fourth	267	141	.....
Fifth	212	249	.....
Sixth	476	168	3
Seventh	362	381	.....
Eighth	135	237	.....
Ninth	286	556	.....
Totals	2250	2322	5
		2250	
Majority	.....	72	

Mayor—Eighth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	217	131	.....
Second	263	292	.....
Third	224	135	.....
Fourth	215	66	.....
Fifth	139	130	.....
Sixth	239	120	.....
Seventh	275	227	.....
Eighth	361	136	.....
Ninth	357	360	.....
Tenth	159	112	.....
Eleventh	106	162	.....
Totals	2555	1871	.....
	1871		
Majority	684		

Mayor—Ninth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	359	254	.....
Second	436	131	.....
Third	738	191	.....
Fourth	348	120	.....
Fifth	431	122	1
Sixth	312	104	.....
Seventh	375	128	.....
Eighth	279	215	.....
Ninth	307	82	1
Tenth	320	104	.....
Eleventh	405	215	.....
Twelfth	308	129	.....
Total	4618	1795	2
	1795		
Majority	2823		

Mayor—Tenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	282	305	.....
Second	319	191	1
Third	305	271	4
Fourth	295	253	.....
Fifth	307	307	1
Sixth	265	300	.....
Totals	1773	1627	6
	1627		
Majority	146		

Mayor—Eleventh Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	97	242	.....
Second	86	379	.....
Third	189	205	.....
Fourth	235	250	.....
Fifth	158	430	.....
Sixth	212	429	4
Seventh	203	280	.....
Eighth	66	350	.....
Ninth	280	213	3
Tenth	420	238	.....
Eleventh	121	90	.....
Twelfth	177	163	.....
Totals	2244	3269	7
		2244	
Majority		1025	

Mayor—Twelfth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	101	116	1
Second	353	304	2
Third	355	166	.....
Fourth	192	133	.....
Fifth	178	168	.....
Totals	1179	887	3
	887		
Majority	291		

Mayor—Thirteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	251	236	1
Second	276	272	1
Third	218	403	2
Fourth	214	207	1
Fifth	400	354	1
Sixth	197	131	.....
Seventh	123	107	1
Totals	1679	1800	7
		1679	
Majority		121	

Mayor—Fourteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	254	290	.....
Second	149	264	.....
Third	177	293	.....
Fourth	58	353	.....
Fifth	51	422	.....
Sixth	102	347	.....
Seventh	131	388	.....
Totals	922	2357	
		922	
Majority		1435	

Mayor—Fifteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	325	109	.....
Second	388	130	.....
Third	239	119	3
Fourth	452	82	.....
Fifth	183	50	1
Sixth	275	47	1
Seventh	269	24	.....
Eighth	343	164	.....
Ninth	270	61	3
Tenth	185	97	.....
Totals	2929	883	8
	883		
Majority	2046		

Mayor—Sixteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	341	203	2
Second	381	307	.....
Third	454	276	.....
Fourth	401	261	.....
Fifth	354	289	1
Sixth	529	198	.....
Seventh	283	263	2
Eighth	26	49	.....
Ninth	462	118	1
Tenth	208	165	.....
Total	3409	2129	6
	2129		
Majority	1280		

Mayor—Seventeenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	230	167	.....
Second	302	251	5
Third	295	216	3
Fourth	339	163	7
Fifth	350	209	.....
Sixth	304	126	.....
Seventh	475	162	.....
Eighth	219	393	.....
Ninth	96	584	2
Tenth	139	211	.....
Eleventh	185	182	.....
Twelfth	126	425	8
Thirteenth	106	267	.....
Fourteenth	33	409	.....
Totals	3199	3765	25
		3199	
Majority	.....	566	

Mayor—Eighteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	398	80	.....
Second	429	89	.....
Third	443	217	1
Fourth	75	514	1
Fifth	422	93	.....
Sixth	288	31	.....
Seventh	412	105	.....
Eighth	511	500	.....
Ninth	272	369	.....
Tenth	62	458	2
Totals	3312	2456	4
	2456		
Majority	856		

Mayor—Nineteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	232	379	.....
Second	244	352	.....
Third	351	332	1
Fourth	239	155	.....
Fifth	136	105	.....
Totals	1202	1323	1
		1202	
Majority		121	

Mayor—Twentieth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	98	248	.....
Second	96	146	.....
Third	304	189	.....
Fourth	374	131	.....
Fifth	411	217	.....
Sixth	399	243	.....
Seventh	251	298	2
Eighth	306	290	1
Ninth	202	268	.....
Tenth	216	325	.....
Eleventh	320	299	1
Twelfth	412	180	.....
Totals	3389	2834	4
	2834		
Majority	555		

Mayor—Twenty-first Ward

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	400	109	.....
Second	528	293	.....
Third	348	103	.....
Fourth	357	359	.....
Fifth	399	93	.....
Sixth	284	418	.....
Seventh	317	393	.....
Totals	2633	1768	
	1768		
Majority	865		

Mayor—Twenty-second.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	501	382	.....
Second	330	306	.....
Third	264	320	2
Fourth	180	311	.....
Fifth	201	267	.....
Sixth	112	182	3
Seventh	52	124	3
Eighth	101	137	.....
Totals	1741	2029	8
		1741	
Majority	.....	288	

Recapitulation of Majorities.

WARD.	Tiemann.	Wood.	Scatter'g.
First	.....	729	.....
Second	207	.....	.....
Third	59	.....	.....
Fourth	.....	1587	5
Fifth	364	.....	2
Sixth	.....	1906	10
Seventh	.....	72	5
Eighth	684	.....	.....
Ninth	2823	.....	2
Tenth	146	.....	6
Eleventh	.....	1025	7
Twelfth	292	.....	3
Thirteenth	.....	121	7
Fourteenth	.....	1435	.....
Fifteenth	2046	.....	8
Sixteenth	1280	.....	6
Seventeenth	.....	566	25
Eighteenth	856	.....	4
Nineteenth	.....	121	1
Twentieth	555	.....	4
Twenty-first	865	.....	.....
Twenty-second	.....	288	8
Total	10,177	7850	103
	7850		
Total Majority	2327		

Governors of the Alms-house—First Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	449	49	70	.....	.....
Second	375	34	27	.....	.....
Third	370	26	17	.....	1
Fourth	63	27	18	.....	.....
Fifth	207	54	32	.....	.....
Totals	1464	190	164	.....	1

Governors of the Alms-house—Second Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	105	99	104	.....	1
Second	148	46	157	.....	5
Totals	253	145	261	.....	6

Governors of the Alms-house—Third Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	163	70	35	.....	.....
Second	88	86	41	.....	.....
Third	128	75	66	.....	.....
Fourth	65	26	13	.....	.....
Totals	444	257	155	.....	.....

Governors of the Alms-house—Fourth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	319	86	96	.....	1
Second	460	46	38	.....	.....
Third	349	37	16	.....	.....
Fourth	589	28	18	.....	.....
Fifth	455	40	32	.....	.....
Totals	2172	237	200	.....	1

Governors of the Alms-house—Fifth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	287	92	32	.....	.....
Second	189	181	80	.....	7
Third	282	143	123	.....	.....
Fourth	278	234	142	.....	11
Fifth	161	198	132	.....	13
Sixth	248	110	98	.....	.....
Totals	1445	958	607	.....	31

Governors of the Alms-house—Sixth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	27	5	14	1	2
Second	401	81	21	.....	8
Third	266	44	5	1	.....
Fourth	453	21	4	1	.....
Fifth	306	16	2	.....	.....
Sixth	364	35	15	.....	.....
Seventh	206	98	15	.....	1
Eighth	420	40	15	.....	.....
Totals	2443	340	91	3	11

Governors of the Alms-house—Seventh Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	75	109	53	.....	.....
Second	148	72	58	.....	.....
Third	270	141	66	.....	.....
Fourth	140	147	120	.....	.....
Fifth	252	94	113	.....	.....
Sixth	167	299	169	.....	2
Seventh	367	204	148	.....	.....
Eighth	237	74	56	.....	5
Ninth	561	134	144	.....	2
Totals	2217	1274	937	.....	9

Governors of the Alms-house—Eighth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	138	99	107	.....	.....
Second	284	148	105	.....	.....
Third	151	89	113	.....	7
Fourth	75	131	72	.....	3
Fifth	133	77	53	1	.....
Sixth	133	92	132	.....	1
Seventh	228	129	130	.....	9
Eighth	139	122	230	.....	.....
Ninth	362	210	140	.....	.....
Tenth	123	65	83	.....	.....
Eleventh	162	43	63	.....	.....
Totals	1928	1205	1227	1	20

Governors of the Alms-house—Ninth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	272	201	135	.....	.....
Second	143	238	184	.....	.....
Third	212	319	387	.....	.....
Fourth	133	179	154	.....	1
Fifth	136	202	208	.....	.....
Sixth	109	147	156	.....	.....
Seventh	144	206	150	.....	.....
Eighth	207	127	154	.....	.....
Ninth	97	142	149	.....	.....
Tenth	112	141	171	.....	.....
Eleventh	218	165	132	.....	.....
Twelfth	130	141	160	.....	.....
Totals	1913	2208	2240	.....	1

Governors of the Alms-house—Tenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	300	178	100	.....	1
Second	190	109	194	1	1
Third	290	136	147	.....	7
Fourth	263	114	165	.....	.....
Fifth	289	144	156	8	18
Sixth	301	72	172	1	.....
Totals	1633	753	934	10	27

Governors of the Alms-house—Eleventh Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	219	49	43	.....	.....
Second	353	25	61	.....	.....
Third	202	46	137	.....	.....
Fourth	253	49	171	.....	.....
Fifth	400	83	64	.....	1
Sixth	418	90	111	.....	26
Seventh	276	107	87	.....	10
Eighth	347	31	30	.....	.....
Ninth	224	106	154	.....	.....
Tenth	251	171	231	.....	.....
Eleventh	92	23	91	.....	.....
Twelfth	176	39	119	.....	.....
Totals	3211	819	1299	.....	37

Governors of the Alms-house—Twelfth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	167	40	9	.....	2
Second	352	225	83	.....	.....
Third	175	190	152	.....	.....
Fourth	214	54	57	.....	.....
Fifth	188	139	16	.....	4
Totals	1096	648	317	.....	6

Governors of the Alms-house—Thirteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	239	111	130	.....	.....
Second	261	128	141	1	.....
Third	405	91	119	.....	8
Fourth	313	110	96	.....	3
Fifth	358	186	201	.....	.....
Sixth	141	80	101	1	.....
Seventh	108	45	73	.....	5
Totals	1825	751	861	2	16

Governors of the Alms-house—Fourteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	334	102	106	.....	.....
Second	264	74	39	.....	1
Third	303	84	79	.....	.....
Fourth	370	24	16	.....	.....
Fifth	428	36	6	.....	.....
Sixth	352	76	15	.....	6
Seventh	383	91	26	10	.....
Totals	2434	487	287	10	7

Governors of the Alms-house—Fifteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	119	169	144	1	.....
Second	140	220	154	.....	1
Third	123	116	112	1	9
Fourth	102	285	145	.....	.....
Fifth	53	109	59	1	.....
Sixth	55	163	95	.....	.....
Seventh	42	172	75	.....	1
Eighth	171	183	146	.....	.....
Ninth	75	134	113	2	10
Tenth	106	117	57	.....	1
Totals	986	1668	1100	5	22

Governors of the Alms-house—Sixteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	205	193	114	.....	.....
Second	307	192	184	.....	.....
Third	280	255	194	.....	.....
Fourth	274	228	145	.....	.....
Fifth	289	210	142	.....	.....
Sixth	203	314	205	.....	.....
Seventh	241	205	97	.....	5
Eighth	47	19	8	.....	.....
Ninth	127	344	108	.....	.....
Tenth	157	147	66	.....	.....
Totals	2130	2107	1263	.....	5

Governors of the Alms-house--Seventeenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	162	95	131	.....	.....
Second	240	124	178	1	2
Third	219	115	174	.....	6
Fourth	162	160	160	2	25
Fifth	217	133	205	.....	.....
Sixth	149	151	123	.....	.....
Seventh	183	254	198	.....	2
Eighth	403	113	84	.....	.....
Ninth	592	46	36	.....	.....
Tenth	228	75	33	.....	.....
Eleventh	186	80	81	.....	20
Twelfth	430	61	17	1	.....
Thirteenth	275	53	22	.....	.....
Fourteenth	404	22	4	.....	1
Totals	3850	1482	1486	4	56

Governors of the Alms-house—Eighteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	86	281	103	1	.....
Second	99	290	118	.....	1
Third	239	272	143	.....	.....
Fourth	543	37	7	.....	.....
Fifth	103	345	64	.....	.....
Sixth	48	196	74	.....	.....
Seventh	120	292	98	.....	.....
Eighth	517	335	148	1	1
Ninth	431	159	40	5	.....
Tenth	473	31	17	.....	1
Totals	2659	2238	812	7	3

Governors of the Alms-house—Nineteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	393	132	85	.....	.....
Second	363	150	78	.....	.....
Third	372	263	43	.....	2
Fourth	184	153	51	2	4
Fifth	132	72	37	.....	.....
Totals	1441	770	294	2	6

Governors of the Alms-house—Twentieth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	248	96	2	.....	.....
Second	149	60	34	.....	.....
Third	197	257	38	.....	1
Fourth	138	274	91	.....	.....
Fifth	228	331	65	.....	.....
Sixth	247	306	86	.....	3
Seventh	306	213	42	.....	.....
Eighth	293	258	42	.....	.....
Ninth	274	114	79	1	.....
Tenth	234	177	26	.....	.....
Eleventh	314	269	33	.....	4
Twelfth	190	320	79	.....	.....
Totals	2918	2675	617	1	8

Governors of the Alms-house—Twenty-first Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	141	202	151	1	.....
Second	319	302	194	3	.....
Third	120	192	126	5	.....
Fourth	392	173	153	.....	.....
Fifth	111	237	131	.....	1
Sixth	444	127	130	.....	.....
Seventh	423	159	113	4	.....
Totals	1950	1392	998	13	1

Governors of the Alms-house—Twenty-second Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarz-waelder.	Scat'g.
First	388	346	140	3	1
Second	330	268	98	.....	.....
Third	331	165	86	.....	.....
Fourth	315	179	22	.....	1
Fifth	264	148	50	.....	.....
Sixth	187	96	8	.....	7
Seventh	128	33	16	.....	2
Eighth	139	71	26	.....	2
Totals	2082	1306	386	3	13

Recapitulation.

WARDS.	Dugro.	Smith.	Wagner.	Schwarzwaelder.	Scat'g.
First	1464	190	164	.....	1
Second	253	145	261	.....	6
Third	444	257	155	.....	.....
Fourth	2172	237	200	.....	1
Fifth	1445	958	607	.....	31
Sixth	2443	340	91	3	11
Seventh	2217	1274	937	.....	9
Eighth	1928	1205	1227	1	20
Ninth	1913	2208	2240	1	.....
Tenth	1633	753	934	10	27
Eleventh	3211	819	1299	.....	37
Twelfth	1096	648	317	.....	6
Thirteenth'	1825	751	861	2	16
Fourteenth	2434	487	287	10	7
Fifteenth	986	1668	1100	5	22
Sixteenth	2130	2107	1343	.....	5
Seventeenth	3850	1482	1486	3	56
Eighteenth	2659	2238	812	7	3
Nineteenth	1444	770	294	2	6
Twentieth	2918	2675	617	1	8
Twenty-first	1950	1392	998	13	1
Twenty-second	2082	1306	386	3	13
Total Vote	42,497	23,910	16,616	61	286

Supervisors—First Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	423	445	445	439	444	445	35	34	32	34	34	34	65	67	87	65	67	65	....
Second	345	355	352	352	355	355	26	25	24	25	25	25	28	32	41	28	28	28	....
Third	376	377	357	377	375	377	17	17	18	17	17	17	7	9	26	7	7	7	1
Fourth	62	63	63	63	63	63	20	21	21	21	21	21	11	11	11	11	11	11	....
Fifth	193	197	196	197	196	197	41	41	40	41	41	41	32	29	37	32	32	32	....
Totals	1399	1437	1413	1428	1433	1437	139	138	135	138	138	138	143	158	202	143	145	143	1

Supervisors—Second Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	102	108	107	105	111	107	99	98	61	99	99	98	89	89	134	87	88	84	1
Second	119	150	149	143	150	150	32	31	12	32	32	32	155	157	211	155	155	154	....
Totals	221	258	256	248	261	257	131	129	73	131	131	130	244	246	345	242	243	238	1

Supervisors—Third Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorlis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First.....	146	146	146	143	148	148	77	77	64	76	77	77	13	19	26	13	13	13	....
Second.....	94	79	76	79	79	79	75	75	51	75	75	60	29	30	54	29	29	29	....
Third.....	112	111	110	111	111	111	66	66	52	67	67	67	64	64	79	63	63	63	....
Fourth.....	62	62	62	62	62	62	17	24	18	24	24	24	11	11	17	11	11	10	....
Totals.....	414	398	394	395	400	400	235	242	185	242	243	268	117	124	176	116	116	115	....

Supervisors—Fourth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorlis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First.....	289	306	302	300	304	303	62	63	62	64	62	63	92	99	97	92	92	92	....
Second.....	433	439	438	435	433	438	26	26	26	26	26	26	27	30	27	27	26	27	....
Third.....	305	309	308	308	309	308	29	30	30	30	30	30	21	22	22	21	21	21	2
Fourth.....	508	531	524	530	529	529	13	13	13	13	13	13	8	13	9	7	6	8	....
Fifth.....	427	433	429	427	431	432	30	30	29	30	30	30	16	26	17	16	17	16	....
Totals.....	1962	2018	2001	2000	2006	2010	160	162	160	163	161	162	164	190	172	162	162	164	2

Supervisors—Fifth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	276	279	278	280	280	276	70	71	70	72	72	72	35	38	41	34	35	35	....
Second	188	193	191	187	192	187	162	165	164	169	167	165	57	59	58	56	55	56	1
Third	372	372	372	372	373	372	140	142	140	143	143	141	107	111	111	107	108	108	....
Fourth	275	275	276	272	276	274	252	255	254	254	256	255	97	98	96	98	97	97	....
Fifth	163	161	159	160	160	160	189	191	190	193	191	191	105	110	110	104	104	104	....
Sixth	235	238	238	238	242	237	102	103	101	105	104	103	91	93	91	91	90	87	1
Totals	1499	1518	1514	1509	1523	1506	915	927	919	936	933	927	492	509	507	490	489	487	2

Supervisors—Sixth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	34	35	35	34	35	35	4	4	4	6	4	4	6	6	9	6	6	4	....
Second	394	397	396	386	397	295	60	61	59	61	60	61	18	17	16	18	17	16	....
Third	277	277	276	278	275	276	27	29	30	28	29	28	2	3	3	2	2	1	....
Fourth	445	444	443	444	445	443	16	16	16	17	16	16	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	5
Fifth	301	295	297	294	294	293	12	12	10	12	11	12	5	4	2	3	2	2	36
Sixth	355	358	358	352	358	357	33	33	33	35	34	33	7	11	7	7	7	7	....
Seventh	204	210	208	214	210	203	58	58	58	60	55	60	13	12	8	7	6	5	....
Eighth	397	397	397	387	380	397	28	28	28	30	30	30	4	31	4	4	4	4	....
Totals	2407	2413	2410	2389	2394	2399	238	241	238	249	239	244	55	84	52	47	44	39	41

Supervisors—Seventh Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Weismann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder	Scattering.
First.....	76	77	77	74	77	77	97	102	97	98	99	99	52	50	50	50	50	49	2
Second.....	144	147	145	144	147	147	62	62	63	63	63	63	55	57	57	55	54	54	....
Third.....	354	358	358	354	355	353	131	130	129	128	129	130	62	80	66	63	71	60	....
Fourth.....	141	142	135	136	142	138	131	132	131	131	131	133	114	118	112	114	130	114	2
Fifth.....	243	263	262	259	262	259	80	79	80	79	79	79	99	109	101	99	100	98	....
Sixth.....	162	173	172	167	172	172	291	296	297	299	296	297	141	144	140	147	152	141	....
Seventh.....	335	416	410	408	402	414	190	191	192	192	193	191	127	133	129	127	156	126	....
Eighth.....	195	243	241	243	244	244	55	52	52	52	52	52	59	59	60	59	82	58	....
Ninth.....	501	589	581	584	586	578	118	117	115	117	117	117	120	122	122	120	157	119	4
Totals.....	2151	2408	2381	2367	2387	2382	1155	1161	1156	1159	1159	1161	829	872	837	834	952	819	8

Supervisors—Eighth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	128	129	130	129	132	131	77	78	78	81	79	79	96	99	96	96	98	96	....
Second	277	277	279	277	280	279	125	126	125	126	126	127	97	102	98	97	96	97	....
Third	143	148	147	143	151	148	79	79	79	80	79	79	107	113	103	107	107	107	3
Fourth	79	79	79	75	80	79	120	120	119	119	120	120	67	68	68	67	67	67	9
Fifth	139	142	141	139	140	142	66	64	64	64	64	64	40	40	39	39	39	38	....
Sixth	123	127	127	125	130	126	84	86	84	88	86	86	116	119	114	113	113	114	....
Seventh	233	231	233	231	234	232	103	100	108	106	105	102	129	131	128	129	127	132	....
Eighth	150	152	152	152	154	153	119	117	117	119	119	119	201	203	202	200	201	204	....
Ninth	370	371	370	369	369	371	201	201	201	203	202	201	130	132	132	129	130	126	....
Tenth	118	119	118	114	118	119	65	65	66	65	65	65	73	79	73	73	73	73	....
Eleventh	159	161	160	160	161	160	42	44	44	44	44	44	52	51	50	50	50	50	1
Totals	1910	1936	1936	1914	1949	1940	1081	1080	1085	1095	1089	1086	1108	1137	1103	1100	1101	1104	13

Supervisors—Ninth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Rocho.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Biker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	276	280	278	275	277	278	192	194	188	197	204	195	116	110	112	104	108	108	8
Second	143	144	142	137	145	143	207	205	199	214	212	209	184	179	183	181	175	175	....
Third	207	212	213	212	213	213	312	309	310	324	324	319	348	344	344	341	341	337	....
Fourth	137	135	137	135	135	137	164	165	163	167	173	164	136	135	132	131	129	132	6
Fifth	143	143	143	143	143	143	166	168	168	168	168	169	193	188	187	187	187	187	....
Sixth	123	125	125	124	125	126	135	134	138	141	139	137	125	123	123	118	117	120	....
Seventh	138	141	140	138	140	140	191	197	196	204	209	199	140	132	130	134	131	132	....
Eighth	226	226	226	226	226	225	117	118	117	117	120	117	137	134	134	134	133	133	....
Ninth	97	101	100	99	100	99	136	137	129	139	141	138	146	135	134	133	134	133	....
Tenth	116	119	118	117	120	118	120	122	118	121	124	120	153	151	146	146	146	144	1
Eleventh	223	227	226	230	227	227	146	145	142	146	156	145	203	216	205	206	205	209	....
Twelfth	129	130	130	130	139	130	130	131	134	141	131	131	140	138	138	132	130	137	....
Totals	1958	1983	1978	1966	1990	1979	2016	2025	2002	2079	2101	2043	2021	1985	1968	1947	1936	1947	15

Supervisors—Tenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	284	299	303	229	303	275	170	172	222	175	174	174	78	76	81	78	137	79	....
Second	191	205	206	163	204	198	110	116	136	118	115	115	176	169	175	171	201	176	....
Third	282	291	299	264	291	248	125	127	198	145	143	146	129	118	128	128	137	126	65
Fourth	264	272	270	265	277	268	97	93	97	98	96	98	147	152	154	147	152	155	....
Fifth	304	304	304	263	317	292	125	128	162	133	128	129	135	153	135	133	163	133	....
Sixth	268	293	279	249	295	287	65	80	108	81	80	80	144	230	143	143	154	141	1
Totals	1593	1664	1661	1433	1687	1568	692	716	923	750	736	742	809	898	816	800	944	810	66

Supervisors—Eleventh Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	212	233	232	233	233	231	40	40	44	40	40	40	39	41	39	39	46	39	....
Second	318	371	365	370	371	371	13	13	15	13	13	13	45	45	45	45	68	45	....
Third	159	203	187	198	198	196	42	42	46	42	42	42	122	122	122	122	135	122	....
Fourth	229	274	271	273	273	273	36	36	37	38	36	36	141	144	141	142	154	139	4
Fifth	442	444	444	443	442	444	70	70	70	70	71	70	59	61	60	59	60	59	....
Sixth	430	430	429	429	428	429	93	93	95	93	93	99	100	101	101	100	100	96	....
Seventh	295	299	299	299	299	299	95	95	95	95	95	96	67	74	67	67	67	67	....
Eighth	340	340	340	340	340	340	32	32	32	32	32	32	20	21	20	20	20	20	....
Ninth	237	242	243	241	242	242	106	107	103	107	107	107	128	127	124	124	126	125	....
Tenth	264	264	264	264	264	262	175	176	174	177	175	178	200	200	198	200	198	198	1
Eleventh	98	101	101	98	99	100	34	34	34	34	34	37	68	70	68	68	68	68	....
Twelfth	176	186	184	184	186	186	38	38	37	39	38	38	107	113	108	108	108	108	....
Totals	3200	3387	3359	3372	3375	3373	774	776	782	780	776	789	1096	1119	1095	1092	1152	1086	5

Supervisors—Twelfth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	167	167	167	167	167	167	30	30	30	30	30	30	6	6	6	6	6	6	....
Second	381	379	379	378	382	378	168	168	165	169	168	168	81	83	85	92	83	83	....
Third	186	189	189	189	192	190	147	145	145	151	149	148	157	157	152	170	155	156	....
Fourth	211	213	212	213	213	213	38	38	36	38	38	40	62	62	61	64	61	62	....
Fifth	195	195	195	195	192	192	128	128	127	129	127	128	12	12	14	13	12	10	....
Totals	1140	1143	1142	1142	1146	1140	511	509	503	517	512	514	318	320	318	345	317	323	....

Supervisors—Thirteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	120	139	234	235	238	223	107	107	126	107	107	107	117	115	117	115	177	115	1
Second	247	315	301	299	314	315	108	108	110	109	111	109	121	122	121	121	142	120	....
Third	311	407	406	401	409	406	87	87	87	88	87	88	89	93	92	91	181	91	....
Fourth	226	326	325	324	324	326	84	85	84	83	85	85	87	89	87	86	114	85	....
Fifth	313	375	372	370	377	376	154	154	156	156	156	157	175	175	175	176	198	172	....
Sixth	120	153	152	152	155	155	73	72	72	72	72	73	67	77	67	67	79	67	....
Seventh	73	116	115	115	116	113	30	30	31	30	30	30	75	74	75	75	112	75	11
Totals	1410	1831	1905	1896	1933	1914	643	643	666	648	648	649	731	747	734	731	1003	725	12

Supervisors Fourteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	308	314	315	314	314	315	88	86	87	89	89	85	79	83	79	79	79	79	....
Second	276	280	271	277	280	279	70	71	71	71	71	71	21	32	24	21	23	20	....
Third	306	309	306	305	309	307	73	73	74	73	74	73	72	72	71	71	72	71	....
Fourth	355	354	350	352	355	354	22	23	23	23	23	23	9	13	8	9	10	9	7
Fifth	418	423	424	422	428	426	35	35	34	37	35	36	3	5	3	3	3	3	1
Sixth	349	360	359	353	358	360	62	65	64	66	66	65	8	13	7	8	9	8	12
Seventh	374	392	386	376	392	391	84	86	88	86	86	86	15	34	15	15	16	15	3
Totals	2386	2432	2411	2399	2436	2432	434	439	441	445	444	439	207	252	207	206	212	205	23

Supervisors—Fifteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Biker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	104	105	106	106	106	106	165	164	164	169	165	166	132	132	132	129	131	132	....
Second	145	146	147	143	145	145	203	206	205	220	204	205	126	122	123	125	115	123	....
Third	126	125	124	125	124	126	109	109	113	114	109	109	92	96	92	87	87	93	....
Fourth	103	106	104	102	103	104	272	271	264	278	271	273	108	101	103	104	106	104	....
Fifth	57	56	58	57	58	58	106	105	101	107	107	107	52	49	49	50	50	50	1
Sixth	63	64	63	61	61	64	141	141	142	146	141	142	76	74	76	74	74	75	....
Seventh	40	40	36	39	39	35	162	162	162	163	162	163	51	51	51	51	54	56	....
Eighth	167	169	164	164	166	168	147	148	173	179	147	150	114	115	115	87	87	117	....
Ninth	75	79	76	76	79	78	123	123	130	138	123	124	87	86	86	77	81	86	2
Tenth	107	109	106	106	106	106	116	117	114	118	117	116	39	38	38	38	38	37	....
Totals	987	999	984	979	987	990	1544	1546	1568	1632	1546	1555	877	864	865	822	823	873	3

Supervisors—Sixteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Shillman.	G. Briggs	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	201	205	202	202	202	203	181	181	179	182	183	182	97	96	94	94	94	93	....
Second	314	318	318	318	321	318	167	168	170	172	168	168	161	165	162	160	160	162	....
Third	289	294	293	294	295	295	202	201	207	209	202	202	177	178	175	168	169	176	....
Fourth	298	272	271	271	271	273	182	184	180	184	186	183	147	149	148	145	146	143	....
Fifth	296	297	294	294	294	296	175	176	180	184	174	177	126	125	124	122	120	122	....
Sixth	261	261	262	262	262	262	262	264	264	266	264	266	161	135	158	157	158	156	....
Seventh	281	288	287	288	288	288	118	120	116	116	120	118	108	113	106	105	106	106	....
Eighth	48	49	49	49	49	49	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	12	....
Ninth	138	141	138	138	141	141	274	276	272	282	280	279	126	122	120	118	118	118	....
Tenth	165	164	165	165	166	166	128	127	130	132	128	127	63	64	61	59	60	61	....
Totals	2266	2287	2279	2281	2289	2290	1721	1729	1730	1761	1737	1734	1279	1283	1260	1139	1140	1149	....

Supervisors—Seventeenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Biker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	164	164	156	154	163	163	91	91	88	92	91	92	117	116	119	115	115	115	....
Second	232	231	231	232	232	231	121	121	121	121	121	121	153	152	152	152	152	152	....
Third	178	179	178	178	178	178	116	118	121	120	119	120	145	144	144	144	145	148	1
Fourth	158	161	160	157	160	163	156	156	154	158	157	148	133	134	130	133	132	132	1
Fifth	204	206	205	206	206	206	121	121	121	121	119	125	175	178	178	177	182	176	....
Sixth	126	129	128	126	127	125	140	141	139	141	142	143	102	101	103	101	100	100	....
Seventh	181	181	183	179	182	183	231	234	229	234	234	233	164	165	161	163	165	163	....
Eighth	394	396	396	396	396	390	103	104	104	104	105	105	62	59	58	58	59	58	1
Ninth	568	571	570	568	569	570	62	65	64	63	64	64	7	7	8	7	7	8	....
Tenth	209	210	206	209	208	209	69	67	75	69	70	72	34	35	35	35	34	25	....
Eleventh	159	158	157	156	160	160	82	82	84	87	82	83	66	70	63	65	67	64	....
Twelfth	402	406	405	399	405	402	62	62	84	62	62	62	21	28	23	23	23	39	6
Thirteenth	370	272	267	270	272	270	49	51	59	51	51	52	20	20	21	21	20	22	....
Fourteenth	394	395	394	395	394	387	16	16	21	16	16	16	2	3	2	2	2	2	....
Totals	3639	3639	3636	3625	3652	3637	1419	1429	1464	1439	1423	1436	1201	1212	1197	1196	1203	1214	9

Supervisors—Eighteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	91	97	96	92	96	96	238	238	240	241	237	239	71	70	69	69	69	69	....
Second	115	118	117	113	116	116	257	258	285	291	258	262	82	82	79	52	53	80	1
Third	231	234	236	222	235	234	264	267	260	272	265	266	99	99	97	94	94	97	....
Fourth	535	539	538	538	537	538	36	36	36	36	36	36	5	8	5	5	5	5	....
Fifth	121	122	122	121	121	121	280	280	255	286	282	284	56	54	88	53	53	56	....
Sixth	48	53	49	48	49	52	183	184	181	184	182	182	51	49	46	38	35	45	....
Seventh	124	134	130	130	130	133	263	262	257	264	263	263	73	73	67	67	70	72	....
Eighth	541	545	545	545	547	548	287	287	286	290	287	288	126	125	127	126	129	125	....
Ninth	407	412	406	403	408	410	171	170	167	172	171	171	20	19	18	20	17	20	2
Tenth	467	467	467	367	467	467	20	21	20	20	20	20	13	13	13	13	12	13	....
Totals	2680	2521	2706	2679	2706	2715	1999	2003	1987	2056	2001	2011	596	592	610	537	537	582	3

Supervisors—Nineteenth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Weismann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	394	402	401	399	402	402	126	125	125	126	125	126	68	68	70	67	70	67	....
Second	368	371	366	365	368	366	154	154	153	152	154	154	60	63	62	60	63	59	....
Third	390	391	390	389	415	391	255	257	235	257	256	258	24	24	27	25	24	23	....
Fourth	181	181	178	180	182	181	153	153	151	151	153	152	36	34	37	34	34	34	1
Fifth	129	131	131	129	132	131	77	77	76	75	77	77	25	25	31	25	25	25	....
Total	1462	1476	1466	1462	1499	1471	765	766	740	761	765	767	213	214	227	211	215	208	1

Supervisors—Twentieth Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	194	194	194	194	194	194	83	84	83	83	84	83	5	5	5	4	4	4	....
Second	142	150	150	149	149	150	57	57	57	57	57	57	25	33	24	24	24	24	....
Third	191	193	193	192	192	193	252	250	255	255	252	251	22	22	20	21	19	20	....
Fourth	131	133	133	132	133	135	271	280	271	274	281	275	76	74	73	67	66	74	....
Fifth	218	221	221	221	221	222	298	304	296	299	305	299	61	68	61	55	55	61	....
Sixth	242	244	244	244	244	244	273	283	273	275	285	275	73	72	71	61	64	72	....
Seventh	307	307	302	306	306	306	200	217	200	201	220	201	24	28	25	5	5	24	2
Eighth	289	296	296	296	295	298	229	232	228	229	232	229	37	43	37	34	34	37	2
Ninth	243	264	264	265	264	264	101	103	101	101	101	101	81	103	82	82	61	82	....
Tenth	335	340	340	336	340	340	167	169	166	168	168	167	16	25	15	15	15	15	....
Eleventh	304	304	304	290	303	304	247	275	249	249	259	249	33	34	33	23	21	33	....
Twelfth	188	189	190	187	188	189	330	333	330	330	333	330	34	36	36	31	31	34	....
Totals	2784	2835	2831	2812	2829	2839	2508	2587	2509	2521	2577	2517	487	538	482	422	419	480	4

Supervisors—Twenty-first Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Eiker.	Warner	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	134	137	137	138	137	138	184	175	184	186	189	189	125	127	124	123	118	124	3
Second	313	320	320	317	318	320	219	220	215	224	225	222	198	198	201	195	194	194	2
Third	120	122	120	121	121	121	146	145	140	153	146	146	123	123	119	119	124	120	1
Fourth	386	398	395	396	396	397	123	123	122	126	123	124	151	152	152	152	150	150	1
Fifth	102	104	105	103	106	104	208	207	207	211	312	212	131	126	125	130	125	127	....
Sixth	436	440	440	436	440	442	106	106	105	109	106	109	119	118	122	119	120	119	....
Seventh	421	424	422	422	422	422	151	149	152	151	151	150	100	100	99	100	99	100	....
Totals	1912	1945	1939	1933	1940	1944	1137	1125	1125	1160	1152	1152	947	944	942	938	930	934	7

Supervisors—Twenty-second Ward.

ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Eiker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
First	386	385	385	378	385	382	321	322	313	318	320	318	134	133	142	133	132	133	....
Second	326	328	328	318	327	328	243	246	244	246	246	246	19	20	31	14	19	18	1
Third	337	341	338	334	342	339	146	145	144	146	146	145	76	76	84	75	75	76	....
Fourth	319	319	319	319	319	319	151	151	151	151	151	151	20	20	20	20	20	20	....
Fifth	266	270	270	270	270	270	122	123	123	123	123	123	49	49	51	49	48	49	....
Sixth	193	194	194	194	192	194	81	81	81	81	81	81	2	2	3	2	2	2	....
Seventh	132	129	132	130	132	132	37	37	37	37	37	37	5	5	7	5	5	5	....
Eighth	143	143	143	142	142	143	56	59	59	59	59	59	26	26	26	26	26	28	....
Totals	2102	2109	2109	2085	2109	2107	1157	1164	1152	1161	1163	1160	331	331	364	324	327	331	1

RECAPITULATION.

WARD.	Tweed.	Bell.	Purdy.	Roche.	Conner.	J. R. Briggs.	Kennedy.	Stewart.	Wiesmann.	Blunt.	Voorhis.	Stillman.	G. Briggs.	Reed.	Corwin.	Riker.	Warner.	Snyder.	Scattering.
1st	1319	1437	1413	1428	1433	1437	139	138	135	138	138	138	143	158	202	143	145	143	1
2d....	221	253	256	248	261	257	131	129	73	131	131	130	244	246	345	242	243	238	1
3d....	414	398	394	395	400	400	235	242	185	242	243	168	117	124	176	116	116	115	....
4th....	1962	2018	2001	2000	2006	2010	160	162	160	163	161	162	164	190	172	162	162	164	2
5th....	1499	1518	1514	1509	1523	1506	915	927	919	936	933	927	492	509	507	490	489	487	2
6th....	2407	2413	2410	2389	2394	2399	238	241	238	249	239	244	55	84	52	47	44	39	41
7th....	2151	2408	2381	2367	2387	2382	1155	1161	1156	1159	1159	1161	829	872	837	834	952	819	8
8th....	1919	1936	1936	1914	1949	1940	1081	1080	1085	1095	1089	1086	1108	1137	1103	1100	1101	1104	13
9th....	1958	1983	1978	1956	1990	1979	2016	2025	2002	2079	2001	2043	2021	1985	1968	1947	1936	1947	15
10th....	1593	1664	1661	1433	1687	1568	692	716	923	750	736	742	809	898	816	800	944	810	66
11th....	3200	3387	3359	3372	3375	3373	774	776	782	780	776	789	1096	1119	1095	1092	1152	1086	5
12th....	1140	1143	1142	1142	1146	1140	511	509	503	517	512	514	318	320	318	345	317	323	....
13th....	1410	1831	1905	1896	1933	1914	643	643	666	648	648	649	730	747	724	731	1003	725	12
14th....	2386	2432	2411	2399	2436	2432	434	439	441	445	444	439	207	252	207	206	212	205	23
15th....	987	999	984	979	989	990	1544	1546	1568	1632	1546	1555	877	864	865	822	823	873	3
16th....	2260	2287	2279	2281	2289	2290	1721	1729	1730	1761	1737	1734	1279	1283	1260	1139	1140	1149	....
17th....	3639	3659	3636	3625	3652	3637	1419	1429	1464	1439	1423	1436	1201	1212	1797	1196	1203	1214	9
18th....	2680	2521	2706	2679	2706	2715	1999	2003	1987	2056	2001	2011	596	592	610	537	537	582	3
19th....	1462	1476	1466	1462	1499	1471	765	766	749	761	765	767	213	214	227	211	215	208	1
20th....	2784	2835	2831	2812	2829	2839	2508	2587	2509	2521	2577	2517	487	538	482	422	419	480	4
21st	1912	1945	1939	1933	1940	1944	1137	1125	1125	1160	1152	1152	947	944	942	938	930	934	7
22d....	2102	2109	2109	2085	2109	2107	1157	1164	1152	1161	1163	1160	331	331	364	324	327	331	1
Totals...	41,485	42,657	42,711	42,314	42,933	42,730	21,374	21,537	21,543	21,823	21,674	21,624	14,265	14,619	14,469	13,844	14,510	13,976	217

Alderman—First Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Murray	Smith.	Wilson.	McCay.	Scat'g.
First	First	204	109	101	152	.....
"	Second	260	59	53	69	.....
"	Third	361	18	15	31	.....
"	Fourth	44	40	3	12	.....
"	Fifth	109	96	38	44	1
Second	First	58	192	33	10	3
"	Second	67	181	72	5	2
Third	First	75	96	63	12	.....
"	Second	37	106	42	6	5
"	Third	73	124	30	5	.....
Fourth	First	84	145	126	94	32
Sixth	"	22	6	7	14	3
Totals		1394	1172	583	454	46

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Murray	Smith.	Wilson.	McCay.	Scat'g.
First	978	322	210	308	1
Second	125	373	105	15	5
Third	185	326	135	23	5
Fourth	84	145	126	94	32
Sixth	22	6	7	14	3
Totals	1394	1172	583	454	46

Alderman—Second Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Clancy	Crowe.	Baulch	Shehan	Doyle.	Congan	Scat'g.
Fourth..	Second	132	224	145	4	3	4	.....
" ..	Third.....	118	181	6	13	46	1	28
" ..	Fourth	149	343	6	19	99	.....	.....
" ..	Fifth.....	224	200	9	3	48	.....	3
Sixth...	Second	358	68	32	.....	.....	2	11
" ...	Third.....	272	29	5	.....	.....	.....	5
" ...	Fourth	434	25	8	.....	.....	2	4
" ...	Fifth	302	13	2	.....	.....	1	4
" ...	Sixth.....	355	26	13	.....	.....	2	12
Totals.....		2344	1109	226	39	196	12	67

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Clancy	Crowe.	Baulch	Shehan	Doyle.	Congan	Scat'g.
Fourth.....	623	948	166	39	196	5	31
Sixth	1721	161	60	.....	.....	7	36
Totals.....	2344	1109	226	39	196	12	67

Alderman—Third Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Hoffmire.	Besson.	Snyder.	Scat'g.
Third	Fourth	53	35	.....	8
Fifth	First	312	83	.....	3
"	Second	213	211	.....	3
"	Third.	289	239	.....	.....
"	Fourth.....	295	339	.....	13
"	Fifth	189	267	.....	6
"	Sixth	251	187	.....	.....
Eighth.....	First	96	220	.....	13
"	Second	259	241	16	6
"	Third	139	186	.....	13
"	Fourth	84	177	.....	6
"	Fifth	122	102	.....	28
Totals.....		2302	2287	16	99

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Hoffmire.	Besson.	Snyder.	Scat'g.
Third.....	53	35	.....	8
Fifth	1549	1326	.....	25
Eighth.....	700	926	16	66
Totals.....	2302	2287	16	99

Alderman—Fourth Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Stephens.	Lindsay.	Scat'g.
Sixth	Seventh	191	77	26
"	Eighth	411	35	15
Seventh	First	70	158	5
"	Second	144	115	4
"	Third	344	196	4
"	Fourth	134	255	4
"	Fifth	245	187	.....
"	Sixth	146	445	1
Tenth	Fourth	263	251	.. ...
"	Fifth	318	241	31
"	Sixth	333	202	.....
Thirteenth	Seventh	104	102	15
Fourteenth	Sixth	346	68	15
	Seventh	397	94	7
Totals		3446	2426	127

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Stephens.	Lindsay.	Scat'g.
Sixth	602	112	41
Seventh	1083	1356	18
Tenth	914	694	31
Thirteenth	104	102	15
Fourteenth	743	162	22
Totals	3446	2426	127

Alderman—Fifth Aldermanic District.

WARD-	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tucker.	Bonsall.	Scat'g.
Eighth	Sixth	197	121	.....
"	Seventh	246	215	18
"	Eighth	333	144	11
"	Ninth	340	360	.....
"	Tenth	142	113	.....
"	Eleventh	91	163	8
Ninth	First	517	266	.....
"	Second	396	140	.....
"	Third	678	192	12
Fifteenth	Fifth	303	97	.....
"	Second	338	126	.....
"	Third	203	109	16
Totals		3584	2046	80

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Tucker.	Bonsall.	Scat'g.
Eighth	1349	1116	37
Ninth	1391	598	27
Fifteenth	841	332	16
Totals	3584	2046	80

Alderman—Sixth Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Tuomey.	Bennett.	Scat'g.
Tenth	First	293	243	24
"	Second	188	290	9
"	Third	286	264	11
Thirteenth	First	229	218	15
Fourteenth	"	205	177	7
"	Second	275	56	44
"	Third	299	136	5
"	Fourth	359	39	3
"	Fifth	428	33	4
Seventeenth	First	159	199	6
"	Second	222	270	44
"	Third	204	262	38
Totals		3247	2187	210

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Tuomey.	Bennett.	Scat'g.
Tenth	767	797	44
Thirteenth	229	218	15
Fourteenth	1666	441	63
Seventeenth	585	731	88
Totals	3247	2187	210

Alderman—Seventh Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Starr.	Bean.	Smith.	Scat'g.
Ninth	Fourth	173	136	130	2
"	Fifth	158	151	207	.....
"	Sixth	141	131	111	7
"	Seventh	193	136	138	.....
"	Eighth	121	230	133	.....
"	Ninth	137	101	129	2
"	Tenth	132	119	149	7
"	Eleventh	136	238	224	3
"	Twelfth	132	135	130	18
Fifteenth	Fourth	220	118	130	.....
"	Fifth	91	69	59	3
"	Sixth	118	67	80	.....
"	Seventh	152	47	50	5
"	Tenth	93	125	44	.....
Totals		1997	1803	1714	47

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Starr.	Bean.	Smith.	Scat'g.
Ninth	1323	1377	1351	39
Fifteenth	674	426	363	8
Totals	1997	1803	1714	47

Alderman—Eighth Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Adams	McConnell	Walker	Floyd.	Falconer.	Scat'g.
Seventh.....	Seventh	346	144	128	77	.....	19
"	Eighth	166	129	33	36	1	3
"	Ninth	487	192	69	65	5	.....
Eleventh	First.....	74	172	31	.....	.....	12
"	Second.....	153	255	7	.....	.....	12
"	Third	109	147	26	.....	1	.....
"	Fourth	160	168	22	.....	.....	12
Thirteenth...	Second	147	173	83	106	1	.....
" ...	Third.....	157	333	56	50	.....	4
" ...	Fourth	201	178	56	57	11	20
" ...	Fifth.....	282	221	100	122	15	3
" ...	Sixth.....	158	63	33	47	26	.....
Totals.....		2440	2175	644	560	60	85

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Adams	McConnell	Walker	Floyd.	Falconer.	Scat'g.
Seventh.....	999	465	230	178	6	22
Eleventh	496	742	86	.....	1	36
Thirteenth.....	945	968	328	382	53	27
Totals.....	2440	2175	644	560	60	85

Alderman—Ninth Aldermanic District.
(Sixteenth Ward.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Gregory.	Ranney.	Fullmer.	Scat'g.
Sixteenth	First	180	216	62	.....
"	Second	282	304	77	.....
"	Third	328	307	57	8
"	Fourth	332	246	28	2
"	Fifth	343	267	17	.....
"	Sixth	226	376	71	.....
"	Seventh	280	193	27	27
"	Eighth	47	24	2	.....
"	Ninth	199	306	40	10
"	Tenth	198	153	11	.....
Totals		2415	2402	292	47

Alderman—Tenth Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Lines.	Riley.	Browning	Berrien.	Scat'g.
Fifteenth	Eighth	251	74	87	1	.....
"	Ninth	208	29	46	.....	13
Seventeenth	Fourth	280	115	64	5	13
"	Fifth	277	48	206	4	5
"	Sixth	238	74	73	4	5
"	Seventh	384	103	103	7	.....
"	Eighth	153	241	179	2	.....
"	Ninth	66	456	156	.....	.....
"	Tenth	84	107	129	3	7
"	Eleventh	127	38	147	2	34
Totals		2068	1285	1190	28	77

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Lines.	Riley.	Browning	Berrien.	Scat'g.
Fifteenth	459	103	133	1	13
Seventeenth	1609	1182	1057	27	64
Totals	2068	1285	1190	28	77

Alderman—Eleventh Aldermanic District.
(*Twentieth Ward.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Reed.	Connolly.	Ryer.	Scat'g.
Twentieth	First	90	196	55	.....
"	Second	87	62	88	.....
"	Third	270	140	65	3
"	Fourth	308	64	111	1
"	Fifth	346	127	120	3
"	Sixth	333	121	160	6
"	Seventh	216	157	168	2
"	Eighth	269	197	95	6
"	Ninth	175	193	80	.....
"	Tenth	184	235	105	.....
"	Eleventh	269	231	95	5
"	Twelfth	357	106	87	.....
Totals		2904	1829	1229	26

Alderman—Twelfth Aldermanic District.

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Boole.	Perley.	Anderson	Scat'g.
Eleventh	Fifth	315	113	147	1
"	Sixth	217	169	244	.....
"	Seventh	130	147	188	.....
"	Eighth	197	48	160	.....
"	Ninth	179	215	84	.....
"	Tenth	154	329	159	.....
"	Eleventh	37	85	85	.....
"	Twelfth	124	125	76	.....
Seventeenth	"	262	60	168	148
"	Thirteenth	163	34	110	40
"	Fourteenth	304	14	83	28
Totals		2082	1339	1504	217

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Boole.	Perley.	Anderson	Scat'g.
Eleventh	1353	1231	1143	1
Seventeenth	729	108	361	216
Totals	2082	1339	1504	217

Alderman—Thirteenth Aldermanic District.

(*Twenty second Ward.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Willmot.	Seagrist	Witter.	Walsh.	Drake.	Chamberlain.	Scat.
22d.....	First.....	354	138	125	108	94	37	....
"	Second....	262	169	95	23	64	17	1
"	Third.....	160	182	99	17	103	21	....
"	Fourth....	141	64	64	183	24	8	....
"	Fifth.....	165	104	70	92	25	7	....
"	Sixth.....	64	117	41	26	50	.....	....
"	Seventh...	36	48	31	10	51	2	....
"	Eighth ...	80	25	84	8	38	1	....
Totals.....		1262	847	609	467	449	93	1

Alderman—Fourteenth Aldermanic District.

(*Eighteenth Ward.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Bradley.	Valentine	Brakely.	Smith.	Scat.
Eighteenth .	First.....	86	161	151	6	....
" ..	Second	116	120	232	14	....
" ..	Third	211	221	155	34	1
" ..	Fourth.....	474	58	9	36	6
" ..	Fifth	107	141	200	23	....
" ..	Sixth.....	39	106	125	11	....
" ..	Seventh	87	111	222	39	....
" ..	Eighth.....	475	279	160	49	7
" .	Ninth.....	383	131	70	33	....
" ..	Tenth.....	387	60	2	61	3
Totals.....		2365	1388	1326	306	17

Alderman—Fifteenth Aldermanic District.

(*Twenty-first Ward.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Owens.	Mahony.	Varian.	Scat'g.
Twenty-first.....	First.....	228	93	155	.....
"	Second.....	401	223	136	.....
"	Third.....	204	75	124	.....
"	Fourth.....	249	317	121	3
"	Fifth	307	81	69	.....
"	Sixth	217	408	61	.....
"	Seventh.....	207	366	115	.....
Totals.....		1813	1563	781	3

Alderman—Sixteenth Aldermanic District.

(*Nineteenth Ward.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	McSpedon	Clifton.	McCahill.	Scat'g.
Nineteenth.....	First.....	278	181	139	.....
"	Second.....	180	198	205	.....
"	Third	264	281	130	.....
"	Fourth	162	181	40	1
"	Fifth	116	99	16	5
Totals.....		1000	940	530	6

Alderman—Seventeenth Aldermanic District.

(*Twelfth Ward.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Davis.	McLeod.	Jackson.	Scat'g.
Twelfth.....	First.....	31	41	137	.....
"	Second.....	242	259	145	4
"	Third	305	154	42	.....
"	Fourth	93	122	100	.....
"	Fifth.....	138	97	104	.....
Totals.....		809	673	528	4

Councilmen—Fourth Senatorial District.

WARDS.	ELECTION DISTRICTS.	McCarthy.	Bickford.	Judson.	Gilmartin.	Crawford.	McGarren.	Parker.	Edwards.	Suchmeister.	Martin.	Barnaby.	Haggerty.	Hopper.	Doran.	Kennedy.	Van Glahn.	Bayley.	Green.	Monaghan.	Scattering.
1st...	1st....	463	467	466	466	214	214	95	95	95	95	95	95	152	139	....	95	101	....	....	3
" ...	2d....	386	386	386	386	262	262	51	51	52	51	51	51	68	60	....	52	52	....	....	....
" ...	3d....	402	407	407	407	361	361	15	15	15	15	15	15	30	23	....	16	16	....	....	....
" ...	4th....	60	60	57	60	44	44	37	37	37	37	37	37	12	12	....	4	7	....	....	....
" ...	5th....	192	192	192	192	111	111	87	87	87	87	87	87	36	36	....	37	38	....	....	....
2d...	1st....	101	101	101	103	61	59	189	189	200	186	189	189	9	8	....	33	33	....	....	....
" ...	2d....	135	138	137	138	86	81	180	179	173	179	179	179	....	....	....	52	51	....	....	....
3d...	1st....	154	155	149	153	137	140	95	95	93	94	94	94	18	11	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	2d....	48	88	87	88	49	54	105	105	104	104	104	104	4	4	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	3d....	114	115	116	116	114	114	118	118	118	118	118	116	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	4th....	61	61	61	61	61	62	34	34	34	34	34	34	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
4th...	1st....	246	257	230	245	216	153	168	165	158	168	158	168	112	10	....	12	11	....	....	....
" ...	2d....	487	493	453	473	417	493	32	32	31	33	33	30	55	36	111	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	3d....	259	350	323	345	296	328	35	34	34	36	36	30	43	17	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	4th....	609	611	570	609	513	603	8	8	8	.....	11	8	45	8	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	5th....	475	471	431	474	409	475	27	24	27	26	31	27	75	41	....	....	....	....	....	3
5th...	1st....	294	304	302	303	305	305	90	89	88	89	89	87	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
" ...	2d....	207	213	200	208	211	208	217	205	203	206	206	204	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
" ...	3d....	276	283	284	283	284	282	246	246	246	245	246	246	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	4th....	286	289	289	286	288	287	344	343	343	344	343	343	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	5th....	160	162	163	163	163	161	281	281	281	281	281	281	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	6th....	243	242	243	242	242	241	187	187	187	186	187	188	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
6th...	1st....	42	42	42	42	26	26	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	....	7	7	....	....	....
" ...	2d....	436	424	423	447	424	427	13	12	11	12	12	11	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	3d....	279	280	479	285	280	279	24	24	24	24	24	24	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	4th....	452	452	448	456	438	452	15	15	15	15	15	15	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	5th....	284	282	283	307	283	285	11	11	11	11	11	11	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	24
" ...	6th....	368	367	368	376	368	376	33	33	33	33	33	34	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	7th....	213	212	212	214	212	212	76	76	75	75	76	76	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Councilmen—Fourth Senatorial District—Continued.

WARDS.	ELECTION DISTRICTS.	McCarthy.	Bickford.	Judson.	Gilmartin.	Crawford.	McCarren.	Parker.	Edwards.	Sachmeister.	Martin.	Barnaby.	Haggerty.	Hopper.	Doran.	Kennedy.	Van Glahn.	Bayley.	Green.	Monaghan.	Scattering.
6th...	8th....	411	411	411	420	411	411	35	35	35	35	35	35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	15
7th...	1st....	75	75	75	75	75	75	154	154	153	154	151	154	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	4
" ...	2d.....	146	147	145	146	146	146	122	121	122	122	122	122	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
" ...	3d.....	350	350	320	350	349	349	195	195	196	195	195	195	9	1	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	4th....	138	140	139	138	144	138	253	255	247	254	251	251	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
" ...	5th....	251	250	251	250	245	250	186	185	184	184	170	186	9	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
" ...	6th....	156	158	165	156	159	156	441	439	440	441	428	440	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	7th....	404	404	264	391	404	226	293	295	293	281	284	283	....	....	....	....	....	139	166	....
" ...	8th....	146	149	31	147	148	16	91	91	91	91	88	92	....	....	....	....	....	125	139	....
" ...	9th....	570	573	404	474	573	378	182	188	185	183	174	183	....	....	....	....	....	163	182	....
8th...	1st....	138	140	137	138	136	137	181	183	183	183	186	183	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
" ...	2d.....	287	287	287	287	265	276	228	228	228	228	228	228	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	12
" ...	3d.....	149	151	149	147	144	149	185	185	183	184	180	185	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
" ...	4th....	88	88	88	88	88	88	176	177	176	175	175	176	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	19
" ...	5th....	136	136	139	135	137	139	114	114	112	114	114	114	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
" ...	6th....	123	122	122	122	12	122	197	197	196	197	198	197	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	7th....	222	224	223	223	222	222	248	248	248	243	248	248	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	8th....	143	149	148	145	145	141	330	330	328	328	350	329	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	9th....	359	361	358	360	353	360	324	334	332	333	333	333	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	10th....	123	123	123	123	120	123	138	138	137	136	138	136	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
" ...	11th....	168	168	154	165	165	168	92	92	92	93	93	92	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	14
14th..	1st....	481	314	315	312	313	313	174	173	173	3	174	172	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	2d.....	331	285	282	284	284	284	54	53	54	10	54	54	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	6
" ...	3d.....	439	314	31	313	314	311	130	130	128	.....	128	128	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
" ...	4th....	382	362	362	362	362	362	34	34	34	.....	34	34	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	6
" ...	5th....	464	435	434	436	435	434	29	29	29	.....	29	29	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ...	6th....	356	356	350	354	355	354	72	72	72	67	72	72	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	4
" ...	7th....	400	405	399	401	398	400	85	85	85	82	85	85	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	8
	Total....	15,168	14,981	14,011	14,870	13,768	13,647	7574	7557	7727	7108	7505	7521	694	415	111	309	316	427	488	137

Recapitulation.

WARDS.	McCarthy.	Bickford.	Judson.	Gilmartin.	Crawford.	McGarren.	Parker.	Edwards.	Sachmeister.	Martin.	Barnaby.	Hagerty.	Hopper.	Doran.	Kennedy.	Van Glahn.	Bayley.	Green.	Monaghan.	Scattering.
1st	1503	1512	1508	1511	992	992	285	285	286	285	285	285	305	270	....	204	214	....	....	3
2d	236	239	238	241	147	140	369	368	273	365	368	368	9	8	....	85	84	....	....	....
3d	377	419	413	418	361	400	352	351	349	350	350	348	22	15	....	....	....	....	....	....
4th	2076	2182	2010	2146	1842	2052	270	263	258	263	269	255	330	112	111	12	11	....	....	3
5th	1466	1493	1481	1485	1493	1484	1365	1351	1348	1351	1352	1349	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
6th	2485	2470	2466	2547	2442	2462	215	214	212	213	214	214	9	9	....	....	7	....	....	39
7th	2236	2246	1794	2127	2243	1734	1917	1923	1911	1905	1863	1906	19	1	....	7	....	427	488	9
8th	1936	1949	1928	1933	1787	1925	2223	2226	2215	2214	2228	2221	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	54
14th	2853	2471	2173	2462	2461	2458	578	576	575	162	576	575	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	26
Totals	15,168	14,981	14,011	14,870	13,768	13,647	7574	7557	7527	7108	7505	7521	694	415	111	309	316	427	488	137

Councilmen—Fifth Senatorial District.

WARDS.	ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Cornell.	Mulligan.	Rhodes.	J. C. Frazer.	Van Tine.	Costello.	Fisher.	Raymond.	Sproul.	Platt.	A. J. Odell.	Schoonmaker.	C. Frazer.	Bans.	Udell.	Reynolds.	Whitlock.	Wimmer.	Averill.	Weeks.	McConnell.	Gray.	Hutchinson.	Bowne.	T. Odell.	Koerner.	Authony.	Saunders.	Scattering.
10th	1st.	293	278	306	293	311	302	232	234	236	277	237	78	8	31	21	31	15	160	....	158	7	....	....	....	....	13	....	....	12
"	2d.	197	172	195	188	200	187	280	284	284	188	287	185	7	20	18	21	7	103	6	102	4	....	....	....	....	7	....	....	....
"	3d.	276	247	282	278	284	270	253	267	257	129	266	123	11	36	29	21	13	135	8	134	2	....	....	....	....	6	....	4	35
"	4th	270	259	274	268	278	265	234	245	249	148	249	156	....	....	15	19	....	85	....	88	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	25
"	5th	305	302	323	303	334	318	232	245	245	132	246	134	9	28	27	34	8	108	3	111	8	....	....	....	....	18	....	1	....
"	6th	274	264	306	276	294	290	189	190	191	137	181	139	41	73	65	84	43	50	23	52	17	....	....	....	....	32	....	2	....
11th	1st	186	137	222	187	189	170	70	70	44	70	73	39	27	64	....	106	72	47	24	33	1	....	....	....	....	37	....	....	6
"	2d.	336	309	374	309	335	352	48	49	41	48	47	41	22	65	9	74	36	18	18	9	24	....	....	....	9	41	....	2	....
"	3d.	200	199	207	201	200	197	140	155	130	156	158	127	6	15	1	29	9	29	7	29	10	....	....	....	1	8	....	5	6
"	4th	290	272	287	278	291	281	164	164	139	161	165	139	5	4	....	6	5	27	8	28	15	....	....	....	....	1	....	1	95
"	5th	243	256	259	236	244	245	58	62	64	56	114	61	209	177	13	196	202	72	178	58	27	57	58	58	13	....	1	1	....
"	6th	204	332	333	200	206	332	110	131	116	108	180	126	177	311	312	180	189	102	163	72	144	72	72	72	312	1	....	....	....
"	7th	127	274	284	131	137	259	72	80	74	70	152	73	22	174	....	29	25	82	21	82	155	82	82	82	....	1	10	....	....
"	8th	192	251	230	194	193	214	17	20	17	17	38	19	80	155	....	92	81	20	86	21	63	21	21	21	....	....	24	....	....
"	9th	172	199	207	170	173	184	156	174	158	160	227	167	41	73	....	35	36	66	32	68	36	65	68	68	....	....	....	....	2
"	10th	155	226	245	186	155	228	221	234	226	220	352	219	....	121	....	44	42	131	36	129	85	132	130	130	....	....	....	....	13
"	11th	39	93	99	39	39	91	74	79	74	74	68	79	8	66	....	9	8	23	7	25	60	27	25	24	....	....	1	....	....
"	12th	131	146	148	132	132	149	111	118	114	107	148	113	30	55	....	36	34	33	32	33	23	33	33	33	....	....	....	....	....
13th	1st	210	199	208	193	215	209	219	220	126	218	150	118	23	37	30	45	33	103	34	100	28	....	....	70	....	....	....	....	3
"	2d.	234	210	235	179	229	233	222	225	128	224	233	119	34	52	51	44	49	110	47	98	62	....	....	11	....	....	....	....	9
"	3d.	322	325	323	332	323	326	171	166	94	170	169	95	25	52	51	52	48	67	56	70	10	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	46
"	4th	272	273	287	134	277	286	158	159	85	158	149	85	14	30	54	58	18	75	24	74	176	....	....	10	....	12	..	28	6
"	5th	370	357	368	324	362	361	312	309	172	305	291	171	....	33	35	36	30	132	34	129	61	....	....	16	....	1	..	1	....
"	6th	155	154	156	145	154	157	129	130	71	131	118	70	10	15	15	15	14	62	15	61	11	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	4
"	7th	85	71	85	84	85	85	113	112	75	78	89	85	31	32	32	32	32	37	34	37	3	....	....	34	....	....	....	1	10

17th	1st	161	140	156	156	155	152	199	117	194	118	209	120	6	6	10	15	5	78	5	78	6	....	....	77	....	....	....	5	....							
"	2d.	148	148	173	174	182	164	271	139	265	137	290	135	44	56	57	110	44	129	45	134	26	....	....	109	....	....	....	28	1							
"	3d.	119	83	138	122	140	89	266	143	260	131	259	112	66	115	106	265	66	124	67	121	39	....	....	57	....	9	..	37	15							
"	4th	155	134	139	137	143	146	280	148	277	144	288	139	....	....	....	....	....	137	4	137	....	....	....	135	....	....	....	....	30							
"	5th	121	104	108	111	120	130	108	....	283	....	293	....	2	2	128	135	2	103	2	109	127	....	....	109	....	....	....	126	20							
"	6th	89	81	81	79	89	88	244	125	246	125	276	125	1	1	53	52	1	122	1	124	51	....	....	124	....	....	....	48	6							
"	7th	109	99	100	103	106	116	386	171	381	171	397	170	....	8	88	88	6	213	4	213	83	....	....	212	....	....	....	90	14							
"	8th	241	244	250	241	251	254	160	82	161	82	171	81	14	18	167	179	14	78	15	76	157	....	....	78	....	....	....	148	37							
"	9th	429	431	439	427	444	441	64	....	56	....	70	....	17	24	143	163	17	65	24	66	130	....	....	65	....	....	....	118	1							
"	10th	101	79	81	164	80	78	88	35	88	35	93	34	....	127	170	164	126	53	....	52	33	....	....	52	....	....	....	64	8							
"	11th	39	36	34	33	37	36	143	61	142	60	139	61	98	122	156	179	120	101	115	78	46	....	....	75	3	3	....	47	3							
"	12th	200	167	190	171	191	185	58	21	61	16	64	22	244	257	267	264	254	94	158	48	17	26	26	48	....	24	..	15	....							
"	13th	162	165	172	138	145	176	45	22	53	17	55	21	108	147	134	121	111	43	78	36	33	4	....	37	8	6	..	5	16							
"	14th	306	362	368	304	367	345	6	2	6	2	19	2	30	97	99	42	32	19	26	13	72	9	9	13	6	2	..	10	23							
Totals.		7928	8069	8672	7620	8024	8391	6303	5188	5873	4575	7010	3783	1670	2699	3007	3105	1847	3236	1440	3086	1852	528	524	1821	352	223	36	787	436							

Recapitulation.

WARDS.	Cornell.	Mulligan.	Rhodes.	J. C. Frazier.	Van Tine.	Costello.	Fisher.	Raymond.	Sproul.	Platt.	A. J. Odell.	Schoonmaker.	C. Frazer.	Bans.	Udell.	Reynolds.	Whitlock.	Wimmer.	Averill.	Weeks.	McConnell.	Gray.	Hutchinson.	Bowne.	T. Odell.	Koerner.	Anthony.	Saunders.	Scattering.
10th.....	1615	1522	1686	1606	1701	1632	1420	1465	1462	1006	1466	815	76	188	175	210	86	641	40	645	38	....	....	....	....	76	..	7	72
11th.....	2275	2685	2895	2263	2294	2702	1241	1336	1197	1247	1722	1203	827	1280	986	836	739	650	612	587	643	489	489	488	335	89	36	9	112
13th.....	1658	1589	1662	1391	1639	1657	1324	1321	741	1284	1199	743	137	251	268	282	224	586	244	569	351	....	....	142	....	14	..	30	78
17th.....	2380	2273	2429	2360	2390	2400	2318	1066	2473	1038	2623	1022	630	980	1578	1777	798	1359	544	1285	820	39	35	1191	17	44	..	741	174
Totals..	7928	8069	8672	7620	8024	8391	6303	5188	5873	4575	7010	3783	1670	2699	3007	3105	1847	3236	1440	3086	1852	528	524	1821	352	223	36	787	436

Councilmen—Sixth Senatorial District.

WARDS.	ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Webb.	Ross.	Brady.	Bunce.	Cross.	Platt.	Hoffman.	Gumbleton.	Caffray.	Richardson.	Smith.	Williams.	Demarest.	Draper.	Levy.	Hutchings.	Dodge.	Frost.	Horner.	Scattering.
9th..	1st....	309	309	310	314	311	271	173	271	271	271	270	299	113	....	3	3	3	....	....	....
" ..	2d....	394	394	388	397	395	133	224	134	132	133	132	134	167	....	....	....	....	....	....	15
" ..	3d....	676	666	671	679	675	206	306	202	200	205	199	206	364	....	5	11	8	....	....	13
" ..	4th....	305	305	302	306	304	137	165	132	134	138	136	136	140	....	12	3	4	....	....	7
" ..	5th....	359	360	357	363	359	147	159	147	149	146	143	146	199	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	6th....	248	248	142	259	249	127	137	126	127	126	120	122	111	....	11	10	10	....	....	20
" ..	7th....	326	329	326	327	326	145	188	144	144	144	144	140	137	....	....	....	....	....	....	9
" ..	8th....	254	254	253	256	254	227	121	224	225	227	227	225	132	....	....	....	....	....	....	10
" ..	9th....	263	263	263	267	262	101	135	98	98	100	100	102	127	....	5	4	4	....	....	11
" ..	10th....	282	281	279	285	281	120	129	118	119	120	120	119	152	....	2	2	....	....	....	8
" ..	11th....	357	357	355	359	356	233	136	232	231	231	234	231	220	....	....	....	....	....	....	13
" ..	12th....	257	258	257	271	252	137	131	137	135	137	137	143	127	....	15	15	15	....	....	31
15th..	1st....	295	294	291	302	295	104	138	94	100	102	101	102	157	9	9	9	8	7	....	....
" ..	2d....	336	324	334	331	337	129	191	138	129	130	128	129	145	5	5	5	5	6	9	15
" ..	3d....	198	197	200	209	198	115	101	106	115	113	111	114	97	11	11	12	10	10	....	24
" ..	4th....	315	315	310	328	342	101	195	101	99	117	101	101	121	29	8	12	13	15	....	65
" ..	5th....	141	137	142	145	140	64	91	62	63	64	68	64	53	6	6	6	6	9	2	1
" ..	6th....	205	200	205	215	206	62	130	64	61	65	61	61	76	17	12	13	13	12	4	16
" ..	7th....	200	200	200	204	200	44	154	44	44	44	44	44	46	....	....	....	....	....	....	22
" ..	8th....	225	204	223	219	209	149	120	168	149	149	149	149	105	41	41	41	41	43	19	....
" ..	9th....	203	180	208	187	203	59	89	80	58	34	59	59	113	6	6	8	8	6	21	10
" ..	10th....	143	142	143	142	143	117	101	107	119	122	119	119	44	3	10	....	....	....	....	12
16th..	1st....	250	251	248	254	249	203	.....	196	206	210	198	203	246	....	....	....	....	....	....	12
" ..	2d....	355	357	352	356	339	308	17	298	321	304	281	308	349	....	....	....	....	....	....	7
" ..	3d....	374	376	370	383	364	307	16	304	314	303	300	306	356	20	16	....	....	15	....	50

" ..	4th....	324	326	326	330	329	277	37	275	274	271	276	277	289	5	5	.....	.....	5	.....	11
" ..	5th....	284	283	281	302	278	308	.....	306	304	310	307	309	280	21	21	.....	21	.....	.....	.....
" ..	6th....	451	450	445	452	430	223	.....	223	244	224	223	223	436	4	.....	3	4	4	.....	.....
" ..	7th....	202	202	201	209	195	310	6	302	316	298	307	309	202	7	7	7	7	7	.....	2
" ..	8th....	23	23	23	25	23	50	.....	50	50	50	50	50	23	2	2	2	2	2	.....	.....
" ..	9th....	373	373	366	383	367	156	14	154	166	164	161	157	356	.....	7	11	11	14	.....	16
" ..	10th....	175	175	174	183	174	176	13	177	176	176	177	177	163	10	11	10	10	11	.....	.....
18th..	1st....	303	302	303	317	301	95	156	95	95	95	89	95	147	14	14	14	14	.....	.....	.....
" ..	2d....	298	286	293	350	301	130	.....	117	115	116	.....	117	94	59	54	52	59	59	.....	.....
" ..	3d....	373	367	371	377	368	250	151	233	244	244	201	240	222	4	4	4	4	.....	.....	.....
" ..	4th....	23	31	23	23	59	545	8	544	545	545	596	552	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	5th....	337	335	334	342	330	121	200	115	116	116	91	117	140	7	8	4	7	7	.....	.....
" ..	6th....	221	221	222	235	223	50	124	46	44	43	33	44	92	15	15	14	15	15	.....	.....
" ..	7th....	285	285	280	263	285	152	205	122	120	121	83	139	100	6	5	4	6	4	.....	.....
" ..	8th....	431	429	424	431	431	565	166	536	535	535	477	534	244	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	9th....	180	169	169	185	186	437	70	433	430	433	416	432	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
" ..	10th....	37	37	36	37	57	474	2	474	474	474	432	474	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	TOTAL.....	11,590	11,495	11,400	11,802	11,588	8065	4499	7929	7991	7950	7601	8009	6857	311	330	279	308	251	55	401

Recapitulation.

WARDS.	Webb.	Ross.	Brady.	Bunce.	Cross.	Platt.	Hoffman.	Gumbleton.	Caffrey.	Richardson.	Smith.	Williams.	Demarest.	Draper.	Levy.	Hutchings.	Dodge.	Frost.	Horner.	Scattering.
9th.....	4030	4024	3903	4083	4024	1984	2004	1965	1965	1978	1962	2004	1989	.....	53	48	44	.....	.....	137
15th.....	2261	2193	2256	2282	2275	944	1310	964	937	940	941	942	959	127	108	106	104	108	55	165
16th.....	2811	2816	2786	2877	2748	2318	103	2285	2371	2316	2280	2319	2700	69	69	33	55	58	.....	98
18th.....	2488	2462	2455	2560	2541	2819	1082	2715	2718	2722	2418	2744	1211	115	100	92	105	85	.....	1
Totals.....	11,590	11,495	11,400	11,802	11,588	8065	4499	7929	7991	7950	7601	8009	6857	311	330	279	308	251	55	401

Councilmen—Seventh Senatorial District.

WARDS.	ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Haswell.	Genet.	Galpin.	Nolan.	Dunn.	Arcularius.	Decker.	Osborne.	James.	White.	J. P. Snyder.	Gedney.	Ayres.	Herriman.	Frost.	Smithson.	Divine.	P. Snyder.	Dufois.	S. H. Herriman.	Sylvester.	Norcross.	Shydam.	Depew.	Scattering.
12th..	1st....	172	173	169	172	172	172	35	29	35	35	30	30	5	5	....	5	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	2d....	398	400	400	394	393	400	246	191	245	247	185	185	227	60	....	59	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	3d....	195	193	250	191	193	195	300	160	304	302	153	151	137	125	....	138	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
" ..	4th....	224	222	227	224	224	224	92	42	93	89	41	41	49	49	....	49	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	5th....	199	198	199	199	199	199	138	135	138	136	135	135	3	3	....	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	15
19th..	1st....	400	411	404	403	404	410	189	189	187	189	189	193	....	....	....	....	122	....	....	....	....	5	....	....	2
" ..	2d....	376	377	361	362	203	375	206	209	208	207	207	220	2	....	....	....	172	....	....	....	....	11	....	....	1
" ..	3d....	392	411	395	395	270	406	270	275	269	272	262	260	....	....	....	....	127	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	4th....	202	196	200	201	168	202	180	183	178	179	181	178	....	....	....	....	33	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	5th....	131	140	136	133	120	137	98	193	94	98	99	97	....	....	....	....	14	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	16
20th..	1st....	250	250	250	250	250	250	91	91	91	91	91	91	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" ..	2d....	89	91	89	87	87	89	87	59	84	87	59	87	27	28	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2
" ..	3d....	206	206	205	205	201	206	272	265	272	271	265	271	7	6	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
" ..	4th....	174	174	134	134	129	174	350	276	312	309	275	313	75	35	2	....	....	....	....	....	39	....	....	....	6
" ..	5th....	235	245	234	234	225	234	358	293	346	345	293	345	68	64	11	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	11	2
" ..	6th....	254	283	252	249	240	254	365	280	331	330	270	330	84	81	33	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	29	....
" ..	7th....	327	328	315	315	294	327	226	203	212	212	206	210	16	11	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
" ..	8th....	291	293	291	290	289	291	272	247	269	269	247	274	25	24	2	....	....	....	....	....	12	....	....	....	5
" ..	9th....	276	276	275	275	270	275	176	102	173	173	....	175	74	175	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....
" ..	10th....	344	345	341	341	337	344	187	175	181	182	174	184	12	9	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	3	....	....	1
" ..	11th....	323	324	311	311	306	321	286	260	271	271	259	271	27	15	3	....	....	....	....	....	12	....	....	2	....
" ..	12th....	192	194	185	183	183	193	361	332	352	355	328	356	37	24	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3	....
21st..	1st....	189	175	176	176	....	168	286	275	368	283	136	186	112	147	46	....	....	16	31	....	....	....	3	....	15
" ..	2d....	325	330	330	327	327	328	427	417	414	380	203	230	199	209	54	....	....	17	10	....	....	....	....	....	....

" ..	3d.....	141	138	137	136	136	135	266	234	233	339	116	175	95	93	62	.....	.....	24	35	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	4th.....	398	341	337	335	334	337	260	250	259	243	72	335	134	109	42	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
" ..	5th.....	119	121	119	113	114	119	335	325	325	304	194	211	129	130	39	.....	.....	2	9	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	6th.....	444	447	445	444	445	444	294	229	230	220	80	98	140	148	23	.....	.....	10	8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
" ..	7th.....	441	443	440	440	440	439	241	236	237	232	136	150	98	110	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22d..	1st.....	446	419	432	423	432	435	411	347	411	411	345	411	66	64	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....
" ..	2d.....	947	347	348	346	345	358	274	256	272	268	252	274	22	21	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....
" ..	3d.....	369	376	376	367	376	377	198	137	196	197	144	197	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
" ..	4th.....	340	340	340	340	340	340	150	150	150	150	150	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	5th.....	283	281	283	276	282	284	175	174	173	174	178	173	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	6th.....	216	217	217	210	214	217	76	73	76	76	84	75	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	7th.....	137	137	137	135	137	136	40	41	41	41	42	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
" ..	8th.....	148	131	148	147	145	147	85	59	82	82	71	82	26	26	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....
Totals		9993	9973	9888	9763	9224	9942	8243	7302	8012	7949	6152	7185	1899	1772	328	254	468	79	106	51	67	16	8	57	85		

Recapitulation.

WARDS.	Haswell.	Genet.	Galpin.	Nolan.	Dunn.	Arcularius.	Decker.	Osborne.	James.	White.	J. P. Snyder.	Gedney.	Ayres.	Herriman.	Frost.	Smithson.	Divine.	P. Snyder.	Dufois.	S. H. Herriman.	Sylvester.	Norcross.	Stydam.	Depew.	Scattering.
12th.....	1188	1186	1245	1180	1181	1190	811	557	815	809	544	442	421	241	....	254	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18
19th.....	1501	1535	1496	1494	1165	1539	943	959	936	945	938	848	2	.....	.....	.....	468	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	19
20th.....	2961	3009	2882	2874	2811	2958	3031	2583	2894	2895	2467	2907	452	472	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	67	.....	3	49	21
21st.....	2057	1995	1084	1971	1796	1970	2049	1966	1966	1901	937	1385	907	946	266	.....	.....	79	106	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
22d.....	2286	2248	2281	2244	2271	2294	1409	1237	1401	1399	1266	1403	117	112	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	8	7
Totals	9993	9973	9888	9763	9224	9942	8224	7302	8012	7949	6152	7185	1899	1772	328	254	468	79	106	51	67	16	8	57	85

Justice—First District Court.

(*First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Stewart.	Green.	Lathrop.	Scat'g.
First	First	249	270	38	.....
"	Second	271	120	45	.....
"	Third	338	64	9	2
"	Fourth	50	27	28	.....
"	Fifth	161	59	63	.....
Second	First	72	162	65	1
"	Second	116	171	30	4
Third	First	80	93	75	.....
"	Second	43	65	83	.....
"	Third	79	99	75	.....
"	Fourth	21	54	20	.....
Fifth	First	148	166	83	1
"	Second	115	145	163	8
"	Third	171	169	183	.....
"	Fourth	140	196	292	1
"	Fifth	114	97	229	6
"	Sixth	184	103	142	.....
Totals		2352	2060	1623	23

Recapitulation.

WARD:	Stewart.	Green.	Lathrop.	Scat'g.
First	1069	540	183	2
Second	188	333	95	5
Third	223	311	253	.....
Fifth	872	876	1092	16
Totals	2352	2060	1623	23

Justice—Second District Court.

(Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Sweeny.	O'Connor	Scat'g.
Fourth	First	175	179	15
"	Second	140	335	.....
"	Third	227	132	.....
"	Fourth	167	403	.....
"	Fifth	235	237	.....
Sixth	First	32	8	8
"	Second	233	188	26
"	Third	89	213	.....
"	Fourth	255	212	2
"	Fifth	192	121	.....
"	Sixth	75	385	.....
"	Seventh	100	162	3
"	Eighth	180	277	.....
Fourteenth	First	265	116	.....
"	Second	193	130	7
"	Third	262	78	1
"	Fourth	222	151	4
"	Fifth	202	235	2
"	Sixth	277	89	6
"	Seventh	354	61	4
Totals		3875	3712	78

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Sweeny.	O'Connor.	Scat'g.
Fourth	944	1286	15
Sixth	1156	1566	39
Fourteenth	1775	860	24
Totals	3875	3712	78

Justice—Third District Court.

(Eighth and Ninth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Dusenberry.	Smith.	Irving.	Aitken.	Scat'g.
Eighth	First	97	70	96	53	.....
"	Second	190	110	91	120	7
"	Third	60	61	99	120	.....
"	Fourth	51	108	55	57	1
"	Fifth	89	57	36	69	2
"	Sixth	93	75	129	31	.....
"	Seventh	119	94	121	144	3
"	Eighth	88	118	164	110	.....
"	Ninth	284	121	126	123	.....
"	Tenth	75	27	58	101	.....
"	Eleventh	140	28	33	59	1
Ninth	First	186	182	85	131	2
"	Second	127	159	121	135	17
"	Third	201	272	181	123	4
"	Fourth	72	145	123	105	.....
"	Fifth	107	156	176	60	.....
"	Sixth	99	118	108	65	3
"	Seventh	122	168	114	61	.....
"	Eighth	184	106	148	48	.....
"	Ninth	85	112	150	43	.....
"	Tenth	113	101	122	64	.....
"	Eleventh	260	120	158	66	.....
"	Twelfth	109	102	122	87	.....
Totals		2951	2610	2696	1985	40

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Dusenberry.	Smith.	Irving.	Aitken.	Scat'g.
Eighth	1286	869	1008	987	14
Ninth	1665	1741	1688	998	26
Totals	2951	2610	2696	1985	40

Justice—Fourth District Court.

(Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Van Cott.	Eichkoff.	McGay.	Mills.	Scat'g.
Tenth	First	259	241	56	.....	12
"	Second	304	160	24	.....	1
"	Third	285	252	14	.....	20
"	Fourth	269	252	7	.....	.....
"	Fifth	287	261	30	.....	15
"	Sixth	240	268	26	.....	3
Fifteenth	First	281	104	.....	.....	1
"	Second	311	141	.....	.....	.....
"	Third	186	109	5	.....	6
"	Fourth	371	89	.....	.....	.....
"	Fifth	167	46	.....	.....	1
"	Sixth	222	50	3	.....	2
"	Seventh	214	34	.....	.....	.....
"	Eighth	377	79	63	.....	.....
"	Ninth	219	38	26	.....	.....
"	Tenth	160	106	.....	.....	2
Seventeenth	First	215	139	17	.....	2
"	Second	272	209	35	13	3
"	Third	252	157	67	18	7
"	Fourth	286	131	36	12	3
"	Fifth	309	65	158	.....	.....
"	Sixth	257	86	49	1	.....
"	Seventh	415	107	65	4	.....
"	Eighth	178	242	166	.....	.....
"	Ninth	84	453	128	.....	.....
"	Tenth	83	183	66	1	.....
"	Eleventh	140	132	63	3	.....
"	Twelfth	50	434	35	2	17
"	Thirteenth	22	257	27	2	18
"	Fourteenth	6	328	13	.....	74
Totals		6751	5153	1179	56	187

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Van Cott.	Eichkoff.	McGay.	Mills.	Scat'g.
Tenth	1644	1434	157	.....	51
Fifteenth	2508	796	97	.....	12
Seventeenth	2599	2923	925	56	124
Totals	6751	5153	1179	56	187

Justice—Fifth District Court.

(Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Smith.	McPherson.	Stevens	Downing.	Trapp.	Scat.
Seventh	First.....	60	44	103	5	1	9
"	Second.....	80	57	64	41	19	....
"	Third.....	165	61	133	54	126	1
"	Fourth.....	96	103	137	39	9	6
"	Fifth.....	90	88	89	55	116	3
"	Sixth.....	138	129	312	16	14	7
"	Seventh.....	196	166	179	52	115	....
"	Eighth.....	105	82	43	47	81	....
"	Ninth.....	321	152	103	100	133	....
Eleventh ...	First.....	199	57	32	27	5	4
"	Second.....	307	47	12	30	22	1
"	Third.....	166	123	39	31	12	1
"	Fourth.....	209	134	32	70	12	8
"	Fifth.....	387	59	63	34	4	10
"	Sixth.....	408	114	80	17	1	16
"	Seventh.....	288	70	85	8	5	....
"	Eighth.....	336	17	20	7	.....	....
"	Ninth.....	209	164	76	18	.....	....
"	Tenth.....	233	224	140	21	4	8
"	Eleventh.....	79	72	25	7	14	....
"	Twelfth.....	149	112	25	38	7	3
Thirteenth..	First.....	96	120	93	137	3	11
" ..	Second.....	190	134	93	75	15	....
" ..	Third.....	138	93	78	219	70	....
" ..	Fourth.....	138	90	74	71	107	14
" ..	Fifth.....	178	186	149	149	58	....
" ..	Sixth.....	93	76	67	52	17	....
" ..	Seventh.....	46	73	32	44	16	5
Totals.....		5100	2847	2378	1464	986	107

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Smith.	McPherson.	Stevens	Downing.	Trapp.	Scat.
Seventh.....	1251	882	1163	409	614	26
Eleventh.....	2970	1193	629	308	86	51
Thirteenth	879	772	586	747	286	30
Totals.....	5100	2847	2378	1464	986	107

Justice—Sixth District Court.

(Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Fonda.	Waite.	Fredericks	Aiken.	Scat'g.
Sixteenth	First	196	250	28	3	.....
"	Second	305	297	71	.....	.....
"	Third	270	342	56	.....	1
"	Fourth	273	268	41	2	1
"	Fifth	296	246	58	.....	.....
"	Sixth	212	391	78	.....	.....
"	Seventh	28	201	28	6	5
"	Eighth	49	22	2	.....	.....
"	Ninth	127	358	40	.....	.....
"	Tenth	163	161	28	.....	.....
Eighteenth	First	93	110	167	.....	1
"	Second	112	177	152	.....	.....
"	Third	246	73	243	.....	3
"	Fourth	542	9	13	.....	.....
"	Fifth	119	132	173	4	.....
"	Sixth	49	95	121	.....	.....
"	Seventh	155	128	134	.....	.....
"	Eighth	570	137	260	1	1
"	Ninth	442	87	92	.....	.....
"	Tenth	478	.....	30	.....	.....
Twentieth	First	250	94	.....	.....	.....
"	Second	142	84	10	.....	1
"	Third	211	254	10	1	.....
"	Fourth	144	275	62	.....	.....
"	Fifth	222	347	22	1	.....
"	Sixth	241	338	22	3	8
"	Seventh	304	211	23	.....	.....
"	Eighth	302	251	10	4	6
"	Ninth	262	168	9	13	1
"	Tenth	315	184	10	13	.....
"	Eleventh	291	268	15	22	.....
"	Twelfth	185	344	13	5	.....
Twenty-first	First	126	175	153	3	.....
"	Second	331	233	214	1	2
"	Third	121	137	131	10	.....
"	Fourth	389	121	165	3	.....
"	Fifth	138	152	135	9	.....
"	Sixth	432	107	125	11	1
"	Seventh	411	110	123	5	.....
Totals		9542	7367	3067	120	31

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Fonda.	Waite.	Fredericks	Aiken	Scat'g.
Sixteenth	1919	2536	430	11	7
Eighteenth	2806	948	1385	5	5
Twentieth	2869	2818	206	62	16
Twenty-first	1948	1065	1046	42	3
Totals	9542	7367	3067	120	31

Justice—Seventh District Court.

(Twelfth, Nineteenth and Twenty-second Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Van Voorhis.	Pearson.	Sandford.	Stemmler	Scat.
Twelfth.....	First.....	40	102	52	14	2
"	Second.....	236	264	124	19	....
"	Third	329	61	99	10	....
"	Fourth.....	97	148	70	.....	....
"	Fifth	141	86	104	.....	....
Nineteenth....	First	184	145	250	7	....
" ...	Second	198	217	157	15	....
" ...	Third.....	234	214	199	20	....
" ...	Fourth.....	57	224	75	27	....
" ...	Fifth.....	44	114	37	14	1
Twenty-second	First	417	253	136	18	....
" ..	Second	272	160	144	41	....
" ..	Third.....	204	136	156	75	1
" ..	Fourth.....	162	245	64	14	1
" ..	Fifth	172	179	87	8	....
" ..	Sixth.....	88	102	76	24	....
" ..	Seventh	41	50	77	11	....
" ..	Eighth	88	23	118	5	....
Totals.....		3007	2723	2025	322	5

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Van Voorhis.	Pearson.	Sandford.	Stemmler	Scat.
Twelfth.....	846	661	449	43	2
Nineteenth.....	717	914	718	83	1
Twenty-second.....	1444	1148	858	196	2
T'otals.....	3007	2723	2025	322	5

Police Justice—First District.

(*First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Welsh.	McIntyre.	Leonard.	Whitmore	Scat.
First	First	70	221	195	70	....
"	Second	50	103	255	28	....
"	Third	11	58	308	37	....
"	Fourth	28	15	50	2	....
"	Fifth	75	65	125	16	....
Second	First	171	35	81	10	3
"	Second	118	41	133	23	6
Third	First	79	89	54	24	....
"	Second	92	52	27	21	1
"	Third	113	81	20	39	....
"	Fourth	20	20	10	49	....
Fifth	First	85	130	13	168	2
"	Second	172	107	22	123	3
"	Third	172	156	26	169	....
"	Fourth	264	128	17	220	....
"	Fifth	219	139	11	73	4
"	Sixth	136	140	17	140	....
Totals		1875	1580	1364	1212	19

WARD.	Welsh.	McIntyre	Leonard.	Whitmore	Scat.
First	234	462	933	153	....
Second	289	76	214	33	9
Third	304	242	111	133	1
Fifth	1048	800	106	893	9
Totals	1875	1580	1364	1212	19

Police Justice—Second District

(Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Brennan.	Scat'g.
Fourth	First	352	.....
"	Second	473	2
"	Third	358	.....
"	Fourth	564	8
"	Fifth	471	1
Sixth	First	29	19
"	Second	430	17
"	Third	298	.....
"	Fourth	461	.....
"	Fifth	315	.....
"	Sixth	382	.....
"	Seventh	263	2
"	Eighth	457	.....
Fourteenth	First	376	.....
"	Second	323	7
"	Third	334	2
"	Fourth	368	9
"	Fifth	436	2
"	Sixth	365	7
"	Seventh	416	3
Totals		7471	79

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Brennan.	Scat'g.
Fourth	2218	11
Sixth	2635	38
Fourteenth	2618	30
Totals	7471	79

Police Justice—Third District.

(*Eighth and Ninth Wards.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Brownell.	Murray.	Linn.	Johnston.	Scat'g.
Eighth.....	First.....	64	134	90	26	2
"	Second.....	138	106	177	87	.....
"	Third.....	133	102	55	50	.....
"	Fourth.....	76	64	44	84	4
"	Fifth.....	88	42	93	28	2
"	Sixth.....	36	159	89	42	.....
"	Seventh.....	176	146	102	57	.....
"	Eighth.....	156	199	71	49	.....
"	Ninth.....	143	130	270	111	.....
"	Tenth.....	125	55	65	17	.....
"	Eleventh.....	63	33	149	16	1
Ninth.....	First.....	308	63	128	90	.....
"	Second.....	282	107	58	104	8
"	Third.....	459	201	66	175	3
"	Fourth.....	207	111	36	87	.....
"	Fifth.....	149	169	59	127	.....
"	Sixth.....	157	96	51	87	.....
"	Seventh.....	149	111	71	140	.....
"	Eighth.....	187	122	98	82	.....
"	Ninth.....	109	109	58	96	.....
"	Tenth.....	154	107	68	73	1
"	Eleventh.....	292	136	123	61	2
"	Twelfth.....	242	92	35	51	.....
Totals....		3903	2594	2056	1740	23

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Brownell.	Murray.	Linn.	Johnston.	Scat'g.
Eighth.....	1198	1170	1205	567	9
Ninth.....	2705	1424	851	1173	14
Totals.....	3903	2594	2056	1740	23

Police Justice—Fourth District.

(*Tenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards.*)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Osborne.	Marsh.	Parker.	Scat'g.
Tenth	First	325	170	65	4
"	Second	327	143	26	.....
"	Third	289	252	26	4
"	Fourth	256	259	19	.....
"	Fifth	313	216	63	1
"	Sixth	305	228	14	.....
Fifteenth	First	286	105	.....	.....
"	Second	311	143	.....	.....
"	Third	187	111	.....	8
"	Fourth	380	73	14	.....
"	Fifth	158	23	34	.....
"	Sixth	221	33	22	2
"	Seventh	213	34	.....	2
"	Eighth	378	81	62	2
"	Ninth	231	31	25	.....
"	Tenth	156	37	74	.....
Seventeenth	First	228	141	9	3
"	Second	306	201	26	3
"	Third	312	147	38	4
"	Fourth	301	129	34	4
"	Fifth	346	85	133	1
"	Sixth	255	94	43	.....
"	Seventh	416	119	58	1
"	Eighth	185	248	153	.....
"	Ninth	93	456	113	3
"	Tenth	166	110	57	.....
"	Eleventh	226	93	31	.....
"	Twelfth	217	292	11	18
"	Thirteenth	128	203	10	1
"	Fourteenth	24	313	10	76
Totals		7509.	4570	1170	137

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Osborne.	Marsh.	Parker.	Scat'g.
Tenth	1815	1268	213	9
Fifteenth	2521	676	231	14
Seventeenth	3173	2631	726	114
Totals	7509	4570	1170	137

Police Justice—Fifth District.

(Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Steers.	Riblet.	O'Shea.	Covert.	Scat'g.
Seventh	First	70	146	5	.....	1
"	Second	82	116	60	.....	.....
"	Third	170	187	182	1	.....
"	Fourth	102	240	41	1	5
"	Fifth	93	171	177	.....	.....
"	Sixth	143	436	32	.....	6
"	Seventh	222	323	165	.....	.....
"	Eighth	114	110	129	4	1
"	Ninth	374	236	199	3	.....
Eleventh	First	213	72	3	24	5
"	Second	325	57	5	59	1
"	Third	194	162	6	6	.....
"	Fourth	273	171	8	1	13
"	Fifth	407	121	1	23	.....
"	Sixth	415	192	14	1	16
"	Seventh	289	151	15	1	.....
"	Eighth	334	54	7	.....	.....
"	Ninth	218	240	3	7	.....
"	Tenth	246	367	6	.....	8
"	Eleventh	102	93	3	3	.....
"	Twelfth	177	140	9	.....	.....
Thirteenth	First	221	215	1	15	10
"	Second	235	222	5	50	.....
"	Third	353	166	34	45	.....
"	Fourth	277	163	28	22	4
"	Fifth	340	327	44	3	.....
"	Sixth	152	141	9	2	.....
"	Seventh	84	108	16	2	6
Totals		6225	5127	1207	273	76

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Steers.	Riblet.	O'Shea.	Covert.	Scat'g.
Seventh	1370	1965	990	9	13
Eleventh	3193	1820	80	125	43
Thirteenth	1662	1342	137	139	20
Totals	6225	5127	1207	273	76

Police Justice—Sixth District.

(Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Kelly.	Clark.	Geraty	Byrne.	Scat'g.
Eighteenth	First	274	93	.....	.....	.....
"	Second	336	104	1	.....	.....
"	Third	319	239	3	.....	.....
"	Fourth	22	524	21	.....	8
"	Fifth	552	107	.....	.....	.....
"	Sixth	214	46	.....	.....	5
"	Seventh	272	142	.....	.....	3
"	Eighth	427	520	5	.....	14
"	Ninth	186	421	11	.....	3
"	Tenth	30	469	3	.....	6
Twenty-first	First	310	133	1	2	.....
"	Second	482	243	57	.....	2
"	Third	264	133	.....	.....	.....
"	Fourth	289	264	111	2	.....
"	Fifth	315	115	1	.....	.....
"	Sixth	234	279	159	.....	.....
"	Seventh	266	349	64	.....	.....
Totals		4792	4181	437	4	41

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Kelly.	Clark.	Geraty	Byrne.	Scat'g.
Eighteenth	2632	2665	44	.....	39
Twenty-first	2160	1561	393	4	2
Totals	4792	4181	437	4	41

Police Justice—Seventh District.

(Twelfth, Nineteenth and Twenty second Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Conolly.	Maynard.	Scat'g.
Twelfth	First	161	49	.....
"	Second	355	289	.....
"	Third	171	327	.....
"	Fourth	218	97	.....
"	Fifth	189	145	.....
Nineteenth	First	396	191	.....
"	Second	344	244	1
"	Third	371	300	.....
"	Fourth	167	216	4
"	Fifth	118	120	2
Twenty-second	First	393	424	1
"	Second	344	272	.....
"	Third	362	208	.....
"	Fourth	322	159	.....
"	Fifth	273	172	.....
"	Sixth	194	94	.....
"	Seventh	136	43	.....
"	Eighth	142	88	.....
Totals		4656	3438	8

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Conolly.	Maynard.	Scat'g.
Twelfth	1094	907	.....
Nineteenth	1396	1071	7
Twenty-second	2166	1460	1
Totals	4656	3438	8

Police Justice—Eighth District.

(Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards.)

WARD.	ELECTION DISTRICT.	Quacken-bush.	Joyce.	Murray.	Nettleton	Scat'g.
Sixteenth..	First.....	272	105	97	.....	.....
" ..	Second.....	367	242	65	.....	.....
" ..	Third.....	390	244	33	8	.....
" ..	Fourth.....	303	254	23	2	1
" ..	Fifth.....	299	265	32	1	1
" ..	Sixth.....	476	76	129	1	1
" ..	Seventh	266	27	230	.....	5
" ..	Eighth.....	24	13	36	.....	1
" ..	Ninth	391	115	11	9	1
" ..	Tenth.....	190	125	36	1	.....
Twentieth..	First.....	90	78	174	.....	2
" .	Second.....	90	96	51	.....	.....
" .	Third	253	96	117	10	.....
" .	Fourth	342	77	61	.....	.....
" .	Fifth	365	95	126	2	.....
" .	Sixth	364	151	82	2	13
" .	Seventh	233	216	79	1	10
" .	Eighth	239	134	177	9	4
" .	Ninth	176	120	151	1	1
" .	Tenth.....	191	178	145	.....	.....
" .	Eleventh	283	209	89	1	1
" .	Twelfth.....	349	123	64	5	.....
Totals.....		5963	3029	2008	53	41

Recapitulation.

WARD.	Quacken-bush.	Joyce.	Murray.	Nettleton	Scat'g.
Sixteenth.....	2978	1466	692	22	10
Twentieth.....	2985	1573	1316	31	31
Totals.....	5963	3029	2008	53	41

NOTE—For list of Constables, see page 162. For list of School Officers, see page 241.



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for D.T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

REMAINS OF FORT GEORGE, N. Y. 1857.

Harlem River and Kingsbridge in the distance.

TERMS OF OFFICE OF ALDERMEN, 1858.

DIST.	NAME.	TERM EXPIRES.
1	Michael Murray	Dec. 31, 1858.
3	Henry R. Hoffmire	" "
5	William Tucker	" "
7	George Starr	" "
9	John Gregory	" "
11	E. Harrison Reed	" "
13	Charles Willmot	" "
15	James Owens	" "
17	James Davis	" "
2	John Clancy	Dec. 31, 1859.
4	Thomas Stephens	" "
6	Michael Tuomey	" "
8	Thomas W. Adams	" "
10	John Lynes	" "
12	Francis I. A. Boole	" "
14	John J. Bradley	" "
16	Thomas McSpedon	" "

BOUNDARIES OF WARDS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 1858.

First Ward—Bounded south by Battery; east by East river; north by Maiden lane and Liberty street; west by West street.

Second Ward—Bounded south by Maiden lane and Liberty street; west by Broadway; north-west by Park row; north-east by Spruce and Ferry streets, and Peck slip; east by East river.

Third Ward—Bounded south by Liberty street; west by West street; north by Reade street; east by Broadway.

Fourth Ward—Bounded south-westerly by Spruce street, Ferry street, and Peck slip; east by South street; and north-easterly by Catharine street.

Fifth Ward—Bounded south by Reade street; west by West street; north-easterly by Canal street; east by Broadway.

Sixth Ward—Bounded south by Park row and Chatham street; east by Bowery; north by Walker and Canal streets; west by Broadway.

Seventh Ward—Bounded south-westerly by Catharine street; north-westerly by Division and Grand streets; east by East river; south-westerly by South street.

Eighth Ward—Bounded south by Canal street; west by West street; north by Hamersley and Houston streets; east by Broadway.

Ninth Ward—Bounded south by Hamersley street; east by Hancock and Bleecker streets, and Sixth avenue; north by Fourteenth street.

Tenth Ward—Bounded west by Bowery; north by Rivington street; east by Norfolk street; south-easterly by Division street.

Eleventh Ward—Bounded west by Avenue B and Clinton street; south by Rivington street; east by East river; north by Fourteenth street.

Twelfth Ward—Bounded south by Eighty-sixth street; west by North river; east by East river, (including Ward's and Randall's Islands;) north by Harlem river and Spuyten Duyvel creek.

Thirteenth Ward—Bounded south by Division and Grand streets; west by Norfolk street; north by Rivington street; east by East river.

Fourteenth Ward—Bounded south by Walker and Canal streets; west by Broadway; north by Houston street; east by Bowery.

Fifteenth Ward—Bounded north by Houston street; west by Hancock and Bleecker streets, and Sixth avenue; north by Fourteenth street.

Sixteenth Ward—Bounded south by Fourteenth street; west by North river; north by Twenty-sixth street; east by Sixth avenue.

Seventeenth Ward—Bounded south by Rivington street; east by Clinton street, and Avenue B; north by Fourteenth street; west by Bowery and Fourth avenue.

Eighteenth Ward—Bounded south by Fourteenth street; east by the East river; north by Twenty-sixth street; west by Sixth avenue.

Nineteenth Ward—Bounded north by Eighty-sixth street; east by East river; south by Fortieth street; west by Sixth avenue.

Twentieth Ward—Bounded north by Fortieth street; east by Sixth avenue; south by Twenty-sixth street; west by Hudson river.

Twenty-first Ward—Bounded north by Fortieth street; east by East river; south by Twenty-sixth street; west by Sixth avenue.

Twenty-second Ward—Bounded north by Eighty-sixth street; east by Sixth avenue; south by Fortieth street; west by Hudson river.

NUMBER OF HOUSES IN THE DIFFERENT WARDS IN 1857.

First	2,076	Twelfth	1,156
Second	1,360	Thirteenth	1,522
Third	1,245	Fourteenth	1,537
Fourth	1,478	Fifteenth	2,538
Fifth	1,983	Sixteenth	2,366
Sixth	1,280	Seventeenth	2,768
Seventh	2,610	Eighteenth	
Eighth	2,660	Nineteenth	
Ninth	3,435	Twentieth	
Tenth	1,832	Twenty-first	
Eleventh	2,318	Twenty-second	

FORMATION OF WARDS.

In 1683, the city of New York was divided into six wards, under the designations of "South," "Dock," "East," "North," "West," and "Out" Wards; for map showing the boundaries of these wards, see page 212 of Manual of the Common Council for 1848.

The Montgomerie Charter, dated January 15th, 1730, designates, in addition to the above, the boundaries of the "Montgomerie" Ward.

By an act of the colonial government, passed February 28th, 1791, the wards are designated numerically from 1 to 7, and the bounds of each described.

By an act of the legislature, passed March 8th, 1803, the wards are increased to nine, numerically designated, and boundaries described.

The Tenth ward was erected from the Seventh, by act of March 18th, 1808.

The Eleventh and Twelfth wards were formed, and the boundaries of all described, by an act passed April 25th, 1825. (Chap. 195, Laws of 1825.)

13th	ward	was erected	from	the 10th ward,	Act April 6, 1827.
*14th	"	"	6th and 8th	"	" 1827.
15th	"	"	9th	"	Mar. 23, 1832.
16th	"	"	12th	"	" 16, 1835.
17th	"	"	11th	"	Feb. 1, 1837.
18th	"	"	16th	"	" 19, 1846.
19th	"	"	12th	"	April 6, 1850.
20th	"	"	16th	"	July 9, 1851.
21st	"	"	18th	"	May 27, 1853.
22d	"	"	19th	"	June 22, 1853.

* The Sixth ward formerly included that portion of the Fourteenth ward which lies south of G and street; the remainder of the Fourteenth ward was taken from the Eighth.



A LIST OF THE MEMBERS

OF THE

CITY GOVERNMENT,

FROM ITS INCORPORATION (1653) UP TO THE PRESENT TIME; ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY, WITH THE DIFFERENT STATIONS HELD BY THEM IN THE COMMON COUNCIL

A

Abeel, John. *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1767 to 1773.

Acker, Jacob, (Butcher) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1837.

Ackerly, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1816 to 1818.

Ackerman, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1850.

Adams, William, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1840 to 1842. *Alderman*, 1847, '48.

Adams, Thomas W., *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1857. *Alderman*, Eighth District, 1858, '59.

Adolph, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1688, '89.

Agnew, John, (Tobacconist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, 1825,

Alburtis, William, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1816.

Albertson, Joseph C., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1845

Alden, Charles, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1844.

Allen, Stephen, (Sail Loft,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1817, '18. *Alderman*, 1819, '20. *Mayor*, 1821, '22. *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1833.



ved by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y.



A LIST OF THE MEMBERS

OF THE

CITY GOVERNMENT,

FROM ITS INCORPORATION (1653) UP TO THE PRESENT TIME; ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY, WITH THE DIFFERENT STATIONS HELD BY THEM IN THE COMMON COUNCIL

A

Abeel, John. *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1767 to 1773.

Acker, Jacob, (Butcher) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1837.

Ackerly, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1816 to 1818.

Ackerman, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1850.

Adams, William, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1840 to 1842. *Alderman*, 1847, '48.

Adams, Thomas W., *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1857. *Alderman*, Eighth District, 1858, '59.

Adolph, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1688, '89.

Agnew, John, (Tobacconist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, 1825,

Alburtis, William, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1816.

Albertson, Joseph C., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1845

Alden, Charles, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1844.

Allen, Stephen, (Sail Loft,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1817, '18. *Alderman*, 1819, '20. *Mayor*, 1821, '22. *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1833.



t'Amstelredam
by
ANTHONY IACOBSZ.
op't Water inde
Landsaman
En Amsterdam
chez
ANTHOINE IACQUES
sur l'Eau au
Matelot

AMERICÆ
SEPTENTRIONALIS
PARS.

From the
West-Indische
PASKAERT,
waer in de graden der breedte over weder zyden vande middellyn weltende soo vergrooten dat die oppositioneert syn tegen-hanne neverstaende graden der lengde.

Vertoonende behalven Europaes anwalligste alle de Zee-kusten van Africa en America, begrepen int Octroy by de E.E.H.M.H. Staten Generael der vereenichde Neder-landen verleent aende generale West-Indische Compagnie.

Mitsgaders die van Peru en Chili, inde groote Zuyd-Zee.

Beschreven door A. Iacobsz.

16 21

FROM THE ORIGINAL ON VELLUM IN THE COLLECTION OF E. D. O'CALLAGHAN, L. L. D.



Allen, Jonathan, W., (Deputy Sheriff,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1849. *Tax Commissioner*, 1850 to 1859.
Allerton, Geo. W., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1842. *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1848.
Alvord, Alonzo A,, (Pres. Ins. Co.,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Amerman, Isaac, (Flour Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1827.
Anderson, William, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1852.
Anderson, Abel T., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1838, '39.
Anthony, Allard, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1653, *Burgomaster*, 1655 to 1661. *Schout*, 1662 to 1665. *Sheriff*, 1666 to 1673.
Anthony, John P., (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1818. *Alderman*, 1819 to '27.
Appleby, Charles E., (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1856.
Arcularius, H., (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1825, '28, '29.
Arcularius, Henry, *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1858.
Arcularius, Philip J., (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1796 to 1799. *Alderman*, 1801.
Arden, Jacob I., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1800.
Ashfield, Alfred, (Coal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1841.
Atwell, Richard H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1842.
Avery, Ledyard, (Fish Dealer,) *Councilman*, Eighth Ward, 1856, '57.

B

Backer, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1660, '64.
Baird, William, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1854, '55.
Balis, Calvin, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1837 to 1839, *Alderman*, 1840 to 1842.
Ball, James R., *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1850, '51.
Ballagh, James, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1834.
Bancker, Christopher, *Alderman*, North Ward, 1738 to 1742, 1755.
Banks, David, (Law Bookstore,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1832. *Alderman*, 1833, '35.
Banta, Solomon, (Builder,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1857.
Bard, James M., (Brass Founder,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1849 to 1853.
Barker, Joshua, (Air Furnaces,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1800, 1801, 1802.
Barker, Isaac O., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1852, 1853. *Alderman*, 1855, '56.
Barnes, Erastus, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, 1832, 1835.
Barney, George A., (Painter,) *Councilman*, Ninth District, 1855, '56.
Barnes, J N., (Marble Yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1837, 1838.
Barnes, Patrick, *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1855.

Barr, Thos. J *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1850, 1851. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Barry, Michael, *Councilman*, Seventh Ward, 1856, '57.

Baulch, John, (Hatter,) *Conucilman* Fifth District, 1855, '56, '57.

Baxter, William M., (Lumber Merchant,) *Councilman*, Fifty-sixth District, 1854, '55, '56.

Bayard, Nich., (Brewer,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1683, '84. *Mayor*, 1685.

Bayard, Balthazar, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1686, '87 *Alderman*, 1691.

Bayard, Samuel, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1698, '99 1700. *Alderman*, 1709, '10, '11.

Bayard, Petrus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1706, '07.

Bayard, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1713. *Alderman*, 1714.

Bayard, Stephen, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1734 to 1737. *Mayor*, 1744 to 1746.

Bayard, Nicholas, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1743, to 1753. *Alderman*, 1785, to 1796.

Bayard, William, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1798.

Bayles, John C., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1844,

Beadle, Joseph N., (Tallow Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1829, '30.

Beakley, Henry, (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fortieth District, 1854.

Beam, Wm. H., (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1855.

Bedlow, Isaac, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1667, '68, '69, '71, '72, '73.

Beekman, William, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1653, '54, '56, '57, '73. *Burgomaster*, 1674 *Alderman*, 1679, 80, '82, '85. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1691 to 1695.

Beekman, Gerrard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie, Ward, 1731, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1736, '37.

Beekman, Theophilus, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1789 to 1795. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1798.

Beekman, John, (Navy agent,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1803.

Belden John M., (Brass Founder,) *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1854.

Bell, Caleb, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1805.

Benedict, Erastus, (*Lawyer*,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1841.

Benson, Sampson, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1737 '38.

Benson, Robert, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1740 to 1749. *Alderman*, 1750 to 1753. *Assistant Alderman*, 1766, '67·

Benson, Egbert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1835 to 1841, '45, '46.

Bickford, George P., (Clerk,) *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1851, '56, '57. Fourth District, 1858.

Bickley, William, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1698.

Bickley, May, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1708 to 1711. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1722 '23.

Bigham, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1807, '08, '09, '21.
Blackstone, Wyllis, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1844.
Blagge, Benjamin, (Inn-keeper,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1706.
Blagge, Edward, (Inn-keeper,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1707 to 1715, '19, '20, '21.
Blagge, Benjamin, *Assisant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1760, '61. *Alderman*, 1766 to 1773, '83 to '88.
Blommært Adrian, (Ship Captain or Skipper,) *Schepen*, 1657.
Bloodgood, Ab., (Currier,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1804, '07.
Blunt, Orison, (Gun Store,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1854. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1857 Supervisor, 1858.
Board, Joseph, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1803 to'05.
Board, David, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1818, '19. *Alderman*, 1820.
Boardman, Jr., William, *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1854.
Bœlen, Jacob, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1695, '97, '98, 1701.
Bogardus, Robert, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1802. *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1803, 06, '09.
Bogert, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1734 to 1749.
Bogert, jr., John, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1756 to 1766.
Bogert, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman* Fourth Ward, 1797. *Alderman*, 1798, '99, 1800, '02.
Boggs, W. G., (Newspaper,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1843.
Bolton, Thomas, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1818 to 1827.
Bolton, John, (Pres. Ins. Co.,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1834.
Bolster, Henry B., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1827. *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1851.
Bonnell, Hezekiah W., (Chair-maker,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1842.
Boole, F. I. A., (Ship-builder,) *Councilman*, Thirtieth District, 1856, '57. *Alderman*, Twelfth District, 1858, 1859.
Boone, Francois, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1668.
Bouton, Edwin, (Tailor,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1852, '53.
Bowne, Andrew, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1684, '85.
Bowne, Walter, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1828, '29 '30, 32.
Boyce, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Boyd, Nathaniel I., (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1831.
Boyd, John I., *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1834.
Brackett Joseph W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1812, '13, '17.
Bradhurst, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1840. *Alderman*, 1841.
Bradley, John J., *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1856. *Alderman*, Fourteenth District, 1858, '59.

Brady, Thomas S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1837. *Alderman*, 1836, '37.

Brady, William V., (Silver ware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, 1843, '45, '46. *Mayor*, 1847.

Brady, Warren, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1849.

Brady, John H., (Stairs,) *Councilman*, Thirty-ninth District, 1856, 1857, Sixth District, 1858.

Brasher, Abraham, (Pump-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1699 to 1701.

Brasher, Philip, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1799, 1800, 1801. *Alderman*, 1802. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1803, '04.

Brastow, Peter K., *Assistant Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1853.

Breaden, Patrick, (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1852, '53.

Brennan, Patrick, (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1848.

Brevoort, Jan Hendricks, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1702, 1707, to 1713.

Brevoort, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1771, '72, '73.

Breevort Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1802.

Brevoort, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, 1843.

Brewerton, George, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1761, '62. *Alderman*, 1763 to 1772.

Brewerton, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1766 to 1769.

Brewerton, George, jr., *Alderman*, West Ward, 1771, '72, '73.

Briggs, Daniel D., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, 1843, '45.

Briggs, John H., (Cartman,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1855, '56.

Brinckerhoff, George, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1740 to 1749.

Brinckerhoff, Dirck, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1763, '64, *Alderman*, 1765, '66, '67.

Brisley, William J., (Stoneyard,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1852, '53.

Brittain, Stephen P., (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1819.

Britton, Joseph (Ice Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1849, '50, '51.

Broome, John, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1783, '84.

Broughton, Sampson Shelton, *Recorder*, 1702, '03.

Brown, Anthony, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1796, '97, '98.

Brown, Noah, (Shipwright,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1813, '14.

Brown, John (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1816, '22.

Brown, Isaac, (Tallow Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1826, '27. *Alderman*, 1828, '29, 30.

Brown, Benjamin N., (Hardware,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1828, '29, '30.

Brown, Charles P., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1842, '43.

Brown, Edwin J., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Forty-first District, 1854.



A. Weingärtner's Lith. N.Y. for D.T. Valentine's Manual 1858.

Private Room of SIR HENRY CLINTON No. 1 Broadway, 1858,
in which André received his last instructions.

Brown, John L., (Tallow Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1816.

Brown, Josiah W., *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1852, '53. *Alderman*, 1854, '55, '56. *Tax Commissioner*, 1857, '58, '59.

Brown, Erastus W., *Councilman*, Fourteenth District, 1855.

Bruen, George W., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1832, '34, '36. *Alderman*, 1837.

Brush, Nehemiah, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1831.

Brush, Alfred, (Shoe-dealer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1854, '55.

Bruyn, John Hendricks, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684, '85. *Alderman*, 1686. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1688, '89.

Bryson, David, (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1828, '29.

Buckmaster, George, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1810, to 1818.

Bulteel, Wm. H., *Councilman*, Third District, 1857.

Bruce, Seymour A., *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1858.

Bunting, Jacob P., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1838.

Bunting, John A., *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1844.

Burger, Johannes, (Bricklayer,) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1735, '36 '37.

Burling, James, *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1833.

Burtis, Arthur, *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1813, '14, '15. *Alderman*, 1816, '17.

Burtsell, William, (Accountant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1823, '24.

Buyce, Matthew, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1760 to 1764.

Byrdsall, Fitzwilliam, *Councilman*, Fifty-Sixth District, 1857.

Byrne, Henry, H., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1846.

Byvanck, Evert, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1997, '98. *Alderman*, 1699, 1700.

Byvanck, Evert, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1754.

Byvanck, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1762 to 1765.

C

Campbell, And. J., *Councilman*, Twenty-third District, 1857.

Campbell, John, (Potbaker,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1792, '93, '94, '95.

Campbell, Thomas J., (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1807, '08.

Campbell, Freeman, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1838, '39. *Alderman*, 1840.

Candee, Lyman, (Patent Crane,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1845.

Cannon, Mott, (Dry Goods Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1813.

Cargill, Henry A., (Importer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-ninth District, 1856.

Carman, Richard F., (Builder, *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1842.

Carmer, Nicholas, (Sail-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1791 to 1798. *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1799, 1800.

Carnley, Thomas, (Iron-railing Manufacturer,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1848. Sheriff, 1849, '50, '51.

Carolin, Dines, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848.

Carpenter, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1809, '10, '11.

Cebra, John Y., (Hardware Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1825, '26, 1833.

Chambers, John, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1729, '30, to '32, '33.

Chamberlain, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1839, '40.

Chapman, Warren, (Paint Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1850, '51.

Chapman, R. W., *Councilman*, Fortieth District, 1857.

Charlick, Oliver, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1843, '44. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1845.

Chauncey, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1854.

Christy, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1854, '55.

Clancy, John, (*Editor*,) *Councilman*, Eleventh District, 1854, '55. *Alderman*, 1856, '57. *Alderman*, Second District, 1858, '59.

Clark, Aaron. *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, 1836. *Mayor*, 1837, '38.

Clark, George, F., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1847, '48. *Alderman*, 1849.

Clark, James E., *Councilman*, Ninth District, 1857.

Clark, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1690 to 1693.

Clayton, Edwin B., (Stationer,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1843.

Cleary, William, (Morocco Store,) *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1854.

Cleveland, John, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1835.

Clifton, Gideon, (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Third District, 1854, '55, '56.

Clinch, George, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1835,

Clinton, Dewitt, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1803 to 1814.

Clock, Martin, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1695, '97. *Alderman*, 1698 to 1701.

Clock, Albert, (Shoemaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1710 to '14

Clopper, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1751 to 1762.

Coe, William S., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, 1827, '28.

Coen, William, *Assistant Alderman*, 1686.

Coger, John, jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1847.

Coker, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1690.

Colden, Cadwallader, D., (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1818, '19, '20.

Colegrove, James E., (Carpenter,) *Councilman*, Eighteenth District, 1856.

Coleman, David, (Deputy, Sheriff,) *Councilman*, Eighteenth District, 1855 .
Coles, John B., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1797, '98. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1799, 1800, '01, '15, '16, '17.
Coles, Joseph, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1823.
Colon, John R., *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1847.
Colyer, Henry W., (Stables,) *Councilman*, Twenty-eighth District, 1856, '57.
Compton, Richard, T., (Ice Dealer,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1845, '46, '52, 53.
Conklin, Jonas F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.
Conner, Thomas, (Charcoal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1838, '39. *Alderman*, 1845.
Conover, Stephen, (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1823.
Conover, Daniel D., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Fifty-third District, 1854, '55.
Conrey, Peter, (Inspector of Lumber,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1816.
Cook, James H., (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1838, '39, '50, '51.
Cook, John, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1693.
Cooper, Caleb, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1802.
Cooper, Thomas, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1815, '16.
Cooper, Francis, (Copper-smith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1821.
Cooper, Peter. (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1840.
Cooper, Cornelius S., (Coal Dealer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-third District, 1854, '55, '56.
Cooper, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1855.
Corbett, Abraham, (Innkeeper,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1685.
Corbett, John, (Distiller,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1702.
Cornelison, Arion, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1687.
Cornell, Charles G., *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1858.
Cornell Robert C., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1834.
Cornell, William H., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Corwin, Hiram, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Second, Ward, 1856, '57.
Cosseau, Jaques, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1662, '63, '65.
Costello, Edward, *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1858.
Coutant, Gilbert, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1805.
Coulthard, William, (Brewer,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1815.
Coulter, Wm., (Builder,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1857.
Coventry, William, *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1756, '57.
Covert, George H., (Wharfinger,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1854.
Cowan, William W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1828.
Cowdrey, Samuel, (Lawyer) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, 1824.

Cox, Jamieson, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1823, '24. *Alderman*, 1825, '26.

Cox, William, (Bolter,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1683.

Cozzens, William, B., (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Third, Ward, 1844.

Couenhoven, J. T., *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1855.

Crane, Benjamin, (Stationer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1819, '20, '21.

Crane, Charles, (Flour Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Crane, Wm. H., (Goldbeater,) *Councilman*, Tenth District, 1856, '57.

Crawford, James, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1853.

Crawford, Peter, *Councilman*, Eighteenth District, 1854, '57. Fourth District, 1858.

Crolius, John, (Potter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1799.

Crolius, Clarkson, (Potter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1802, '03, '04.

Crolius, Clarkson, jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1838. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1847, '48.

Crook, John, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1694.

Cross, James M., *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1858.

Crundell, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1686. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1687.

Cruger, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1712 to 1733. *Mayor*, 1739 to 1743.

Cruger, John, jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1754, '55. *Mayor*, 1757 to 1765.

Crigier, Martin, (Trader,) *Burgomaster*, 1653, '54 '59, 60, '63.

Cummings, John P., (Contractor,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1847.

Cunningham, Richard, (Tanner,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1810, '11, 12.

Curry, Francis M., *Councilman*, Fifty-second District, 1854, 55.

Curtenius, Peter T., *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1768, '69. *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1789.

Curtis, Edward, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1835, '36.

Cusack, Andrew, *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1855.

Cuyler, Henry, jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1758, '59.

D

Darkins, Robert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1691 to 1696.

Darvall, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1673. *Mayor*, 1675.

Davies, Henry E., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1841, *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1842. *Counsel to Corporation*, 1849, '50, '51, '52.

Davis, James, (Umbrellas,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth District, 1858.



THE CORTELYOU MANSION HOUSE, 1848.

Davis, William A., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1819. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1825.

Davis, Abraham B., (Flour Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1841.

Day, William, (Locksmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1833.

Dean, Charles G., *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1849, '50.

Deforest, Isaac, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1658.

De Forest, Charles, (Sugar Refiner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1836. *Alderman*, 1837, '38.

De Forest, Theodore R., *Alderman*, First Ward, 1817, '18. *Assistant Commissioner, of C. A. D.*, 1849 to 1859.

De Kay, Tunis, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1685, '86. '87, '91 '92.

De Kay, Jacobus, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1702, '03, '04, '05.

De Kay, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1733.

Delamater, John, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1835.

Delamater, Samuel (Builder,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1850, '51.

Delamontagne, Jacob, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1796, to 1799. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1803, '04, '05.

Delancy, Stephen, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1690, '91, '92. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1713.

Delancy, Oliver, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1754, '55, '56.

Delancy, Peter, (Merchant, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1686, '87. *Mayor*, 1688, '89.

Delavall, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1655. *Mayor*, 1666. *Alderman*, 1667, '70. *Mayor*, 1671, '78.

Delavall, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1685.

Demarest, Thomas, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1806.

De Meyer, Nicholas, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1664. *Alderman*, 1669, '70, '75. *Mayor*, 1676. *Assistant Alderman*, 1685.

Deming, Barzilla, (Cabinet Warehouse,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1839.

Demilt, Anthony, (Baker,) *Sheriff*, 1673. *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1687.

Dennie, Christopher, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1707 '08.

Denman, Ashael A., (Lime Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

De Peyster, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1655, '57, '58, '62, '65. *Alderman*, 1666, '67, '69. *Burgomaster*, 1673. *Alderman*, 1673, '76. *Deputy Mayor*, 1677.

De Peyster, Abraham, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1685. *Mayor*, 1691 to '94.

De Peyster, Johannes,(Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1694, '95. *Mayor*, 1698. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1700, '01, '10.

De Peyster, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1703 to 1705, 1710 to 1718.

De Peyster, Isaac, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1730 to 1733.

De Peyster, Abraham, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1735 to 1759.

De Peyster, Pierre, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1748 to 1758.

De Peyster, Wm., *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1750 to 1753.

De Peyster, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1783.

De Peyster, Gerard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1806, 1820. *Alderman*, 1821.

De Riemer, Isaac, (Merchant.) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1696, '97. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1699. *Mayor*, 1700. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1702, '07. *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1714, '15, '16, '17.

Desbrosses, Elias, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1767 to 1770.

De Sille, Nicausus, (Professor,) *School*, 1657 to 1660.

Devoe, Charles, (Butcher,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1844.

Dibblee, Fyler, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1829, '30. *Alderman*, 1831.

Dickinson, Charles, *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1808 to 1813.

Dickinson, Charles, (Ship Chandler,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1809.

Dickinson, Jeremiah J., (Inspector,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1844.

Divver, Joseph A., (Wine Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, 1845.

Dixon, R. S., *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1856.

Dod, Lewis S., (Brass Founder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, 1847.

Dodge, Jeremiah, *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1826. *Alderman*, 1828.

Dodge, Charles J., (Ship Carver,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1839, '41, '42, '43. *Alderman*, 1845.

Dodge, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1842, '43.

Dodge, Jacob L., (Butcher,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1847, '48.

Dodge, Daniel, *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1850, '51.

Doherty, John, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1852, '53.

Doherty, W. H. (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-ninth District, 1857.

Donoho, Michael C., *Councilman*, Twelfth District, 1854, '55.

Dooley, William, A., *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1855.

Doty, Chas., *Councilman*, Thirty-third District, 1857.

Doughty, George S., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, 1823.

Dougherty, Charles H , (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1843.

Dougherty, Theodore M., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1846.

Douglass, Isaac S., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1809, '10. *Alderman*, 1811, '12, '13.

Duow, Gerard, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1691. *Alderman*, 1692 to 1697.

Downing, George, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1822

Downing, Thomas K., (Druggist,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1848. *City Inspector*, 1853, '54, '55.

Drake, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1801. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1804, '05, '07, '08.

Drake, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1808. *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1811.

Drake, Elias, G., (President Bank,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1844.

Drake, William B., (Speculator,) *Alderman*, Twenty-second Ward, 1854, '55, '56, '57.

Droilhett, Paul, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1806, '07, '08.

Duane, James, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1783 to 1788.

Dunlap, Thomas, (Hotel,) *Councilman*, Forty-fourth District, 1855.

Dunn, Thos. A., *Councilman*, Fifty-third District, 1856, '57. Seventh District, 1858.

Dunning, Smith (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1843.

Dunscombe, Daniel E., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1824.

Dunshee, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1831, '32. *Alderman*, 1833.

Duychink, Garret, (Painter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1688, '89, '97.

Dyckman, John, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1769 to 1773.

Dyckman, Jacobus, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1822.

Dyckman, Isaac, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1833, '34.

E

Earl, Morris, J., *Councilman*, Fifty-fourth District, 1854.

Ebbing, Jeronimus, (Trader,) *Schepen*, 1659, '61, '73.

Edwards, Moses C., (Cider Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1851.

Elliott, George, *Councilman*, Thirty-second District, 1854.

Elting, Peter, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1787, '88.

Elsworth, George, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1702.

Elsworth, William T., (Pewterer,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1789, '90, '91.

Ely, Nathan C., (President Insurance Company,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1851. *Alderman*, 1854, '55, '56.

Emmans, James, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1843, '44.

Emmons, Isaac, (Collector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1820. *Alderman*, 1821.

Engs, Philip W., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1825. *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1828, '29, '30.

Erben, Henry, (Organ-builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1836.

Esquirol, Peter, (Tobacconist), *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward 1842.

Euwatse, John, (Pot-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1695, '97, '98.

Everdell, William, (Engraver,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1844.

F

Fairlie, James, (Clerk Supreme Court,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1804, '05, '22, '23.

Faneuil, Benjamin, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1703.

Farran, Thomas, *Councilman*, Thirty-seventh District, 1854, '55, '56.

Few, William, *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1814, '15.

Feeks, Stephen H., *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, 1847.

Fell, Christopher, (Bolter,) *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1734, '35, '36.

Ferris, Charles G., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1832. *Alderman*, 1833.

Ferris, James, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1834, '35, '39, '40.

Ferris, Ebenezer, (Eating House,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1849.

Fickett, Francis, (Ship-builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1832, '33. *Alderman*, 1834, '35.

Filkin, Francis, *Alderman*, South Ward, 1752 to 1769. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1770 to 5773.

Fish, Whitehead, (Teller Man. Bank,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1803.

Fish, Nicholas, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1806 to 1816.

Fitzgerald, Edmund, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1848.

Floyd, William, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Thirty-third District, 1855, '56.

Foote, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1837. *Alderman*, 1846.

Forbes, Gilbert, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1766, '67.

Forbes, David A., (Printer,) *Councilman*, Thirty-third District, 1854.

Ford, Lewis, (Carpenter.) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1822.

Foster, William R., (Grocer,) *Councilman* of Twenty-sixth District, 1854.

Fox, Charles, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1855, '56.

Francis, Charles, (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1850. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Franklin, Morris, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1837. *Alderman*, 1841, '47, '48.

Franklin, George H., (Ship Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1849, '50, '51.

Franklin, Homer, *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1857.

Fransway, Lewis, *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1857.
Frazer, John C., *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1858.
Fream, William W., *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1848.
Fred, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1734, '35, '36.
French, Philip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1696. *Alderman*, 1701. *Mayor*, 1702.
Frye, Frederick, (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Forty-ninth District, 1854.
Fulmer, Peter, (Coachmaker,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1856, '57.
Furman, Gabriel, *Alderman*, First Ward, 1792 to 1798.
Furman. Richard, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1797, '98, '99.

G

Gabry, Timotheus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1660, '61, '62, '64, '65.
Gafney, Bernard, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Fiftieth District, 1854.
Gale, William, (Silver ware,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1844.
Galpin, Samuel W., *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1858.
Gannon, Charles, (Smith,) *Councilman*, Second District, 1854, '55.
Gavitt, Amos T., (Clothier,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1856.
Gedney, Sylvanus, (Builder,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1842.
Gelston, Maltby, *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1821.
Genet, Henry W., *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1858.
Getty, Robert P., (Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1848.
Gibbs, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1675. *Deputy Mayor*, 1676.
Gilbert, William W., (Silversmith,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1783 to 1788. *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1801. *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1804.
Gilbert, John J., (Ship Joiner,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, 1846.
Gilford, Samuel, jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1825, '26.
Gilmartin, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, 1847.
Gilmartin, Martin, *Councilman*, Thirteenth District, 1857. Fourth District, 1858.
Gotier, Andrew, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1765, '66, '67. *Alderman*, 1768 to 1773.
Gouverneur, Abraham, *Recorder*, 1800, 1801.
Graham, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1680, '82. *Recorder*, 1683 to 1699.
Graham, David, jr., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1838, '39. *Alderman*, 1840.
Gray, Neil, (Secretary Insurance Company,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1845, '46, '47. *Alderman*, 1848.
Gray, Orlando, (Stages,) *Councilman*, Sixteenth District, 1854, '55, '56.
Greeenfield, John V., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1855 *Alderman*, 1836, '37.

Gregory, John, *Alderman*, Ninth District, 1858.
Greveraat, Isaac, (Trader,) *Schepen*, 1664.
Griffin, Edmund, *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.
Griffith, Anthony, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1787.
Griffiths, James, (Croton hose,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1856, '57.
Guion, Benjamin L., *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1839.

H

Haight, Benj , (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1806, '08.
Haley Dudley, (Fish Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Hall, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1822.
Hall, Charles Henry, *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1831, '32.
Hall, William, (Music Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, 1838.
Halsey, David, (Ship Joiner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1833.
Halsey, Isaac, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1833.
Halsey, Benton W., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1840.
Hamersley, Andrew, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1773.
Hammond, Judah, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1819, '20. *Alderman*, 1821. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1833.
Hardenbrook, Johannes, (Bolter,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1695, '96. *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1731, '32, '33.
Hardenbrook, Abel, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1732, 33.
Hardenbrook, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1771, '72, '73.
Hardenbrook, Theophilus, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1772, '73.
Hardenbrook, Wm. A., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1809 to 1814.
Harrison, Francis, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1725 to 1734.
Harper, Samuel B., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1822.
Harper, James, (Publisher,) *Mayor*, 1844.
Harris, Richard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1704, '05, '06.
Harris, Morgan L., *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1857.
Harrison, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1798, '99.
Harson, Garret, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1790. *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1792 to 1797.
Harsen, Jacob, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1803.
Hart, Monmouth B., (Teacher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward 1838. *Alderman*, 1839.
Hart, Emanuel B., (Broker,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1845, '46.
Hart, John, (Liquors,) *Councilman*, Thirty-second District, 1855, '56.
Hasbrouck, Stephen, (Physician,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1844.
Haswell, Charles H., (Engineer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-fifth District, 1855, '57. *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1858.
Hatfield, Abraham, *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1840 to 1843.

Hatfield, Amos F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848, '49.

Havemeyer, William F., (Sugar Refiner,) *Mayor*, 1845, '48.

Haws, Robert H., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Haws, Peter, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Aderman*, Second Ward, 1809, '10, '11.

Hazard, Thomas, (Currier,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1786, '87.

Healy, Bartholomew, (Shoe Store,) *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1854, '55. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1856, '57.

Heathcote, Caleb, *Mayor*, 1711, '12, '13.

Hedden, Josiah, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1811, '12, '24.

Heermans, Egbert, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1703, '04.

Hegeman Adrian, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1805, '08

Hemphill, Alex., (Clerk,) *Councilman*, Twenty-second District, 1856, '57.

Henry, Thomas S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1843, '44 *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1845.

Herrick, Anson, (Editor,) *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1854, '55, '56.

Herring, Albert, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1754 to 1758.

Herring, Silas C., (Iron Safes,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1847, '48. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1849.

Hibbard, Timothy R., (Druggist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1848.

Hicks, Whitehead, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1763 to 1766. *Mayor*, 1766 to 1773.

Hitchcock, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1825.

Hodgkinson, Worthington, *Councilman*, Forty-fourth District, 1854.

Hoffman, Josiah Ogden, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1810, '13, '14.

Hoffman, Murray, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1837.

Hoffman, Philip V., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1841.

Hoffmire, Henry R. (Baker,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1854, '55, '56, '57. *Alderman*, Third District, 1858.

Holden, Horace, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1834.

Holder, Charles J., (Piano-fortes,) *Councilman*, Twenty-second District, 1854, '55.

Holland, Edward, *Mayor*, 1747 to 1756.

Holly, William W., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1831, '32. *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1838.

Holmes, Eldad, *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1817.

Hone, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1819.

Hone, Philip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1823, '24. *Mayor*, 1825.

Hoogland, Christopher, *Schepen*, 1664. *Alderman*, 1688. *Schepen*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1678.

Hoogland, Abraham, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1808.

Hoogland, William, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1809.
Hopkins, Samuel M., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1804, '05. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1807, '08.
Hopkins, Gilbert, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1833, '34.
Hopper, John, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1806.
Hopper, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1856.
Hopper, Isaac A., *Councilman*, Sixtieth District, 1856, '57.
Horn, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1844.
Horsemanden, Daniel, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1735 to 1746.
Howe, Thomas D., (Mason,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1838, '39.
Howard, Henry H., *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1854, '55.
Hoxie, Joseph, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1837.
Hughes, Henry, (Oil Dealer,) *Councilman*, Eleventh District, 1857.
Huggit, Benjamin, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1767 to 1772.
Hunt, Obadiah, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1726 to 1729.
Hunt, Daniel H., (Shoe Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1853.
Hunt, Isaac O., (Clerk,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fourth District, 1856, '57.
Hunt, J. Wesley, *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1857.
Husted, Samuel M., (Feed Store,) *Councilman*, Forty-fifth District, 1854, '55.
Hutchins, John, (Inn-keeper,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1697, '98, 1703.
Huysman, Aert, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1784.
Hyde, William F., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1837.

I

Ingersoll, Chandler L., (Boat-builder,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1849.
Ingraham, Daniel P., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1836, '37.
Innes, Edward S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1841.
Inyan, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1677. *Deputy Mayor*, 1678. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1683.
Ireland, William H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1821, '22. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1823, '24, '27.
Ivers, Thomas, *Alderman*, 1783.

J

Jackson, David S., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1843. *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1844, '45, '46, '56, '57.
Jackson, Moses, W. S. *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1849.
Jackson, William F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1847.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y.

for J. Disturnell's Journal for 1848

THE REMSEN FARM HOUSE.
(rear view.)

Jackson, Joseph A.,(*Pawnbroker,*) *Councilman,* Eighth District, 1854, '55.
Jamison, David, (Lawyer,) *Recorder,* 1712 to 1723.
Jamison, Joseph, (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman,* First Ward, 1847, '48. *Alderman,* First Ward, 1849.
Janeway, George, (*Brewer*) *Assistant Alderman,* North Ward, 1784 to 1795. *Alderman,* Sixth Ward, 1803, '04.
Jansen, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Alderman,* South Ward, 1703, '04, '05, '06, 1712 to 1725. *Mayor,* 1728.
Jansen, Joris, *Assistant Alderman,* North Ward, 1756 to 1760.
Jarvis, Nathaniel, jr., *Assistant Alderman,* Twelfth Ward, 1838, '39. *Alderman,* Twelfth Ward, 1840.
Jay, Augustus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman,* South Ward, 1723, '24, '25.
Jay, Peter, (Merchant,) *Alderman,* Dock Ward, 1738, '39.
Jay, Peter A., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman,* First Ward, 1826. *Recorder,* 1819, '20.
Jenkins, George W., (Auctioneer,) *Councilman,* Sixtieth District, 1855.
Jeremiah, Thomas, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman,* Tenth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Alderman,* Tenth Ward, 1831. *Alderman,* Seventeenth Ward, 1838.
Jeremiah, Thomas F., (Teller, Bowery Bank,) *Councilman,* Forty-sixth District, 1854.
Jelleson, Hendrick, *Assistant Alderman,* South Ward, 1699, 1700, '01.
Johnson, Simon, *Alderman,* South Ward, 1734 to 1747. *Recorder,* 1747 to 1766.
Johnson, Samuel, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman,* 1783.
Johnson, Wm. Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman,* Third Ward, 1834.
Johnson, Leonard L., (Provision Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman,* Eleventh Ward, 1844. *Alderman,* Eleventh Ward, 1846.
Johnson, John, (Merchant,) *Mayor,* 1714 to 1718.
Jones, Thomas, (Lawyer,) *Recorder,* 1769, '70, '71, '72.
Jones, Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Recorder,* 1789 to 1795.
Jones, Samuel, jr., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman,* First Ward, 1809 to 1817. *Recorder,* 1823.
Jones, Thomas, jr., *Councilman,* Forty-second District, 1857.
Jones, Robert, *Alderman,* Fifth Ward, 1840 to 1842.
Jordan, Lawrence P., (Chairmaker,) *Assistant Alderman,* Tenth Ward, 1835, '36.
Judd, Samuel, (Oil Merchant,) *Alderman,* Seventh Ward, 1836.
Judson, Wm. W., *Councilman,* Sixteenth District, 1857, Fourth District, '58.

K

Kelly, Joel, *Assistant Alderman,* Eleventh Ward, 1836.
Kelly, James, (Baker,) *Alderman,* Second Ward, 1847, '49.
Kelly, Patrick, (Grocer,) *Alderman,* Sixth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Kelly, John, (Grate-maker,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1854, '55.
Kelly, Thomas *Councilman*, Thirty-seventh District, 1857.
Kennard, John, (Paper Dealer,) *Councilman*, Twenty-first District, 1856, 1857.
Kennedy, John A., (Paint Store,) *Councilman*, Ninth District, 1854. *Supervisor*, 1858.
Kent, James, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1796, '97.
Kerrigan, James E., *Councilman*, Thirteenth District, 1854, '55, '56.
Keteltas, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1703 to 1706. *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1708, '09.
Kettleman, John, (Builder,) *Councilman*, Forty-fourth District, 1857.
Kimbal, Elijah H., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1841.
Kimbark, Everett H., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1854.
King, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1691.
King, Abraham, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1804, '05. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1807.
King, Elisha W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1810 to 1815. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1818 to 1824.
Kingsland, Ambrose C., (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1851, '52.
Kip, Hendrick Hendrickson, (Tailor,) *Schepen*, 1656.
Kip, Jacob, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1659, '62, '63, '65, '73, '74.
Kip, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684. *Alderman*, 1685. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1687, '91, '92, '96.
Kip, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1709 to 1726.
Kip, Samuel, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1729, '30.
Kip, Samuel, jr., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1807.
Kip, Leonard, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1717, '18. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1819, '20.
Kip, John G., *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1850.
Kirby, Edmund, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1809.
Knight, William, *Sheriff*, 1674.
Kohler, Frederick D., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848.
Kortright, Cornelius, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1738, '39.
Kuyter, Jochem Pieterson, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1654.

L

Labagh, John J., (Stone yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1831. '32, '33. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1834, '35. *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1840.
Lamb, Anthony, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1825 to 1831.
Lamb, John W., (Blockmaker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1835.
Lamb, Chester, (Stables,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1847.

Lambrecht, A., *Councilman*, Forty-eighth District, 1754, '55.
Lansing, John G., *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1760, '61, '62.
Lawrence, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1665 to 1672. *Mayor*, 1673. *Alderman*, 1680, '82, '84. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1672. *Mayor*, 1691.
Lawrence, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1739 to 1747. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1748.
Lawrence, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1762, '63.
Lawrence, Jonathan, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1784.
Lawrence, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1788.
Lawrence, Augustine H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1809 to 1813. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1814, '15, '16.
Lawrence, Jonathan, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1813.
Lawrence, Cornelius W., (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1834, '35, '36
Lawrence, Thomas, *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1838, '39.
Lawrence, Abraham R., *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1847.
Leary, Andrew, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Forty-second District, 1856.
Lee, Gideon, (Leather Store,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Mayor*, 1833.
Lee, Frederick R., (Hardware Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1841, '42, '43.
Lee, Thomas R., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1841.
Lefferts, Jacobus, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1770. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1771, '72, '73.
Lenox, Robert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1795 to 1801.
Leonard, Moses G., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1840. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1841, '42
Leroy, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1802. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1803 *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1806.
Le Roux, Bartholomew, (Goldsmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1702 to 1712.
Le Roux, Charles, (Goldsmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1735 to 1738.
Levingston, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1750 to 1755.
Levingston, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1748 to 1753.
Lewis, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1675, '79.
Lewis, Leonard, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1696 to 1699.
Libby, James S., (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1848.
Lindsey, George, (Stonecutter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1793.
Lispenard, Leonard, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1750 to 1755. *Alderman*, North Ward. 1756 to 1762.
Livingston, Philip, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1754 to 1760.
Livingston, Philip, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1754 to 1762.

Livingston, Robert R., (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1773.
Livingston, Wm. S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1791.
Livingston, Edward, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1801, '02.
Livingston, Maturin, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1804, '05, '07.
Livingston Livingston, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1846.
Loockermans, Govert, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1657.
Lord, Daniel D., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1854, '55.
Lorillard, Jacob, (Tanner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1814, '15, '16.
Lott, Abraham P., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1764. '65. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1768 to 1786.
Lovelace, Thomas, *Alderman*, 1672.
Lovett, John, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1828, '29, '30. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1834, '35.
Lozier, John, (Supt. Manh. Water Works,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1825. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1826, '27, '28.
Ludlam, Stephen, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1806,'07.
Lurting, Robert, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1698 1701, '02. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1704, '05. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1708, '09. *Mayor*, 1726 to 1734.
Luyck, Aegidius, (Teacher,) *Burgomaster*, 1673.
Lynch, James, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1826, '27, *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1838.
Lynes, John, *Alderman*, Tenth District, 1858, '59.
Lynsen, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1750.

M

Mabbatt, Samuel, R., (Coal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1851, '52, 53.
Mabey, Robert L., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1853.
Maclay, Archibald, jr., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward. 1845, '46.
Macnevin, William J., (Physician.) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1827.
Maerschalk, Andries, (Bolter,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1714 to 1727.
Malcolm, William, (Ship Chandler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1785.
Man, Edward, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1737.
Mandeville, Wm., (Cabinet-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1828, '29, '30, '31. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1832.
Mann, Asa, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1812, '13, '14, '15. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1819 to '25.
Manning, John, (Capt. R. A.,) *Sheriff*, 1667, '68, '69, '70.
Mansfield, William H., *Councilman*, Forty-sixth District, 1857.



Lith by Geo. Hayward, 121 Nassau St.

For D. T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

THE GRANGE, KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, N. Y.

Residence of Gen.l Alex.r Hamilton.

Mapes, Jonas, *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1813, '14, '15, '16.
Marius, Peter Jacobs, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1677 to 1682.
Marsh, David, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1829, '30.
Marshall, John, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1740 to 1749.
Mason, Joel W., (Chair-maker), *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1854, '55.
Martin, Robert, (Cordial Distiller,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1842, '43.
Martin, Jos. D., *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1856.
Mather, Frederick E., (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-seventh District, 1854, '55.
Maynard, Hiram A., *Councilman*, Fifty-eighth District, 1856.
McCartie, Peter, (*Alderman*,) Fourth Ward, 1813, '14, '15.
McCarthy, Dennis, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1832, '33.
McCarthy, Florence, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1850, '51.
McCarty, A. J., (Builder,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1858.
McCahill, Bryan, (Contractor,) *Councilman*, Fifty-eighth District, 1855-7.
McClave, John, (Builder,) *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1854.
McConkey, William, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1852, '53. *Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1856, '57.
McCormick, Daniel, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1789, 1790.
McConnell, Edward C., *Councilman*, Thirty-fourth District, 1855, '56. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1857.
McConnell, John, *Councilman*, Thirty-fourth District, 1857.
McCrea, Stephen, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1789, '90, '91.
McDermott, William, jr., (Builder,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1848.
McElrath, Thomas, (Newspaper,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1846. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1847.
McGarren, Alexander, *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1858.
McGown, S. Benson, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1852, '53.
McIntyre, John, (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Forty-second District, 1844.
McKinley, George, *Councilman*, Twelfth District, 1856.
McKnight, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1847, *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1848.
McLoughlin, M., *Councilman*, Thirty-second District, 1857.
McQueen, Robt., (Air Furnaces,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1816. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1817 to 1822.
McSpedon, Thomas, (Stationer,) *Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1857. *Alderman*, Sixteenth District, 1858, '59.
Mead, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1821. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1822.
Mead, Walter, (Coal Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1842.
Meigs, Henry, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1831, '32.
Mercer, Edwin J., (Eating-house,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1849.

Merritt, William, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1684. *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1687. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1691, '92, '93. *Mayor*, 1695, '96, '97.

Merritt, John, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1690, '91.

Merritt, Isaac B., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1836. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1837.

Merritt, George, *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1856.

Meserole, Bernard J., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1827. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1828, 1845, '46, '47.

Mesier, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1698 to 1701.

Mesier, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1770, '71, '72, '73.

Mesier, Peter, *Alderman*, West Ward, 1759, '60, '61, 62.

Mesier, Peter, (Flour Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1807 to 1818.

Meyer, Adolph, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1693, '94.

Mickle, Andrew H., (Tobacconist,) *Mayor*, 1846.

Miller, John D., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1805. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1806, '07.

Miller, John, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1837.

Miller, William S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1844.

Miller, Jacob, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1845.

Miller, Jedediah, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.

Miller, David, (Moulder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1849, '51.

Miller, F. J., *Councilman*, Forty-eighth District, 1856.

Miller, Amos, *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1857.

Minthorne, Philip, (Farmer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1718 to 1742.

Minthorne, Mangle, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1792 to 1799. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1800 to 1804. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1808, '09.

Minvielle, Gabriel, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1675. *Mayor*, 1684.

Mitchell, Jesse, *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1857.

Moller, George H., *Councilman*, Fifty-ninth District, 1854.

Moneghan, P., (Book-binder,) *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1854, '55. *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1856, '57.

Monroe, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1832. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1833, '34.

Munroe, Thomas, *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1857.

Moore, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1730 to 1734. *Alderman*, South Ward, 1737.

Moore, Abraham, (Tobacconist,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1851. *Alderman*, First Ward, 1852, '53.

Moore, Jacob S., (Cooper,) *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1855.

Morgan, Edwin D., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1849.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y.

for D. T. Valentine's Manual for 1856.

THE REMSEN FARM HOUSE
(front view.)

Morgans, Morgan, (Founder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1849, '50, '51.
Morris, Andrew, *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1802 to 1806.
Morris, Robert H., (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1841, '42, '43.
Morse, John, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1810. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1811, '12, '18, '19.
Moser, Samuel H., *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1855, '56.
Morton, Jacob, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1803.
Mott, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1804. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1805 to 1808.
Mott, Wm. W., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1827 to 1830.
Mott, Horatio, (Ship Chandler,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1844.
Mott, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Twenty-first Ward, 1854.
Mulligan, Andrew, *Councilman*, Fifth District, 1858.
Mulligan, John W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1806, '07, '08.
Mullins, Dennis, (Glover,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1846, '47. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1849.
Munson, Reuben, (Comb-maker,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1813 to 1823.
Murphy, W. D., (Sail-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1841.
Murray, James, *Councilman*, Forty-fifth District, 1857.
Murray, James B., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1832.
Murray, Mathew, *Councilman*, Eleventh District, 1856.
Michael, Murray, *Alderman*, First District, 1858.
Myer, Ede, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1734 to 1744.

N

Nash, Orville J., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1837, '38. *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1839, '40.
Nash, James, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1842. *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1843.
Neilson, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1784, '85, '86.
Nesbitt, George F., (Stationer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1841, '42, '43.
Nevius, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1655.
Nevius, Peter J., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1829, '30.
Nexsen, Elias, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1805.
Nichols, Matthias, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, 1668 to 1771. *Mayor*, 1672.
Nichols, Samuel, (Coppersmith,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1839, '40, 43.
Nichols, Edwin, *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1845, '46.
Nicholson, James, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1787, '88.

Nitchie, John, (Starch Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1799, 1800, '01, '12, '13.
Nixon, George, (Coal Dealer,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1835.
Noole, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1701.
Nolan, W., *Councilman*, Seventh District, 1858.
North, Charles C., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Sixtieth District, 1854.
Noyes, John L., *Councilman*, Fifty-fourth District, 1856, '57.

O

Oakley, Jacob F., (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1850, '51, '52, '53.
O'Brien, Timothy, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1852, '53.
O'Brien, Hugh, *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1857.
Odell, Andrew J., *Councilman*, Forty-ninth District, 1856, '57.
O'Donnell, Hugh, *Councilman*, Twelfth District, 1857.
Ogden, Gouverneur M., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1845.
Oliver, James D., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1843, '45, '46. *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1847.
Olpherts, Suert, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1688, '89.
O'Keefe, John, (Stages,) *Assistant Alderman*, Nineteenth Ward, 1853.
Onclebag, Garrit, (Silversmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1700. '01, '13.
O'Neil, Felix, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1841.
Oothout, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1802.
O'Reilly, Francis, *Councilman*, Thirty-sixth District, 1856.
Ostrander, Gideon, *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1823. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1824 to 1827, and 1834.
Ottarson, Franklin J., (Editor,) *Councilman*, Forty-first District, 1857.
Owens, James, (Builder,) *Alderman*, Twenty-first Ward, 1857. *Alderman*, Fifteenth District, 1858.

P

Palmer, John, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1809.
Palmer, James, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1812.
Palmer, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward 1827. *Alderman* Thirteenth Ward, 1828 to 1833.
Palmer, John, *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1832.
Parker, Shivers, (Brush-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1818, to 1822. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1823.
Patterson, Matthew C., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1837.
Patterson, Samuel P., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1849.

Pattison, Robert, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1843.
Paulding, William, jr., (Lawyer,) *Alderman* Fifth Ward, 1822. *Mayor*, 1823, '24, '26, '27.
Paulding, George, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1835.
Paxton, John R., (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1848.
Pearsall, John, (Fruit Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1849, '51. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1852, '53.
Pearson, Thomas, *Councilman*, Fifty-eighth District, 1854.
Peartree, William, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1703 to 1706.
Peck, William J., (Lime Dealer,) *Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1852, '53.
Peers, Thomas F., (Confectioner,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1840.
Peil, John, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1810, '11, '12.
Pell, Caleb, (Coppersmith,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1810.
Penny, Edward, jr., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward 1840.
Pentz, Daniel C., (Cooper,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1840.
Peters, John R., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1827, '28.
Pettigrew, John, (Contractor,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1842, '43.
Philipse, Frederick, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1719 to 1733.
Phillips, John, (Butcher,) *Councilman*, Twenty-eighth District, 1854.
Phillips, Jonas N., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Seventeenth District, 1856, '57.
Phœnix, Daniel, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1783, '84.
Phœnix, J. Phillips, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1838, '39.
Pierce, Nathaniel, (Tobacco Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1845.
Pierson, Joseph, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1787, '88.
Pinckney, Peter, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1828.
Pinckney, Benjamin F., (Painter,) *Councilman*, Forty-seventh District, 1854, '55, '56.
Pinhorn, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1682. *Recorder*, 1691.
Pintard, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1738, '39. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1740 to 1747.
Pintard, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1789, '90, '91.
Pitman, Lemuel, (Rope-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1825. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1826, '27.
Platt, Gilbert. W, *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1858.
Pluvier, Cornelius, (Baker) *Alderman*, North Ward, 1688, '89.
Pollock, James, (Contractor,) *Assistant Alderman*,) Sixteenth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, 1841.

Post, Anthony, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1792 to 1796. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1797.

Post, Jotham, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1794, '95. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1796 to 1800.

Potter, Ellis, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1837, '38, '39.

Power, Wm., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1835.

Prentis, Thomas, (Paper-hanger,) *Councilman*, Thirtieth District, 1855.

Prevost, John B., (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1800 to 1803.

Price, Thompson, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1732.

Provoost, David, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1697. *Mayor*, 1699. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1700, '01. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1702, '08.

Provoost, Johannes, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1688, '89.

Provost, William, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1808, '09.

Provost, John, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1748, '49. *Alderman*, 1752, '53.

Purdy, Samuel, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1835, '36.

Purdy, Elijah F., (Grocer,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1838 to 1843.

Purdy, Jonathan, (Builder,) *Councilman*, Twenty-seventh District, 1854, '55.

Purser, George H., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, 1846, '47.

Q

Quackenbos, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1788.

Quackenbos, Mangle M., *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1833.

Quackenbush, William, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1845.

R

Radcliffe, Jacob, (Lawyer,) *Mayor*, 1810, '15, '16, '17.

Radford, William, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1846.

Radley, G. M., *Councilman*, Twenty-first District, 1855.

Randolph, Stuart F., *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1826, '27.

Randall, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1783.

Randall, David, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1836, '37.

Rauney, J. W., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Forty-second District, 1855.

Rapelje, Rem, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1763, '64.

Rapelje, Garret, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1763, '64, '65.

Rathbone, William P., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1824. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1825.

Rawson, Edmund G., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1841. *Alderman*, 1843.

Raymond, George H., *Councilman*, Thirty-first District, 1854, '56.
Reade, John, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1711, '12, '13.
Reed, Harrison, E , *Alderman*, Eleventh District, 1858
Reed, Matthew, (Shoe Store,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1824, '25.
Reed, Horâtio, (Saloon,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fifth District, 1854, '55.
Reed, Ephraim, *Councilman*, Thirty-fifth District, 1856.
Rielly, James, *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1856, '57.
Reilly, Bernard, *Councilman*, Fiftieth District, 1856, '57.
Remmey, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1817.
Reynolds, Nathaniel, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1822.
Reynolds, John N., *Councilman*, Forty-seventh District, 1857.
Rhinelander, John R., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1832, '33.
Rhodes, Benjamin J., *Councilman*, Thirty-first District, 1857, Fifth District, 1858.
Rich, Josiah, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1810.
Rich, Crandall, (Iron Safes,) *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1815.
Richard, Paulus, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1686, '97.
Richard, Paul, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1735, '36, '37, '38.
Ridder, Thomas B., (Tobacco,) *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1855.
Riggs, Caleb S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1802.
Riker, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1816 to 1829. (Recorder no longer sits with Common Council.)
Riker, James, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1832.
Ring, Chas. H., (Druggist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1852, '53.
Ritter, John P., (Dry Goods,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1800. *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1802. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1803, '06.
Roberts, Nathan, (Inspector Lumber,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thrteenth Ward, 1845. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1846.
Robertson, Henry P., (Paint Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1832, '33.
Robertson, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1846, '47.
Robins, Ezekiel, (Hatter,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1796.
Robinson, John, *Alderman*, West Ward, 1683, '84, '85.
Rodgers, David, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1828.
Rodman, John F., (Foundry,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1852.
Roe, Nathaniel, *Councilman*, Nineteenth District, 1854.
Roehner, John, (Butcher,) *Councilman*, Twenty-fifth District, 1856, '57.
Rogers, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1829, '30.
Rogers, Joseph, (Marble Yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1850, '52, '53.
Rombout, Francis, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1673. *Schepen*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1676, '77, '78. *Mayor*, 1679. *Alderman*, 1686, '87.
Roome, Peter Willemse, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1699, 1700, '01.

Roome, William, (Painter,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1715 to 1728. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1734 to 1747.

Roos, Garret, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1731, '32, '33, '34.

Roosevelt, Nicholas, (Bolter,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1700, 1701.

Roosevelt, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1717 to 1729. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1730 to 1733.

Roosevelt, Nicholas, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1748 to 1762. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1763 to 1767.

Roosevelt, Cornelius, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1759 to 1763. *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1764.

Roosevelt, Cornelius C., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1785, '86, '87. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1795, '96, 1801.

Roosevelt, James, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1809.

Roosevelt, James I., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1828, '29, '30.

Ross, George, *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1858.

Rutgers, Anthony, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1710, '11, '12. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1727 to 1734.

Rutgers, Petrus, (Brewer,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1730, '31, '32, 33.

Rutgers, Anthony, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1765, '66.

Ryckman, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1714, '21.

Ryer, Dennis, *Councilman*, Fifty-second District, 1856, '57.

Rynders, Barent, *Alderman*, East Ward, 1705, '06.

S

Sammis, Daniel P., (Shoes,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1850. *Councilman*, Thirty-fourth District, 1854.

Sands, Robert A., (Druggist,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1849, '50, '51.

Schappert, John, *Councilman*, Forty-eighth District, 1857.

Scheiffelin, Effingham, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1817, '18, '23. *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1825. *Alderman*, 1826, '27.

Scheiffelin, Richard L., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1844.

Schenck, Peter M., (Grocer,) *Councilman*, Tenth District, 1854, '55.

Schmelzel, John B., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1836.

Schultz, Alexander H., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1847, '48. *Alderman*, 1849.

Schuyler, Brandt, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1691 to 1699.

Schuyler, Brandt, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1745 to 1751.

Schuyler, Philip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1719, '20, '21, '22.

Schuyler, Garret L., (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Thirtieth District, 1854.
Scoles, John B., (*Lawyer*,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1842, *Alderman*, 1843.
Scott, John Morine, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1757 to 1762.
Scott, William, (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1829, '30. *Alderman*, 1831.
Scott, J. W., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Forty-first District, 1855.
Seaman, David, (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1822.
Seaman, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1827, '28. *Alderman*, 1829, '30.
Seaman, John M., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1841.
Seaman, William C., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1843. *Alderman*, 1844, '45.
See, Henry P., (Tailor,) *Councilman*, Twenty-first District, 1854, '55.
Seymour, Thaddeus, (Hardware,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1823.
Seymour, Jonathan, (Paper Store,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1828, '29, '30.
Seely, John G., (Liquors,) *Councilman*, Fifteenth District, 1854, '55.
Shaler, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1841.
Sharpe, Peter, *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1831, '32, '33.
Shaw, Henry, *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1850, '51.
Shepherd, John, jr., (Boat-builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1826, '27.
Sherman, Alpheus, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1823.
Shute, Henry, (Shop-keeper,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1783.
Shute, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1804, '05.
Sibell, John F., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1827.
Sickels, Jesse S., *Councilman*, Twenty-seventh District, 1857.
Skaats, Isaac B., *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1856.
Sleven, Henry S., (Physician,) *Councilman*, Thirty-eighth District, 1854, '55.
Slidell, John, (Soap Manuf.) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1807, '08.
Small, Wilson, (Founder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1848.
Smith, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1702, '07 to 1712.
Smith, Thomas R., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1812. *Alderman*, 1813 to 1817.
Smith, Edmund, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1827.
Smith, George E., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1832.
Smith, Henry (Agent,) *Councilman*, First District, 1854, 55, '56, '57.
Smith, John Augustus, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1833.
Smith, Morgan L., (Leather Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1833. *Alderman*, 1835.

Smith, Alfred A., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1836.

Smith, Robert, (Stone yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1837, '38, '39.

Smith, Richard J., (Teacher,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1837.

Smith, Elias L., (Hardware,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1840. *President, C. A. D.*, 1853 and 1854.

Smith, Charles W., (Tailor,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1842.

Smith, Isaac B., *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1843, '46.

Smith, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1844.

Smith, Bartlett, *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1846.

Smith, Washington, *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1847, '48.

Smith, Ezra, (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1849. *Alderman*, 1850, '51.

Smith, Wesley, (Timber yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.

Smith, William H., (Carpenter,) *Councilman*, Forty-third District, 1854.

Smith, Jacob L., *Councilman*, Second District, 1856.

Smith, Michael, *Councilman*, Thirty-eighth District, 1856, '57.

Snawsell, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1677.

Snedecor, Philip, (Shoes,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1837.

Spader, John D., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1839, '40.

Sparks, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1834, '38.

Spofford, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1844, '45, '46. *Alderman*, 1847.

Spratt, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1688, '89.

Starr, George, *Alderman*, Seventh District, 1858.

Steenwyck, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1658, '60. *Burgomaster*, 1662, '64, '65. *Alderman*, 1666. *Mayor*, 1688.

Steers, James R., (Shipwright,) *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1855, '56, '57.

Stevens, Ebenezer, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1802.

Stevens, Samuel, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1817, '18, '20. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1826, '27. *Alderman*, 1828, '29, '30, '41.

Stephens, Thomas, *Alderman*, Fourth District, 1858 and '59.

Stevens, Linus W., *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1847. *Alderman*, 1848.

Stewart, Alexander, (Sash-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1834, '35, '53.

Stewart, John, (Paint Store,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1842.

St. John, Samuel, *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1822, '23, '24.

Stilwell, Silas M., (Shoe Store,) Fifteenth Ward, 1834, '35.
Stone, William, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1816, '17.
Stoneall, James C., (Hotel,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1845, '46.
Storm, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1796, '97, '98.
Storms, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1826, '27.
Stoutenburgh, Peter, (Schoolmaster,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1735, '36.
Stoutenburgh, Isaac, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1740 to 1747.
Stoutenburgh, Isaac, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1789 to 1794.
Striker, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1803
Strong, Selah. (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1799, 1800, 1801. *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1806.
Strong, Roger, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1806.
Strong, George D., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1828. *Alderman*, 1829, '30, '31.
Stryeker, Jacob, (Tailor,) *Schepen*, 1655, '56, '58, '60, '63.
Sturtevant, Oscar W., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1849, '50. *Alderman*, 1851, '52, '53
Stuyvesant, Nicholas William, *Alderman*, 1684. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1691.
Stuyvesant, Gerardus, *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1722 to 1753.
Stymets, Frederick, (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1792 to 1795.
Stymets, Christopher, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1763.
Suerts, Olphert, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1704, '05, '07.
Sutton, George, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1832, '33.
Sutton, Nathan A., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1848.
Suydam, Lambert, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1834.
Swan, Otis D., (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fortieth District, 1855, '56.
Swartwout, Robert, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1826, '48.

T

Tait, John J., (Saddler,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1852, '53.
Tallmadge, Frederick A., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1834. *Alderman*, 1836.
Tallmage, Thomas G., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1838, '39.
Tallman, John H., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1815, '16.
Tallman, Hermanus, (Hatter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1819, '20.

alman, George F., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1836.
appen, Abraham, (Painter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1837.
Tappen, Thomas B., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, 1845, '46, '47.
Taylor, Jacob B., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1817. *Alderman*, 1818 to 1826.
Taylor, Edward, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1834 to 1838.
Taylor, Joseph R., (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, 1838.
Taylor, William, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1844.
Teller, Oliver, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1715 to 1729.
Ten Eyck, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1688, '89.
Ten Eyck, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1784, '85, '86.
Ten Eyck, Philip, (Bookseller,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1799, 1800, '01.
Taylor, William, (Liquors,) *Councilman*, Twenty-eighth District, 1855.
Taylor, William H., *Councilman*, Fifty-fifth District, 1856.
Thodey, Michael, *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1756, '66.
Thong, Walter, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1707 to 1711.
Thorn, William, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1821, '22, '23.
Thorp, George B., (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1816. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1817 to 1826.
Tiemann, Daniel F., (Manuf. Paints,) *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1838. *Alderman*, 1839. *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1851. *Alderman*, 1852, '53. *Mayor*, 1858.
Tiebout, Johannes, (Turner,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1699. *Assistant Aldermam*, Dock Ward, 1709.
Tillou, Francis R., (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1843.
Timpson, Cornelius B., (Hardware,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1838. *Alderman*, 1841.
Timpson, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1809.
Titus, Michael M., (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1810, '11.
Titus, Peter S., *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1832.
Tonneman, Peter, *Schout*, 1661, '63, '64.
Tooker, Samuel, (Grocer,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1820.
Towle, Jeremiah, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1832.
Town, Charles, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1820, '21.
Townsend, Thomas S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1820, '21.
Townsend, Benjamin, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1835.
Torbert, Samuel, (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1805 to 1808.

the persons on whose land they
to dispose of them agreeable to your

Andrew Moodie

Governor Clinton

A Return of the Ordnance on the Lines at Fort Washington & the adjacent Redoubts May the 5th 1795

	No 12 pounders Carriage	do a Gabb	9 do. Carriages	Good 6 pr. Carriages	do bad.	do. non
at Fort washington	"	1	2	"	"	
at Fort Tayon	2	"	"	"	1	
at the barren gate	"	"	"	2	"	
at Fort George	1	"	"	"	2	
Tottal	3	1	2	2	3	

N B one gun in the river at the point of rocks below fort washington. but the tide was so high to discover rightly what she was

also warm'd the garrons on whose land they are on not to dishose of them agreeable to your order

Ar. Dr. Moodie

to his Excellency Governer Clinton

5th. May 1785

Return of Ordnance in
Fort Pitt Security of West Point
by Capt. Moodie.

Do Return of
Ordnance

New York Dec.r 1. 1783.

Sir

Having viewed the barracks & other buildings erected in this state by the British, & by them abandoned, as acquired by the efforts of the United States, and consequently as their property — I proposed to fell them forthwith: But since I came to this Island, I have found that the proprietors of some of the lands on which such buildings stand are desirous of considering them as subject to their claims, by way of compensation for the damages they have sustained from the British. For my own part, I think their demands inadmissable. They make but a small part of the numbers who have suffered by the enemy; but all

I

of whom have an equal right to demand compensation However, to prevent disputes, I beg to be favoured with the advice of your Excellency and the Council on this subject, by which I shall be governed

I have the honour to be

with the greatest respect,

Sir,

your Excellency's

most obed. Servt.

Tim. Pickering

D. M. G.

His Excellency Governour Clinton

a Letter from Col. Pickering
2 M.G.[l] relative to public Buildings left by the British
Dec[r] 2[d] 1783

read —

Public Service

His Excellency

Governor Clinton

Torrey, William, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1809, '10.
Trotter, Jonathan, (India Rubber Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1852, '53.
Trowbridge, George A., (Provisions,) *Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1854, '55.
Truslow, William, (Coal,) *Councilman*, Forty-ninth District, 1855.
Tucker, Gideon, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1813, '14, '15.
Tucker, Joseph, (Mason,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1831, '34.
Tucker, John C., (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1836.
Tucker, William, (Mason,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1844, '45, '54, '55, '56, '57. *Alderman*, Fifth District, 1858.
Tucker, Moses, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1844.
Tucker, Cummings H., *Alderman*, Twentieth Ward, 1854, '55.
Tudor, John, (Merchant,) *Recorder*, 1704 to 1707.
Tuomey, Michael, *Alderman*, Sixth District, 1858, '59.
Turneire, Thomas, (Farmer,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1696.
Tuthill, Jeremiah, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1696. *Alderman*, East Ward, 1703, '04.
Tuttle, Charles, (Merchant,) *Councilman*, Fourteenth District, 1854.
Tweed, William M., (Chair-maker,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1852, '53. *Supervisor*, 1858.
Tylee, Daniel E., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1815.

U

Underhill, Anthony L., *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1814, '15, '16. *Alderman*, 1817, '18.
Underwood, John A., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1840, '41. *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1842.

V

Valentine, Abraham, (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1820, '21.
Valentine, Abraham M., (Accountant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1825, '26. *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1827.
Valentine, Jacob H., (Builder.) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1852. *Alderman*, Eighteenth Ward, 1846, '57.
Van Antwerp, Simon, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1804, '05, '07.
Van Amringe, William F., *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1817. *Alderman*, 1818.
Van Borsom, Egbert, (Cooper,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1728, '29, '30.
Van Bruggh, Johannes Pieterson, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1655, '56, '59, '61, '62, '65. *Alderman*, 1665, '71, '72. *Burgomaster*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1679, '81, '82. *Assistant Alderman*, 1685. *Alderman*, 1686.

Van Cliff, Dirck, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1687.
Van Cortland, Oloff Stevenson, (Brewer,) *Burgomaster*, 1655 to 1665. *Alderman*, 1666, '67, '71.
Van Cortland, Stephanus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1674. *Alderman*, 1675, '76. *Mayor*, 1677, '86, '87.
Van Cortland, Johannes, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1686.
Van Cortland, Jacobus, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1686. *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1694 to 1703. *Mayor*, 1710, '19.
Van Cortland, Philip, *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1714, '15, '16. *Alderman*, 1717 to 1729.
Van Cott, Thomas G., (Clerk,) *Councilman*, Twenty-ninth District, 1855.
Van Couwenhoven, Pieter Wolferson, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1653, '54, '58, '59, '61, '63.
Van Couwenhoven, Johannes, (Brewer,) *Alderman*, Out Ward, 1668, '89.
Van Dam, Rip, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1693, '94, '95.
Vanderberg, Dirck, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, West Ward, 1704, '05, '06.
Vanderbilt, John, jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1812.
Vanderspiegle, Laurens, (Baker,) *Schepen*, 1673.
Vanderspiegle, John, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1693, '94, '95.
Vandervoort, David, (Builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1839, '40. *Alderman*, 1841, '43.
Vandervin, Hendrick Jansen, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1657, '59.
Vandiegrist, Paulus Leedersen, (Trader,) *Schepen*, 1653, '54. *Burgomaster*, 1657, '58, '61, '64.
Van Dyck, John, (Chocolate Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1785, '86, '89, '90.
Van Gelder, Hermanus, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1714. *Alderman*, 1715 to 1733.
Van Gelder, Abraham, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1783 to 1788.
Van Gelder, Abraham, (Lime Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1810.
Van Ghel, Maximillianus, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1053.
Van Hattem, Arent, (Trader,) *Burgomaster*, 1653, '54.
Van Horne, John, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1703, '04, '05.
Van Horne, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1749, '50, '51.
Van Horne, Garret, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1757, '58, '59. *Alderman*, 1760.
Van Nest, Abraham, (Hardware Merchant,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1833.
Van Nostrand, Jacob, (Blacksmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1702.
Van Oblinus, Peter, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1696.
Van Ranst, Peter, *Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1737, '38, '39.
Van Ranst, Luke, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1755 to 1759.

Van Riper, J. W. T., (Cooper,) *Councilman*, Forty-sixth District, 1855, '56.

Van Ruyven, Cornelius, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1665, '70, '72, '73.

Van Santa, Johannes, (Block-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1707.

Van Schaick, Arent, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1692.

Van Schaick, Myndert, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1832. *Assistant Alderman*, 1835. *President Croton Aqueduct Department*, 1855, '56, '57, '58, '59.

Van Tienhoven, Cornelius, *Schout*, 1653, '54, '55, '56.

Van Tine, Theodorus, (Fur Store,) *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1845, '46.

Van Tine, John, (Eating-house,) *Councilman*, Twenty-sixth District, 1856, '57. Fifth District, 1858.

Van Tuyl, Andrew, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1794, '95.

Van Varick, James, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1768, '69.

Van Vleck, Isaac, (Brewer,) *Alderman*, 1684, '86. *Alderman*, West Ward, 1693, '94.

Van Vurden, Hendrick, *Alderman*, West Ward, 1688, '89.

Van Wagenen, Huybert, *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1768 to 1771.

Van Wagenen, Hubert, (Hardware Store,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1831, '34.

Van Wyck, Theodorus, *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1756. *Alderman*, 1764.

Van Wyck, Pierre C., (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1806, '08, '09, '11, '12. *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1825.

Van Wyck, William, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1831, '32, '33.

Van Zandt, Tobias, (Chocolate Manufacturer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Montgomerie Ward, 1786 to 1793.

Van Zandt, Wynant, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1788. *Alderman*, 1789 to 1794.

Van Zandt, Peter Pra, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1791. '92, '93.

Van Zandt, Wynant, jr., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1802 to 1806.

Varian, George W., *Councilman*, Fifty-sixth District, 1854. *Alderman*, Twenty-first Ward, 1855, '56.

Varian, Isaac L., *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1833, '34, '35. *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1836. *Mayor*, 1839, '40.

Varick, Richard, (Lawyer,) *Recorder*, 1783 to 1788. *Mayor*, 1789 to 1800.

Vermilye, William M., (Broker,) *Councilman*, Thirty-ninth District, 1854, '55.

Verplanck, Guleyn, (Merchant,) *Schepen*, 1673, '74. *Alderman*, 1677, '78, '79. *Alderman*, North Ward, 1683

Verveelen, Henry, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixth Ward, 1800, '01.
Vinje, John, (Brewer,) *Schepen*, 1655, '56, '61, '63.
Voorhis, Peter P., (Stone Yard,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1844. *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1854, '55, '56. *Supervisor*, 1858.
Von Glahn, John, *Councilman*, Second District, 1857.
Vredenburg, William, *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1737, '38, '39.
Vredenburgh, John W., *Assistant Alderman*, South Ward, 1770, '71, '72.

W

Waddle, William, *Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1783.
Wainwright, Edwin, (Woodware,) *Councilman*, Twentieth District, 1854, '55.
Wakeman, Abram, (Lawyer,) *Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1854, '55.
Waldron, Johannes, *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1831 to 1836.
Waldron, William J., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1811, '12.
Wales, William C., (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1833. *Alderman*, 1834.
Walker, William A., (Lawyer,) Eighteenth Ward, 1846.
Wallace, James, jr., *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1856.
Wallace, James, senior, *Councilman*, Fifty-first District, 1857.
Walsh, James, *Alderman*, Seventeenth Ward, 1846.
Walters, Robert, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1688, '89. *Mayor*, 1720, '21, '22, '23.
Walter, John, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, East Ward, 1735, '36, '37, '38.
Wandell, John C., *Councilman*, Fiftieth District, 1855.
Ward, Jasper, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1807, '08.
Ward, Richard R., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1835. *Alderman*, 1836.
Ward, Daniel, (Coffee-roaster,) *Assistant Alderman*, Tenth Ward, 1840 to 1843.
Ward, Uzal P., (Baker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1844.
Ward, Sylvester L. H., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward, 1850, '51. *Alderman*, 1852, '53.
Warner, George J., (Watch-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1804.
Warner, Effingham, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifteenth Ward 1833.
Warner, George W., *Councilman*, Fourteenth District, 1856, '57.
Waterbury, Nehemiah, *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1836, '37, '38.
Waterman, William D., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1841, '42. *Alderman*, 1843.
Watkins, Joseph, (Lumber Merchant,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1809.
Watrous, Charles C., *Councilman*, Forty-fifth District, 1856.
Watts, John, jr., *Recorder*, 1774.
Waugh, James L., *Councilman*, Eighth District, 1856, '57.

Webb, John, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1822. *Alderman*, 1824.
Webb, Charles, *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1846, '48. *Alderman*, 1849.
Webb, John B., (Boat-builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1849, '50, '51.
Webb, James, (Mason,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1851. *Councilman*, Sixth District, 1858.
Webber, Wolfert, (Inn-keeper,) *Assistant Alderman*, 1685. *Assistant Alderman*, Out Ward, 1688, '89, 1706, '07.
Webber, John, (Lawyer,) *Councilman*, Fifty-fourth District, 1855.
Welling, William, (Inspector,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1810.
Wells, James N., (Carpenter,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1828. *Alderman*, 1829, '30.
Wells, Helmes M., (Lumber Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1852, '53.
Wendell, Abraham, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1710. *Alderman*, 1711 to 1716.
Wendover, John, *Assistant Alderman*, West Ward, 1692, '96, '97.
Wendover, Peter H., (Sail-maker,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1801. *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1811, '12, '13.
Wenham, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, South Ward, 1698.
Wessells, Wessel, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1735.
West, Jesse, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1839.
West, Edward D., (Turpentine,) *Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1842.
Westervelt, John J , *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1818, '19.
Westervelt, Jacob, *Assistant Alderman*, Ninth Ward, 1836, '37.
Westervelt, Jacob A., (Ship-builder,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1840. *Mayor*, 1853, '54.
Westervelt, Harman C., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, First Ward, 1842.
Westervelt, John J. V., *Assistant Alderman*, Sixteenth Ward, 1844, '45.
Wheelan, Thomas, (Liquors,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1852, '53.
Wheeler Ira B., (Dry goods,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1836.
White Thomas H., (Butcher,) *Assistant Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1834.
White, Campbell P., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Third Ward, 1825, '26.
Whitefield, Ralph, *Alderman*, 1668, '69.
Whitehead, Isaac P., (Grate-maker,) *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1836, '37.
Whiting James R., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1831. *Alderman*, 1832. *Assistant Alderman*, 1835.
Whitlock, Charles, *Councilman*, Twenty-seventh District, 1856.
Wild, Horatio N., (Confectioner,) *Councilman*, Seventeenth District, 1854, '55.
Will, Henry, (Pewterer,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1785.
Willett Thomas, (Merchant,) *Mayor*, 1665. *Alderman*, 1666. *Mayor*, 1667.

Willett, Richard, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Dock Ward, 1706, '07, '08.
Willett, Marinus, *Mayor*, 1807.
Williams, Elam, (Cabinet-maker,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1822.
Williams, Abraham V., (Physician,) *Assistant Alderman*, Twelfth Ward, 1836, '37. *Alderman*, 1838, '39.
Williams, Richard S., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1841.
Williams, David T., (Coal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Fourth Ward, 1842, '43 *Alderman*, 1844.
Williams, Jabez, (Ship-builder,) *Alderman*, Eleventh Ward, 1841.
Williamson, Amor J., (Publisher,) *Alderman*, Second Ward, 1851, '55. *Tax Commissioner*, 1856, '57, '58, '59.
Willis, Samuel J., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1838, '39.
Willmot, Charles, *Alderman*, Thirteenth District, 1858.
Wilson, Ebenezer, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1690 to 1694. *Mayor*, 1707, '08, '09.
Wilson, George, *Assistant Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1811.
Wilson, Samuel, (Merchant,) *Alderman*, 1679, '80, '82. *Assistant Alderman*, 1684, '86.
Wilson, William, *Alderman*, First Ward, 1857.
Winship, Thomas, (Butcher,) *Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1844.
Wood, Thurston, (Auctioneer,) *Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1805 to 1808.
Wood, William L., (Grocer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1840.
Wood, James E., (Coal Dealer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Third Ward, 1848. *Alderman*, 1849, '50, '51.
Wood, Fernando, *Mayor*, 1855, '56, '57.
Woodhull, Caleb S., (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1836, '37, '38. *Alderman*, 1839 to 1843. *Mayor*, 1849, '50.
Woodruff, Thomas T., *Assistant Alderman*, Eighth Ward, 1823, '26. *Alderman*, Fourteenth Ward, 1827 to 1832.
Woodward, Thomas, (Merchant,) *Assistant Alderman*, Seventh Ward, 1852, '53. *Alderman*, 1854.
Wool, Jeremiah, (Currier,) *Assistant Alderman*, North Ward, 1783. *Alderman*, South Ward, 1784 to 1791.
Wrandle, Thomas, *Assistant Alderman*, South Wnrd, 1760 to 1764.
Wright, William H., (Shipsmith,) *Assistant Alderman*, Thirteenth Ward, 1852.
Wyckoff, Henry J., (Merchant,) *Alderman*, First Ward, 1821 to 1825.
Wyckoff, Jacob, (Lawyer,) *Assistant Alderman*, Second Ward, 1827.
Wylley, John, *Alderman*, North Ward, 1787 to 1791.

Y

Young, John, (Ironmonger,) *Assistant Alderman*, East Ward, 1786.
Young, William, (Physician,) *Councilman*, Fourth District, 1854.

Z

Zabriskie, George, *Alderman*, Fifth Ward, 1822, '23.

THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

The Court of General Sessions of the Peace of the city of New York was first called the "Court of General Quarter Sessions," and existed under the royal government of Charles II., in the province of New York. The court was erected in 1683. At its outset it tried pleas, as well for the private suitor, on a civil side, as for the king and the people; but, after a lapse of a century, this power was divided, and the civil pleas were given successively to a Mayor's Court and the Court of Common Pleas. But as long as the former court lasted, its judges could sit as criminal judges, concurrently, and the Court of Common Pleas judges are still judges of the Sessions, when certain circumstances make their sitting a necessity.

Down to 1801, New York city was the principal part of the lower circuit of the state, in which, with the other circuits, the Attorney-General, in person, prosecuted for the people; and that high criminal officer sometimes made motions in the most petty cases. In January, 1796, in the General Sessions, before the Hon. Egbert Benson, Justice of the Supreme Court, and Richard Varick, Mayor, (as appears from the minutes,) one "Charles," a negro slave, was convicted of an assault and battery on Jemima Stout, his mistress, "and, on motion of Mr. Attorney-General, on behalf of the people, the prisoner was put at the bar for judgment. Thereupon it was considered by the court that he receive thirty-nine lashes on his bare back, at the public whipping-post, in the city of New York, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon, and ordered that the Sheriff of the city and county of New York cause the said judgment to be executed on Monday next."

On September 17, 1785, one William Morton was fined forty shillings for publishing an obscene book, called, "Theresa; or, Philosophy for the Ladies." Prisoners were hanged for robbing, and fined forty-five shillings for assault and battery. The kinds of crimes, and adjudications thereon, did not differ from those now-a-days

Up to 21st February, 1788, benefit of clergy existed—*i. e.*, the plea, in capital felonies, of being able to read, and which was a legal relic of monkish age. The court minutes frequently speak, before that date, of persons who pleaded the "benefit," and were branded in the brawn of the left thumb with T., in open court, and then discharged.

Grand Jury presentments appear to have been always in vogue in the court. There are some five hundred regularly filed since 1784. One filed by Walter Bonne, foreman, January, 1814, indicates, at this date, the vast changes in our municipal policy: "The Grand Jury beg leave to recommend to your Honorable Body the necessity of having a cistern or cisterns, to contain water, at the respective churches and other public buildings in the city, to be sunk in such place or places as the Fire Department may think proper. And the Grand Jurors further beg leave to read to your Honorable Body the necessity of having a watchman to be placed at each church having a bell—the watch to have access to the bell-rope, either inside or outside, in case of fire. And they recommend the watchmen to audibly name the place where the fire is, so that the word may be passed around the city."

The earlier presentments are quaint and dull. Some of them refer to "huts in lower Broadway" and "in the fields," as "resorts of negroes, drunkards, &c." Others relate to quarrels among neighbors, disturbing the peace, &c., &c.

The minutes of the court, from the first parchment record of 1683, written in old Dutch Flemish, down to the present time, (except a lapse of revolutionary trouble,) are preserved in the Clerk's office, together with all indictments, filed seriatim, and indexed. The minutes make over one hundred volumes, and there are nearly fifty thousand indictments!

The following gentlemen have been Clerks of the Court since 1808, when the General Sessions became a court of entirely criminal jurisdiction:

John W. Wyman	until 1811.
Robert Macomb	" 1813.
Edward W. Laight	" 1815.
Robert Macomb	" 1817.
John W. Wyman	" 1821.
Richard Hatfield	" 1833.
Henry Meigs	" 1841.
Henry Vandervoort	" present time.

Mr. Vandervoort was a deputy clerk in 1830, and has, therefore, as deputy and principal, been twenty-seven years in office.

Henry Meigs is the survivor, and is over eighty years of age. He still has the walk of youth, and was in the procession which celebrated the adoption of the Federal Constitution.

The following gentlemen have been District Attorneys since the year 1801, when the legislature created the office—at first, for the whole circuit formed by New York, Suffolk, Kings, Westchester, and Richmond counties. After the constitution of 1822, New York, with other counties, had its separate District Attorney.

Richard Riker	1801—1810.
Cadwallader D. Colden	1810—1811.
Richard Riker	1811—1814.
Samuel S. Lester	1814—1815.
John Rodman	1815—1817.
Pierre C. Van Wyck	1817—1819.
Hugh Maxwell	1819—1822.

After the new constitution of 1822—

Hugh Maxwell	until 1829.
Ogden Hoffman	" 1835.
Thomas Phœnix	" 1838.
James R. Whiting	" 1844.
Mathew C. Paterson	" 1846.
John McKeon	" 1850.
N. Bowditch Blunt	" 1854.
Lorenzo B. Shepard	" 1855.
A. Oakey Hall	" 1858.
Peter B. Sweeney	to hold " 1861.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 130 Water St. N.Y. For D.T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

THE OLD SUGAR HOUSE & MIDDLE DUTCH CHURCH.
Liberty St. N. Y. 1830.

Messrs. Maxwell, Whiting, McKeon, and Hall, are the only survivors of those who have filled the office of District Attorney.

The Judges of the Court of Sessions who now survive are Messrs. Frederick A. Tallmadge, Francis R. Tillou, and James M. Smith, jr. (Recorders); Messrs. Welcome R. Beebe, Sidney H. Stuart, and Elisha S. Capron (City Judges).

The Honorables George G. Barnard (Recorder) and Abraham D. Russell (City Judge) are to be Judges of the Court until January, 1861.

Since May, 1857, the Court of Special Sessions in the city of New York has been held by any two Police Magistrates, and the Recorder and City Judge no longer officiate in any court but that of General Sessions, which has had, since 1855, jurisdiction of even capital felonies.

SHERIFFS

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

[Prepared from the records in the Office of the Secretery of State.]

Jan Lampo, from 1626 to 1632.
Conrad Notelman, from 1632 to 1633.
Lubbertus Van Dincklagen, from 1633 to 1636.
Ulrick Lupold, from 1636 to 1639.
Cornelius Van der Huygens, from 1639 to 1645.
Hendrick Van Dyck, from 1645 to 1652.
Cornelius Van Tienhoven, from 1652 to 1656.
Nicassius De Sille, from 1656 to 1660.
Pieter Tonneman, from 1660 to 1665.*
Allard Anthony, from 1665 to 1667.
John Manning, from 1667 to 1672.
Allard Anthony, from 1672 to 1673.
Anthony Demilt, from 1673 to 1674.
William Knyff, from Aug., 1674, to Nov., 1674.
Thomas Gibbs, from Nov., 1674, to Oct., 1675.
John Sharp, from 1675 to 1676.
Thomas Ashton, from 1676, to April, 1679.†
John Archer, from 1679 to 1680.
John Collier, from 1680 to 1683.
John Tudor, from 1683 to 1685.
John Knight, from 1685 to 1687.
Robert Hamond, from 1687 to 1689.
Johannes Jansen, from 1689 to 1691.
Abraham Brasher, from Jan., 1691, to March, 1691.
Thomas Lyndal, from March, 1691, to Oct., 1691.
Thomas Codrington, from Oct., 1691 to 1692.
Stanley Handcock, from 1692 to 1668.
Ebenezer Wilson, from Sept., 1698 to 1699.‡

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* The first Sheriff exclusively for the city.
† Resigned in April, 1679.
‡ Suspended. Mr. Clark, Coroner, acted as Sheriff during the vacancy.

Isaac Dereymer, from Sept., 1698, to 1699.
Charles Oliver, from 1699 to 1700.
Peter De Milt, from 1700 to 1701.
Isaac Dereymer, from 1701, to June, 1702.
Ebenezer Wilson, from June, 1702, to Oct., 1708.
William Anderson, from 1708, to July, 1710.*
Francis Harrison, from July, 1710, to 1717.
Thomas Farmar, from 1717 to 1723.
William Dugdale, from Feb., 1723, to 1728.
Henry Beekman, from 1728 to 1731.
John Symes, from 1734 to 1735.
William Crosby, from 1735 to 1740.
William Jameson, from 1740 to 1745.
John Ayscongh, from 1746 to 1753.
John Roberts, from 1753 to 1775.

The city of New York having been in possession of the British, and under martial law, during the years from 1776 to 1783, no Sheriffs were appointed.

Marinus Willett, from February, 1784, to 1787.
Robert Boyd, from 1787 to 1791.
Marinus Willett, from 1791 to 1795.
John Jacob Lansing, from 1795 to 1799.
James Morris, from 1799 to 1801.
John Stagg, from 1801 to 1803.
Joseph Constant, from 1803 to 1807.
William Cutting, from 1807 to 1808.
Benjamin Ferris, from 1808 to 1810.
Edward Dunscomb, from 1810 to 1811.
Benjamin Ferris, from 1811 to 1813.
Thomas R. Mercein, from 6th to 16th March, 1813.
Simon Fleet, from 1813 to 1815.
Ruggles Hubbard, from 1815 to 1818.
James L. Bell, from 1818 to 1821.
Mordecai M. Noah, from 1821 to 1822.
Peter H. Wendover, from 1822 to 1826.
Oliver M. Lownds, from 1826 to 1829.
James Shaw, from January, 1829, to 1831.
Jacob Westervelt, from 1831 to 1834.
John Hillyer, from January, 1834, to 1837.
Jacob Acker, from January, 1837, to 1840.
Monmouth B. Hart, from January, 1840, to 1843.
William Jones, from January, 1843, to 1846.
John J. V. Westervelt, from January, 1846, to 1849.
Thomas Carnley, from January, 1849, to 1852.
John Orser, from January, 1852, to 1855.
James C. Willet, from January, 1856 to 1859.

* Dismissed, July, 1710.

COUNSELS TO THE CORPORATION.

D. S. Jones, from 1813 to 1816.
Ogden Edwards, from 1816 to 1823.
Michael Ulshoeffer, from 1823 to 1829.
Robert Emmett, from 1829 to 1837.
George F. Tallman, from 1837 to 1839.
Peter A. Cowdrey, from 1839 to 1842, and 1843 to 1844.
David Graham, jr., appointed May 31, 1842, to May 9, 1843.
John Leveridge, from 1841 to 1845.
James T. Brady, from 1845 to 1847.
Willis Hall, from May 12, 1847, to 1849.
Henry E. Davies, appointed May 13, 1849; elected, Fall of 1849, for three years, to 1852.
Robert J. Dillon, from January 1, 1853, to January 1, 1856.
Lorenzo B. Shepard, from January 1, 1856, to September, 1856.
Richard Busteed, appointed September, 1856, until January 1, 1857; elected Fall of 1856, to serve for three years, to 1860.

CITY JUDGES.

Welcome R. Beebe, from January 1, 1851, to January 1, 1855.
Sidney H. Stuart, from January 1, 1855, to January, 1856.
Elisha S. Capron, from January 1, 1856, to January 1, 1857.
Abm. D. Russell, from January 1, 1857, to January 1, 1861.

RECORDERS

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

James Graham, from 1683 to 1688.
Vacant in 1689 to 1690.
William Pinhorn, from 1691 to 1693.
James Graham, from 1693 to 1701.
Abraham Gouverneur, from 1701 to 1703.
Sampson Shelton Boughton, from 1703 to 1705.
John Tudor, from 1705 to 1709.
May Bickley, from 1709 to 1712.
David Jamison, from 1712 to 1725.
Francis Harrison, from 1725 to 1735.
Daniel Horsemanden, from 1735 to 1737.
Simeon Johnson, from 1737 to 1769.
Thomas Jones, from 1769 to 1773.
Robert R. Livingston, from 1773 to 1774.
John Watts, jr., 1774.
No records during the Revolutionary War.
Richard Varick, from 1783 to 1789.
Samuel Jones, from 1789 to 1796.
James Kent, from 1796 to 1798.
Richard Harrison, from 1798 to 1800.
John P. Provost, from 1800 to 1804.
Maturin Livingston, from 1804 to 1806.
Pierre C. Van Wyck, from 1806 to 1807.
Maturin Livingston, from 1807 to 1808.
Pierre C. Van Wyck, from 1808 to 1810.
Josiah Ogden Hoffman, from 1810 to 1811.
Pierre C. Van Wyck, from 1811 to 1813.
Josiah Ogden Hoffman, from 1813 to 1815.
Richard Riker, from 1815 to 1819.
Peter A. Jay, from 1819 to 1820.
Richard Riker, from 1821 to 1823.
Samuel Jones, from 1823 to 1824.
Richard Riker, from 1824 to 1838.
Robert H. Morris, from 1838 to 1841.
Frederick A. Tallmadge, from 1841 to 1846.
John B. Scott, from 1846 to 1849.
Frederick A. Tallmadge, from 1849 to 1852.
Francis R. Tillou, from 1852 to 1855.
James M. Smith, jr., from 1855 to 1858.
George G. Barnard, from 1858 to 1861.



THE FERRY HOUSE, 1746.

(Fulton Street, Brooklyn)

HISTORICAL.

HISTORY

OF THE DOMESTIC AFFAIRS OF THE INHABITANTS OF NEW YORK, ANTERIOR TO THE TIME OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

The earliest Dutch traders, for some years after their arrival, pursued a wandering and unsettled mode of life, and assimilated to many of the habits of the Indians. The native girls were, with the consent of their friends, appropriated by the whites as companions, but were seldom honored with the dignity of wives; and as the traders temporarily changed their places of residence, for purposes of traffic in furs, new companions were found for them where they might chance to be, and former ties were broken off. While this state of things existed, but little that marked the domestic life of civilization followed the advent of whites. Their children remained with their mothers, and were educated under the customs of the natives.

But when the good ship New Netherland, with its passenger list, embracing thirty families, disembarked its freight on our shore in the year 1623, a new era of domestic history was commenced in this region. The voices of women, the cries of children, the lowing of cattle, and the call-notes of domestic poultry, gave a new inspiration to the scenes of the wilderness. The landing of chests with household goods, and the preparations for the routine of domestic duties, were advancing stages towards the establishment of civilized life; but as yet all was crude, and the prospective labors to be encountered were not, it may be supposed, of an exhilirating character. For a while the cattle must be permitted to wander in the deer openings; the goats and the porcine tribe must find sustenance in the neighboring woods; habitations must be built, fences constructed, and the ground cleared for cultivation. Meanwhile, the settlement was subject to many discomforts, but the people, by active efforts, were not long in presenting an improved aspect both to the appearance and to the comforts of their new home. The first dwelling huts were built mostly after the Indian fashion, with saplings and bark, with some improvements suggested by the experience of civilization, such as wooden chimneys and glazed windows. Some, however, having greater regard for comfort than for outward show, constructed cellars, which, being sided with bark and covered with thatched reeds, were sufficiently warm, though deficient in light; and thus, until circumstances afforded them more commodious dwellings, did our forefathers prepare to enter upon life in this remote and wild district, surrounded by savage tribes, and depending for social enjoyment upon the little circle of their own community. The music and the dance—the pageants and passing excitements of their former life—had given place to the stern requests of present necessities, and now the helping hand of a neighbor, the cheering voice of a fellow, was of greater interest than the countenance of princes.

In the course of a few years the establishment of saw-mills supplied timber for more substantial abodes than the huts which were at first constructed, and a class of buildings, generally of one story in height, with two rooms on a floor and a garret overhead, became the common style of architecture. These cottages were framed and clapboarded and the roofs thatched, but as yet the chimneys were made of wood, from the want of brick and mortar to construct less dangerous flues. The houses were commonly surrounded by strong palisades, as a protection against the savages.

The interior of these humble edifices presented, as may be supposed, simply the necessary articles of furniture for every-day purposes. The great chest, with its precious stores of household goods, was the most imposing article of furniture; chairs were supplied by stools, rough hewn from the forest. Tables were of domestic manufacture; rough shelves formed the only cupboard. The bedstead was the "slaap banck," or sleeping bench, but upon it the great feather bed lay in state, and gave in comfort all that was wanting in display.

Except in the principal street, of a few houses, (that fronting the landing place,) there were vegetable gardens attached to the dwellings; and those who looked into the future had planted the seeds of fruit-trees, which in proper time increased the value of their property and ministered to their domestic luxuries. These advancing comforts were not, however, unattended by corresponding cares in their protection, as the ripened fruit excited the predatory dispositions of those not in possession of like comforts; more particularly the unsophisticated Indians of the vicinity cast their longing eyes towards these inviting orchards, and neither the outcries of the good vrow, nor the guns of the proprietor, could defend them against the onsets of the natives. One devastating war arose, from the shooting of an Indian girl, caught in the act of stealing peaches in a garden on Broadway, near the present Bowling Green; and, acting upon the fears of the inhabitants excited by this war, it was only necessary to sound the Indian whoop under the windows of the sleeping inhabitants, to clear the premises of the scampering whites, leaving the gardens and hen-roosts open to devastation.

Some thirty years after the settlement of families on this island, during which time very little attention had been paid to regularity in the course of highways, or to uniformity in the lines of dwellings, a new spirit of improvement was excited among the inhabitants. By this time many of the citizens had, by their industrious life, become possessed of considerable wealth. Their children had grown up, and the community had gradually been assuming the shades of social distinction, consequent upon the advance of prosperity among its members.

It was about the year 1656 that this era attained its fulmination. Several of the merchants had at that time erected stone dwelling-houses; the general style of living had considerably advanced throughout all classes. The interior decorations of the habitations were much improved; great high-post bedsteads, with their dimity curtains, adorned the parlors of the great; cupboards of nut-wood, imported from the old country, were to be seen in some of the principal establishments. Even silver plate was displayed in one or two instances, as evidence of increased prosperity. Schools had been established, and the youth-

ful members of the household, now growing up into man and maidenhood, gave an impetus of advancement to the social sphere, which was evidenced, on the part of the old burghers, by greater attention to outward appearance in the condition of the town. It was about this period that, in answer to the solicitations of the people, the government incorporated the village, and gave it magistrates with authority to supervise the public affairs—an authority which was exercised without delay, for, in truth, much was needed to bring things into a respectable condition.

But, notwithstanding the energy of the magistrates, they encountered considerable opposition on the part of those whose interests were affected. The revolutionary decree for the destruction of wooden chimneys was met by many with jeers, and the officers whose duty it was to see the proclamation carried into effect were insulted, by being called "chimney sweeps" and other opprobrious names. Some examples were made of the most rebellious offenders, which sufficed for the object in view. Another formidable nuisance, the correction of which met with opposition, was that which had prevailed in the construction of "little-houses" along the streets, with an opening for the hogs to enter and consume the filth. After successfully encountering this obnoxious practice, the magistrates turned their attention to the removal of hog-pens, which had been in general constructed along the highways, for the more easy egress of the animals to pick up the offal which every one was in the habit of throwing out in the public way. The hogs were, up to this time, therefore, the scavengers of the town, but people were thereafter required to carry their refuse stuff and dead animals to certain designated parts of the river shore, and let it be washed off by the tide. In the course of this magisterial warfare against the porcine interests, it was even proposed in 1658 to prohibit the keeping of hogs within the city limits, but in this the officials were defeated.

Hay barracks, which had previously been permitted to stand in the highways in front of their owner's premises, soon after were decreed to be things that were, but could no longer be, and by these various innovations upon previous usages, much greater cleanliness and propriety of appearance characterized the town.

Soon after this time several dwellings, of a more costly character than had been previously known here, were erected. In 1657, Peter Cornelisen Vander veen constructed a fine house on the present Pearl street, and he proposed to the authorities the establishment of a public square near the present Battery, but was unsuccessful, as the land in question had been disposed of to private persons. In 1658, Governor Stuyvesant erected a large house in the vicinity of the present Whitehall street, the name of which street has been derived from the white hall of the Dutch governor. Others followed, and the demand thus occasioned induced the establishment of a brick-yard in the year 1659, by De Graff and Hogeboom, and brick buildings after this period became the fashion with all who could afford the additional expense. The cost of bricks sold by this firm was four and a half dollars per thousand, a price which greatly reduced the value of imported or Holland bricks, which had previously been introduced here in small quantities for the construction of ovens and chimneys.

Still, the edifices erected for dwellings in those days must be considered as extremely inexpensive, in comparison with those of a more recent period. A house and lot, of the value of one thousand dollars of our present currency, would then have been of the first class. They rarely exceeded eight hundred dollars, while those of an ordinary character were rated at from two to five hundred dollars. Rents varied from twenty-five to one hundred dollars; and as barter was then, by reason of the want of a well-settled system of currency, commonly provided for in all agreements, rents were frequently payable partly in trade: a hatter, for instance, would stipulate to pay part of his rent in a hat and partly in beaver skins. (A beaver skin, it must be noted, in wholes or halves, then passed as a current medium of exchange, as regularly as bank bills now pass.) The Anneke Jans farm, of modern notoriety, was leased at a rental equivalent to forty dollars per annum, the lessee also to build a barn in part payment.

The literature in vogue in New Amsterdam was entirely different from that of the present day. Instead of the novels, poems and light works which are now strewn about our habitations, there was then little else than Bibles, Testaments and psalm books; but though thus limited in diversity, every family had a number of this sort of books, generally sufficient for the use of each of its adult members. The church books of the matron of the establishment were expensively bound, adorned with silver edgings, with clasps of silver and not unfrequently of gold, and these, hung to her girdle by silver or gold chains, marked the superiority of style with which the families attended the Sunday service.

On the Sabbath day, the domestic duties of the week being discarded, the community, arrayed in their best, attended their church services. The people were almost exclusively Calvinists, and were strict in performance of their religious duties. The "koeck," or bell-ringer and sexton, was one of the marked personages to that sacred day. Having summoned the congregation by the sound of the church bell, the ceremonious duty followed of forming a procession of himself and his assistants to carry in the cushions of the burgomasters and schepens from the City Hall, to furnish the church pew appropriated to those magistrates. The schout at the same hour went his rounds, to observe that quiet was kept in the streets during the time of service, and to stop the games of the negro and Indian slaves, to whom Sunday was allowed for recreation, except during church time. As the church edifice was within the walls of the fort, the present Bowling Green, then an open field, displayed a numerous concourse of country wagons, arranged in order, while the horses were let loose, to graze on the shady hillside which led down to the water near the present battery.

The ladies in those days wore no hats; their dress was a colored petticoat rather short, to give freedom in walking; a waist-jacket, sometimes with a little coat-tail behind, covered the upper parts of their person, and colored hose, generally of homespun woolen, with high-heeled and thick-soled shoes, adapted to the muddy exigencies of streets without sidewalks or pavements, completed their nether garments. They were, when in competent circumstances, fond of display in jewelry.

New Amsterdam was celebrated, shortly before its cession to the English, for the number of its marriageable youth of both sexes—the reason of which was that most of the early emigrants were at a youthful age at the time of their arrival, and their children were just then coming into adult age. Few young strangers visited the city without meeting here irresistible charms, which led them from their previous designs, and induced their permanent residence by becoming domesticated here. Several of the daughters of wealthy burghers were mated to young Englishmen, whose first occasions here were of a temporary character. While upon this romantic topic, it may be mentioned that the shady valleys which every where surrounded the village, invited to love-making, and to those agreeable saunterings which are so congenial to youthful dispositions. The neighboring roads led into forest wilds, almost as solitary as the native wilderness, and in the more immediate vicinity of the town there were places of pleasant resort, famous in their day; one of them, called the "locust trees," was upon a bluff elevation along the North river shore, a little south of the present Trinity church-yard; from which shady eminence the eye, in search of natural beauties, could take in the pleasant expanse of the river and bay, and, if inclined to more domestic contemplations, could, by looking over the fence of the West India Company's garden, (now the church-yard,) criticise the vegetable productions there in course of growth. At a little further distance from the village was the Maiden's valley, (now Maiden lane,) traversed by an umbrageous pathway, the daily walk of the cows going to and returning from the pasture-field. On the south of the lane lay the "clover waytie," or pasture-field, where the springing larks carroled in congenial harmony with the youthful listeners. On the opposite side, a wooded acclivity, open to the traveler, invited to rest in its shades. A rivulet, hidden in foliage, came tumbling down the rocks on the present line of Gold street. This little stream was fed by a never-failing spring, situated on the present south line of John street, near Gold. A little longer walk would take the pedestrian to that enchanting little lake, nestling within a circle of wooded hills, called the Kolch. Traditionally, it was bottomless, and Superstition gave it the reputation of being haunted by some of the native chiefs of the olden time, the noise of whose paddles could be heard in the night-time, though nothing could be seen to occasion the disturbance of the waters.

To turn from these theoretical visions of the youthful courtship, it is proper to note some of the practical ceremonies which obtained in the community. It was one of the ordinances of the time, that upon an agreement of marriage, the bans should be published from the pulpit three times, before the marriage could be solemnized. Impatient of the delay, however, the youthful couple were often inclined to be satisfied with their moral obligations towards each other, and to waive the immediate fulfillment of the legal ceremony; in the mean time, however, the indulgence of cohabitation, then called "bundling," was practiced. It was for a long time winked at by the community, but its violence against the tenets of propriety was obvious, and at the time before spoken of, in which the city authorities resolutely set themselves to the reformation of abuses, this custom came under their prohibitory decrees. There were, however, those who still maintained its advantageous results, even though the contract of marriage

were subsequently violated. The latter instances, it was contended, were comparatively few, and were set off by the increase of population which came through the means of this custom. The reformers, however, triumphed, and in 1658 it was ordered, that thenceforth the mere publication of bans should not justify cohabitation.

A noticeable feature in the domestic history of New York, occasioned by the subjugation of the Dutch, was the rise of an aristocratical state of society, which had previously been unknown. The Dutch fatherland was a republic, and here in her colony there was little scope for the development of any exclusive element in society. Until the arrival of the English, although there had been some pretension to superiority of individuals, arising out of excess of wealth, yet it may be fairly said of the Dutch community, that its social circles were open to all of good character, without regard to business pursuits or to similar considerations. The party of evening enjoyment of the rich was not tabooed against any; and if there were a wedding in the humbler class, and the wealthy burgomaster should prohibit the attendance of the members of his family, his unheard-of pretension would receive the general condemnation. Among the Dutch, the accident of family descent, that element which prevailed so greatly in the formation of the classes of English society, could not be recognized, or its distinctions claimed; for it was within the memory of the older citizens, that all had come hither in search of fortune, and had brought little with them at the beginning. Superior sagacity, it is true, had raised several to positions of wealth; but however the ambition of these favorites of fortune might sigh for the distinction of family honors, it needed time, and the forgetfulness of the past, to justify such pretensions, and, like sensible people, they did not assume to exercise any superiority over their neighbors.

But with the English came necessarily a new order of social life: a nation whose institutions were based so greatly upon family honors, carried to its colonies the features of aristocracy which distinguished the mother-country, and thus a change in sentiment was gradually effected in their newly-won province. Among the English who came hither, either for permanent or temporary residence, were not a few who could fairly boast of high social connexions at home, and whose education had been conducted, and their habits formed, in view of the recognized distinctions thus possessed. The gay officers of the English service, though they found no sympathy in their hearts towards the common people, among whom they were temporarily thrown, could yet yield to the attractions of beauty set off by wealth, and the youthful belles of the old regime were not loth to receive such flattering attentions, even at the expense of stepping into a more exclusive sphere than had been formerly recognized. If the handsome officer and gay gentleman would not come down to the entertainments where the roystering young farmer and the lively dairy-maid might stand the next couple in the dance, why a party must be made which they would attend, from which necessarily the yeoman and the dairy-maid must be excluded. The change of social customs brought about by these circumstances was gradual, but the generation succeeding the race of primitive Dutch settlers, saw them permanently established, and one of their results was the adornment of the present book of

heraldry of the English nobility with the arms and escutcheons of several of the Dutch burghers of New Amsterdam.

We propose, in illustration of the advancing stages of internal decoration of the habitations of this city, to mention the leading articles of furniture, and to state their progressive character up to the period of the Revolution, and we shall also give full accounts of the number of apartments in the houses of leading citizens at different periods, and the furniture used in them, from which the general condition of that subject of our domestic history may be fairly inferred.

Bedsteads, beds and bedding.—These were not only the most noticeable, but the most expensive articles of furniture in use in the households of our citizens, almost up to the time of the Revolution. The best room in the houses of the wealthy, as well as in those of the poorer classes, was decorated by a bedstead, which, with its furniture and hangings, denoted the style and condition in life of its possessor. The old Dutch fashion of two feather beds, one for the sleeper to lie upon, and another of a lighter description to be used as a covering, prevailed for many years, and was in vogue in the leading families of Dutch descent. The curtains and valance, being the most conspicuous part of the outward show, were of expensive materials, such as killeminster, lined sometimes with sarsnet, and of a cost of twenty to thirty dollars. The pillow-cases were generally, in the Dutch families, of check patterns. Among the English the same ambition of display in bed furniture prevailed, and instances of high taste in this respect are known to have been shown in silken bed-ticking, with quilted silk coverlids, the best bed and its furniture being, in some instances, of the value of two hundred dollars. Subsequently, mahogany bedsteads, with carved eagles' claws or other adornment, came into fashion. Curtains of China stuffs, and camlet in high colors presented a showy appearance. As we approach the Revolution, the "boilsed bed" came into use with the best families. As there were in early times no carpets in common use, for the purposes to which they are now applied, the luxury of a rug, laid in front of the bed, was indulged in.

Cupboards, chests of drawers, &c.—A leading article of furniture in the old-fashioned domicil was the great cupboard in the parlor, upon which was displayed the store of silver, pewter, or earthenware of which the family could boast. In the best houses this was an imported article, sometimes of French nutwood, and of the value of from fifty to an hundred dollars. This expensive article frequently descended from generation to generation of the family, until its history became lost in the remoteness of its antiquity, and it was known in its old age as the "Holland cupboard." As we mentioned, this was merely used for the display of table ware, and was a different article from the "chest of drawers," of a more recent period. The latter did not come into use for many years subsequent to the times of the Dutch. By the latter, the old-fashioned, iron-bound chest, sometimes of expensive wood, was used for storing their linen, etc. At a later period the "chest upon chest," an embryo bureau, came into use, and was succeeded, previous to the Revolution, by furniture of a description similar to the modern dressing-bureau. The first "scrutoire" (secretary and book-case) was imported hither by the English Attorney-General, about the year 1700. This article, at a subsequent period, came into common use in the dwellings of leading merchants.

Carpets.—Even up to the time of the Revolution, there were none of these in general use. Among the Dutch, the only article approaching that character was a drugget cloth, which was spread under the table during meal-time, when upon ceremonious occasions the table was set in the parlor. The well-scrubbed and carefully-sanded floor was thus kept inviolate against crumbs and grease-spots. The first article of the character of a modern carpet of which we have any description, was of Turkey-work, and used in the best room of Captain Kidd, (the famous pirate,) whose house was furnished in superior style to any other in the city. That, although of a cost equalling probably twenty-five dollars, was not a complete floor-covering, but of the character of a large rug. The almost uniform custom prevailing in the best houses was to sand the floor of the principal room or parlor. Considerable taste was displayed by the most gifted of the matrons, and of their domestics, in making fanciful devices and figures with the sand.

Chairs, couches, &c.—The best kind of chairs in the times of the Dutch were those of Russia leather, which were adorned with brass nails in double and single rows. Other sorts were of Turkey leather, and there were also chairs with seats of matted rushes. Some of the old Dutch families displayed in their best room one or two chairs with cushions of tapestry or velvet, trimmed with lace. Turkey-work chairs came into fashion soon after the coming of the English, and about the year 1700, cane-seat chairs were first used. The new-fashioned black leather chairs of 1730 were worth from five to ten dollars each. They continued to lead the fashion for about thirty years, when the aristocracy indulged in mahogany chairs, with crimson damask cushions. Afterwards we find black-walnut chairs, with colored worsted seats. The old-fashioned chairs, of which the reader has doubtless seen specimens at some time, preserved as relics of the past, were straight-backed, and altogether presented an uncomfortable appearance in comparison with the gracefully curved article of modern manufacture. About the year 1760, couches were first used in the parlors of the wealthy, for which the present sofa is a substitute.

Pictures and Engravings.—These were common ornaments to the rooms from an early period, but they were of a very humble description. It is not probable that previous to the Revolution there was a painting (except a few family portraits) to be found in the city, the value of which exceeded five dollars. The best of those which adorned the walls of the governor's residence, which of course was furnished in the best style of the day, did not exceed in value the sum above mentioned. But what was wanting in quality, was recompensed in number, for the walls of the principal rooms in all classes of dwellings were adorned by engravings, colored and plain, fifteen to twenty in number, in narrow black frames.

Tables, for any other use than as accessories to the kitchen department, were unknown among the Dutch, and for many years among their successors. The "great room" in which the fine bed was displayed, being the parlor of those days, was likewise the tea and dining-room, and was adorned with the round tea-table, (which, as space was of consequence in consideration of the various uses of that room, was so constructed as that the leaf could be turned



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up perpendicularly when not in use,) and by the great square table with leaves, used for tea parties. This latter article was frequently imported, and was considered worth from thirty to fifty dollars. Japanned tea-tables came into fashion about 1720. In subsequent years we find card-tables, backgammon-tables, as ornamental parts of the parlor furniture. This was an age when gambling was among the fashionable vices cultivated by the ladies of the European world, and a few of those who made high pretensions to fashion here, followed the outward show, though, to their credit be it said, our colonial society was never to any considerable extent tainted with the frivolities and vices that characterized the patronesses of Ranelagh and Vauxhall, at London.

Looking-Glasses and Sconces.—The great looking-glass, of the value of twenty dollars, or thereabouts, was only displayed in one or two mansions in the times of the Dutch; but little looking-glasses, with narrow black frames, and of a value of two or three dollars, were in common use. About the year 1720, gilt-frame looking-glasses made their appearance in a few of the principal houses, but we have no account of the value of any article of this description, before the Revolution, exceeding twenty dollars. A more expensive article, which about the year 1730 came into fashion, was the sconce, a hanging or projecting candlestick, with a mirror to reflect the light. This was a very showy article, and gave a fine effect to an apartment when illuminated by several pairs of them. After this period, pier-glasses and mantle-glasses first came into fashion, and were to be seen in the principal mansions at the time of the Revolution.

Window Curtains.—In early time these appear to have been of the simplest and least expensive description, being no better in the best apartments than a strip of the cheapest cloth run upon a string. The flowered tabby window curtains in the chief room of an eminent Dutch merchant were considered to be of the value of fifty cents to a dollar. In the house of a leading English merchant in this city, in 1678, furnished in the best style of that period, his best window curtains did not exceed a dollar in value at the cost price. A few years, however, brought about a considerable change in this respect, and the hangings of "Irish stitch" of 1790 were valued at not less than fifteen or twenty dollars. These, however, were only introduced among the new fashions by English officials, and were not in common use by our native-born citizens. But after the year 1720, hangings of camlet, colored harreline and other expensive goods, came into customary use in those houses having any pretension to style.

Time-Pieces.—Even among the Dutch there were some clocks adorning the dwellings of the leading families. These (which were of course imported) were not, it would seem, those lofty articles reaching towards the ceiling, (of which we have some specimens remaining, descended from bygone days,) but were a less expensive instrument, valued at from ten to fifteen dollars. But clocks were very rare, the time-piece most in domestic use being the hour-glass, which was found in some families down to the period of the Revolution. About the year 1720, the great eight-day clock was first introduced in the

city. The cost of this article of domestic furniture exceeded fifty dollars, and, of course, it was rarely to be found, even in those households which held positions of high respectability. The consideration, however, with which it was cherished by its fortunate possessor, is evidenced by the fact that some of the same sort, after over a century's preservation, are still to be found in some bye-corner of the establishment of the descendants of their original proprietors, almost the sole remaining domestic evidences of the times in which they were the insignia of social superiority.

Watches come appropriately under the personal appendages of the gentlemen of the olden time, but our account of them will be given in this connection. The watches in use among the Dutch, though few in number, might as well have been none, for all practical purposes, as they were generally not going, and there being no one skilled in the occult science of horological mechanics, their chains and seals were of equal use with the watches to which they were appended. The first watch of which we have any account in this province was that belonging to the learned Domine Van Rensselaer. It was of brass, and we find it then described as "out of order," as it no doubt had been, time out of mind. These personal appendages were then and for some years subsequent confined to professional characters. Some had silver cases, but their precariousness in point of practical use made them of dubious value, except as ornamental insignia of abstruse wisdom in their possessor. That of the fashionable Dr. Delang, in 1680, would not bring to exceed five dollars at public sale. The first gold watch of which we have any mention in our papers, was that of Dr. John Bridges, an English LL.D., who came to this city in the suite of Lord Cornbury, about the close of the seventeenth century; this was considered worth about forty dollars. Gold watches were, however, rare up to the time of the Revolution; though silver watches had before that time come into common use, and there were watch-makers established in business in the city.

Fire-place Furniture.—As is very well known, the modern coal grate was not in use in this city previous to the Revolution, nor for some years subsequently. The great fire-place, with its blazing wood fire, furnished the common heating apparatus of old times. As the improvements in ornamental furniture progressed, fenders of brass, sometimes curiously wrought, circumscribed the fire-place. Iron backs were considered useful in throwing out heat, and may be considered the experimental stage of the modern stove, although it was many years ere the economy of this latter article was so far appreciated as to bring it into common use. The andirons, shovel and tongs were ornamented with brass mountings, curiously moulded. Screens of gilt leather and other expensive material were used in the best houses.

The kitchen fire-place was of very large proportions, frequently accommodating half a dozen young negroes huddled in its capacious corners. The pot-hooks and trammels, and other curious apparatus swinging in those ancient fire-places, are now almost completely superseded by the range and stove, exceptions, however, being still to be found in country habitations.

China and Earthenware.—In the times of the Dutch, and for about twenty years afterwards, no earthenware was used in the ordinary table service,

wooden and pewter being the material then universally in use, even in the best families. A few articles of china were kept by some for display, on the great cupboard, but were seldom used upon the table. About the year 1680, earthenware came into partial use, but pewter still maintained its popularity for ordinary occasions up to the period of the Revolution. Among the wealthy, china, or porcelain, as it was then called, was used for company. This was the blue and white china, which we still sometimes see, with the pictures of boats sailing in the air, men walking along the tops of trees, and other curious illustrations of Celestial pictorial art. The tea-cups were diminutive in size, for bohea was then an article of the highest luxury, and was sipped in small quantities alternately with a bite from a lump of loaf sugar, laid beside the plate of the guest. These porcelain articles, in early times, were a portion of the spoils of the illicit trade carried on from this port to the Eastern seas. About the middle of the last century, coffee and chocolate had, to a considerable extent, supplanted the pewter mug of home-brewed ale, with which the old-fashioned people had regaled themselves at the breakfast-table.

Silverware was one of the principal evidences of the wealth and social standing of its proprietors, and was not unfrequently found among the Dutch. Silver tankards, dram-cups, beakers, salt-cellars, tumblers, porringers and spoons were to be found at an early day; subsequently, candlesticks, coffee-pots, salvers, snuffers and snuffers-dish, the handles of knives and forks, castors, tea-trays, decanters, bread-baskets, tobacco-dishes, and large punch-bowls (some of the latter being in value one hundred and fifty dollars) were to be found in the domicils of the wealthy. These articles were of solid silver, no plated ware being then in use, and their value was determined by ounces, generally rating at one dollar per ounce, with some addition as the cost of manufacture.

The popularity of this species of domestic display may be ascribed to the reason that it served two important purposes—one for the display of wealth in the domestic establishment, and another as a sure investment of surplus funds, at a period when speculation was not as rife as in modern times; for though it brought in no income, the principal at least suffered no depreciation, and was subject only to the contingency of a felonious assault upon the iron-bound chest, in which it was stored at ordinary times.

Books and Libraries.—It has been previously mentioned that books, except the necessary church volumes, were seldom to be found in the families of the Dutch; the exception to that rule applied to doctors and dominies. The latter being the depositories of learning, and being withal men of accomplished education, generally possessed libraries; that of Dominie Rensselaer consisted of about two hundred volumes, embracing works in a variety of languages. The leading English inhabitants were, however, generally men of higher tastes in literary matters than their predecessors, and commonly possessed some books of a popular character. The first law library of which we have any account was that of Mr. Broughton, the Attorney General, (1704,) which contained thirty-six volumes. Dr. Bridges, in 1705, possessed a considerable library of miscellaneous works. The largest private library known in the province previous to the

Revolution was that of Governor Montgomery, which contained 1341 volumes of a standard character.

One of the evidences of the mixed state of society in this city, in the middle of the last century, was the circumstance that the store-keepers who kept school books, psalm books, &c., as part of their stock, were provided with about an equal number of books in the Dutch and English languages; thus showing, that after the lapse of sixty or seventy years, from the period at which the Dutch power terminated, the children of a great part of the Dutch class were still educated in the language of their forefathers.

Some *other peculiarities* of domestic affairs may be here mentioned without specific classification. It is curious to find how many spinning-wheels were in use in the principal households. Many possessed four, and in one (Mr. Philips') we find no less than six for spinning flax, and two for wool. They were common in the families of our citizens up to a period approaching the Revolution. Another thing worthy of note in early times was the taste for an extensive store of household linen. Where we now use cotton, linen was then used, the latter being the cheaper article. We find in one family, in 1704, an enumeration of linen household goods amounting in value to five hundred dollars. Dairy utensils, such as churns, etc., were common domestic articles used in our city families up to the time of the Revolution. Our leading men in those days were sure of the luxury of pure milk. Rip Van Dam, in 1748, had two cows, and Abraham Depeyster, probably one of the wealthiest merchants of his day, in 1765, kept also two cows. In short, it was the common practice with all who could afford stable room, to furnish their own domestic dairy for the provision of family milk and butter. This practice was not then inconvenient, as good pasture-fields surrounded the town at no greater distance than the present City Hall. Another domestic peculiarity of ancient times, (about the Dutch era,) was the reducing the grain into flour by the pestle and mortar, with which each family provided itself for that purpose. This would now seem to have been an unprofitable plan, where the facilities of milling were so great as in this vicinity, and where, in fact, an abundance of mills existed. Its explanation is to be found in the circumstance that at that period, when there was no legitimate currency but coin, which was exceedingly scarce, grain was as much a medium of current exchange as bank bills now are. It passed from hand to hand in payment for shop goods, for mechanics' labor, etc., and therefore was distributed in small quantities throughout the community, and it was found convenient rather to pound it in the mortar for domestic use, than to trouble themselves and the miller with such small quantities as from time to time came into their hands.

The means of *traveling conveyance* altered greatly with the advancing stages of prosperity in the community. In the old Dutch times, the lumber wagon and the sleigh, running upon split saplings, drawn by pot-bellied nags, whose speed was demonstrated by a methodical dog-trot, was the common order of travel on the road. The horses of those days were of a very poor class, all having been bred wild in the natural woods and pastures which covered the upper part of the island. Many thousands of animals were thus running at large, the only trouble taken by their owners being at a certain season of the year to

engage in a common driving expedition, by means of which the animals were collected in a large pound, where the young of the season were branded with their owner's mark, and the whole were then turned loose until the winter snows rendered their protection necessary. Those which were turned out again in the spring were all of the feminine gender, except the bulls and stallions, which were public property, and were devoted to the common use. So great an increase was occasioned by this system, that it is said the island was overrun by animals almost as wild and dangerous as the wild-horse and buffalo of our prairies at the present day. But its consequence was a very inferior breed of animals, and its great economy effectually prevented the cultivation of stock with an eye to improvement of breed. A horse in those days ranged in price from ten to forty dollars, his value being estimated by his strength, almost exclusive of the idea of speed. After the coming of the English, however, and the gradual absorption of the wilderness into cultivated districts, a change in the character both of horse-flesh and in the means of conveyance speedily followed. The national predilection of the English for the pleasures of the road, turned attention to the improvement of the breed of horses, and the result was not long in becoming evident in the more respectable character of the roadster. Driving became one of the amusements of the day, and "half-way houses," "two-mile taverns," etc., found support on the lines of the roads in the neighborhood of the town. In 1696, the first hackney-coach was introduced by an enterprising publican on the Bowery road. Private coaches were unknown previous to the year 1700, except that of the Governor. After that period, however, there is mention of several coaches owned by leading individuals, the first of which we have any account being that of William Smith, (1704.) The nearest approach to that conveyance, in popular use, was the two-wheeled chaise for one horse, which was the fashionable vehicle up to the time of the Revolution. The most agreeable drive in the vicinity of the town was called the "monument round," the course being along the roads now the lines of Chatham street and the Bowery as far as Astor place, thence along a lane running westward to the present Greenwich lane, and along the latter, passing Wolfe's monument, to the river road, on the present line of Greenwich street, and returning along that road to the city. Parties of pleasure by the old post-road also visited Hurlgate ferry to partake of turtle feasts. Upon this road was a bridge across the Sawkill, (a stream emptying into the East river, opposite Blackwell's Island,) called the Kissing-bridge; the name of which had been adopted from an old Danish custom, according to which gentlemen were privileged to salute their lady companions on crossing every bridge.

As to the custom of riding on horseback, the lady did not in early times, as now, ride alone; but was mounted upon a pillow or padded cushion, fixed behind the saddle of a gentleman, or servant, upon whose support she was therefore dependent. This was a common mode of country travel for ladies in those days, as the roads, except one or two great post-roads, were unbroken, and little other than bridle paths. Side-saddles came into partial use early in the eighteenth century. The pacer was the favorite animal under the saddle, and was valuable from its scarcity. The housings used by gentlemen were of bright-colored cloths, and sometimes trimmed with silver-lace, spread under the saddle, which latter was covered with velvet; holsters were common appendages.

One of the noticeable features connected with the domestic household of ante-revolutionary times was its slave population. Slavery existed from an early period in the times of the Dutch, and was encouraged as the most economical means of introducing labor in a country where there was no surplus population, and the emigrants could more profitably cultivate their own soil than to hire out to others upon wages. The slave-trade was a considerable branch of shipping interests, but fell off when by natural increase and by importation the number of slaves accumulated beyond the demand. The mercantile value of a prime slave was from one hundred and twenty to one hundred and fifty dollars, and this may be considered the average value, both under the Dutch and English dynasties. Below this price they could not be profitably imported, and when, from time to time, the standard value fell below this, the slave-trade temporarily fell off. The following table shows the importations for several years. Part of these slaves were from Africa, and part from the West Indies:

Years.	No. of Slaves.	Years.	No. of Slaves.	Years.	No. of Slaves.
1701	36.	1712	77.	1720	81.
1702	165.	1714	53.	1721	193.
1703	16.	4715	55.	1722	106.
1704	8.	1716	62.	1723	82.
1705	24.	1717	334.	1724	61.
1710	53.	1718	517.	1725	113.
1711	55.	1719	104.	1726	180.

Almost every domestic establishment in the city was provided with one or more negro servants, and among the aristocratic classes, the number of their servants constituted a peculiar mark of easy circumstances in their proprietor. We may take the year 1703, as a period at which the Dutch families occupied their most distinguished position in point of wealth and social eminence. They had at that time fully culminated into an aristocratic class, and had formed notions entirely removed from the simplicity and equality in social life, which had characterized the preceding generation. Though to some extent less refined than the higher class of English who had become domiciled in the city, they were superior in wealth, and were disposed to contest the palm of aristocratic pretension in style of living. A comparison of the number of household domestics of the leading families of the two races, at the period here spoken of, will illustrate their respective claims to superiority in this respect. The *Widow Van Cortland* presented a household of five male slaves, two females, and two children. *Colonel Depeyster* had the same number and description of servants. *William Beekman*, though his family consisted of but two persons, held three slaves. *Rip Van Dam* had three negroes, two negresses, and a child. The *Widow Phillips*, whose family was composed of but herself and child, kept one man, three women, and three children. *Mrs. Kip*, two negroes, two negresses, and one child. *Mrs. Stuyvesant*, four male negroes, and one negress. *Balthazar Bayard*, six slave domestics. *John Van Horne*, three male slaves, one female, and one child. *Jacobus Van Cortland*, two males, two females, and one child. *David Provoost, jr.*, three slaves. *Col. Nicholas Bayard*, whose family was only himself and child, held three slave domestics. *Abraham Loock-*

ermans, three male slaves, two females, and three children. *Mr. Kipp*, seven slaves. *Rebecca Van Schaick*, three grown slaves.

On the part of the English, *Capt. Morris*, with a family of two persons, held in service three male negroes, one negress, and three children. *George Stanton* held four negroes, two women, and two children. *Thomas Child*, five slaves. *Ald. William Smith*, (former Governor of Tangiers, now a merchant in New York,) two negro men, four women, and six children. *Col. Peartree*, a merchant, two men, two women, and two children. *Philip French*, merchant, three men, two women, and two children.

There is but little reason to doubt that, in the course of the eighteenth century, the institution of slavery was not regarded as a desirable one in this city. The negroes, it was complained, were allowed too much freedom to be compatible with the safety of their masters. They were in the habit of associating together, and discussing the inferior condition in which they were placed, and of concocting measures for their amelioration, which, as may be imagined, naturally ran into a calculation of their ability to relieve themselves from bondage by force. Outbreaks occurred several times during the half century preceding the Revolution, and the whites, instigated by the fears of the weaker portion of their families, were in constant anticipation of trouble from those they held in bondage. It is well known how, on the suppression of the negro plots of that period, the poor slaves suffered by scores the direful death of the faggot and the gallows. The time, however, was not yet come when, by the progress of immigration, free labor became more profitable than that of slaves, and the institution was not abolished until after the Revolution.

In connection with the affairs of the olden time, the custom of shopping, which probably always has been since the time when the grand-daughters of Eve established their domestic relations, an "institution" among the female sex, we propose to give some attention to the shop-keepers of our city in former times. Among the Dutch, two or three merchants monopolized the retail dry goods trade, the chief establishment, however, being that of Cornelius Steenwyck, who kept the largest and best assorted stock, and, as far as was then possible, in the limited means of intercourse with the old world, followed close upon the heels of foreign fashions. His enterprise made him rich, as well as highly popular in the community. The shop-keepers generally kept an assortment of all sorts of goods, similar to the practice of the same fraternity in our modern country villages. As the Dutch language was in common use in the city long after the dominion of that nation ceased, the shopping language was a compound of the Dutch and English. The English store-keepers and clerks found it necessary to know sufficient of the language to produce the article called for, and to tell their price in a manner to be understood by their Dutch customers, so that a curious vocabulary was that of shopping itinerants of those days.

In enumerating the common articles of dry goods then found upon the store-shelves, our ladies of the present time will find many which have become disused, or the names of which, at least, are at present unknown. A fair stock, in the year 1700, commonly presented the following articles: blue and red pennistone, hafe-tyke, sarge, flannel, fryse, carsay, druggett, mopeling, camerchse, canting, calko, garelet, Hollands, Ozenbergs, fouster, neppens claet, ticking, damask

estemyns, galoen, silk crape, callemink, silk-striped stuff, colored silks, bruston-stuff, russell, bangale, colored fustian, buckram, plush, gloves, stockings, tapes, blankets, and ribbons. This list comprised a pretty full assortment of the dry goods of that time.

Passing over a period of forty years (1740), we give the principal contents of the dry goods department of another establishment, with the prices of the goods, according to our present currency.

Men's velvet, per yard	$3 00	Blue satin, per yard	$——
Black padusoy, "	1 37	Grogram, "	1 00
Green allepine, "	37	Persian, "	50
Taffety, "	87	Blue tabby, "	1 50
Satinet, "	56	India brocade, "	1 00
Silk tabby, "	63	Flowered Spanish silk, per yard,	75
Shagreen, "	63	Pink and white mantua, "	1 00
Widows' crape, "	50	Black fig'd everlasting, "	44
Brocaded lutestring, per yard	1 12	Double allepine, per yard	63
Striped sarsnets, per yard		Plush, "	1 12
White padusoy, "	1 87	Calicoes, from 23 cents to	50
Silk camblet, "	56	Rushall	33
Worsted camblet, "	37	Calliminco	18
Poplin, "	31	Women's fine cotton stockings, per pair	1 25
Irish linen, "	25	Men's brown linen stockings, per pair	50
Black bombazine, "	37	Women's thread stockings, per pair	44
Purple calico, "	63	Men's gray worsted stockings, per pair	44
Forest calico, "	33	Scarlet stockings, per pair	75
Harreline, "	22	Men's black silk stockings, per pair	1 50
Cherry derry, "	31	India dimity, per yard	63
Hoop petticoats, of five rows	1 25	Coarse muslin, "	37
" " of six rows	1 56		
" " of three rows	69		
Whalebone hoop petticoats	3 75		
Blue English damask, per yard	2 00		
French double alamode, "	63		
Black lutestring, per yard	75		

Something may now be said concerning the personal wearing apparel in fashion from time to time. The habiliments of a leading burgomaster, at about the period of the fall of New Amsterdam, are enumerated as follows: A cloth coat, with silver buttons, worth fifteen dollars; a stuff coat, ten dollars; cloth breeches, ten shillings; a cloth coat, with gimp buttons, seven and a half dollars; a black cloth coat, seven dollars; a black velvet coat, fifteen dollars; a silk coat, breeches and doublet (worn), six dollars; a silver cloth breeches and doublet (worn), five dollars; a velvet waistcoat, with silver lace, five dollars; a buff coat and silk sleeves, five dollars; three groff green cloaks, six dollars each. Besides several old suits of clothes. To these must be added linen, hosiery, shoes (with silver buckles), a cane (with an ivory head), and a hat.

About the year 1690 we find, among gentlemen's apparel, green silk breeches, flowered with silver and gold; silver gauze breeches, scarlet stockings, blue silk stockings, laced shirts, laced neckcloths, a lacker hat, bob-wigs, and periwigs.

At that period, the wardrobe of an English officer, temporarily stationed here (viz., that of Capt. Cæsar Carter), was as follows:

A blue cloth coat, with silver buttons, valued at	$15 00
A stuff coat, lined with changeable silk, "	10 00
An old stuff coat	3 00
An old frieze coat	1 50
A white flowered jacket	3 00
Two plain white Holland jackets	3 25
A silk waistcoat, flowered	5 00
A pair of green silk breeches, flowered with silk and gold	8 00
A pair of silver gauze breeches	3 00
A pair of old breeches, with twelve small silver buttons	2 00
An old nightgown	2 00
A pair of scarlet stockings	2 50
A pair of blue worsted stockings	1 25
A pair of white worsted stockings, and a pair of coarse blue	1 00
A pair of old black silk stockings	50
Two pairs of white cotton stockings	75
An old embroidered belt, with silver buckle	5 00
A white silk stitcht waist belt	1 00
A campaign wig	3 25
A short bob-wig	4 00
An old bob-wig	1 50
A saddle, bridle, bolster, breast-plate, and crupper	6 00
A gun	5 00
A pair of pistols	12 00
A silver-hilted sword	10 00
A lacker hat	3 00
An old hat	1 25
A case, with nine bottles	1 25
A silver spoon and fork, and 22 silver buttons	4 00
Two gold rings and two pairs gold buttons	9 00
Six books	4 00
Two pairs gloves	1 50
Two pairs shoes and one pair slippers	1 25
A pocket-book, with papers	
Seven plain shirts	15 00
Three new laced shirts	15 00
Three laced shirts (worn)	15 00
Two laced neckcloths	6 00
A laced neckcloth (worn)	1 00
Six neckcloths	3 00
Five plain handkerchiefs	1 25

Three laced handkerchiefs	$3 00
Two pairs thread stockings	1 00
Seven old napkins and towels	50
A pair of old sheets	1 00
Three pillow-bears	30
A pair of linen sliders	75
Two flannel jackets	75
A fur cap	1 25
An old bed, bolster, and pillows	10 00

The Governor, being the leading gentleman of the day, the leading fashions of the era of 1730 may be inferred from the wardrobe of his Excellency John Montgomerie. This was very extensive, and, among the articles, we find cambric ruffled shirts, dimity vests, silk stockings, scarlet cloak, a laced hat, a scarlet coat and breeches, with gold lace; a cloth suit, with open silver lace; silk stockings, with embroidered clocks; gold-headed cane, bob-tail wig, periwig, &c.

The dress of a private citizen, of ten years later, was also showy and expensive, as may be judged from the following list of wardrobe articles: Three pairs of silk stockings, five pairs of worsted stockings, one suit of blue broadcloth, trimmed with silver; one suit of black cloth, one suit of camlet, trimmed with silver; one red great-coat, one fustian coat and breeches, three wigs, one green coat and breeches, one new broadcloth coat, trimmed with gold; one pair of silver shoe and stocking buckles, one pair of brass knee-buckles.

A respectable country gentleman of the same period could show the following schedule of personal apparel: A plush coat, jacket, and breeches; a durois coat, a tobacco-box, a cloth coat, jacket and breeches; a pair of leather breeches, a pair of durois breeches, a castor hat, a pair of shoe boots, woolen stockings, linen cap, a stock, a cherry derry jacket, a black cloth jacket, a beaver hat, with a deer-skin at the tailor's, to make another pair of leather breeches.

A fashionable appendage to the dress of a gentleman was his small sword, which was in common use during a great part of the last century.

As to the clothing of the ladies, we find a respectable Dutch lady, at about the close of the Dutch era, could count, among her articles of wardrobe, fine linen handkerchiefs, worth five dollars each; several taffeta hoods, of the value of a dollar each; a black cloth waistcoat, ten shillings; a red cloth petticoat, five dollars; a wrought white petticoat, seven dollars; a blue silk petticoat, fifteen dollars; a red camlet petticoat, twenty-five dollars; a black grogram petticoat, twenty-five dollars (the petticoats, it must be observed, were elaborately quilted); a black silk gown, thirteen dollars; together with a variety of bodices, red coats, and silk hoods.

Towards the close of the seventeenth century, the wardrobe of one of the best-dressed ladies contained the following formidable display:

One under petticoat, with a body red bay.
One under petticoat, with a scarlet body.
One red cloth petticoat, with black lace.
One striped stuff petticoat.
Six colored drugget petticoats.

One black silk petticoat, with ash-gray silk lining.
Two black pottofoo petticoats, with silk linings.
One silk potoso-a-samare, with lace.
One colored silk samare.
One black tartanelle samare, with a tocker.
Three flowered calico samare.
Three night gowns, two flowered, one red.
One silk waistcoat.
One red calico waistcoat.
One pair of bodices.
Five pairs of white cotton stockings.
Two black love-hoods.
One white love-hood.
One black silk crape samare, with a tocker.
Two pairs of sleeves, with great lace.
Four cornett caps, with lace.
Three head-binding caps.
One black silk scarf, with lace.
Jewelry, valued at three hundred dollars.
A Bible, with gold hangers and chain, worth fifty dollars.

Fifty years later, those who followed the old fashions still presented their greatest display in the article of petticoats. Madam Philipse, a daughter of the old Burgomaster Van Cortland, and the widow of Fr. Philipse, though a venerable lady, of modest pretensions, nevertheless, in 1730, possessed her red silver-laid petticoat, her red cloth petticoat, her silk quilted petticoat, two black silk quilted petticoats, and, like the ladies of old, presented her most notable article of Sunday out-door ostentation in a splendid psalm-book, with gold clasps, hanging upon her arm by a gold chain.

We cannot better illustrate the domestic style of life among respectable English merchants, who established themselves in this city immediately after the change of government to English domination, than by taking the house of John Winder, one of the leading men of that class, in 1675. Mr. W. carried on business as a general store-keeper, his business being of that general character common to country merchants of our day. His stock in trade was probably of the average value of three thousand dollars, which was then a heavy concern, if not the largest in the town. His house was a double one-story building, his dwelling being in the same tenement with his store-house, divided therefrom by a wide hall, which was the common living-room of the family. In this hall were four Spanish tables, twelve old Turkey chairs, an old leather chair, a "King's arms," two crumb cloths, or carpets of Turkey-work, two leather Bristol carpets or rugs, two small looking-glasses, a screen, andirons, tongs and shovel, and an hour-glass, besides the pewter and table-ware of the family. The family-chamber adjoined this hall, in which were the bed and its furniture; five pieces of tapestry adorned the walls. The window-curtains were of green cotton-cloth; there were also the rug, laid in front of the bed, and half-a-dozen chairs. The room back of this was the spare bed-room, and contained similar furniture to

that in the front room, except the tapestry. One other room, occupied by the servants, constituted the extent of his establishment. The silver-plate of Mr. Winder was four hundred and forty-seven ounces in weight.

In juxtaposition to the establishment of Mr. Winder, we may take that of Cornelius Steenwyck, at the same period, one of the old Dutch merchants: His mercantile pursuits were about on the same scale. His business was also carried on in the same building in which he resided. This was a double stone house, on the present south-east corner of Whitehall and Bridge streets, with a kitchen extension in the rear, fronting the latter. Its value was about two thousand dollars, and it was, at that period, one of the best houses in the town. The part of the building on the corner was occupied as the store. The hall ran through the centre, on the east side of which was the dwelling part of the house. The front room was the parlor. It contained a marble table, a wooden table, eleven pictures, seven Russia-leather chairs, a crumb-cloth or carpet, a foot-bench, three curtains, a cushion, and a clock; the value of these articles being about eighty dollars. The back room, or great chamber, was the family-room. It contained family plate, coin, and jewelry, of the value of fifteen hundred dollars. Its furniture consisted of twelve Russia-leather chairs, two velvet chairs, with fine silver lace; a cupboard, or case of French nut-wood (valued at $75); a round table, a square table, a cabinet, a large looking-glass, a bedstead, with its two beds and furniture (valued at $75 to $100); ten pieces of china or porcelain-ware, five alabaster images, a piece of tapestry-work for twelve cushions, a flowered tabby chimney-cloth, a pair of flowered tabby curtains for windows, a dressing-box, table linen, with the family clothing. Behind this room was the kitchen. The whole second floor of the building was filled with store goods, and was the principal shopping mart of the Dutch ladies of that day. It was the "Stewart's" of New Amsterdam. Mr. Steenwyck came to this city in the capacity of mate of a trading vessel. He was a young man of fine person, and became known among the ladies as the "handsome sailor." The fascinations of the New Amsterdam *vrouwlijes* were too strong for resistance by the wandering youth; so that he married, and commenced a small trade, which his universal popularity soon increased, and he became, in time, one of the richest and most respected of our citizens. He was for some time acting Governor, and was always in the foremost rank of the citizens of his time. His attention to personal wardrobe was more than ordinary, and he was probably the best-dressed, the most polite, and the most popular man of the era of New Amsterdam.

Francis Rombouts, Mayor in 1679, was a Frenchman by birth; but his parents having emigrated to Holland, M. Rombouts, in the year 1654, being then a clerk for a Dutch merchant, was sent to this country on a commercial expedition. He met here with some misfortunes, which prevented his return, and he established himself as a merchant in this city. His trading operations soon became extensive. He married the daughter of William Teller, one of our Dutch merchants, and fixed his residence on the west side of Broadway, below the present Rector street. His house was surrounded by a large garden and orchard. It was one of the first houses built here with a view to permanency,

and was of stone, but quite small in dimensions. His house was furnished in a respectable manner, and may be considered to furnish a fair specimen of the household arrangements of a citizen of the old Dutch era, who had not changed his style of life to suit the fashions of an era nearly thirty years subsequent to the times of the Dutch government. The date to which this account refers is about the year 1690. We give his whole household furniture, with its estimated value:

	£	s.	d.
A Holland cupboard, furnished with earthenware and porcelain	15	00	00
1 iron back, and 1 brass hearthstead	2	10	00
2 chimney cloths, with fringe and lace	1	00	00
1 bedstead and furniture	12	00	00
7 curtains of white calico, 2 mats	00	17	6
14 chairs and 8 cushions	5	10	00
1 stone table and 1 looking-glass	6	00	00
2 pitchers, 1 capstick, 1 broom, 1 brush	2	09	6
1 desk and a parcel of books, 1 case of bottles and 26 earthen dishes	3	08	0
A parcel of pewter and brass, knives and earthen pots	10	00	00
1 wooden dish and 1 brush, 1 brass still and worm	5	01	00
1 cradle, 2 hampers	6	12	00
A parcel of odd things	00	18	00
A chest of drawers and a trunk	6	15	00
One cupboard for cloathes, 7 earthen and purslin pots and cupps, and 1 press, and 4 chairs and cushions	5	13	00
4 leather chairs	1	05	00
1 bedstead and furniture	10	00	00
1 white curtain valince with lace, 6 purslin cupps, 5 earthen do., 7 dishes do., 1 iron back	2	10	00
4 pitchers, 1 stand for hats, 1 ditto for periwigs, 1 oval table, 1 looking-glass and 1 large chair	6	2	00
2 cards, 1 pitcher, 3 chairs, 1 little table and table-cloath, 6 earthen juggs and a hanging-board	2	00	00
5 chairs, 1 lanthorn, 1 coutch, 6 pitchers, 1 clock, 1 old chest, 2 leather pails	3	00	00
2 chairs and cushions, 2 curtains, 1 book	1	4	00
2 large brasse kettles, 1 old do., 1 iron pott, 2 spouts, 2 pair brand-irons, 1 iron spitt, 1 iron treeft, 1 gunn, 2 spinning-wheels, 18 pewter plates, 7 pewter dishes	10	18	00
3 pewter basins, 5 pewter porringers, 1 tankerd, 1 pint pot, 5 brass kettles, 1 cover	6	06	00
1 brass lamp and 3 brass candlesticks, 1 brass mortar, 1 lamp, 3 smoothing-irons, 1 hatchet	6	00	00
3 kettles and stewing-pans, 1 bed-pan, 2 brass skellets	6	00	00
3 iron pott hangers, 1 bussett, 1 gridiron, 1 tongs, 1 shovel, 2 bread graters, 1 cupboard	1	16	00

	£	s.	d.
1 churn, 2 milk pails, 4 water pails, 1 baking trough	1	10	00
2 garden rakes, 2 hammers, 1 spade	00	14	00
56 diaper napkins, 42 coarse napkins and towels, 13 table-cloaths of linen and diaper, 51 pillow-bears, 30 sheets, 4 boulsters' covers, 10 check pillow-bears, 2 calico cloaths of a cupboard, 6 table-cloaths, 4 check chimney cloaths, 2 ditto of linen	21	11	8
1 sled, 1 cow, 1 heifer	6	00	00
1 silver tankard, 2 bekers, 2 salt-sellars, 3 tumblers, weight 69½ ounces, 6d. ounce	20	17	00
The stock in trade of M. Rombouts consisted of the following articles:			
18 pieces and remnants, 704¼ Dutch ells of Holland linen for	72	13	0¼
3 remnants, 22¾ ells of kenting	3	00	00
5 pieces brown Ozenbergs, 315 ells, 15d. ell	19	13	9
12 ells blue checks	00	18	00
48 ells colored linen	2	10	00
2¾ pieces crape	6	00	00
1 ps. fustian	1	10	00
36 ells mohair (damaged)	3	00	00
18 ells sarge	2	10	00
12 lbs. brown thread	1	13	00
59 ells camblet	12	00	00
About 1,500 lbs. nails at 7½d	46	17	00
4 bever lines	00	4	00
10 pair bodices	2	10	00
2¾ yards kersey	00	9	00
A parcel of spice	2	00	00
4 pair hinges	00	10	00
About 1 lb. 2 oz. shot	1	10	00
7 pair worsted stockings	1	8	00
6 lbs. blue starch	00	12	00
A parcel of haberdashery and odd things	27	10	00

Captain Kidd, the Pirate.—We have, in some former editions of the Manual, given some account of this famous individual, in which we have stated our conclusions to be, that he was, in great measure, the victim of circumstances, and that, instead of meriting the opprobrious celebrity which is attached to his memory, he was neither possessed of the sanguinary propensities of a bloodthirsty pirate, nor the reckless characteristics of the professional rover, but was, on the whole, rather a gentlemanly and clever man. Certain it is, that as a citizen of New York, he occupied a respectable position, and neither in his domestic relations nor in his personal history previous to the unfortunate voyage of the "Adventure Galley," could aught be said against him. It is not our business here, however, to discuss the moral character of Captain Kidd. We propose to refer to his domestic concerns as a citizen of New York, and to contrast his style of life, while still in the respectable position of captain of the Antigua packet ship, trading between this port and London, with those of

Dutch citizens of equal respectability: such, for instance, as Mayor Rombouts. Captain Kidd married in this city, in 1692, Sarah, the widow of John Oort, a ship captain in regular trade, as was Captain Kidd at that period. Captain Kidd, immediately after his marriage, resided in Hanover square, then one of the best portions of the town. The domestic furniture of the house occupied by Captain Oort had been purchased in bulk from the representatives of the estate of William Cox, one of the leading flour merchants of the city; and upon the marriage of the widow Oort with Captain Kidd, the style assumed by the happy couple could favorably compare with that of any household establishment in the city. The following description will show in what style he lived: he possessed one dozen Turkey-work chairs, one dozen double-nailed leather chairs, two dozen single-nailed leather chairs, one Turkey-worked carpet, one oval table, three chests of drawers, four looking-glasses, four feather beds, bolsters and pillows; three suits of curtains and valance, four bedsteads, ten blankets, one glass case, one dozen drinking-glasses, four tables, five carpets or rugs, one screen frame, two stands, one desk, two dressing-boxes, three chamber-pots, one close stool, one warming-pan, two bed-pans, three pewter tankards, four kettles, two iron pots, one skillet, three pairs of fire-irons, one pair of andirons, one pair of small andirons, three pairs of tongs, two fire-shovels, two fenders, one spit, one jack, one clock, one coat of arms, three quilts, three rugs, three chafing-dishes, one gridiron, one flesh fork, one brass skimmer, four brass candlesticks, two pewter candlesticks, four tin candlesticks, one brass pestle and iron mortar, two and a half dozen of pewter plates, five pewter basins, thirteen pewter dishes, five leather buckets, one pipe Madeira wine, one half-pipe Madeira wine, two pewter salt-cellars, three box smoothing-irons and six heaters, a parcel of linen sheets, table-cloths and napkins of the value of thirty dollars; one hundred and four ounces of silver plate, of the value of three hundred dollars; a negro woman, valued at seventy-five dollars, and three barrels of pricked cider.

Before his departure on the voyage of the Adventure galley, in 1696, which resulted so unfortunately to himself, Captain Kidd purchased a lot of ground in a part of the city then just being sold off into building lots, in a street called Tienhoven street, now Liberty, near Nassau street. Here he erected a respectable mansion, and no doubt looked forward to the time when, in the enjoyment of a competency, he should pass the evening of his days in the city of his adoption.

Peter Jacobs Marius may be said to be the surviving representative of the Dutch merchants of New Amsterdam. He carried on business at the same place and pretty much in the same style in which he had been wont to do in the palmy days of the Dutch city, fifty years before the period now spoken of. He outlived his companions in the Board of Schepens, and saw another generation of natives of his adopted city grow old, and adopt new tastes and habits under the countenance of a foreign nation. Mynheer Marius was a magistrate of New Amsterdam for several years. At that time he was a merchant on the south side of Pearl street, between the present Whitehall and State streets, and there he continued to reside, and carry on business for fifty years subsequently. He

neither altered his habits of life, nor the character or extent of his business, but vegetated to maturity in a respectable manner, unmindful of the changes which successive years exhibited on all sides around him. Peace be to the memory of the last of the Knickerbockers!

The premises occupied by Mr. Marius were, in the year 1700, a one-story house, the same originally built upon the lot on which it stood, with an extension kitchen, which had been added on the side of the house at a subsequent period. The little shop of merchandize occupied the front room of the house. It was composed of small groceries and a few dry goods, the whole not exceeding in value three or four hundred dollars. In the chief room in the rear of the shop the following articles were enumerated: Eight muslin sheets, twenty-three linen sheets, thirty-two pillow-cases, two linen table-cloths, seven diaper table-cloths, sixty-one diaper napkins, three Ozenberg napkins, sixteen small linen cupboard-cloths, one silver tankard, three silver salt-cellars, two silver beakers, silver mustard-pot and spoons, twenty-seven silver sweetmeat spoons, four silver tumblers, nine silver cups with two ears, one old-fashioned salver, a silver mug and cover, a baby's silver chafing-dish and cradle, a silver fork and cup, a parcel of buttons and other broken silver; three gold chains, six gold rings, three gold buckles, four pairs of gold buttons, a gold bodkin and gold ear-wire, two pairs gold pendants, two gold and diamond rings, one amber necklace, two silver-handled knives, one pair of silver-handled scissors, a small Dutch Bible, tipped with silver and a chain. The standing furniture in the same room consisted of a black-framed looking-glass, sixteen small pictures, a black-walnut table with its rug or carpet, six Turkey-leather chairs, one blue elbow chair, thirteen old matted chairs, a red cedar chest, an old-fashioned clock, a brass warming-pan, stool cushions, old and new; a bedstead, bed and bedding; three blue curtains for the windows, a money scale and weights, a large Dutch Bible, tipped with brass, and two pairs of bellows.

In the great kitchen, were a chest, four books, a table, a cupboard, a trammel, a lantern, a porringer, and a mortar and pestle.

In the upper chamber, above the great kitchen, were eight black-walnut chairs, covered with blue; a black-walnut table, with its carpet; a large cedar chest, a red cedar cupboard, an old-fashioned linen press, a bedstead, with blue curtains and valance, with bed and bed clothes; eight pictures, a calico valance for the chimney, a green and flowered table-cloth, a blue chest-cloth, two green curtains, and the family table ware and cooking utensils.

There were, besides these rooms, one or two others made under the roof, which could be used as sleeping rooms, and this composed the whole establishment, except the slave-house and kitchen in the yard.

Mr. Marius was in comfortable circumstances, being considered worth fifteen or twenty thousand dollars.

We propose to take this same year (1700) to describe, in opposition to the domestic affairs of the last remaining Dutch magistrate, those of one of the principal Englishmen, whose style of life characterized the progress in that respect which so many intervening years had occasioned. *William Smith* came to this city about the year 1686, and after being for some years engaged in business

as a merchant, retired to spend his remaining days in the country, having become the grantee of a large estate on the east end of Long Island. The wearing apparel of Col. Smith was valued at four hundred dollars; eleven embroidered belts, at three hundred dollars; his silver plate at four hundred dollars; a bedstead, with a bed and bedding, (the latter of silk covering,) ninety dollars; a chest of drawers of walnut and olive-wood, forty dollars; six other bedsteads, with seven feather beds, one hundred and fifty dollars; four twisted rugs, one hundred dollars; twenty-three cane chairs, thirteen leather chairs, nine other chairs, thirty dollars; a coach, with cushions and harness, one hundred dollars; a velvet saddle and side-saddle, twenty-five dollars; a library, one hundred dollars; household linen of the value of six hundred dollars, and other household goods in like character.

As a farmer, Mr. Smith lived on an equally grand scale. He had fifteen negroes, fourteen oxen, sixty steers, forty-eight cows, twenty-two two-year olds, twenty-eight yearlings, two bulls, eleven calves, one hundred and ninety-two sheep, and horses, mares and colts, the number of which was comparatively great. But he was not so rich a man as the Dutchman whose name and domestic affairs last occupied our attention.

Governor John Montgomerie, who succeeded Gov. Burnet in 1728, came hither with the reputation of a courtier, and a gentleman of social dispositions, though his administrative talents were not boasted of, nor does it seem that he made any pretensions to peculiar abilities in that respect. His early life is said to have been that of a soldier, and in his later years he had so far commended himself to his royal master, as to have enjoyed the confidential relation to his majesty of groom of the stole. Gov. Montgomerie of course occupied the house within the fort, as the official residence, which, though of moderate dimensions, his schedule of furniture and household concerns contained therein presented the following articles, with their estimated value:

A bed, with blue China curtains	$7 50
Twelve leather chairs	18 00
Two dozen ivory-handled knives and forks	4 00
Four pair crimson barreline window-curtains	15 00
Six yellow chairs	
Five pair yellow camlet curtains	20 00
A large looking-glass, with gilt frame	20 00
Cloth housing, with silver lace	13 00
A fine yellow camlet bed	75 00
Water and champaigne glasses	
A very large quantity of wine, and different sorts of liquors in cellar, worth about	2,500 00
Silver ware, consisting of candlesticks, coffee-pots, knives and forks, spoons, salvers, tea-trays, castors, etc., to a large amount; horses and carriages, and traveling accoutrements, viz., one saddle-horse, eight coach-horses, two common horses, two breeding mares, two colts, a natural pacing mare, a four-wheeled chaise and harness, a servant's saddle, a coach, with set of fine harness, two sets of travel-	

ing harness, brass-mounted, with postillion's coat and cap; saddles, with holsters, caps and housings, a fine suit of embroidered horse furniture, with bridles, bits, &c	
A negro musician	$225 00
A negro boy	115 00
A negro boy	125 00
A negro boy	125 00
A mulatto woman	100 00
Negro woman, called Betty	150 00
" " " Jenny	80 00
" "	90 00
Three white servants, apprenticed	
Six new black cotton chairs, $5 each	30 00
Japanned tea-table	
Complete set of China	15 00
A repeating table-clock	40 00
A pair of gilded frame sconces	
A large chimney-glass	
Twelve new-fashioned matted chairs, at $2 each	24 00
A walnut card-table	
A pair of large sconces, with gilt frames	45 00
Walnut-framed sconces and branches	45 00
An eight-day clock	40 00
Japanned fruit-plates, cut-glass cruets	
Gold lace and gold buttons	50 00
Gilt leather screen	15 00
Pictures of Greenwich park, $1 18; of a vineyard, $2; of goats, $1 50; a landscape, $1 30; of sheep-shearing, $1 40; a winter piece, 70c.	
A parrot cage; "Tycken" umbrella	
A barge, with its accoutrements	125 00
A small four-oared boat	
A library	1,000 00

To illustrate the household affairs of a citizen in the middle walks of life, about the year 1730, we shall take that of Capt. John Dean, a sloop-captain and lumber merchant. The residence of Captain Dean was a two-story house, containing a parlor and dining-room on the first floor, two bed-rooms, and a small room at the stairs' head, on the second story; an extension to the house for the kitchen and sleeping-room for servant, over head, and a cellar underneath. The *parlor* was furnished with a large sconce, four old pictures, ten cane-seat chairs, a case, a mahogany table, andirons, tongs, &c., a case with twelve bottles, and two hundred and thirty ounces of silver plate. The *dining-room* contained a bedstead and bed, furniture, curtains, three pictures, desk, looking-glass, six leather chairs, andirons, tongs and shovel, eight earthen-plates, eighteen China cups and saucers, six knives and six forks, a tea-table, a glass decanter, a glass beaker, and a pair of bellows. The *principal bed-room* contained a bedstead and bed furniture, a sconce, six pictures, seven chairs, an oval table, a dressing-

glass, a chest of drawers, and a few books. The other rooms on the same floor were likewise occupied as bed-rooms, in one of which were kept the arms of the captain, consisting of a case of pistols, a brass blunderbuss, and an iron blunderbuss.

To illustrate the details of the business establishment of a leading merchant, about the year 1740, we shall take that of *Adolphus Philipse,* the son of Frederick Philipse, probably the wealthiest of the Dutch burghers. Frederick Philipse, whose original occupation was that of a carpenter, came into a considerable estate by his marriage with the widow of a prosperous trader, and after her death, he married another widow, who had in possession the estate of her husband, and also, being the daughter of Van Cortland, was entitled to a considerable inheritance from her parents. Thus Frederick Philipse acquired a portion of his wealth, which he increased by judicious enterprise as a merchant. Adolphus was his second son, and was unmarried. Mr. Adolphus Philipse was a merchant in the city of New York, as his ancestors had been. As may be presumed, from his wealth and social relations, the mercantile business carried on by Mr. Philipse was that of a first-class commercial establishment of that day. He was an importer, but, unlike that class of merchants of the present day, he did not confine his importations to any particular class of merchandize, but made his ventures in every variety of goods. His store was of the best class of buildings in use for that purpose, and was three stories in height, exclusive of the "garret," or space under the steep roof, which afforded considerable room. This part of the building being divided into two compartments, was used for storage purposes for grain and other bulky goods. The next or third story was principally used for the sale of light dry goods, hardware, and a general variety store, similar to the country store of the present day. The second story was occupied by the same diversity of goods, but in bulkier quantity, and was the proper wholesale department for country merchants. On this floor also was the great chest, in which the money, (there were then no banks of deposit,) jewelry, silver-ware, pearls, and wampum, was kept for safety. On the next or first floor were kept the heavy articles (excluding dry goods), appropriate to a general mercantile establishment. In the cellar was iron, iron-work, etc. Attached to the premises was a store-house in the yard, and in the rear of the lot on New street was also a small store-house.

Mr. Philipse, whose manor-house at Tarrytown had been erected by his father, and was surrounded by an estate of many miles in extent, made this country residence his occasional home, although his mercantile pursuits in the city, for the most part, required his absence from his estate. Mr. Aartse was the overseer of this establishment. The consequence of the absenteeism of the lord was of course the absence of all the usual appendages of state and social style in manorial life, and the manor-house was at this period simply the head-quarters of the estate, at which, upon stated periods, the tenants paid their rents in wheat. The house was situated at the head of a little bay on the river shore, into which emptied the stream which traversed Sleepy hollow. A dam at the head of the bay formed a mill-pond adjacent to the house, and a mill, the only one in that vicinity, was the great centre of cereal deposit of that district. On

the estate were six working-slaves, four aged and infirm, five women, seven boys, and a girl; six oxen, twelve cows, twenty-four heifers, thirty sheep, twenty-seven hogs, three stable horses, three horses in the woods, seventeen mares, and colts. In the room of the manor-house occupied by Mr. Philipse, on his visits, the furniture consisted of a backgammon-table, a brass candlestick, a Dutch Bible, and some other books, bed and bedding, a looking-glass, a trunk, six cane chairs, a wig-block, a case with bottles, a pair of handcuffs, and a slate and pencil. The furniture of the other rooms was of an ordinary and plain description.

Rip Van Dam occupied a distinguished political position in the province, being for many years President of the Council, and for some time acting Governor. His social position was respectable, and though, in point of wealth, he did not take rank with the most prosperous merchants, the value of his property not probably exceeding twenty thousand dollars, which, however, in those days, was considered a respectable fortune. He had originally been a merchant, but had for some years retired from business. The premises occupied as a residence by Mr. Van Dam, in 1740, were worth about two thousand dollars. The house was of brick, and two stories in height, containing the ordinary number of rooms. Without specifying the articles of furniture, according to their arrangement in the different apartments, we shall enumerate them altogether, with their estimated value:

A japanned chest of drawers	$15 00
A silver tankard	50 00
Two silver candlesticks, snuffers and stand	80 00
Three silver castors	30 00
Tea-spoons and table-spoons	25 00
A silver tankard	35 00
A silver chafing-dish	35 00
A backgammon-table	8 00
A black-walnut-table	8 00
A looking-glass	5 00
Two sconces	20 00
A desk and book-case	15 00
A negro boy	120 00
A negro	110 00
A negro	20 00
A silver-hilted sword	10 00
Ten chairs	20 00
An elbow-chair	4 00
A silver pot	14 00
A silver salver	18 00
A silver salver	40 00
Two dozen spoons	18 00
Twelve gold rings	40 00
A clock	45 00
A large table	4 00
A chest of drawers	18 00

Twelve leather chairs, @ 12s	$18 00
Twelve black chairs	7 00
A mahogany table	8 00
A writing-desk	5 00
A screen	8 00
A silver tankard	60 00
A silver mug, salt-cellar, and pepper-box	20 00

Together with china dishes and ordinary kitchen furniture.

His household furniture and negroes were held at a value of twelve to fifteen hundred dollars; and there can be no better example presented of the household affairs of a citizen in moderate circumstances, but highly respectable position, and enjoying the esteem and honor of the whole community. He was of the old Dutch stock, as may be judged from his name. He died, it is believed, about the year 1750, at an advanced age.

In illustration of the year 1750, we shall take the establishment of Abraham Lodge, a lawyer of English birth, who had emigrated hither, and who had been in successful practice about twenty years, and accumulated a considerable fortune. His house was a two-story brick edifice, with a basement. Under the roof was the open garret, used for storage, etc. The second story contained three bed-rooms. That occupied by the family (the back room) contained a large bedstead, with the usual bed-furniture, and small folding-bedstead for the children, two black-framed pictures, a small black-framed looking-glass, a small table, with leaves; two silver-hilted small-swords, an old walking-cane, six red leather chairs, and a pair of andirons, with shovel and tongs. The small room adjoining (over the entry) contained an old black-walnut cupboard, four pictures, and a close chair.

The front or spare bed-room contained articles of a more expensive description, and may be considered of the first-class bed-room furniture of that day, viz: A mahogany bedstead, with eagle claws; teaster and curtains of red-stamped camlet; eight mahogany chairs, with red callamanco seats; a large mahogany easy-chair, with eagle's claws, a crimson-silk damask cover and cushion; a mahogany dressing-table, with drawers; a mahogany tea-table, with eagle claws; a large iron-bound chest, two large sconces, with gilt frames; three large gilt-framed pictures, three small glass pictures, two small black-framed pictures, a large blue and white china bowl, six burnt-china coffee-cups and saucers, a painted table-cover, and a small gilt leather trunk.

In the entry or hall below were two glass lanterns and four high-backed Windsor chairs.

In the back parlor, on the first floor, were a large clock, a large mahogany oval table and painted cover, a large sconce, with gilt frame; eight small glass-faced pictures, ten common matted chairs, brass andirons, shovel and tongs; two glass sconce candlesticks, a portion of the china-ware and best table-furniture of the family, all of the blue and white sort, and two pairs of green-stamped window-curtains. This was the common living-room of the family, when not in the kitchen.

In the front parlor, on the same floor, were a mahogany scrutoire and book-

case, with glass doors; a mahogany card-table, a round mahogany tea-table, a small mahogany dining-table, eight mahogany chairs, with eagle's claws and crimson silk damask seats: a pair of brass andirons, shovel and tongs; a large pier-glass, with glass frame; a large chimney-glass, with glass frame; a large gilt-framed picture, ten small glass-framed pictures, a small family-picture, with gilt frame; a small bellows, all the burnt-china-ware of the family, together with cut-glass-ware, embracing tumblers, wine-glasses, etc.; a casket, containing the family jewelry, consisting of a gentleman's gold watch, a lady's gold watch, several diamond rings, and the family plate—about two hundred ounces.

In the front basement, or cellar-kitchen, were the ordinary culinary utensils, and in the adjoining room or cellar was the wine and other family stores.

In the rear of the premises was the stable, with the family chaise and horse. The domestic servants were a man, two women, and a girl—of course all slaves.

The lawyer's office of Mr. Lodge adjoined his house. Its furniture was a writing-desk, covered with leather; a table and stand, three matted chairs, and his library. His retiring-room, containing his papers, was in a room over the office.

Abraham Depeyster, by whose domestic establishment we shall illustrate the style of life prevalent among the wealthiest merchants at a period approaching the Revolutionary War, was descended from Johannes Depeyster, a merchant of New Amsterdam, and for some time Deputy Mayor of the city, after the English accession, which position he relinquished from his deficient knowledge of the English language. The family was at all times distinguished for its wealth and respectability. Abraham and Johannes were successively Mayors of the city, about the close of the seventeenth century. The coincidents of respectable family descent and great wealth (estimated at over $100,000), therefore placed Mr. Depeyster in the first social circles of his day (we shall set the period at 1760). His residence, a three-story brick house, was in the lower part of the city. On entering the hall, you observed five leather chairs, two leather-bottomed sofas, a common dining-table; a large brass-framed lantern, hung from the ceiling; two small lanterns, and an old canvas floor-cloth. In his parlor, which was the front room on the first floor, were fifteen mahogany and black-walnut chairs, two marble tables and stands, a round card-table, a round tea-table, a square card-table, a fire-screen, a china basket and twenty china plates, a japanned tea-board; cups, saucers, tea-pot, cream-pot, and sugar bowl, all of china; an old table, a couch, three china punch-bowls, an iron hearth, with brass handles; tongs, shovel and brush; thirteen glazed pictures, a large landscape painting and two smaller ones, seven painted wood and canvas pictures, three cases of ivory-handled knives and forks, one case of plated ware, a large pier-glass, a desk and book-case, with glass doors; two sets of window-curtains, and two glass branch candlesticks.

In the *dining-room*, which was in the rear of the parlor, were a pier-glass, two pairs of sconces, with gilt frames; a clock, a mahogany dining-table, seven black-walnut chairs, with blue-worsted seats; calico window-curtains, a fire-screen, a round mahogany table, a mahogany tea-chest and tea-board, andirons, shovel and tongs, a canvas floor-cloth, two pictures of the King and Queen, and a pair of brass candlesticks.

In an adjoining closet was stored the table crockery.

On going up the stairs, which, of course, as well as the rest of the house, was uncarpeted, at the head of the first flight was a tea-table, a lantern, and a wooden painted dog.

On the second story was the best bed-room, commonly called the *wainscot-room*. In this apartment were a boiled-bed, with green worsted curtains, six black-walnut chairs, with covers; two green stools, two arm-chairs, one easy-chair, andirons, tongs and shovel, a cabinet, a dressing-table and glass, a pier-glass, and a mahogany stand.

The room adjoining this was called the *west bed-room*. In it were a dressing-table and glass, a sconce, pictures, chairs, a bedstead, bed, etc., and a rug.

On the same floor was the *tapestry-room*, so called from its being hung with some old tapestry, which had been preserved in the family from a period when that article was in fashion. This was not used as a bed-room, but as an occasional sitting-room. It contained several leather chairs, a large table, and a few other articles of furniture.

The *front room*, on the same floor, was occupied as the family sitting-room. It contained fifteen cane-seat chairs, several pictures, an old-fashioned pier-glass, a tea-table, cups, saucers, &c., and two Dutch painted tea-tables.

On the third floor were the *blue bed-room*, containing a bedstead, bed, etc., bed-curtains and window curtains, five India pictures, one "chest upon chest," six cane-seat chairs, a pier-glass, a dressing-table, eight glazed pictures, and one homespun rug.

The *third-story west room* contained a bedstead, bed and curtains, ten matted chairs, andirons, shovel and tongs, pictures, a looking-glass, four glass sconces, and several pieces of earthen-work on the chimney-piece.

On the same floor was a room occupied by a family friend, commonly called *Mrs. Hamilton's room*, containing a bedstead, bed, etc., a square deal table, four matted chairs, a small stand, a slate-table, and four India pictures.

Besides the foregoing rooms, there were rooms occupied as an *office*, as a *counting-room*, an *apple-room*, a *garret*, a *wine-cellar*. An extension to the house furnished a two-story building for the *kitchen* and *upper kitchen*. This building was the more appropriate domain of the domestics of the household, and was tenanted by two male negroes, five women, besides an old female slave who was blind. The stable was in the rear of the yard, and contained a chaise, a two-horse sleigh, and a one-horse sleigh.

The family plate presented the following formidable array of articles of solid silver: Four tankards, two decanters, two dishes, three plates, seven salvers, two large salvers, two small salvers, two cups and covers, two chafing-dishes, six porringers, four sauce-boats, two punch-bowls, three mugs, four sugar-dishes, a coffee-pot and tea-pot, seven salts and shovels, one sauce-pan, four pairs snuffers and stand, a mustard-pot, a bread-basket, a dram-bottle, tobacco-dish, nine castors, six candlesticks, one waiter, twenty-three forks, three soup-spoons, two punch-ladles, ten table-spoons, ten tea-spoons, two sugar-tongs—in all one thousand two hundred and seventy-two ounces—valued at from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars.

The great style in which William Walton (of the Walton House, Pearl street) lived, has often been mentioned in connection with our domestic history. It was said, that when, in answer to the petition of grievances of some of our people to Parliament, a member stated that the complaints were of an imaginary character, that he had traveled and been entertained in New York, and had seen in the houses of some citizens a display of plate and a style of life that would have been respectable in the establishmeut of an English nobleman ; and it was supposed that in this he had reference to the family of William Walton, whose mansion, erected about the year 1760, still remains to attest its former magnificence. Mr. Walton was one of those merchants who, during the French war, suddenly acquired great wealth by fortunate maritime ventures. Several other private residences, upon a similar scale, were erected about the same period, in different parts of the city, but only one or two approached in style that of Mr. Walton. Some indications of the furniture of this establishment have come down to us, though our account has reference to a later period than that at which it exhibited its early magnificence.

The principal rooms were furnished with silk damask and green worsted curtains, mahogany card-tables and stands, mahogany dining-tables, mahogany chairs, with damask seats; ditto, with hair seats; green Windsor chairs, three large walnut gilt-framed looking-glasses, a large number of prints, framed and glazed, besides a large quantity of the ordinary articles of domestic furniture, which need not be enumerated.

The silver-plate of the family was composed of the following articles :

Two pair of silver candlesticks	weight,	81¼	ounces.
One silver snuffers-stand	"	11¼	"
One large silver waiter	"	32	"
Two small silver waiters	"	15⅔	"
Two pint-mugs	"	21¾	"
Two pint-bowls	"	12½	"
Two sauce-boats	"	29	"
Four salts, and four shovels	"	12½	"
Twenty tea-spoons			
One sugar-tongs	"	1	"
One small chafing-dish	"	1	"
One small punch-ladle	"	½	"
One wine-cock	"	5	"
Two table-spoons	"	4½	"
One tankard	"	31¾	"
One punch-strainer	"	1¼	"
One coffee-pot	"	28	"
One large soup-spoon	"	8	"
One large tankard	"	44	"

Two large cases of knives, forks, and spoons.

As an illustration of the domestic concerns of a respectable farmer on Manhattan Island, in the year 1770, we will take the establishment of Abraham Meyer, of Harlem. Mr. Meyer was a descendant from the Dutch of New Am-

sterdam, and even at this late period, when English customs had obtained a settled ascendancy in the province, and in the city, the English language had almost superseded the use of the Dutch language, even among those who had longest clung to the use of the latter tongue, when sermons in the Dutch church were preached in the English language, and few, if any, Dutch schools were then in being in the city; in the country, the Dutch was exclusively used in the family vocabulary. The negroes talked Dutch, and the white youth were still educated in the language of their forefathers. Although Mr. Meyer was one of the most respectable and wealthy of his class on this island, it will be observed that the internal affairs of his household were on the simplest scale consistent with any degree of comfort.

The following presents a view of his stock, and laboring property, as well as of the furniture and domestic utensils in use in his family:

Een negerin maude met een Suygen kind.
Een neger genaamd, *Herry.*
Een neger genaamd, *Sam.*
Een neger genaamd, *Dick.*
Een neger genaamd, *Jack.*
Een, *Merry.*
Een, *Ruyn.*
Drie melk koeyen.
Twee vaarsen.
Twee do.
Twee do.
Twee melk kalve.
Een kalf.
Ses varkens.
Een sog en acht keuzen.
Een waage metzyn toebehoren.
Een ploeg en eg met do.
Een puttezager met do.
Een hout-slee.
Een jaag-slee.
Een soog-vat.
Ses melk tobletzes, en drie melk emmers.
Drie karns.
Drie vaatzes.
Een was-tobbe.
Een kopere-ketel.
Een spiegel.
Een sedikant met zyn toebehoren.
Twee bylsteelen tafels.
Een dresser met thien tinne schotels, en seventeen ditto, borde.
Een tinne-kan; een blikker, coffy-kan; een melk-potze.
Seeven huys stoelen.
Ses do. do.

Een bylsteele cas.
Een cas met schuytladen.
Een bedstee.
Een paar brand yzers, tang en asschop.
Vier yzere potten groot en klyn.
Een thee-ketel.
Een breebyl; een bortyl.

Some accounts given by foreigners and residents, concerning the domestic concerns of New York, in the course of the last century, will be here inserted.

Professor Kahn, an intelligent foreigner, in the course of his travels through the American colonies, visited this city in the year 1748, and gives a description of it as follows: "The streets do not run so straight as those of Philadelphia, and have sometimes considerable bendings; however, they are very spacious, and well-built, and most of them are paved, excepting in high places, where it has been found useless. In the chief streets there are trees planted, which, in summer, give them a fine appearance, and, during the excessive heat at that time, afford a cooling shade. I found it extremely pleasant to walk in the town, for it seemed quite like a garden. The trees which are planted for this purpose are chiefly of two kinds; the water-beech is the most numerous, and gives an agreeable shade in summer, by its large and numerous leaves. The locust-tree is likewise frequent; its fine leaves, and the odoriferous scent which exhales from its flowers, make it very proper for being planted in the streets, near the houses, and in gardens. There are likewise lime-trees and elms in these walks, but they are not, by far, so frequent as the others. One seldom meets with trees of the same sort adjoining each other, they being in general placed alternately. Besides numbers of birds of all kinds which make these trees their abode, there are likewise a kind of frogs, which frequent them in great numbers during the summer. They are very clamorous in the evening, and in the nights, (especially when the days have been hot, and a rain is expected,) and in a manner drown the singing of the birds. They frequently make such a noise that it is difficult for a person to make himself heard.

"Most of the houses are built of brick, and are generally strong and neat, and several stories high; some have, according to the old architecture, turned the gable-end toward the street, but the new houses are altered in this respect. Many of the houses have a balcony on the roof, on which the people sit in the evenings, in the summer-time; and from thence they have pleasant view of a great part of the town, and likewise of part of the adjacent water, and of the opposite shore.

"The roofs are commonly covered with shingles, or tiles, the former of which are made of the white fir-tree, which grows higher up in the country. The inhabitants are of opinion that a roof made of these shingles is as durable as one made of white cedar. The walls of the houses are white-washed within; and I did not any where see hangings, with which the people of this country seem in general to be little acquainted. The walls are quite covered with all sorts of drawings and pictures in small frames. On each side of the chimneys they usually have a sort of alcove, and the wall under the window is wainscoated with



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y. for D. T. Valentine's Manual for 1858.

VIEW OF A HOUSE ON THE NORTH EAST CORNER OF EXCHANGE PLACE & BROAD STREET,

about the year 1680.

benches near the window. The alcoves, as well as all of the wood-work, are painted with a bluish-gray color.

"There is no good water to be met with in the town itself; but at a little distance there is a large spring of good water, which the inhabitants take for their tea and for the uses of the kitchen. Those, however, who are less delicate on this point, make use of the water from the wells in town, though it be very bad. This want of good water lies heavy upon the horses of the strangers that come to this place, for they do not like to drink the water from the wells in the town.

"The winter is much more severe here than in Philadelphia. The snow lies for for some months together on the ground, and sledges are made use of. The river Hudson is about a mile and a half wide at this point, and the ice stands in it not only one, but for even several months. It has sometimes a thickness of more than two feet.

"The inhabitants are sometimes greatly troubled with mosquitoes; they either follow the hay which is made near the town in the low meadows, which are quite penetrated with salt-water, or they accompany the cattle when brought home at evening. I have myself experienced, and have observed it in others, how much these little animalcuke can disfigure a person's face during a single night; for the skin is sometimes so covered with little blisters, from their stings, that people are ashamed to appear in public.

"The water-melons, which are cultivated near the town, grow very large. They are extremely delicious, and are better than in other parts of North America, though they are planted in the open fields, and never in a hot-bed. I saw a water-melon at Governor Clinton's, in 1750, which weighed forty-seven English pounds; and another at a merchant's in town, forty-two pounds weight; however, they were reckoned the largest ever seen in the country."

The Rev. Mr. Burnaby, who visited the city about the same period, says:—"More than half the inhabitants are Dutch, and almost all traders. They are, therefore, habitually frugal, industrious, and parsimonious. Being, however, of different nations, different languages, and different religions, it is almost impossible to give them any determinate character. The women are handsome, and agreeable, though somewhat reserved. The amusements are balls, and sleighing expeditions, in the winter; and in summer, going in parties upon the water, and fishing, or making excursions in the country. There are several houses pleasantly situated up the East river, near New York, where it is common to have turtle-feasts. These happen one or twice a week. Thirty or forty gentlemen and ladies meet and dine together—drink tea in the afternoon, fish, and amuse themselves till evening, and then return home in Italian chaises, (the fashionable carriage in this part of America,) a gentleman and lady in each chaise."

Mr. Smith, a resident historian, writing about the middle of the last century, gives the following account of the city, and of its inhabitants:—"The city of New York consists of about two thousand five hundred buildings. It is a mile in length, and not above half that in breadth. Such is its figure, its centre of business, and the situation of the houses, that the mean cartage from one part to another does not exceed a quarter of a mile. It is thought to be as healthy a spot as any in the world. The east and south parts are low, but the rest is on a

dry, elevated soil. The streets are irregular, but, being paved with round pebbles, are clean, and lined with well-built brick houses, many of which are covered with tiled roofs.

"No part of America is supplied with markets abounding with greater plenty and variety. We have beef, pork, mutton, poultry, butter, wild fowl, venison, fish, roots and herbs of all kinds in their seasons. Our oysters are a considerable article of support of the poor. Their beds are within view of the town; a fleet of two hundred small craft are often seen there at a time, when the weather is mild in winter; and this single article is computed to be worth, annually, ten or twelve thousand pounds.

"Upon the south-west point of the city stands the fort, which is a square with four bastions. Within the walls is the house in which our governors usually reside; and opposite to it brick barracks, built formerly for the independent companies. The governor's house is in height three stories, and fronts to the west, having, from the second story, a fine prospect of the bay and Jersey shore. At the south end there was formerly a chapel, but this was burnt down in the negro conspiracy of the spring of 1741.

"The inhabitants of New York are a mixed people, but mostly descended from the original Dutch planters. There are two churches in which religious worship is performed in that language. The old building is of stone, and ill-built—ornamented within by a small organ-loft, and brass branches. The new church is a very heavy edifice; has a very extensive area, and was completed in 1729. The steeple of this church affords a most beautiful prospect, both of the city beneath, and of the surrounding country. The Dutch congregation is more numerous than any other, but as the language becomes disused, it is much diminished, and unless they change their worship into the English tongue, must soon suffer a total dissipation. There are two Episcopal churches upon the plan of the established church in South Britain. Trinity Church was built in 1696, and afterwards enlarged in 1737. It stands very pleasantly upon the banks of Hudson's river, and has a large cemetery on each side, enclosed in front by a painted paled fence. Before it a long walk is railed off from the Broadway, the pleasantest street of any in the whole town. A new chapel was erected in 1752, (called St. George's chapel,) in a distant and new part of the town. The Presbyterians have an edifice of stone, erected in 1748. The French church is also of stone, erected in 1704. The German Lutherans have two small places of worship. The Quakers have a meeting-house, and the Moravians also a small church. The Ana-baptists assemble at a small meeting-house, but have as yet no regular settled congregation. The Jews, who are not inconsiderable for their numbers, worship in a synagogue in a very private part of the town, plain without, but very neat within.

"English is the most prevailing language among us, but not a little corrupted by the Dutch dialect, which is still so much used in some counties that the sheriffs find it difficult to obtain persons sufficiently acquainted with the English tongue to serve as jurors in the courts of law.

"In the city of New York, through our intercourse with the English, we follow the London fashions, though by the time we adopt them they become disused

in England. Our affluence during the late war introduced a degree of luxury in tables, dress, and furniture, with which we were before unacquainted. But still we are not so gay a people as our neighbors at Boston and several of the southern colonies. The Dutch counties, in some measure, follow the example of New York, but still retain many modes peculiar to Hollanders.

"The city of New York consists principally of merchants, shop-keepers, and tradesmen, who sustain the reputation of honest, punctual, and fair dealers. With respect to riches, there is not so great inequality among us as is common in Boston, and some other places. Every man of industry and integrity has it in his power to live well, and many are the instances of persons who came here distressed by their poverty, who now enjoy easy and plentiful fortunes.

"New York is one of the most social places on the continent. The men collect themselves into weekly evening clubs. The ladies, in winter, are frequently entertained at concerts of music, or assemblies, and make a very good appearance. They are comely, and dress well, and scarce any of them have distorted shapes. Tinctured with a Dutch education, they manage their families with becoming parsimony, good providence, and singular neatness. The practice of extravagant gaming, common to the fashionable part of the fair sex, in some places, is a vice with which my countrywomen cannot be justly charged. There is nothing they so generally neglect as reading, and indeed all the arts for the improvement of the mind—in which, it must be confessed, the men have set them an example. They are modest, temperate, and charitable—naturally sprightly, sensible, and good-humored; and by the help of a more elevated education, would possess all the accomplishments desirable in the sex. Our schools are in the lowest order—the instructors want instruction; and through a long, shameful neglect of all the arts and sciences, our common speech is extremely corrupt, and the evidences of bad taste, both as to thought and language, are visible in all our proceedings, both public and private.

"The people, both in town and country, are sober, industrious and hospitable, though intent upon gain. The richer sort keep very plentiful tables, abounding with great varieties of fish, flesh, fowl, and all kinds of vegetables. The common drinks are beer, cider, weak punch, and Madeira wine; for dessert, we have fruits in vast plenty of different kinds and various species.

"The inhabitants are, in general, healthy and robust, taller, but shorter-lived than Europeans, and, both with respect to their minds and bodies, arrive sooner to an age of maturity. Breathing a serene, dry air, they are more sprightly in their natural tempers than the people of England; and hence instances of suicide here are very uncommon. The situation of New York, with respect to trade, is very advantageous; but our merchants are compared to a hive of bees, who industriously gather honey for others—*non vobis mellificatus apes*—for the profits of our trade centre chiefly in Great Britain. And for that reason, methinks, among others we ought always to receive the generous aid and protection of our mother-country.

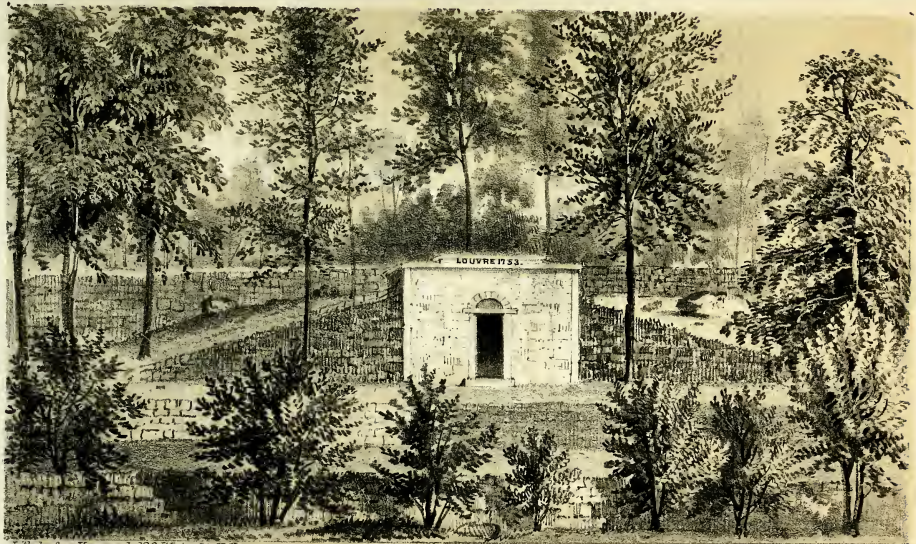
"The money used is silver, gold, British half-pence, and bills of credit. Twelve half-pence, till lately, passed for a shilling; but by a recent combination of leading gentlemen, they are now received only at the rate of fourteen for a shilling."

THE PROVOOST VAULT.

The memorial of the Provoost family, shown in the annexed engraving, has, within the past year, been demolished in the course of the street improvements now in progress in that section of the city. It stood in what has in late years been generally known as Jones' woods, a tract of near an hundred acres, which has been permitted, until recently, to exist in its natural condition. This was part of the original Provoost estate; a view of the mansion of the family being also given on another page in this volume. The precise locality of this tomb was on the block inclosed between Avenue A and the East river, and Seventy-first and Seventy-second streets. We have understood that Mrs. Provoost, one of the tenants of this family tomb, procured the promise of her husband, in anticipation of her decease, that she should be interred upon the estate, and that her husband, in fulfillment of her wishes, erected this substantial sepulchre to her memory. He was himself laid at her side, upon his death, as were several others of the family. The tomb has remained unopened for half a century, until its recent final demolition. Upon effecting an entrance, the vault was found to contain the remains of three or four coffins. The lid of one of these measured over seven feet in length. Among the bones were those of a child, and those of an adult female. There were also found one or two vertebræ, which, from their size, must have belonged to a man much above the ordinary size, and probably were those of the occupant of the large coffin.

The Provoost family was one of the oldest of the resident inhabitants of the city, and among the male members the most conspicuous during a century were of the Christian name of David, which was that of the original emigrant. This individual came to this city at an early period of the Dutch era, and pursued the occupation of a notary and attorney in the Court of Burgomasters and Schepens. His son David was a conspicuous merchant, and an active politician, in those troublous times which characterized the *Leisler* administration, to which side Mr. Provoost bestowed his adherence. He was subsequently Mayor of the city in the year 1699. The son of this latter gentleman was also a merchant conspicuous for intelligence and enterprise. He was an Alderman for several years, and enjoyed the soubriquet of "Ready-money Provoost." His widow married James Alexander, a lawyer of this city, and became the mother of Lord Stirling, of Revolutionary celebrity.

TOMB OF DAVID PROVOOST, JONES' WOOD, N. Y. 1857.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 190 Water St. N.Y.

For D. T. Valentine's Manual, 1858.

JOHANAH RYNDERS WHO WAS THE MOST LOVING WIFE OF DAVID PROVOOST. IT WAS HER WILL TO BE ENTRED IN THIS HILL. OBITUS 8 XBER, 1749.— AGED 43 YEARS.

Inscription on the Tomb.

SACRED TO THE MEMORY OF DAVID PROVOOST, WHO DIED OCT. 16TH 1781. AGED 90 YEARS.

DIGEST OF CITY ORDINANCES, PRIOR TO THE REVOLUTION.

DIGEST OF ORDINANCES RELATING TO THE CITY OF NEW AMSTERDAM, DURING THE FIRST PERIOD OF THE DUTCH POSSESSION, WHETHER SAID ORDINANCES WERE ENACTED BY AUTHORITY OF THE COLONIAL OR CITY OFFICERS.

POLICE REGULATIONS (May, 1647).—An ordinance of the Director-General and Council:

All tapsters and inn-keepers are commanded that, on the Sabbath-day, they shall not sell liquors, except to boarders, before two o'clock in the afternoon, in case there is no preaching, or before four o'clock on the days when there is preaching.

They are also enjoined from selling liquors, except to boarders, on any day after ringing of the evening bell, at 9 o'clock.

All persons who shall rashly, or in anger, draw a knife or dagger against another, shall be fined one hundred guilders, and, in default of payment, be put to menial labor. In case of wounding another, the fine shall be three hundred guilders.

SELLING LIQUOR TO THE INDIANS (July, 1647).—An ordinance of the Director-General and Council:

All persons are interdicted from selling liquor to the Indians.

TRESPASSING ON ORCHARDS, etc. (July, 1647).—By the Director-General and Council:

All persons are forbidden to trespass on the orchards, fields, and gardens, provided they be inclosed in fence, or planted with fruit-trees, under penalty of one hundred guilders.

FENCES TO BE MADE (July, 1647).—By the Director-General and Council:

All inhabitants are charged to set off and put their plantations in good fence, so that cattle may be kept out.

CATTLE TRESPASSING (July, 1647).—By the Director-General and Council:

Horses, kine, and, in a special manner, goats and hogs, must be taken care of, and kept from trespassing. A pound shall be built to detain such cattle, of which every one must take notice, and look out for costs.

ERECTING HOUSES (July, 1647).—By the Director-General and Council:

Three Surveyors of buildings are appointed, who are empowered to condemn all impropriety and disorder in buildings, fences, palisades, posts, and rails; who may warn all who are preparing to settle in the city of New Amsterdam to observe these orders, and build according to their directions.

All persons who have received grants of house-lots are directed to improve their lots within nine months, or the grant shall be revoked.

BREWERS (January, 1648–9).—By the Director-General and Council:

No brewer in this city shall be permitted to sell beer by the half-pot or small-measure.

PREVENTION OF FIRE (January, 1648–9).—By the Director-General and Council:

Preamble, reciting the prevalent neglect of sweeping chimneys, from which two fires have recently occurred; and more may be expected, from the reason that the greater number of houses in this city are built of wood and covered with reeds, and some have wooden chimneys. It is ordained:

That hereafter no wooden or platted chimney shall be built south of the fresh-water pond.

That those already standing shall be permitted to remain only during the pleasure of the fire-wardens.

That four fire-wardens (named) be appointed.

The fire-wardens in turn to visit the houses throughout the city and inspect the chimneys.

They are to condemn those that are foul, and the owners to be fined three guilders,

That these fines be appropriated towards the purchase of fire-ladders, hooks, and buckets.

In case any house takes fire through negligence of the owner, he shall be fined twenty-five guilders.

Inns and Taverns (March, 1648–9).—By the Director-General and Council:

An ordinance, reciting that, from the easy profits made by retailing liquor, many are induced to engage in it, to the neglect of other pursuits, so that almost one full fourth part of the city of New Amsterdam has become houses for the sale of liquors and tobacco; and, furthermore, that there are some honest inns established, which pay their share of the city burdens, but meet too great competition. It is enacted:

1. That, henceforth, there shall be no new tavern or retail grocery established without the consent of the Director-General and Council.

2. The inns and retail groceries already in the city may continue for four years; but under obligation, however, that the owners employ themselves in some other honest business.

3. That those who wish to discontinue their business within four years, shall not assign it to others, without consent of the authorities.

4. The inn-keepers and tapsters shall not sell liquor to Indians, either directly or indirectly.

5. They shall report to the officer all cases in which wounds shall be inflicted in their houses.

6. Selling liquor on the Sabbath, and after bell-ringing, is prohibited, according to former ordinance.

7. They shall not receive liquors until they are regularly invoiced.

8. Such as desire to continue their business are to hand in their names to the authorities, with their promise to comply with this order.*

Goats and Hogs (March, 1648–9).—By the Director-General and Council:

It is ordered that south of the fresh-water pond no hogs or goats shall be kept, except within their own enclosures.

That goats shall not be pastured beyond the fresh water without a herdsman.

Preaching on the Sabbath (April, 1648).—By the Director-General and Council:

It is ordained that henceforth there shall be preaching in the afternoon as well as the forenoon; to which all are requested to attend.

Forbidding, in the meanwhile, during divine service, all taverning, fishing, hunting, and all usual avocations.

Selling Liquor to the Indians (May, 1648).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting that, notwithstanding former proclamations, Indians are daily seen in the streets in a state of intoxication. And forbidding the delivery of any strong drink to the Indians, under a penalty, in addition to former proclamations, of arbitrary punishment.

Traders (September, 1648).—By the Director-General and Council:

An ordinance, reciting that pedlars and Scotch traders are in the habit of coming in the country, overbuying and underselling the resident traders, in Indian traffic, and then departing. And enacting that none shall deal with the Indians but such as shall have resided in the province three years; and furthermore, to be compelled, within one year after they have opportunity, to erect a decent habitation in the city of New Amsterdam.

Indians (September, 1648).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that there are complaints by Indians, that some of the inhabitants are in the habit of setting the Indians at work, and letting them go off unpaid. Whence the Indians are threatening, unless they are paid, to take other measures. Therefore, for prevention of mischief, all inhabitants are warned to pay their indebtedness to Indians, and for the future, in case of becoming under similar obligations, a complaint of the Indians may be received, (whose testimony shall in this case be received,) and those who refuse payment shall be fined.

Building in the City (December, 1648).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that the former admonitions to the inhabitants to improve their lots, have been in many cases neglected, and that there are some persons desirous of building, who have no suitable ground, and ordering all to improve the lots granted them, or their grants will be revoked, and the property granted to others who will improve.

Weights and Measures (July, 1649).—By the Director-General and Council:

All great and small dealers, together with the bakers, are notified that they must make use of the just Amsterdam ell, weight, and measure, for which purpose all are to bring their weights to the warehouse of the Company, in the fort, to have them adjusted.

Sales of Real Estate (February, 1650).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that great abuses have existed in transfers of real estate, and ordering: that the Secretary shall not pass any transport of real estate until at the stated court-day, it shall have been approved by the Director and Councillors, and declaring all transfers void, which shall not in future receive such approval.

Sewant (May, 1650).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting the depreciation and corruption of the loose sewant,* among which are current many that are not perforated, and that are half finished, also some made out of stone, bone, glass, muscle-shells, horns, and even out of wood, and also broken ones, from which great inconveniences arise. And ordering that thenceforth no loose sewant shall be a lawful tender, except the same be strung on one string; that the commercial sewant shall be current as formerly, to wit: 6 white or 3 black sewants for one stuyver, and the base strung sewant shall pass 8 white or 4 black for one stuyver.

Hogs, Goats and Sheep (June, 1650).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that the fort has been greatly trodden down by these animals, and is now being repaired, and ordering that none of such animals, or horses, or cattle, be hereafter permitted to run at large south of the Company's farm,† and of their pasture ground, at present occupied by Thomas Hall.‡

Sewant (September, 1650).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting the non-observance of the order of May, 1650, and ordering that as there is no other specie, the base strung sewant shall be the currency for small commodities, to the amount of twelve guilders. That for the amount of twelve to twenty-four guilders, the currency shall be half base and half good strung sewant. From twenty-five guilders to fifty guilders, one-third base strung and two-thirds good strung sewant. And for all larger sums, according to special agreement between the parties.

Tapsters' Excise (May, 1654).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that the Burgomasters and Schepens having petitioned for certain advantages, it is ordered that they have the privilege of establishing a tapsters' excise.

Upon which the Burgomasters and Schepens ordained that henceforth all who wish to lay in any beers or wines must first pay the excise, as follows:

Every	tun	of good beer,	20 stuyvers.
"	½	tun " "	10 "
"	¼	" " "	5 "
"	tun	of small beer,	6 "
"	½	tun " "	3 "
"	¼	" " "	2 "
"	anker	of Brandywine, Spanish wine and distilled liquors,	30 "
"	"	of French wine,	30 "

Sports and Pastimes (December, 1655).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting that experience has shown that on New Year's days and May-days,

* Indian beads, then passing as a current medium of exchange.

† Present St. Paul's Church.

‡ Present foot of Beekman street.

from firing guns and planting May-poles and drunkenness, great irregularities have occurred, and ordering:

That on New Year's and May-days, there shall be no firing, nor May-poles planted, nor any beating of the drum, nor any liquors or beer dealt out, under certain penalties.

INDIANS (May, 1656).—By the Director-General and Council, with the advice of the Burgomasters. It is ordered:

That henceforth no person, residing south of the fresh-water pond, shall harbor any Indian at night without permission from the Director-General or the Secretary, under penalty of 25 guilders.

INDIANS (July, 1656).—By the Director-General and Councillors, with the advice of the Burgomasters of the city:

Reciting, that it is rumored some neighboring Indians are meditating evil designs, and forbidding that any Indian with a gun or any other weapon be admitted into the city, and such Indian so appearing, his weapon shall be taken away from him. Of which the Indians are to take notice.

MARKET (July, 1656).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that as people from the country are in the habit of bringing products to the city for sale, and it frequently happens that they are detained, from the ignorance of the inhabitants as to the particular time at which they arrive, and ordering that henceforth Saturday shall be the market-day, and that the market-place shall be on the shore or strand at or around the house of Mr. Hans Kierstede.*

ERECTION OF BUILDINGS (September, 1656).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting the disorders arising from neglect to observe the orders of the Surveyors of buildings, and ordering that no one shall erect any houses, hovels, fences, gates, or the like, without first having the same inspected and approved by the Surveyors of buildings.

OBSERVATION OF THE SABBATH-DAY; SALE OF LIQUORS, AND BAKING BREAD; (Act 1656.)—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, the neglect of former orders on the several subjects, and ordaining—

First. That on the Sabbath-day all ordinary pursuits be suspended. That no idle exercises or sports, such as drinking, frequenting inns, dancing, card-playing, tick-tacking, playing at ball, playing at bowls, playing at nine-pins, taking jaunts in boats, wagons, or carriages, be indulged in during the time of divine service. That at that time no liquor be sold. That either on that day, or on any other day, no liquor shall be sold after setting of the watch at nine o'clock in the evening.

Second. That no person, of whatever rank or profession, shall deliver to any Indian any wine, or strong liquor, in the penalty of 500 guilders; and in addition thereto, of corporal punishment, and banishment from the country.

Third. All bakers shall bake once or twice a week, both coarse and white loaves, both for Christians and Indians, at the following weight and price:

* Foot of present Whitehall street, which then ended at Pearl street.—[D. T. V.

1 double coarse loaf, of 8 pounds for 14 stuyvers.
1 single " " of 4 " for 7 "
1 half " " of 2 " for 3½ "
1 double white loaf, of 2 pounds, for 8 stuyvers.
1 single " " of 1 " for 4 "
1 half " " of ½ " for 2 "

EXCISE OF WINES AND BEERS (January, 1657).—By the Burgomaster and Schepens :

It is ordered—

1. That the farmer of the excise shall, as often as he chooses, visit the brew-house.

2. The brewers, for every brewing, to pay six stuyvers to the farmer of the excise.

3. Brewers depositing beer in other than their own premises, are to procure a certificate from the farmer.

4. Importers of wines and beer, for their own consumption, are to pay excise.

All tapsters are to procure license from the city authorities, to be renewed every three months, and to pay therefor one pound Flemish.

Tapsters are ordered not to sell beer for any higher price than 12 stuyvers for every *vaan* (about two quarts).

MARKING OF CASKS, CANS, WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (January, 1657).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Warnaer Wessells is appointed measure and mark surveyor of this city. His fees are to be—

For marking each tun and half-cask, 6 stuyvers.
" " " quarter-cask or anker, 3 stuyvers.
" " other casks or vessels, 3 stuyvers.

None of these articles to be used before being marked.

Those in the habit of selling goods by the ell, weight, schepel, or can, are required to have them sealed or marked once a year; to pay therefor—

For each schepel, 15 stuyvers.
" " can, great or small, 6 stuyvers.
" " ell, 20 stuyvers.
" " weight, from 1 to 10 lbs., 3 stuyvers.
" " " " 10 to 20 " 5 "
" " " " 20 to 50 " 8 "
" " " above 50 " 10 "

MEASURERS OF CORN, LIME, ETC. (February, 1657).—The Burgomasters and Schepens having nominated several persons for the purpose of taking charge of the corn and lime, and whatever commodities are sold by the schepel, or by the cask, the Director-General and Council, out of that nomination, selected certain persons for such office, whose fees were fixed as follows :

For measuring one cask of lime, and such like, 1 stuyver.
" " " schepel, 8 pennings—or ½ stuyver.

THROWING RUBBISH IN THE STREETS.—By the Burgomaster and Schepens: Reciting, that many persons are in the habit of throwing their rubbish, filth,

ashes, fore-dead creatures, and such things, into the public streets; and enacting—

That such practices be prohibited, and that the following places be designated for the deposit of such things, viz: At the strand by the Stadt-house. At the strand by Frederick, the baker's. At and around the Gallows; and at the strand by Daniel Litsco's.*

It is further ordered, that every one shall keep the street before his house or lot clean and decent.

Slaughtering Animals (October, 1657).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens.

Public notice is given, that every inhabitant of the city shall give notice, between this date and 26th February, 1658, of the value of the animals which he intends to slaughter for his own consumption. Such notice to be given to the "slaughter-farmer," who is henceforth to receive one stuyver in the guilder of the value of the animals.

Fresh or salted animals, coming to this city, not to be consumed here, to be certified by the farmer, and a fee of three stuyvers to be paid therefor.

Building in the City (October, 1657).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens: (with the previous order and approbation of the Director-General and Council.)

No person shall be permitted to build within cannon-shot of the walls of this city.

Protecting the Public Ditch (December, 1657).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting, that many persons are in the habit of throwing filth in the public ditch, upon which work is now going on; and enacting, that

No person shall throw any filth into the aforesaid ditch, but shall throw it out at the places before designated for that purpose.

To Discourage Drunkenness (December, 1657).—Reciting, that many persons become addicted to drinking, and are led to pawn their goods for liquor, and forbidding the taking by tapsters of any articles in pawn for drink.

Surgeons to Report Wounds (December, 1657).—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

Notice to all the Chirurgeons of the city, that when they are called to dress a wound, they shall ask the patient who wounded him, and give information thereof to the Schout.

Prevention of Fire (December, 1657).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that they have long since condemned flag-roofs, and wooden or platted chimneys, but their orders have been neglected, and several fires have occurred; therefore, they amplify their former orders as follows:

All flag-roofs, wooden-chimneys, hay-barracks, and hay-stacks, shall be taken down within four months, in the penalty of 25 guilders.

And furthermore, in all well-regulated cities it is customary that fire-buckets, ladders and hooks, are in readiness at the corners of the streets; therefore, for

* These localities all lay along the East river shore, from the present Battery to Hanover square

every house there shall be paid by the owner one beaver, or eight guilders, in sewant, for the purpose of ordering from fatherland 250 leathern fire-buckets; and out of the surplus to have made some fire-ladders and hooks. And in addition to this, the owners to be chargeable, for every chimney in their houses, one guilder, for the maintenance of the same.

Quarreling and Fighting (December, 1657).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that they find their former orders on this subject disregarded, as is supposed, from the trifling penalty attached. It is ordained,

That the penalty for a single blow with the fist shall be 25 guilders, and in case blood is drawn, four-times as much. In case the offence happen in presence of a magistrate, a double fine shall be imposed.

Improvements of Lots (January, 1658).—By the Director-General and Councillors:

Reciting, that in disregard of former orders, persons to whom lots have been given, have neglected to improve them, and hold them in reserve, either for greater profit, or for pleasure-gardens, whereby the growth of the city is checked; so that in a recent survey there were some hundred lots found unimproved within the walls of the city; and ordaining,

That, first, the owners shall appraise their own lots at the valuation upon which they are willing to pay a proportional tax of the fifteenth penning.

It is at the option of the Burgomasters of the city to take these lots at this appraised value, they paying also the tax as aforesaid.

The Burgomasters are also to appraise the lots at their value, and it is at the option of the owners either to pay the tax on that value, or to sell them to the Burgomasters at that price.

It is further ordered, that until all the lots aforesaid have been built upon, no building shall be erected within the jurisdiction of this city.

Against Cohabitation before Marriage (January, 1658).—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting the practice of postponing the ceremony of marriage (after the publication of the banns), for months, and enacting,

That after the third publication of the banns, no longer than one month delay shall be suffered before the ceremony of marriage; and, furthermore,

That no male and female be permitted to cohabit before they shall have been lawfully married, under a penalty of 100 guilders.

Privies (August, 1658).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting, that many, or the greater part of the inhabitants of this city, have built their privies even with the ground, and projecting into the street, with an opening, so that the hogs may enter and consume the filth, and cleanse the same, which not only occasions a smell disagreeable to the passing traveler, but makes the paths filthy; and ordaining,

That all who have such privies shall demolish them within eight days from the publication of this order.

Ringing the Noses of Swine (August, 1658).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting, that the roads and streets, through the rooting of the hogs, are rendered difficult of passage for wagons and carts; and ordaining,

That all who keep hogs within or about the city, shall stick a ring through the nose of the same, within the period of eight days.

Marking of Weights and Measures (August, 1658).—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

That as they have thought proper to follow the customs of the fatherland in this respect, all persons are notified to come to the City-hall with their ells, weights, schepels, and cans, on the last day of August, to have them marked; and to pay therefor the established rates, for the benefit of the city.

A penalty is imposed for using false weights.

Sewant (October, 1658).—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting, that they have witnessed the adulteration of the sewant to such an extent that it is difficult to pass it, and ordaining, (with the consent of the Director-General and Council,)

That hereafter, eight white, or four black good sewants shall pass current for one stuyver.

Sewant.—By the Director-General and Council:

Reciting, that though they have reduced the exchange at the company's office, for sewant, from six to eight white, and from three to four black, for one stuyver, yet it seems probable that the high prices of goods which had arisen from the abundance of sewant will not be reduced, and they cannot devise any better means of regulating the law of barter, than by leaving it to parties to adjust for themselves where the amount exceeds twenty guilders; and for the ordinary traffic of daily necessaries, inasmuch as the sewant, from the deficiency of ready money, is still necessary as a current medium, they have resolved not to reduce the value of the sewant, but to bring the necessaries down to their value, if rated at beaver value; they therefore order,

That all bakers, brewers, tapsters, and other retail dealers, shall not sell their goods at a higher price than that established by the authorities.

That there shall be three degrees of valuation, viz: at silver money, beavers, or sewant, (the latter at the rates established, viz: eight white, or four black, for one stuyver.)

The *brewers* shall deliver one tun of good beer for ten guilders in silver-money, at the Holland value of fifteen guilders, in beavers. The beaver at eight guilders, to twenty-two guilders in sewant. The small beer, three guilders, in silver, four and a half guilders in beaver, and six guilders in sewant.

The *tapsters*, by the vaan, (about two quarts) at six stuyvers in silver, nine stuyvers in beavers, and twelve stuyvers in sewant. By the can, for French wine, eighteen stuyvers in silver, twenty-four stuyvers in beavers, and thirty-six stuyvers in sewant. By the can, for Spanish wine, twenty-four stuyvers in silver, thirty-six stuyvers in beavers, fifty stuyvers in sewant. By the gill, for brandy-wine, five stuyvers in silver, seven stuyvers in beavers, and ten stuyvers in sewant.

The *bakers*.—The coarse wheat loaf, of eight pounds weight, seven stuyvers n silver, ten stuyvers in beavers, and fourteen stuyvers in sewant. The rye loaf, of eight pounds, six stuyvers in silver, nine stuyvers in beavers, and twelve stuy-

vers in sewant. The white loaf, of two pounds weight, four stuyvers in silver, six stuyvers in beaver, and eight stuyvers in sewant.

MARKET (January, 1659).—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

Notice, that with consent of the Director-General and Council, they have established a market for store and fat cattle, for steers, cows, sheep, goats, hogs, bucks, and such like, and have provided suitable stalls and appurtenances for the same; and that this market will be opened on the 2d of October, and will end on the last day of November, every year; during which time it shall remain a free cattle-market, and no stranger shall then be liable to arrest or citation.

STEALING FENCES (January, 1659).—By the Director-General and Council, with the advice of the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting the stealing of fences, and the danger of a scarcity of grain from the destruction of grain by cattle; and enacting, that

No person shall strip the fences of posts or rails, under penalty, for the first offence, of being whipped and branded, and for the second, of punishment with the cord until death ensues.

BAKERS.—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting the practice of bakers of baking all white bread, which is too costly for the common people, and their excuse that they cannot afford to bake coarse bread at the fixed prices; and establishing a new assize of bread, as follows:

One wheat loaf, of 6 pounds weight,				15	stuyvers.
One rye	"	"	"	12	"
One white	"	"	"	4	"

PEDLARS (March, 1660).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting the practice of "Scotch traders" (pedlars) coming in the vessels arriving at this port, and without establishing their residence here, going through the country, and taking the trade out of the hands of resident traders; and ordaining,

That none such be permitted to trade through the country, without first obtaining their citizenship, and having kept a store within this city.

FOREIGN TRADE (March, 1660).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting, that certain inhabitants have presented memorials to be enabled to carry on a foreign commerce, which have been communicated through the Burgomasters to the Director-General and Council, which having been transmitted to the home-government, and acceded to by them, and making known to the community this concession to the inhabitants of this city, with the conditions upon which it is granted, (payment of duties, etc.)

BURGER-RIGHT, OR CITIZENSHIP (February, 1661).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Notice (with the approbation of the Director-General and Council,) is given, that every one who absents himself from the city one continuous month, without maintaining "fire and light" in this place, shall forfeit his citizenship.

BAKERS (1661).—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

The weight of bread regulated, and the particular marks of the bakers (seven in number) established.

BAKERS (October, 1661.)—By the Schout, Burgomasters and Schepens:

A new assize of bread established.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St N.Y. For D.T. Valentine's Manual, 1858.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF DAVID PROVOOST.

57th Street, East River, N.Y. 1857.

On occasion of the expected War with the People of New England (March, 1653).—It is decreed:

That the whole body of citizens keep watch by night.

That the fortress be repaired.

That money be raised.

That the Schipper *Vischer* keep his piece loaded, and have his vessel in readiness at all times.

(Same date).—The Commissioners give notice that they intend to issue proposals for a wall of palisades, 12 to 13 feet in height. Those who desire to estimate, to come to the City Hall.

Proposals issued as follows:

The palisades to be in length 12 feet.

" " " thick in the round, 18 inches.

" " " sharpened at the top, and placed in a line.

At every rod, a post 21 inches thick in the round, to which split-rails shall be nailed, two feet from the top of the palisades.

A breast-work against this 4 feet in height, with a breadth of 4 feet at the bottom, and 3 feet at the top of sod, must be thrown up, with a ditch of 3 feet in breadth, and 2 feet deep, which ditch shall be 2½ feet within the breast-work.

The length that shall be set off is about 180 rods. No more money to be paid than rods completed.



Upon this plan proposals are received, and agreements made.

(This was the city-wall on the present line of Wall street.)

Fines for Late Attendance at Meetings of Burgomasters and Schepens (February, 1663):

Who comes half an hour too late, 10 stuyvers.

Who comes an hour too late, 1 guilder.

Who is wholly absent, 2 guilders.

Digest of the Ordinances during the period of the first English possession.

Church-Yard (June, 1665).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Resolution, that whereas the church-yard* of this city lies very open, so that the hogs root in the same; as there is no money in the chest, a collection must be made for its reparation.

* This was the old church-yard on west side of Broadway, above Morris street.—[D. T. V.

Support of the Soldiers (June, 1665).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Two hundred guilders in sewant shall be raised weekly from the commonalty of this city, for the support of the soldiers.

Court Records (June, 1665).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

The city records to be kept both in English and Dutch.

Porters and Carriers (June, 1665).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Their fees regulated.

City Watch (August, 1665).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Ordered, that six burghers do every night keep watch within this city.

Cartmen (October, 1665).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

The cartmen are ordered not to stand on their carts while driving, as much danger arises therefrom.

Overseers of Fences (March, 1666).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Two overseers of fences and roads appointed.

Inspectors of Bread (August, 1666).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Reciting the disregard of bakers to the ordinances, and appointing two inspectors, to visit the premises of the bakers, and ascertain if the bread have its due quality and quantity.

Bakers (August, 1666).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

All persons are forbidden to sell any bread along the houses, but must only retail it on their own premises.

Sale of Bread or Cakes to Indians (August, 1666).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

All persons are forbidden to take any bread or cakes to the Indian plantations for sale there on commission.

Cartmen (April, 1667).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Eight cartmen commissioned for this city. It being a conditition of their license, that on alarm of fire, they render every assistance in its extinguishment.

Cartmen (June, 1667).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Ordinance, that no one except the licensed cartmen be permitted to cart goods (except his own) within this city.

The fees of the cartmen established.

The cartmen (January, 1668) are permitted to ride on their carts, on condition of driving slowly, and of forfeiting their horse and cart in case of injury to any person; and in case any person should be killed, the life of the cartman to be under the lapse of the law; and further, that they shall be bound to keep the streets and highways in order.

Branders of Horses and Cattle on Manhattan Island (March, 1670).—By the Mayor and Aldermen:

Instructions of those officers established as follows:

1. That they take care no cattle be fed on the commons, but such as are branded with the town-mark. That no stallions be admitted, but such as are approved of. That at least six stallions be continually kept on the commons.

2. That they keep an account of all horses and cattle branded by them, with the color and marks, and the name of the owner.

3. That they appoint two days in the week for branding.

4. The branders of Harlem to give an account of the cattle branded by them.

5. The fees of the branders established.

PACKERS OF BEEF AND PORK (October, 1671).—By the Mayor and Aldermen Two packers of beef and pork appointed.

PAVING OF THE STREETS (April, 1672).—By the Mayor and Aldermen: Ordered, that all persons who have not yet paved the streets, pursuant to the placard, do so without delay. Certain persons appointed to see that the placard be carried out, and to report what other streets require to be paved.

Digest of the Ordinances during the period of the Second Dutch possession.
(The city then called New Orange.)

CARTMEN (August, 1673).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens: The cartmen (11 in number) agree, as a condition of their license, to work one day in the week for the city.

CITY DRUMMER (August, 1673).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens: H. H. Obe is appointed city drummer, at a salary of 400 florins sewant; he to serve the three companies.

TAPSTER EXCISE (August, 1673).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens: The rates of excise established, and tapsters to take out license.

OBSERVATION OF THE SABBATH (August, 1673).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Reciting the desecration of the Sabbath, and prohibiting, on that day, between sun-rise and sun-set, any exercise of trade, gaming, boat-racing, racing with carts or wagons, fishing, fowling, running, and picking nuts, strawberries, etc., calling and shouting of children in the streets, frequenting taverns, dancing, card-playing, ball-playing, rolling nine-pins, or bowls, etc.

SWINE (August, 1673).—By the Burgomasters and Schepens:

Prohibiting the running of swine at large south of the fresh-water pond.

FENCES (October, 1673).—Instructions for the guidance of the overseers of fences and roads published:

1. The overseers to inspect the fences.

2 and 3. Persons neglecting to repair, to be warned, and fined.

4. Persons thinking their neighbors' fences not good, first to request them to repair; failing in which, to report to the overseers, etc.

POUND (October, 1673).—A Pound having been erected, the ordinance for its government is published, and the fees of the pound-keeper established.

CITY WATCH, AND OTHER MEASURES OF DEFENCE (January, 1674).—The fortifications having, at great expense, been mostly completed, it is ordered,

That the burgher-watch be set at drum-beat, about half an hour before sun-down, when the train-bands then on watch shall parade before the City Hall.

The city-gate shall be closed at sun-down by the Mayor and his attendant train-bands; and in like manner at sun-rise.

The citizens (except the watch) are forbidden to come on the bulwarks or bastions, from sun-set to sun-rise.

All persons are forbidden to enter or leave the city, except through the city-gate, on pain of death.

Hogs to be kept from injuring the fortifications.

CITY ORDINANCES,

AFTER THE GRANTING OF DONGAN'S CHARTER IN 1683.

In Common Council, February 14, 1683–4 :—Mr. Nicholas Bayard, Mr. William Pinhorne, Mr. John Robinson, and Mr. Isaac Van Vleque, or any three of them, were appointed a committee to search the records, and make collection of all public orders, as they shall think necessary, to be renewed or confirmed, for the good of this city, and to make report.

In Common Council, February 23, 1683–4 :—The committee appointed on the 14th of February, made report of the heads of several orders; and the Recorder, Mr. Bayard, Mr. Verplanck, and Mr. Minvielle, were appointed a committee to draw up orders relating to the several heads reported by the former committee, and such other matters as they should judge proper for the good government of the city and corporation, and to make report.

At a Common Council, held on the 15th day of March, 1683–4, the first body of city laws and ordinances were enacted; of which laws the following are an abstract:

For the Observance of the Lord's Day.—No manner of servile work to be done on that day, (works of piety, charity, or necessity, excepted,) under a penalty.

No children or youths, or other persons, to meet in the streets or other places on that day, and by sports, plays, or otherwise, to make noise or disturbance, under a penalty.

No public-houses, tap-houses, or ordinaries, to suffer their doors to be kept open, or to entertain or receive company, or to sell any kind of wine or liquors, on that day, in time of divine service, (unless to travelers, strangers, or lodgers,) under a penalty; and no drunkenness to be allowed at any time.

No negro or Indian slaves, above the number of four, to assemble on that day, or at any other time, at any place from their master's service. And no such slave to go armed, at any time, with gun, sword, club, stave, or any other kind of weapon, under penalty of being whipped at the public whipping-post ten lashes, unless the master of such slave pay six shillings fine to excuse the same.

One of the constables in each of the five wards south of fresh water, by turns, on the Lord's day, in time of divine service, to walk through the several streets and lanes of the city, with his staff, and see that the foregoing orders are observed. He is also to enter the public-houses, and see if any company be found there, or any drink be sold, contrary to the foregoing orders, and to make complaint to the magistrate of any violation.

Flour.—All bakers and other persons who shall pack or expose for sale any flour, shall brand his or their marks on the casks which they shall sell, under a penalty.

No flour to be introduced into the city from any other place whatsoever, against the former orders, rights, privileges, and usage of the city, under a penalty of forfeiture.

Strangers.—The constable of each ward and division, from time to time, to

make a strict search and inquiry within their several wards, after all strangers that shall come, reside, or inhabit within their said wards or divisions, and give a list of their names to the Mayor, or, in his absence, to the eldest Alderman, that further examination may be made, and order taken therein, to save the city from charge.

If any stranger shall come into any of the wards or divisions, and there reside for the space of forty days, and an account of their names shall not, before that time, be given as aforesaid, and any charge do fall on the city thereby, such charge shall be particularly borne by that ward or division where such stranger shall so reside, and the constable shall be subject to a fine of twenty shillings.

Keepers of public-houses, etc., who shall receive persons to sojourn in their houses above two days, shall, before the third day, give information to the constable of the name, surname, dwelling-place, profession, and trade, and place of service of such person, and for what cause he or they came to reside there. And no keepers of public-houses, etc., are to lodge any suspected persons, or men or women of evil name, under a penalty.

CARTMEN.—There shall be twenty cartmen, and no more, appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen for this city; and none to serve in that employment but those so appointed. The cartmen shall fill up and repair the breaches in the streets and highways, when required by the Mayor, gratis; and weekly, on every Saturday, in the afternoon, they shall cart the dirt out of all the streets and lanes, and convey it to some place to be appointed; provided, the said dirt be first swept together, or loaden, or put into their carts by the occupant of the house before which the same shall lay.

The cartmen are to receive no more for a load to any place within the gates of the city, than three-pence, unless for wines, lime, pantiles, bricks, and great cables, requiring long time to load and unload, they are to have six-pence for each load. And for carting cord-wood from the boat to the place of cording, and after corded to the owner's house, one shilling and six-pence, and from the boat to the owner's house directly, one shilling for each cord, and so proportionately; and for each load they shall carry outside the gate, that is to say, to the further end of the Smiths' Fly, or any part thereof, double that rate.

The cartmen to carry good and sufficient loads—that is to say, as much as can conveniently be stowed on their carts, and is reasonable for a horse to draw.

No cartman to ride upon his cart within this city.

When any corn or other goods is brought in the ferry-boat to this city, the cartmen are immediately to unload and dispatch the same; and if any corn and meal be in any boat, they are to unload and house the same before other work is done.

The cartmen are to behave themselves civilly to all persons, and to be careful of the goods they carry; and if any damage happen through their negligence, they are to make satisfaction.

No negro, or other slave, to drive any cart, (brewers' drays excepted.)

FREEMEN.—No person in this city, or its liberties, to keep shop and sell any goods by retail, or to exercise any handicraft, trade, or occupation, but such as are freemen thereof, under penalty of five pounds.

All persons hereafter to be made free, shall pay, on being made free, as follows, for the use of the city:

Every merchant, trader, or shop-keeper.....£3 12 0
Every handicraft man..... 1 4 0

If a freeman shall be absent from the city for twelve months, and not keep fire and candle, and pay scot and lot, he shall lose his freedom.

STREETS.—No carrion, guts, garbage, oyster-shells, ashes, or any other kind of dirt or filth, to be thrown into the streets.

All persons are, on every Saturday morning, when the season and weather will permit, to clean the streets and sweep the dirt before their houses into heaps, and load the same into the carts, which are appointed to carry away the dirt.

No person to shoot any gun or pistol in the street, for wager or otherwise, nor throw or cart any stone there.

RETAILERS OF LIQUOR.—None but such as are licensed are to keep public-houses, or sell any wine, beer, or other liquor, by retail or less quantity than five gallons, under penalty of five pounds.

SURVEYORS.—Sworn surveyors to be appointed, by whose advice and direction the ground shall be built on, and none are to build before the front of their ground be laid out by the surveyors. No one to pave before his house, but in such manner as the surveyors shall direct. The fees of surveyors for laying out the line of the house and giving a certificate to be six shillings.

WOOD.—After the 1st day of September next, no firewood to be exposed for sale, but such as shall be cut after the manner of cordwood, and sold by the cord. The cord to contain eight feet in length, four feet in height, and four feet in breadth.

Until a particular place be appointed, the strand between the weigh-house and Mr. Matthews,* and the vacant ground before Mr. Van Brugh,† and the Smith's-fly,‡ are the places appointed for the cording of firewood.

The porters of the city are appointed corders of said wood, and are to determine differences between seller and buyer, and are to have four-pence half-penny per cord for cording, to be paid by the seller.

CASKS.—After the 1st of October next, all casks used for liquors, fish, beef, pork, oil, or other commodities to be put to sale in this city, to be of London Assize—that is: for beer, the barrel, to contain 36 gallons; the kilderkin, or half-barrel, 18 gallons; the firkin, or quarter of a barrel, 9 gallons; for pork, beef, fish, or oil, the barrel to contain 31½ gallons.

To be made of sound timber, and fit persons to be appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen, to guage such vessels, and to mark such as are correct. The guager to have four-pence per tun.

Every cooper in the city shall have a distinct brand mark, under a penalty.

Whoever shall put to sale any new casks, being defective, subject to a fine.

PACKERS.—A fit person or persons to be appointed to be packers of beef,

* Foot of Whitehall street.—[D. T. V.
† Hanover square.—[D. T. V.
‡ Foot of Maiden lane.—[D. T. V.

pork, fish, or other goods, committed to their care. Such person to see that the cask be of full assize, and not to pack in any other.

The packer to take care that beef and pork be packed the whole, half, or quarter, and so proportionably, that the best be not left out. And for fish that be packed, all of one kind. And that the cask be full, and sound, and well seasoned. And to set his seal on all that he shall pack. His fees to be four shillings per tun.

All beef, pork, or fish in casks, exposed for sale, not being marked with the guager's and packer's mark, to be subject to forfeiture.

To Prevent Fire.—Persons to be annually appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen, to be viewers and searchers of chimneys and fire-hearths. They are to make complaint, where they find them defective, to the Court of Mayor and Aldermen, who are to order the same to be mended and repaired, or in default thereof to impose a fine.

No person to lay any hay, straw, or other combustible matter within their dwelling-houses, but such must be laid at a distance from their houses, and the streets.

Provisions shall be made for hooks, ladders and buckets, to be kept at convenient places, for avoiding the peril of fire.

Any person who shall suffer his chimney to be on fire, to be subject to fine of fifteen shillings.

Negroes and Indian Slaves.—No person to entertain or countenance any negro or Indian slave, in their houses, or otherwise, or sell or deliver to them any wine, rum, or other strong liquor, without leave from their master, or receive, or take from them any money, or other goods, on any account whatsoever, but upon any offer, desire, or attempt made by any such slave so to do, they are forthwith to reveal the same to the master or owner of such slaves, or to the Mayor or eldest Alderman, under a penalty.

Market.—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, in each week, appointed to be market days, for exposing to sale at the market-house all butcher's meat and flesh whatsoever. That is to say, on Tuesday and Thursday, from 8 to 12 o'clock in the forenoon, and on Saturday the same time in the forenoon, and from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The market to be opened and shut by the ringing of the city bell, at the times aforesaid; after that, no meat or victuals to be exposed for sale in the market.

Fish, butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, fruit, roots and herbs, may be sold every day in the week, at any time, in that or other convenient places.

No person to forestall any provisions or victuals coming to market, as to buy in private, or in any other place than in the market, under penalty of forfeiture.

No person to engross any provisions or victuals which shall be in the market, or buy in the market to retail there again, especially such as are known to be hucksters or butchers, under penalty of forfeiture.

Butter, cheese, or other provisions, to be sold by weight as established.

No unwholesome or stale victuals, no blown meat or leprous swine, to be sold in the market, under a penalty,

A person to be appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen, to be clerk of the

market, to see that the above orders be observed, and to set out berths, stalls, and standing places, for all that come to the market. These orders, relating to the market, to go into effect the week after Easter.

Bread.—The Mayor and Aldermen, for the time being, once in every three months, (or oftener if they see cause,) to ascertain and establish the value of bread to be sold by the bakers, and cause the same to be publicly fixed on the City Hall.

They are to appoint persons to be viewers of bread, to inspect the quality and weight.

All bakers are to make their bread good, and according to the assize, under a penalty of forfeiture and fine.

The Sheriff and Constables, and other officers, are to look after the due observance of the foregoing ordinances, and to make complaint of their violation. Fines and penalties for such violation to be disposed of as follows: Two-thirds to the treasurer, for the use of the city, and one-third to the officer making complaint, except the third of those relating to the market, which go to the clerk of the market only.

At a Common Council, held 22d March, 1683–4, an order was passed:

That no swine whatsoever be suffered to go at large in the city, on the south side of the fresh water, under penalty of forfeiture.

And that all swine so found by any officer, shall be appraised by any two inhabitants, and one-half the value to be paid to the City Treasurer, and one-half to the officer.

These laws, with some slight modifications, appear to have been in force for several succeeding years. In 1691, some amendments were made as to the *markets*, and as to the *cartmen*. There were then two meat and country markets established—one "in the Broadway, over against the fort,"*—the other "under the trees by the slip."† Fish were directed to be brought to the dock, "over against the City Hall, or the house that long Mary formerly lived in, likewise herbs, fruits, roots, &c."‡ The regulations were generally similar to those in the first code of ordinances. The *cartmen* were organized by this amendment, under two captains. They were required to pay a license-fee of six shillings. They were to take weekly turns in carting the dirt from the streets. If they loaded their own carts, in consequence of the refusal of inhabitants, they were entitled to three-pence each load. There were to be twenty-four cartmen, who were to divide themselves daily, one-half at the water-side,§ and the other half to tend in the city. No boys or negroes to drive cart without license from the Mayor. Cartmen to drive their own carts, unless by special permission.

Trusting Sailors.—In April, 1691, it was enacted that public-house-keepers, who trust sailors, should not recover the debt by law.

Indians.—In April, 1691, it was ordered that no rum or other strong liquor, under the quantity of fifteen gallons, be sold to any Indians, under a penalty of five

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* Present Bowling Green.—[D. T. V.

† Hanover square.—[D. T. V.

‡ Coenties slip.—[D. T. V.

§ Present Pearl street, near Broad.—[D. T. V.

pounds. And retailers of liquors were restrained from selling any rum or strong liquors to the Indians under the quantity of five gallons.

In April, 1691, the laws relating to *negroes and Indian slaves*, (page 547,) to *streets*, (page 546,) and to *the due observance of the Lord's Day*, (page 544,) were continued in May, 1691. The law as to *surveyors* was reënacted.

Weights and Measures.—In July, 1691, "Old Bush" was ordered to deliver up the scales and weights belonging to the city, being first satisfied for making them. And the treasurer was directed to purchase, for the use of the city, such other weights and measures as shall be necessary to complete a standard for the city.

Weeds.—All poisonous and stinking weeds, within the city, before every one's door, to be forthwith plucked up, under a penalty of three shillings.—(July, 1691.)

Flour.—The Sheriff is directed, to seize all flour or bread that should come to the city, which had been bolted or baked outside its liberties.—(July, 1691.)

Butcher's Meat (July, 1691).—None to be killed within the city gates.—(Repealed, October, 1691.)

Market.—A committee appointed to build at the end of Broad street, for all but butcher's meat.—(July, 1691.)

Markets (October, 1691).—The general orders relating to markets reënacted.

Cartmen (October, 1691).—The last ordinance relating to cartmen reënacted.

Strangers (October, 1691).—No persons to entertain strangers for a longer period than seven days without giving information to the Mayor; and no boats to bring any strangers to the city, without giving notice to the Mayor.

City Seal (October, 1691).—The Mayor to receive for his fees six shillings for every great seal, and three shillings for every small seal.

Freemen (October, 1691).—The former laws reënacted.

City Mark, on weights and measures, to be as formerly, N. Y., with the addition of a crown.

Sailors (October, 1691).—The ordinance, as to the non-recovery of debts from sailors, reënacted.

Negro and Indian Slaves (October, 1691).—The former laws reënacted.

Streets (October, 1691).—The law, as to throwing filth into the streets, and and that as to weekly sweeping in front of each door, reënacted.

Streets (October, 1691).—No timber to lie in the streets for sale.

The Lord's Day (October, 1691).—The former laws for its due observance reënacted.

Surveyors (October, 1691).—The former laws reënacted.

Swine (October, 1691).—The former laws reënacted.

Liquor Retailers (November, 1691).—None to sell liquors, by retail, without a license from the Mayor.

Dock Money.—All vessels, sloops and open boats belonging to the city, to

pay for lying within the dock, or mould, or any of the slips in the Smith's Fly, yearly, that is to say:

	£	s.	d.
A vessel, or boat, of 1 to 5 tons	00	6	00
" " above 5 tons to 10 tons	00	9	00
" " from 10 " 15 "	00	12	00
" " from 15 " 20 "	1	00	00
" " from 25 " 50 "	1	10	00
" " above 50 tons	2	10	00

All ships or vessels not belonging to this port, and that come within the mould or dock, shall pay for every voyage, they lying there not longer than one month:

	£	s.	d.
A vessel of 10 tons or under	00	6	00
" of from 10 to 20 tons	00	12	00
" " 20 to 30 "	00	18	00
" " 30 to 50 "	1	4	00
" " 50 tons, and upwards	1	10	00

And, if they lie above a month, to pay proportionately for every month.

October 25, 1694.—The following laws and ordinances were read and approved of, and after the ringing of three bells, were published, and ordered that the same be printed:

1. For the due observance of the Lord's day.
2. Concerning strangers.
3. Concerning freemen.
4. For regulating and keeping the streets clean.
5. None to retail liquors without license.
6. Surveyors of the city.
7. To prevent fires.
8. None to lay hay, etc., within ten feet of a chimney.
9. Concerning hooks, ladders and buckets.
10. Penalty for chimneys on fire.
11. Negroes, several orders concerning them.
12. Penalty on engrossers and forestallers of the market.
13. Hucksters not to engross.
14. No unwholesome or stale victuals to be sold.
15. No blown meat or leprous swine to be sold.
16. Concerning assize of bread.
17. Orders and regulations concerning cartmen.
18. No timber, stone, bricks, lumber, etc., to lie in the streets.
19. No swine to be in the streets.
20. Officers to be observant in the execution of these laws.

SAILORS (November 20, 1694).—No tap-house or victualler to entertain seamen, under penalty of 20s., nor to trust them for any sum exceeding 6s.

APPRENTICES (November, 1694).—No person to take an apprentice for instruction in a trade, etc., without being bound by indenture, before the Mayor,

Recorder, or an Alderman, and registered in the town clerk's office. And at the expiration of an apprenticeship, the master is bound to make the apprentice free of the city. The clerk's fee on apprenticeship, 3*s*.

Swine in the Out Ward (October, 1695).—That all persons who have hogs or swine in the Out Ward, and liberties thereof,* must not permit them to run at large, or, if they do, it may be lawful for any person to kill them.

November 19, 1695.—The several laws hereafter named, ordered to be fairly engrossed and printed, viz:

Concerning delinquents of the Common Council.
Guagers, packers and cullers.
Sealing weights and measures.
Masters of vessels to give account of their passengers.
Mark of weights and measures.
Buckets to be kept.
Packer's mark upon beef and pork.
Ordinance for paving.
Viewers of chimneys.
Freemen to be enrolled and sworn.
Apprentices to be bound before the Mayor or some Alderman.
Not more than four negroes to be together.

December 10, 1695.—The following laws were read and approved, and ordered to be forthwith published:

For the observance of the Lord's day.
Concerning strangers.
Concerning freemen.
Concerning keeping the streets clean.
Concerning retailers of liquors.
Surveyors of the city.
To prevent fire.
Concerning negroes.
Engrossers and forestallers.
Assize of bread.
No timber, etc., to lie in the streets.
Concerning swine.
Regulations concerning cartmen.
Officers to be observant in the execution of these laws.
Concerning negroes and Indian slaves.
Common Council not to be absent upon summons.
Guagers, packers and cullers.
Weights and measures to be sealed.
Masters of vessels to give an account of their passengers.
Concerning buckets.
Packer's mark on beef and pork.
Freemen to be enrolled.

* North of present City Hall.

Apprentices to be bound before the Mayor, etc.
Ordinance for paving the streets.
Laws for the government of the dock and slips.
The above laws, after the ringing of three bells, were published according to law.

June 10, 1696.—Ordered, that no person shall presume to bake bread, biscuit or crackers, within the city, without entering their names, and being admitted so to do by the Mayor.

June 19.—A fine of 20*s.* for every offence against the above order.

August, 1697.—The regulations of the market to continue in force for three months from this date.

November, 1697.—"Forasmuch as it is thought convenient for the good rule and government of the inhabitants of this city, that the hereafter-named laws, orders and ordinances should continue in force for three months longer, it is so ordered, viz:

For the observation of the Lord's day.
Concerning strangers.
Concerning freemen.
Keeping the streets clean.
Concerning retailers of liquors.
Concerning surveyors of the city.
To prevent fires.
Concerning negroes.
Engrossers and forestallers.
Assize of bread.
No timber to lie in the streets.
Concerning swine.
Regulations for cartmen.
Officers to be observant of the execution of these laws.
Concerning negroes and Indian slaves.
Common Council not to be absent upon summons.
Guagers, packers and cullers.
Weights and measures to be sealed.
Masters of vessels to give account of their passengers.
Concerning buckets.
Packer's mark on beef and pork.
Freemen to be enrolled.
Apprentices to be bound before the Mayor, etc.
Ordinance for paving the streets.
Laws and orders for the government of docks and slips.
Regulations of the market.

City Lamps (December 2, 1697).—*Resolved*, For the regulating of the lights to be put out in the dark time of the moon within the city, and for the ease of the inhabitants, that every seventh house in the several wards of this city do, every night in the dark time of the moon, until the 25th day of March next, cause a lanthorn and candle to be hung out on a pole every night, and

that the charge be defrayed, in equal proportions, by the inhabitants of the said seven houses, on penalty of nine-pence for every default, to be paid by the person whose turn it is to put out the same. The Aldermen and Assistants to see to the execution of this ordinance.

Fire—Taking into consideration the danger of fire, which may happen in default of proper care, it is ordered, the Alderman and Assistant of each ward appoint two sufficient persons in each ward to be viewers of chimneys and hearths. They are to view the same once a week, to give notice for remedying of defects, with which parties must comply, under penalty of 3*s.*, one-half to the city and one-half to the viewer.

If any chimney be on fire, after notice from the viewer for cleaning the same, the owner to forfeit forty shillings for the use of the city.

If the viewer neglect his duty, he is to forfeit six shillings, and another to be appointed.

Butchers (November, 1698).—No butcher to slaughter neat cattle, except at the slaughter-houses by the water-side; and no cattle to be landed but at the nearest convenient places to the slaughter-houses.

Cartmen (November, 1698).—Rates of, for carting a hogshead of rum or molasses, or a pipe of wine, altered to nine-pence.

November, 1698.—The printed laws continued in force till further order.

Ferry (January, 1698–9).—The ferry let to farm for seven years, from 25th March next, on the following conditions:

1. The rent to be paid quarterly.

2. The lessee to give security.

3. The lessee to keep two large boats or scows for carrying cattle, corn, etc., and two smaller boats for passengers. The large boats shall be kept, one on each side of the river, and the small boats the same, going to and fro, but not both to remain on the same side of the river at any time. Able men to be kept to row the said boats.

4. The lessee to maintain a pound for the security of cattle.[1]

All corn brought into the ferry-boats to be landed within the docks and slips, or at Burgers' path.*

5. The city to cause a new ferry-house, of stone and brick, two stories high, twenty-four feet in breadth, and forty feet in length, to be built on Nassau Island within the first year.

6. The lessee to keep a public-house in the said ferry-house.

7. The lessee to keep the ferry-house in good repair.

8. If the lessee make default in payment of rent for fourteen days, the city may reënter.

9. If the lessee fail to give the required security, the ferry may be rëlet, and the defaulting lessee to bear the loss, if any.

10. The city to put the barn at the ferry in good repair, at once.

Ferry rates to be as follows:

Every single person, eight stuyvers in wampum, or a silver two-pence.

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* Present Hanover square.—[D. T. V.

Every person in company, four stuyvers in wampum, or a silver penny; and after sunset, double ferriage.

A horse or beast, single, one shilling; in company, nine-pence.

Each colt or calf, three-pence.

Each bag, eight stuyvers in wampum, or a silver two-pence.

Each sheep, four stuyvers in wampum, or a silver penny.

Each barrel of rum, sugar, etc., three-pence.

Each empty barrel, four stuyvers wampum, or a silver penny.

A beast's hide, the like.

A firkin or tub of butter, two stuyvers wampum.

Every three bushels of corn, a silver penny.

A pail of butter, two stuyvers.

A bushel of salt, two stuyvers.

A hogshead of tobacco, nine-pence.

Firing Guns, etc.—No person to fire gun or pistol south of fresh water, under penalty of twenty shillings. (August, 1699.)

August, 1699.—The laws, etc., to continue in force three months longer.

Peddlers.—No goods to be sold by retail in this city, except in shops or public market; and no hawkers or peddlers to carry goods up and down the streets, to be sold, under penalty of 20s. (August, 1699.)

February, 1700.—The former laws are continued in force until further order.

Street Paving.—Ordered that all persons within this city shall pave before their respective houses, under penalty of twenty shillings.—(April, 1700.)

Filth.—Penalty for throwing tubs of odor in any of the streets, forty shillings.—(April, 1700.)

Powder.—A powder-house to be built forthwith, for receiving the public powder. No inhabitant to keep in houses or stores to exceed fifty pounds of powder at one time.—(April, 1700.)

Docks and Slips.—Conditions of leasing:

The dock to be leased for seven years from 1st November, 1701.

The lessee within a year to clean the dock and slip in the dock, so deep till a sandy bottom is found, and shall keep the same, and the wharves around it, clean.

The lessee to pay rent quarterly, and to give sureties. If he neglect to give security, it may be rëlet at his risk.

Vessels which go into any of the slips of the city, are to pay such rates as are charged for the dock, and the benefit thereof to be for the lessee of the dock.

(13th April 1700, leased to Philip French, at rental of forty pounds.)

Flour Imported.—The Common Council being of opinion that they have the right to lay an impost upon all flour brought into the city, it is ordered that after the 1st October next, all flour imported into the city, from any place whatsoever, shall pay to the Common Council (to be employed in defraying the public charge of the city) the sum of three shillings for each half barrel, and so in proportion for greater or less quantity.

For all hard bread, twelve-pence each hundred weight, and so in proportion

for a greater or less quantity.—(September, 1700).—(Annulled, October, (1700.)

Watch.—The Mayor to appoint a constable's watch, to consist of a constable and twelve able men, to be the city watch. That the constables of each ward take their turns, and the high constable to take care that said watch be duly set and kept. The Mayor to provide firewood for the same.—(November, 1700.)

Dirt in the Streets.—To be raked together by the respective inhabitants in front of their premises, to be carted away on Saturday. The cartmen to receive three-pence per load from the inhabitants, and if they load their cart themselves, six-pence per load.—(May, 1701.)

December, 1701.—The following laws and ordinances were reenacted to be in force until further order :

For the observation of the Lord's day.
Concerning strangers.
Concerning freemen.
Concerning keeping the streets clean.
Concerning retailers of liquors.
Surveyors of the city.
To prevent fire.
Concerning negroes.
Concerning engrossers and forestallers of the market.
Concerning assize of bread.
No timber, etc., to lie in the streets.
Concerning swine.
Regulations concerning cartmen.
Officers to be observant of the execution of these laws.
Concerning negroes and Indian slaves.
Common Council not to be absent upon summons.
Guagers, packers and cullers.
Weights and measures to be sealed.
Masters of vessels to give an account of their passengers.
Concerning buckets.
Packer's mark on beef and pork.
Freemen to be enrolled.
Apprentices to be bound before the Mayor, etc.
Ordinance for paving, etc.
Laws for the government of the dock and slips, etc.
Oath of freemen.
Regulations for the market.
Law against firing guns in the street.
Law relating to apprentices.
Who are deemed freemen.
Freemen to be made by the Mayor and Aldermen.
Law to prevent fire.
Law against hawkers and peddlers.
Law against emptying odors in the streets.
Order about cartmen.

Law against killing cattle any where but in slaughter-houses.

Law for keeping the streets clean.

Swine prohibited from running in the Out Ward.

WATCH.—All persons warned to do duty on the constable's watch, and neglecting the same, to be fined six shillings for every offence.

CLEANING STREETS.—Forasmuch as the former ordinances on this subject have been much neglected, and to the intent that all the dunghills, heaps of dirt, rubbish, and other filth be removed,

It is ordained that all inhabitants south of the fresh-water shall, on every Friday, have the dirt before their doors piled in heaps, and on the same or the next day, shall cause the same to be carried away, and thrown into the river or some other convenient place, under penalty of six shillings.

If any person throw any garbage, shells, or other filth into the streets, he shall be subject to fine of six shillings.

Cartmen shall be entitled to three-pence per load, for carting such dirt away. If they load their own carts, six-pence. If he refuse to carry away such filth, etc., he shall be subject to fine of ten shillings.—(June, 1702.)

FREEMEN.—The rates for purchasing the freedom of the city, changed to the following :

A merchant, or trader, twenty shillings.

A handy-craft tradesman, six shillings.—(1702.)

WATCH.—Four able-bodied men appointed watch and bellmen for the city, from 1st November, 1702, to 1st April, 1703. They are to go, every hour in the night, through the several streets of the city, publishing the time of night. They are to apprehend disturbers of the peace, etc., and to see that no damage be done by fires. A lanthorn, bell, and hour-glass, is to be provided for them by the city.

POUND-KEEPER.—Appointed for the Bowery division. He is to keep the pound in order, and to pay one-half the fees to the city, and keep the other half himself. The fees were fixed as follows :

For every horse, mare, or colt, nine-pence.

For neat cattle, four and a half pence.

For a sheep, or hog, three-pence.—(December, 1702.)

CASKS (February, 1702–3).—An ordinance for modifying and reëstablishing the sizes and qualities of casks, passed.

February, 1702–3.—The list of laws before-mentioned, reënacted by their titles, to continue in force until further order.

WATCH AND BELLMEN (October, 1703).—Four bell and watchmen appointed to serve from 1st November, 1703, to 1st April, 1704.

BUCKETS.—The constables required to go to every house, and see if they have the requisite number of buckets.

CARTMEN (November, 1703).—In future, no cartman to presume to drive his cart over the common sewer, at the lower end of Broad street, under penalty of three shillings.

SWINE (March, 1704).—It is made lawful for any person to kill any swine, found running at large, south of the fresh-water.

THE COMMONS (March, 1704).—If any person hereafter dig holes in the commons, on the south side of the fresh-water, or shall take away any earth or sods, from any part of said commons, he shall be subject to a penalty of forty shillings.

FIREWOOD (April, 1704).—If any firewood be brought to this city, which shall be less than four feet English measure, the master of the vessel in which the same shall be brought, shall forfeit forty shillings.

July 21, 1704.—All the laws and ordinances of the Corporation continued in force until further order.

CARTMEN.—No cartman to ride, or drive over the common sewer in Broad street, near the Little bridge, under penalty of six shillings.—(November, 1704.)

June, 1705.—The ordinances continued in force until further order.

STREET PAVING.—Certain streets ordered to be paved, under the direction of the Aldermen and Assistants of the different wards, and if any person refuse to make his proportionate pavement, he shall forfeit twenty shillings for every month's delay, after the period fixed.—(June, 1705.)

BELLMEN.—Four appointed from 5th December, 1705, to last March, 1706.

SCHOOL-MASTER.—Andrew Clark, appointed principal of the grammar free school, by the Common Council, pursuant to act of Assembly.—(January, 1705–6.)

March, 1706.—Laws continued in force till further order.

CITY FORTIFICATIONS (July, 1706).—By virtue of an act of the General Assembly, it is ordained, that whenever, and as often as there shall be occasion for making or repairing the fortifications of this city within the next two years, the citizens, freeholders, and house-keepers, within the five wards south of the fresh-water, shall be obliged, by themselves or substitutes, to work upon said fortifications by equal turns, and wards, so often as they have notice thereunto given by the Mayor. The day before such labor is required, the crier of the city shall publish the same by beat of drum, in such ward or wards as shall be appointed, and shall give the time and place where such laborers shall meet. And, also, on the same day that the labor is to be performed, a drum shall beat early in the morning, which shall be esteemed sufficient notice to the citizens, etc. Such citizens, etc., are thereupon to appear with a good spade, shovel, axe, pick-axe, or other necessary tool or instrument, and shall perform such labor as appointed by the overseers of the fortifications, and in default of so doing, shall forfeit six shillings for every neglect.

October, 1706.—The laws and ordinances published in June last, continued in force until further order.

FIRE HOOKS AND LADDERS (October, 1706).—Ordered, that eight ladders and two fire hooks and poles, of proper length, be provided for the use of the city.

BELLMEN (November, 1706).—Four bellmen appointed to serve until the first of April ensuing.

December, 1706.—The following city ordinances published and continued in force for three months:

For the observation of the Lord's day.

Concerning strangers.

Concerning retailers of liquors.
Surveyors of the city.
To prevent fire.
Concerning negroes.
Concerning engrossers and forestallers of the market.
Concerning the assize of bread.
No timber, etc., to lie in the streets.
Concerning swine.
Regulations for cartmen.
Concerning negroes and Indian slaves.
Common Council not to be absent upon summons.
Guagers, packers, and cullers.
Weights and measures to be sealed.
Masters of vessels to give account of their passengers.
Concerning buckets.
Packer's mark on beef and pork.
Freemen to be enrolled.
Apprentices to be bound before the Mayor, Recorder, or an Alderman.
Ordinance for paving the streets, lanes and alleys, within this city.
Laws and orders for the government of the dock and slips of this city.
Oath of freemen.
Regulations for the market.
Law against firing guns in the streets.
Law relating to apprentices.
Who are to be deemed freemen.
Freemen made by the Mayor and three Aldermen.
Law to prevent fire.
Law against hawkers and peddlers.
Law against emptying odor in the streets.
Cartmen's wages for carting wine, rum, and molasses.
Law against killing cattle anywhere but at the slaughter-houses.
Law imposing a fine on such as refuse to watch.
Ordinance for the better cleaning of the streets, etc.
Law concerning freemen.
Law relating to packers.
Law prohibiting carts to be driven over the common sewer.
Law about swine.
Law to prevent digging holes in the common.
Law to prevent frauds in firewood.

Pound in the Bowery Division (December, 1706).—The pound-keeper to keep the pound in good order at his own expense; to render an account, on oath, every three months, and to pay one-half the profits to the city.

The fees to be as follows: For every horse, mare, or colt, nine-pence; every bull, cow, ox, heifer, or other neat cattle, four-pence half penny, and for every sheep or hog, three-pence.

May, 1707.—Several of the laws continued in force for three months. (Some enumerated in the last enactment omitted.)

Paving of Certain Streets (May, 1707).—Certain streets enumerated, which are to be paved before the 1st of August ensuing, under direction of Aldermen and Assistants of their respective wards; and any citizen refusing to make his proportionate pavement, to forfeit twenty shillings for every month neglect, after the 1st August.

Streets not to be Swept in Time of Rain or Floods (May, 1707).—Any person who shall hereafter, in time of rain or flood, sweep the dirt of the streets into, or near the channel of the streets,* so that the same may be carried away by the stream thereof, shall forfeit six shillings.

Mending Highways in the Out Ward, (May, 1707).—It is ordained that every inhabitant of the Out Ward† that shall hereafter be summoned by the constable to appear and do duty in amending or repairing the highways (or procure a sufficient substitute), shall forfeit six shillings.

June, 1707.—The following laws, orders, and ordinances, which were made and established, and ordered to be printed, on the 28th day of March last, together with laws since made and published, were reënacted, to be in force for three months:

For the observation of the Lord's day.
Negro and Indian slaves, not above four to meet together.
Concerning strangers.
Surveyors of the city.
To prevent fire.
Regulations for the market.
Assize of bread.
Regulations for cartmen.
Masters of vessels to give account of their passengers.
Common Council to appear upon summons.
Guagers, packers and cullers.
No beef or pork to be shipped off till repacked, &c.
Freemen and apprentices.
Laws, etc., for the government of the docks and slips.
Regulations for dock-money.
Law against firing guns in the street.
Law against killing cattle any where but in the slaughter-houses.
Law imposing a fine upon such as refuse to watch.
Law for cleaning the streets, lanes, and alleys.
Law prohibiting hawkers and peddlers.
Cartmen not to drive over the common sewer, near the Little bridge.
Swine prohibited to run at large.
Law prohibiting digging holes or cutting sods in the common.
Law for preventing frauds in firewood.
Law for supplying the vacancy of elective magistrates.
Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen to put the laws in execution.

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* The channel then ran down the centre of the street.—[D. T. V.

† The Out Ward was the country district of the island lying above the present Park.—[D. T. V.

Officers to be observant in their execution.

Law for paving several streets.

Law prohibiting sweeping the streets in time of rain.

Law imposing a fine upon such of the Out Ward as refuse to mend the highways.

September, 1707.—The same laws reënacted for three months by their titles.

FERRY (October, 1707).—To be leased on conditions; lessee to execute counterpart and give bond; to pay rent quarterly; to maintain two great boats or scows, for cattle, corn, etc., and two small boats for passengers; one of each sort of boats to be kept constantly on opposite sides of the river, and the small boats to be kept constantly going; the lessee to keep a pound, for security of cattle; to keep, also, a house of entertainment at the ferry-house on Long Island; to keep said premises (described as a new brick house, barn, well, and landing-bridge,) in good repair; to receive the following rates of ferriage:

Every single person, eight stuyver in wampum, or a silver two-pence.

Each person in company, four stuyvers in wampum, or a silver penny; if after sunset, double ferriage.

Each horse or beast, single, one shilling; in company, nine-pence.

Each colt or calf, three-pence.

Each hog, eight stuyvers in wampum, or a silver two-pence.

Each sheep, four stuyvers in wampum, or a silver one-pence.

Each barrel of rum, molasses, etc., three-pence.

Each empty barrel, four stuyvers in wampum, or one-pence.

A beast's hide, the like.

A firkin of butter, two stuyvers wampum.

Every three bushels corn, one-pence.

A pail of butter, two stuyvers.

Every bushel of salt, two stuyvers.

Every hogshead of tobacco, nine-pence.

The boats to receive passengers, goods, etc., at the following places: Mondays and Thursdays, at Countesses' key;* Tuesdays and Fridays, at Burger's path;† Wednesdays and Saturdays, at the dock-slip, near Col. Cortland's house.‡

For any violation of the last condition, the lessee to forfeit thirty shillings. §

GUAGERS, PACKERS, AND CULLERS (December, 1707).—Hereafter to be four; to pay for license, eighteen shillings each; to receive for culling every thousand staves, two shillings; for packing every barrel of beef or pork, nine-pence; and for pickling every barrel, four and a half pence

December, 1707.—The former laws continued, by their titles, for three months.

March, 1708.—Same order.

PLANTING TREES IN BROADWAY (April, 1708.)—Ordered, that the inhabitants of the Broadway have liberty to plant trees before their respective houses and lots of ground, according to such directions as they shall receive from the Alderman and Assistant of the ward, or either of them.

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* Foot of present Maiden lane.—[D. T. V.

† Present Hanover square.—[D. T. V.

‡ Present Coenties slip.—[D. T. V.

§ The ferry was leased to James Hardieg, at £180 per annum.

PAVING THE STREETS, LANES, AND ALLEYS (May, 1708).—The inhabitants having neglected the previous laws, it is ordered that all who live in the respective streets, lanes, and alleys, shall cause the same, in front of their lots, to be paved with pebble-stones, under direction of the Aldermen, and for any neglect shall forfeit twenty shillings.

July, 1708.—The ordinances reënacted, by their titles, for three months.

SWINE (14th September, 1708).—A law authorizing any person to kill swine found running at large in the Out Ward, on the west side of Sawkill bridge, and convert the same to his own use.

November, 1708.—Laws reënacted, by their titles, for three months.

February, 1709.—The like order.

May, 1709.—The like order.

WOODEN PIPES IN BROAD STREET (June, 1709).—Several persons permitted to lay wooden pipes in the Heere graft, or Broad street, to drain their cellars.

POSTS FOR TYING HORSES (August, 1709).—Ordered, that the posts set in several streets be forthwith pulled up and removed by the persons inhabiting the houses of which they are in front, upon notice given them, on penalty of six shillings.

September, 1709.—Laws reënacted for three months.

December, 1709.—The like order.

CITY CHAMBERLAIN (June, 1710).—The person hereafter to be elected Treasurer or Chamberlain to be a person of good ability and reputation, residing in this city, and also a freeman, who has taken the oath. He is to give a bond in £1,000 for the faithful performance of his duty. (Form of bond prescribed.)

If any such Chamberlain fail to give security, his election to be void.

September, 1710.—The former laws reënacted for three months.

CAGE, PILLORY, STOCKS, AND WHIPPING-POST (November, 1710).—Ordered, that they be removed to the upper end of Broad street, a little below the City Hall.

December, 1710.—The former laws reënacted.

DISORDERLY PERSONS (February, 1710-11).—Whereas, several disorders have been lately committed in this city by evil-disposed persons, who make a common practice of going about the streets, in the dead time of night, and breaking the glass windows of the inhabitants; for the better detecting such evil practice, it is ordered, that whatever person shall apprehend or discover such offenders, so that they be convicted, he shall receive a reward from the public treasury of forty shillings.

March, 1711.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

June, 1711.—Same order.

MARKET-PLACE (September, 1711).—The upper end of Broad street, between the City Hall and the Cross street,* appointed as a public market-place. The inhabitants in and about Broad street to have liberty to erect stalls and sheds, under the direction of the Clerk of the Market.

September, 1711.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

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* Exchange place.—[D. T. V.

A Law for Increasing the Market (October, 1711).—It is ordained that from henceforth the country people who frequent the market of this Corporation have liberty to expose their meat for sale in the public market, by the joint or otherwise, as they shall see convenient; they to pay the fees of the Clerk of the Market.

Marking Bread (October, 1711).—After the 15th November next, every baker in the city shall put a mark, with the two letters of his name, upon every loaf, upon pain of forfeiting all such bread.

Indentures of Apprentices (October, 1711).—Great inconveniences having arisen by reason of apprentices serving but four years, by reason whereof they are seldom masters of their trade, it is ordained that all apprentices shall serve for seven years, and at the expiration of their service shall be made free, at the expense of their masters.

November 30, 1711.—The former laws reënacted for three months.

Place for Hiring of Slaves (November, 1711).—It is ordained that all negro and Indian slaves that are let out to hire within this city do take up their standing, in order to be hired, at the market-house at the Wall street slip, until such time as they are hired, whereby all persons may know where to hire slaves as their occasions shall require, and also masters discover when their slaves are so hired, and all the inhabitants of the city are to take notice accordingly.

March, 1712.—Laws reënacted, by their titles, for three months.

May, 1712.—Same order.

August, 1712.—Same order.

November, 1712.—Same order.

February, 1713.—Same order.

Negro and Indian Slaves in the Night-time (March, 1712).—It is ordained, that after the 10th instant, no negro or Indian slave, above the age of fourteen years, do presume to appear in the streets, south of the fresh water, in the night-time, above an hour after sunset; and if any such negro or Indian slave be found in any of the streets within the stockadoes or fortifications,* or in any other place on the south side of the fresh water, in the night-time, as aforesaid, without a lantern and lighted candle in it, so as the light thereof may be plainly seen, it may then be lawful for any citizen to apprehend such slave, and carry him before the Mayor or other magistrate, who are authorized to commit such to jail, there to remain until his owner or master pay eight shillings fine; and, upon conviction of such offence, the said slave shall be whipped at the public whipping-post forty lashes, save one, if desired by his master or owner.

May, 1713.—City laws reënacted for three months.

Guaging, Packing, and Culling (July, 1713).—No beef, pork, pipe-staves, hogshead-staves, or heading for casks, shall be shipped for foreign ports but such as shall be repacked and culled by the sworn packers and cullers of this city; all beef and pork to be marked by the packers N. Y.

* The stockadoes here referred to are those erected two or three years previous to this period, running across the island, the present north side of the Park.—[D. T. V.

August, 1713.—Laws reënacted by their titles.

Bellmen (November, 1713).—Six bellmen to serve as night watch until 1st May ensuing.

Sale of Meal (November, 1713).—It is ordained that no meal whatsoever be hereafter sold in the market of this city by measure; but all meal, to be sold in said market, to be sold by weight, and not otherwise, on penalty of forfeiture.

November, 1713.—Laws reënacted for three months.

Burning Lime on the Commons (March, 1714).—It is ordained that no oyster-shells or lime be burnt on the Commons of this city on the south side of the wind-mill, commonly called Jasper's mill,* under the penalty of forty shillings for every offence.

March, 1714.—The former laws reënacted for three months.

Bellmen and Watchmen (May, 1714).—Six appointed to serve until 1st November ensuing.

June, 1714.—The former laws reënacted for three months.

September, 1714.—The like order.

Trading with Soldiers (December, 1714).—It is ordained that, from henceforth, no person within this city shall presume to buy of any soldier of His Majesty's garrison any of his arms, accoutrements or clothes of the King's livery, on any pretence whatever, under a penalty of twenty shillings.

Cartmen (December, 1714).—No cartman shall hereafter presume to ride or sit on his cart in any of the streets of this city, by virtue of any license or liberty whatsoever.

Beer and Cider (December, 1714).—It is ordained, that no retailer of strong liquors, within this corporation, do hereafter presume to sell any beer or cider by retail, but by wine measure, duly sealed according to law, under penalty of six shillings.

December, 1714.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

Support of the Poor (January, 1715).—It being represented that the Church-wardens and Overseers of the Poor have no money in their hands, it is resolved, that, if the Church-wardens will advance the sum of fifteen pounds, this Common Council will recommend the repayment thereof to the next justices and vestrymen.

March, 1715.—The laws reënacted for three months.

Retailers of Strong Liquors (March, 1715).—To pay 30*s.* for each license.

Watch and Bellmen (1715).—Four to be appointed from 1st of June to 1st of November.

July, 1715.—Laws reënacted for three months.

Fences in the Bowery Division (July, 1715).—It is ordained, that all the fences in the Bowery division of the Out ward be made and upheld in manner following, viz: The outside fences to be of four rails, and ofur feet and a half high, and the partition fences to be of three rails, and four feet high, and not

* Near the present corner of Chatham and Duane streets.—[D. T. Y.

otherwise; and that all the fences outside the city stockadoes conform to the same regulation.

INVITERS TO FUNERALS (July, 1715).—It is ordained, that the fees of the persons who are inviters to funerals be as follows, viz: For inviting to the funeral of every person of twenty years of age, and upwards, eighteen shillings; for every person above twelve years, and under twenty years, twelve shillings; and for every person under twelve years, eight shillings.

November, 1715.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

BELL AND WATCHMEN (1716).—Four appointed from 1st of November, 1715, to 1st of May.

February, 1716.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

May, 1716.—Like order.

MIDWIVES (July, 1716).—It is ordained, that no woman within this corporation shall exercise the employment of a midwife until she have taken an oath before the Mayor, Recorder, or an Alderman (the terms of which are prescribed), to the following effect: that she will be diligent, and ready to help any woman in labor, whether poor or rich; that in time of necessity she will not forsake the poor woman, and go to the rich; that she will not cause, or suffer any woman to name, or put any other father to the child, but only him which is the very true father thereof, indeed, according to the utmost of her power; that she will not suffer any woman to pretend to be delivered of a child who is not indeed, neither to claim any other woman's child for her own; that she will not suffer any woman's child to be murdered, or hurt, and as often as she shall see any peril or jeopardy, either in the mother or child, she will call in other midwives for counsel; that she will not administer any medicine to produce miscarriage; that she will not enforce a woman to give more for her services than is right; that she will not collude to keep secret the birth of a child; will be of good behavior; will not conceal the births of bastards, etc.

August, 1716.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

BELLMEN (November, 1716).—Four bell and watchmen employed from 1st of May to 1st of November, 1716.

November, 1716.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

February, 1717.—A similar order.

May, 1717.—A similar order.

August, 1717.—A similar order.

November, 1717.—A similar order.

THE BRIDGE AND COMMON SEWER (December, 1717).—It is ordained, that no ship or other vessel whatsoever, make fast to or careen by the bridge in the great dock of this city, nor unload on the same, under penalty of ten shillings.*

FERRY (December, 1717).—The "old" Long Island ferry was leased at this time for five years from 5th of March, 1718. The number and description of boats, and places of landing, were the same as in the last lease. The rates of

* The "Great Dock" was a semi-circular inclosure for vessels, the base of which extended along Pearl street, from the present Whitehall street to near Coenties slip. The Broad street sewer had recently been extended through this dock, so as to empty into the river. It was for the protection of this that this law was enacted.

ferriage were, however, changed, and made to conform to a recent act of Assembly.

A "new ferry" was at the same time established, the lessee of which was to provide two small boats for passengers. The rates of ferriage to conform to act of Assembly. The places of landing on this island were at Burger's path,* and the Great Dock.†

February, 1718.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

April, 1718.—A similar order.

ENCROACHMENTS ON LONG ISLAND (April, 1718).—Ordered, that any wharves or other buildings on this city's land on Nassau Island, from high-water to low-water mark, be pulled down.

July, 1718.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

October, 1718.—A similar order.

February, 1719.—A similar order.

April, 1719.—A similar order.

June, 1719.—A similar order.

September, 1719.—A similar order.

December, 1719.—A similar order.

April, 1720.—A similar order.

MARKING OF BUTTER (May, 1720).—It is ordained, that no butter be exported from this city in firkins or half-firkins, but such as shall be branded with two letters of the name of the person selling the same, under penalty of ten shillings.

July, 1720.—The former laws re-enacted for three months.

HIGHWAYS, FROM FRESH WATER TO KING'S BRIDGE (September, 1720).—It is ordained, that all the highways between the fresh water and King's bridge be forthwith put in good repair by the inhabitants of the Out Ward, under the direction of the Alderman of that ward, and the surveyors of highways. And any inhabitant of that ward, after being summoned to labor in repairing the said highways, shall, upon neglect, forfeit six shillings.

December, 1720.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

THE COMMONS (December, 1720).—Ordered, that no brick-makers or charcoal-burners do cut down any trees, firewood, or timber, upon the Commons of this city, for burning of bricks, or making charcoal. It is further ordered, that it may be lawful for any freeman to carry away, for his own use, any firewood or timber that shall be found to be cut down and lying upon the Commons, which shall have been cut down by another person.

February, 1721.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

May, 1721.—A similar order.

August, 1721.—A similar order.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES (October, 1721).—It is ordained, that the keeper of the public slaughter-houses may demand of every butcher, for the use of the house and tackle, one shilling for each neat cattle killed and dressed, and the like sum, or the tongue of each head of neat cattle so killed by any inhabitant not a butcher.

* Hanover square.—[D. T. V.

† Near Broad street.—[D. T. V.

November, 1721.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

NEGROES, GAMING (February, 1722).—It is ordained, that whatsoever negro or Indian slave, or any other negro or Indian within this city, shall be convicted of gaming or playing in the streets, or in any house, out-house, or yard, for money, or with any sort of money, copper pennies, half-pence or farthings, shall be publicly whipped at the whipping-post of this city, at the discretion of the magistrate before whom the conviction is had, unless the master or owner of any such slave shall pay a fine of three shillings.

February, 1722.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

May, 1722.—The like order.

August, 1722.—The like order.

BURIAL OF SLAVES (October, 1722).—It is ordained, that all negroes and Indian slaves that shall die within this corporation, on the south side of the fresh water, be buried by day-light, at or before sun-set, under the penalty of ten shillings, to be paid by the master or owner.

November, 1722.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

SLAUGHTERING OF CATTLE (November, 1722).—It is ordained, that all cattle for slaughter that hereafter shall be landed, or brought into this city, on the south side of the fresh water, shall be killed at the public slaughter-house.

February, 1723.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

PACKERS (March, 1723).—The public packers are to provide two brand marks—one for Virginia pork, and the other Carolina pork; that for Virginia pork VP, and that for Carolina pork CP; and that all Virginia and Carolina pork re-packed here, shall be so marked, without the mark N.Y.

July, 1723.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

October, 1723.—The like order.

February, 1724.—The like order.

April, 1724.—The like order.

July, 1724.—The like order.

UNLOADING HAY (July, 1724).—It is ordained, that no hay be unloaded within this city, except at Hudson's river, near the house of Thomas Eld,* and to the northward thereof, and at Beekman's slip, at the lower end of Queen street, (East river) and to the eastward thereof.

October, 1724.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

January, 1725.—The like order.

April, 1725.—The like order.

July, 1725.—The like order.

October, 1725.—The like order.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES (November, 1725).—It is ordained, that if any inhabitant of the Out Ward suffer any person to slaughter any neat cattle on his premises, except for his own use, he shall be subject to a penalty of twenty shillings.

EXPORTING OF BEEF AND PORK (December, 1725).—It is ordained, that no person shall ship any beef or pork in barrels, or half-barrels, but what shall first be re-packed by the sworn packers of the corporation, and by them marked N. York, under penalties as prescribed.

* Present foot of Battery place.—[D. T. V.

January, 1726.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

THE COMMONS (January, 1726).—It is ordained, that no hoop-sticks, or any saplings whatsoever, be cut down by any person upon the Commons of this city, under penalty of twenty shillings.

May, 1726.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

July, 1726.—The like order.

FREEMAN'S OATH (September, 1726).—It is ordered, that the oath of a freeman of this corporation be in future as follows, and that the town-clerk receive for registering each freeman, one shilling and six-pence. Oath (condensed): to be true to King George, obedient to the Mayor and ministers of the city; to maintain the franchises and customs thereof; to contribute to charges, as summons, watches, contributions, taxes, tollages, lot and scot, and of all other charges, bearing a part as a good freeman; to take no apprentice for a less term than seven years; to conceal no gatherings or conspiracies against the King's peace.

October, 1726.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

NEGRO AND INDIAN SLAVES (December, 1726).—It is ordained, that if any negro or Indian slave shall hereafter be taken up for offending against any of the acts of General Assembly, and be convicted thereof, the master or owner shall pay to the person who shall have apprehended the negro, six shillings, as a reward for such trouble.

January, 1727.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

MARKET FOR CORN AND MEAL (January, 1727).—It is ordained, that the market-house at the lower end of Wall street is appointed for the sale of all sorts of corn, grain, and meal, and none of such articles to be sold in public market at any other place, under penalties as prescribed.

DOGS (March, 1727).—Whereas the butchers and others superabound in a very great number of mischievous mastiffs, bull-dogs, and other useless dogs, who not only run at coaches, horses, chaises, and cattle, in the day-time, but are left at large at night, and frequently bite, tear, and kill cows, and render passage through the streets dangerous—it is ordered, that the constables warn every one that keeps a dog to restrain him in the night-time.

March, 1727.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

WELL IN KIP STREET (March, 1727).—Being out of repair, the inhabitants are permitted to fill it up, and to construct another.

GALLOWS (July, 1727).—Ordered, that there be a public gallows erected upon the Common of this city, at the usual place of execution, at the charge of the corporation.

August, 1727.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

October, 1727.—The like order.

February, 1728.—The like order.

May, 1728.—The like order.

July, 1728.—The like order.

MAGAZINE (September, 1728).—It is resolved, that a little island in the fresh water be appropriated as a proper place for the building of a magazine, for the safe-keeping of gunpowder.

November, 1728.—Former laws reënacted.

January, 1729.—The like order.

Security against Gunpowder (January, 1729).—It is ordained, that no person inhabiting this city, within two miles of the City Hall, shall keep in his house or premises any greater quantity than fifty pounds of powder. That the Mayor shall appoint a person to be keeper of the public powder-house, who is to be in daily attendance, to receive and deliver powder thereat. The store-keeper to be entitled, for the storage of every barrel of powder, to the sum of three shillings.

The store-keeper, once in each month, to cause the powder to be turned, for which he shall be entitled to receive from the owner one shilling.

April, 1729.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

July, 1729.—The like order,

Watch and Bellmen (October, 1729).—Up to this time, (except in time of anticipated invasion,) the number of watchmen had been four. They were, the ensuing winter, increased to six.

October, 1729.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

January, 1730.—The like order.

June, 1730.—The like order.

October, 1730.—The like order.

April, 1731.—The former laws reënacted for three months. Of late years, they had been reënacted by a general resolution, but at this period, it being immediately after the granting of the new charter (Montgomerie's), they were reënacted by their titles, as follows:

For the observation of the Lord's-day.
Concerning strangers.
None to keep public-house without license.
Surveyors of the city.
To prevent fire.
Regulations for the market.
A law for increasing the market.
A law for the marking of bread.
A law prohibiting the sale of meal by measure.
A law regulating the sale of beer and cider by retail.
A law appointing a place for the more convenient hiring of slaves.
A law for regulating negro and Indian slaves in the night-time.
A law prohibiting burning lime on part of the Commons.
A law against trading with soldiers for their clothes, arms, or accoutrements.
A law for regulating and establishing of fees for the inviters to funerals, etc.
Assize of bread.
Regulations for cartmen.
Masters of vessels to give account of their passengers.
Common Council to appear upon summons.
Guagers, packers and cullers.
Freemen and apprentices.
Laws and orders for the government of the dock and slips of the city.
Regulations for paying dock-money.

A law for preserving the bridge and common sewer in the dock of this city.
A law against firing guns in the streets, etc.
A law against killing cattle any where but at the slaughter-houses.
A law imposing a fine on such as refuse to watch.
A law for cleaning the streets, lanes and alleys.
A law prohibiting sweeping the streets in time of rain.
A law for paving the streets, lanes and alleys.
A law prohibiting swine to run at large.
A law for regulating the office of chamberlain or treasurer of the city.
A law prohibiting hawkers and peddlers.
A law to prohibit digging holes and cutting sods on the Commons.
For preventing frauds in fire-wood.
For supplying the vacancy of public elective magistrates and officers.
Fine of magistrates and officers that refuse to serve.
A law for regulating of fences in the Bowery division.
A law for regulating midwives.
Aldermen authorized to put the laws in execution.
Officers to be observant in the execution of these laws.
A law for marking of butter.
A law against cutting timber on the Commons, by brick-makers and charcoal-burners.
A law establishing fees for the slaughter-houses.
A law restraining slaves, negroes and Indians from gaming with moneys, or for moneys.
A law for regulating the burial of slaves.
A law appointing proper places for unloading of hay.
A law prohibiting slaughter-houses in the Out Ward.
A law restraining the shipping or exporting of beef or pork till re-packed.
A law restraining the cutting of hoop-sticks and saplings on the Commons.
A law giving a reward to any person who shall apprehend any negro or Indian slave, offending against the acts of Assembly.
A law appointing a market-place for corn and meal.
A law for better securing the city of New York from the danger of gunpowder.

For regulating Negroes and Slaves in the Night-time (April, 1731).—The former law with the same title was revised; and it was ordained, that no slave, above fourteen years of age, be in the streets south of the fresh water, above an hour after sun-set, and if so found, without a lantern and lighted candle, and not in company with some person in whose service he or she is, it may be lawful for any to take such slave before a magistrate, who may commit to gaol until the master or owner pay the sum of four shillings to the person who shall have apprehended the slave. The slave, if convicted, to be whipped, not exceeding forty lashes, if desired by the master or owner.

Provided that, if not exceeding three slaves be together in lawful employment, and only one of them carry such lantern, the others shall not be considered guilty of any offence.

To Prevent Strangers from being a Charge to the Corporation (April, 1731).—The former law on this subject was revised; and it was ordained, that if any master of a vessel should bring any strangers to this city, and should not, within one day, report the names to the Mayor, he should forfeit forty shillings. Constables were required to make inquiry for strangers residing in their wards; and were subject to fine for not making report of all who should reside forty days in their wards. House-keepers, who received strangers to sojourn above two days, were required to give notice to the constable of the name, surname, dwelling-place and trade of the stranger, and the object of his visit to this city. In default of which, they were fined twenty shillings for each offence.

November, 1731.—A general revision of corporation ordinances was made, of which the following are abstracts. As these laws have been, for the most part, previously adverted to, the abstracts are very brief.

A Law for the Observation of the Lord's-day, called Sunday.—It is ordained that no servile work, but matters of necessity, be performed, under a penalty. That no children play in the street; penalty, one shilling, or house of correction.

That no public-house-keepers sell strong liquors on Sundays; penalty, ten shillings.

That not above three slaves meet together, and that none such go around; penalty, public whipping. The constables to enforce the ordinance.

A Law to Prevent Strangers from being a Charge to the Corporation.—It is ordained, that masters of vessels give an account of their passengers; penalty, forty shillings.

That constables make a strict search and inquiry after strangers; fine, twenty shillings.

That house-keepers who entertain strangers, without giving notice, be fined twenty shillings.

None to retail strong liquors without a license; penalty, five pounds.

A Law to Appoint Sworn Surveyors of the City.—By which it was ordained, that a penalty be imposed on those who build before having their fronts surveyed. The surveyor to receive a fee for surveying.

A Law for the better preventing of Fire.—By which it was ordained, that viewers of chimneys and hearths be appointed.

That a fine of three shillings be imposed on those who neglect their directions.

That a fine of forty shillings be imposed on those whose chimneys shall be on fire.

That a fine of forty shillings be imposed on viewers refusing to serve, and of six shillings for neglecting their duty.

That fire engines, hooks and ladders be provided.

That every house-holder whose house has three fire-places, provide three leather buckets, and those of fewer fire-places, two buckets; every brewer, six buckets; every baker, three buckets, to be ready on emergency. The buckets to be marked; penalty, six shillings.

If, after a fire, buckets shall be found and the owner not known, they are to be sent to the City Hall.

A Law for Marking of Bread.—By which it was ordained, that every baker mark his bread with his initials; penalty, bread forfeited to the poor.

Assize of bread to be set every three months, and viewers of bread to be appointed.

The penalty on bakers for breaking the assize, bread forfeited to the poor, and a fine of twenty shillings.

A Law prohibiting the sale of Meal by Measure.—By which it was ordained, that meal should be sold in the market by weight, and not by measure; penalty, forfeiture.

That the Wall street market-house be the market for corn and meal; penalty, if sold elsewhere, six shillings for every bushel.

A Law for regulating the sale of Beer and Cider by retail.—By which it was ordained, that beer and cider be sold by wine measures, and that the measure be sealed; penalty, six shillings.

A Law appointing a Place for the more convenient hiring of Slaves.—By which it was ordained, that the market-house at the foot of Wall street be their standing-place.

A Law for regulating Negroes and Slaves in the Night-time.—By which it was ordained, that slaves above the age of fourteen years were not to appear above an hour after sun-set without a lantern and candle, unless in company with some white person, etc.

That slaves offending, be whipped, if desired by their master, etc.

A Law restraining Slaves, Negroes, and Indians from Gaming with Moneys, or for Moneys.—By which it was ordained, that slaves be publicly whipped for gaming, unless their masters pay three shillings fine.

A Law for regulating the Burial of Slaves.—By which it was ordained, that slaves were to be buried by day-light, under penalty of ten shillings.

That not more than twelve slaves attend a funeral, under penalty of being whipped, unless the master pay six shillings fine.

No pall or pall-bearers to be allowed at their funerals, under penalty of public whipping.

A Law for Punishing Slaves who shall behave Disorderly through the Streets.—Reciting, that as many slaves were in the habit, when riding their masters' horses to water, to go precipitately through the streets, to the danger of the passers-by: It was ordained, that slaves be publicly whipped for riding disorderly, unless the master pay three shillings fine.

A Law giving a Reward for the Apprehension of Slaves offending against the Acts of Assembly.—By which it was ordained, that the master pay six shillings to the person making such arrest.

A Law for Regulating Carts and Cartmen.—By which it was ordained, that cartmen (not exceeding one hundred) be licensed.

That they mend the streets and highways, gratis.

That their carts be two feet eight inches wide, and three feet high; penalty, three shillings.

That they are not to drive after an hour beyond sun-set, nor before an hour previous to sun-rise, without special license.

That no cartman ride on his cart in the streets; penalty, six shillings.

That the cartmen observe the foreman's orders; penalty, three shillings, or loss of their license.

The number of the cart to be painted upon it; penalty, three shillings fine, or suspension.

The foreman to inform the Mayor on the death or removal of any cartman.

No boys or negroes to drive a cart.

Cartmen to drive their own carts, and not to hire them out.

Cartmen not to refuse to ride goods when required; penalty, six shillings.

Cartmen to cart goods which are subject to damage, before any other; penalty, twenty shillings.

Cartmen not to engross firewood; penalty, forty shillings.

Cartmen not to ride more than one hogshead or one pipe at a time; penalty, six shillings.

RATES OF CARTAGE:

A common load, not exceeding ½ mile, four and a half-pence.
" " " 1 mile, nine-pence.

For lime, bricks, hoops, iron, etc., six-pence.

For half a ton of flour, six-pence.

For load of beef, pork, beer, oil, etc., in barrels (four to each load), six-pence.

For three barrels of rice, six-pence.

Load of bread, four and a half-pence.
" of loose shingles, nine-pence.
" of European goods, nine-pence.
" of iron pots and kettles, nine-pence.
" of loose earthenware, nine-pence, etc., etc., etc.

A Law for regulating the Office of Guagers, Packers, and Cullers.—By which it was ordained, that four guagers, packers, and cullers, be appointed yearly.

That beef and pork, before shipping, be re-packed.

The size of cask to be marked.

Pieces of meat, exceeding ten pounds weight, not to be re-packed.

Packing to be in tight casks, with ten hoops.

Staves and heading not to be shipped till culled.

Rates of fees of these officers fixed.

Size of staves regulated.

Packers' mark to be NEW YORK.

A Law relating to Making Freemen.—By which it was ordained, that none were to keep shop, or to exercise any kind of trade, until they became freemen.

The price of freedom to be, for every merchant, trader, or shop-keeper, three pounds; for every handicraft tradesman, twenty shillings.

A Law for regulating Indentures of Apprenticeship.—By which it was ordained, that apprentices be bound before the Mayor, Recorder, or an Alderman.

A Law for regulating the Lying of Vessels in the Dock and Slips



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 190 Water St. N.Y.

for D. T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

VIEW IN NEW YORK, 1746.

(Lower Market.)

OF THIS CITY.—By which it was ordained, that all vessels belonging to this port pay yearly for lying in the dock or slips.

That vessels not belonging to this port, pay each voyage.

That vessels were not to lay in the mouth of the dock, or to take an inconvenient time for loading and unloading.

That no fire be permitted, in the night, on board vessels lying in or near the dock or slips.

That no anchors, grapplings, etc., be cast in the dock or slips.

That no one shall cast any ashes, dirt, etc., in the dock or slips.

No stones or earth to be thrown off the wharves.

Persons concerned, to be subject to the directions of the dock-master.

Vessels not to lie in the slips longer than to load and unload.

The dock-master to put this law in execution.

REGULATIONS FOR PAYING DOCK-MONEY.—Vessels belonging to this city, to pay yearly.

	£	s.	d.
If from one to five tons	0	6	0
" five to ten tons	0	9	0
" ten to fifteen tons	0	12	0
" fifteen to twenty-five tons	0	20	0
" twenty-five to fifty tons	0	30	0
" above fifty tons	2	10	0

Not belonging to this port, for every month:

Under ten tons	0	6	0
From ten to twenty tons	0	12	0
" twenty to thirty tons	0	18	0
" thirty to fifty tons	0	24	0
Above fifty tons	0	30	0

A LAW FOR PRESERVING THE BRIDGE AND COMMON SEWER IN THE DOCK OF THIS CITY.—By which it was ordained, that no vessel should make fast to, or haul down by the bridge, or unload any firewood, lumber, or ballast thereon.

A LAW PROHIBITING THE BURNING OF LIME ON PART OF THE COMMONS.—By which it was ordained, that lime was not to be burnt on the Commons, or on any vacant ground south of the house of John Harris, nor within fifty yards of any fence south of the fresh water.

A LAW FOR REGULATING AND ESTABLISHING FEES FOR INVITERS TO FUNERALS.—By which it was ordained, that their fees for inviting to funerals of persons over twenty years of age, be eighteen shillings; between twelve and twenty years of age, twelve shillings; under twelve years of age, eight shillings.

A LAW FOR CLEANING THE STREETS, LANES, AND ALLEYS OF THIS CITY.—By which it was ordained, that the inhabitants south of fresh water were, on every Friday, to sweep into heaps the dirt in front of their premises, and cause it to be carried away, and thrown into the river or other place.

No carrion, etc., to be thrown into the streets.

The streets not to be encumbered with beams, timber, etc., without leave.

No ordure to be emptied into the streets, but the same to be thrown into the river after eleven o'clock at night.

Street-dirt not to be swept into the channel in time of rain or floods.

Cartmen's wages for carting dirt out of the streets, established.

Cartmen refusing to cart the dirt away, to be fined ten shillings.

A Law for Paving the Streets, Lanes, and Alleys of this City.—By which it was ordained, that the inhabitants were to pave in front of their respective premises, under direction of the Aldermen and Assistants.

A Law against Firing Guns in the Streets.—By which it was ordained, that for such offence, a penalty be imposed.

A Law against Killing Neat Cattle any where but at the Slaughter-houses.—By which it was ordained, that for a violation of that act, a penalty be imposed.

A Law prohibiting Hawkers and Peddlers.—By which it was ordained, that no goods be retailed but in shops, or in the market; and that no hawkers or peddlers be allowed, under a penalty.

A Law to prohibit Digging Holes and Cutting Sods on the Commons.—By which it was ordained, that for every such offence, committed south of the fresh water, a penalty be imposed.

A Law for Preventing Frauds in Firewood.—By which it was ordained, that firewood must be cut four feet long, under a penalty.

A Law for regulating the Public Markets within the City of New York.—By which it was ordained, that every day in the week, except Sunday, be a market-day for country people and others, in the following public market-houses, viz: At the slip commonly called Coenties dock.* At the Old slip, called Burger's path.† At the lower end of Wall street, and at Countess' key.‡

No hucksters or retailers to enter the market until afternoon.

None to forestall or engross provisions coming to the market.

No unwholesome victuals, blown meat, or leprous swine, to be exposed for sale.

Butter to be marked with the weight thereon, and, if found short weight, to be forfeited to the poor.

Country people may sell flesh in the market by the joint, first paying the clerk's fees.

Fees of the Clerk of the Market: For all neat cattle, one shilling per head; for a hog or shoat, three-pence; for a sheep, calf, or lamb, two-pence.

All weights and measures to be sealed.

A Law prohibiting Slaughter-houses in the Out Ward.—By which it was ordained, that no cattle shall be killed (except for private use) in the Out Ward, under a penalty.

A Law establishing Fees for the Slaughter-houses.—By which it was ordained, that the keeper receive for neat cattle, killed by butchers, one shilling.

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* Coenties slip.—[D. T. V.

† Hanover square.—[D. T. V.

‡ Foot of Maiden lane.—[D. T. V.

And the same (or the tongue), if killed by any other than a butcher.

A Law for the Marking of Butter.—By which it was ordained, that no butter be exported without being branded with the initials of the person packing it.

A Law prohibiting the Cutting of Timber on the Commons by Brickmakers and Charcoal-burners.—By which it was ordained, that no brickmaker, or charcoal-burner, shall cut any timber or wood on the Commons, for burning bricks or charcoal.

That any freeman may carry away, for his own use, timber which shall have been cut down by another.

A Law for regulating of Fences.—By which it was ordained, that all fences in the Bowery division be of the following height, etc.:

The outside fences to be not less than four rails, and 4½ feet high.

The partition fences to be not less than four rails, and 4 feet high.

A Law for regulating Midwives within the City of New York.—By which it was ordained, that no woman exercise that vocation without taking an oath, as prescribed, for the faithful performance of these duties.

A Law for regulating the Office of Chamberlain or Treasurer of the City.—By which it was ordained, that the person exercising the office, be of ability and reputation, and shall give a sufficient bond.

A Law for the better securing of the City of New York from the Danger of Gunpowder.—By which it was ordained, that not above fifty pounds be kept in private houses.

That a person be appointed to receive and deliver it from the public powder-house, and fixing the fees of storage.

A Law appointing Proper Places for Unloading of Hay.—By which it was ordained, that hay be unloaded at Hudson's river (Eld's corner), at the south end of Broadway, and at Rodman's slip, on the East river.

A Law restraining the Cutting Hoop-sticks and Saplings on the Commons.—By which it was ordained, that none such be cut on the Commons, under a penalty.

Officers to be Diligent in Putting these Laws in Execution.—By which it is ordained, that the sheriff, marshal, high-constable, and constables, and all other officers, be strict in their enforcement.

That all the fines (not otherwise appropriated) be disposed of—one-half to the city, and the other half to the officer making the complaint.

The oath of a freeman prescribed, as before mentioned.

A Law for the Establishing and Better Ordering the Night-Watches in the City of New York (December, 1731).—Preamble: That as every inhabitant south of fresh water, able and fit to watch, ought to do so, or find a substitute, to watch for the preservation of the peace, and the apprehending of improper persons, and as there has recently been (by reason of great numbers of persons coming hither suspected of being felons from Great Britain,) great necessity of a strong night-watch:

It is ordained, that one of the constables, with eight watchmen, (or more, if

thought necessary,) keep watch at the watch-horses and other places appointed, from 9 o'clock, P.M., until 4 o'clock, A.M.

A list of the inhabitants fit to watch, or to find substitutes, having been made, whereby it appears some wards have more than others, it is ordered, that the inhabitants do equal duty, as follows:

Those of the East Ward, to keep watch for seventeen nights successively, commencing 2d December, inst.

Those of the Dock Ward, then to keep watch for the twelve succeeding nights.

Those of the North Ward, then to keep watch for the next twelve nights.

Those of the South Ward, to keep watch for the next ten nights.

Those of the West Ward, to keep watch for the next eight nights.

Those of Montgomerie Ward, to keep watch for the next eight nights.

Then the same alternate wards to succeed each other as above.

The Alderman and Assistant of each ward to appoint constables, in their turns, to have the oversight of the watch.

The designation of the inhabitants, in their turns, to be made by beginning at a certain place in the ward, and going around in an orderly way until the whole ward have watched.

The constables in the six wards to watch, in their turns, and to notify those who are to keep watch the day before the watch-night.

Constables making default in watching, to forfeit forty shillings.

Persons appointed, and warned to watch, making default, to forfeit eight shillings.

The Common Council to appoint a person, to be called Supervisor of the Watch, to oversee the watch and watches, and to see that the constables and watchmen do their duties.

No boys, apprentices, or servants, to be admitted to be watchmen.

The Supervisor to call over the names of the constable and watch every night, and also in the morning, and to bring the defaulters before the Mayor or Aldermen.

November, 1732.—The former laws reënacted, to be in force for one year ensuing.

November, 1733.—The like order.

A Law for Preserving the Fish in Fresh-water Pond (May, 1734).—It is ordained, that if any person hereafter presume to put, place, or cast into the pond, commonly called Fresh-water Pond, belonging to this corporation, any hoop-net, draw-net, purse-net, casting-net, cod-net, bley-net, or any other net or nets whatsoever, and shall take and catch any of the fish within the said pond therewith, or by any other engine, machine, arts, ways, or means whatsoever, other than by angling with angle-rod, hook and line only, he shall pay a fine of forty shillings.

The Drain to Fresh-water Pond.—Forasmuch as Mr. Anthony Rutgers has laid a drain through his meadows, which has drawn the water from the Fresh-water Pond, to the prejudice of tanners and others—it is ordered, that he fill up said drain, thirty feet from said pond, so as to prevent the draining thereof.

November, 1734.—The former laws reënacted for one year.

Watchmen (November, 1734).—Resolution, that twelve persons, including two constables, be hired by this corporation to be the city watch until the 1st of May next; that one of the constables, with five watchmen, watch, alternately, every night, and to be called the constable's watch; to be under the orders of the Mayor and Aldermen; the corporation to supply fire and light; the watchmen to receive five pounds ten shillings each man for service from 4th December to 1st May; each of the constables, for their encouragement, to receive twenty shillings additional.

Dock and Slips (February, 1735).—Conditions of leasing: The lessee to pay the rent to the Treasurer; to keep the dock and slips in good order; to give a bond for security of the rent; any person to be allowed to take mud from the dock and slips.

Work-house on the Commons (March, 1735).—Contract for building made.

Watchmen (May, 1735).—Six watchmen appointed (three for each night, with a constable), to serve for two months. [This system of temporary employment of watchmen was in operation for some years.]

The Charter and Common Seal of the City (July, 1735).—It is ordained, that the charter granted by George II. (Montgomerie's), and the common seal thereof, shall (as they now really are) remain lodged in the hands of the Common Clerk of the city for the time being; that the said seal shall not be fixed to any writing unless by order of the Common Council, in their assembly; the Mayor, however, to affix the seal to letters of attorney, etc., as heretofore.*

Markets (November, 1735).—Forasmuch as the markets are chiefly supplied by country people, by water-carriage, as the tides, wind, and weather permit, so that no certain days can be fixed as most convenient for market-days, it is ordained that every day (except Sunday) be a public market-day in the following public market-houses: That at the slip commonly called Coenties dock; at the Old slip, commonly called Burger's path; at the lower end of Wall street, and at or near Countess' key.

That hucksters shall not buy, to sell again, until the afternoon.

That, to prevent forestalling of commodities, no person shall buy provisions, within the city or its liberties, on their way to market.

That no unwholesome victuals or blown or leprous meat be sold therein.

That all butter, in quantities not exceeding six pounds, be marked with the weight thereon, and be forfeited to the poor if not according to the mark.

That a standing committee of the Common Council be appointed to superintend and repair the markets; to apportion the stalls, and contract for the letting of them.

That country people may freely take any stalls, not leased, which they may happen to find unoccupied; the Clerk of the Market hereafter not to receive any

* This law was passed in view of some difference with the Mayor, who had possession of the charter and seal. Counsel having advised that the Common Council had the right to control the custody of the charter and seal, the Mayor delivered them to the Clerk, and the Common Council thereupon authorized the making of a seal for the Mayor.

of the fees or income of the market, other than for examining and sealing weights and measures.

THE USES OF THE CITY SEAL, THE SEAL OF THE MAYOR'S COURT, AND THE MAYORALTY SEAL DECLARED (November, 1735).—The city seal not to be put to any writing, except such grants, leases, freedoms, warrants, licenses, or other instruments, as shall concern the corporation in point of interest or otherwise, and that by order of the Board, or as to freedoms by order of the Mayor's Court.

The seal of the Mayor's Court to be put to all process issuing out of the Mayor's Court and Court of General Sessions of the Peace, to warrants, licenses to cartmen, ale-house and tavern-keepers, and victuallers.

The Mayoralty seal to be affixed to all such writings as are usual and customary to be certified under the public seal of any Mayoralty.

HAY (November, 1735).—It is ordained, that no hay be unloaded south of fresh water, except at the following places: At Hudson's river, near the house late of Thomas Eld,* and to the northward thereof; at the south end of Broadway, near Whitehall; at Rodman's slip, in Queen street, and at any slip to the eastward thereof.

Cartmen to receive nine-pence per load for carting hay in bundles.

CARTMEN (November, 1735).—It is ordained, that the Common Council may license such ancient cartmen, and others who are disabled by old age, sickness, lameness, and other infirmities, as are not able to walk by and drive their carts on foot, to sit upon the shafts of their carts, and drive the same, for their ease and relief; provided, they drive not their carts faster than a walk or foot-pace, and not a trot, but slowly and patiently,

POOR-HOUSE, WORK-HOUSE, AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION (March, 1736).—A committee selected to appoint a proper person to be overseer thereof; such person to be capable to set the poor to work and to correct the contumacious; the committee also to see what manufactures it will be best to employ the poor upon, such as carding, knitting, spinning, dressing hemp or flax, picking oakum, etc.; that such poor as are able to work may not eat the bread of sloth and idleness, and be a burthen to the public.

PACKERS, GUAGERS, ETC. (March, 1736).—Packers not to mark barrels of beef, pork, or fish, which do not contain thirty-one gallons or more, and so on in proportion.

POOR-HOUSE, WORK-HOUSE, AND HOUSE OF CORRECTION (March, 1736).—Furnished with tools, etc., for employment of the paupers; and it was resolved that the keeper render an account, on oath, every three months, stating the use and profits which have arisen therein; that the Church-wardens be appointed Overseers of the Poor, and that they have the direction and management of the said house of correction, work-house, and poor-house, so far as relates to furnishing provisions.

Persons sent to the house of correction to be employed on some sort of labor,

* Foot of present Battery place.—[D, T, V.

and on refusal to work, may be moderately whipped; beggars to be sent to the house of correction.

Parish children to be religiously educated, and taught to read, write, and cast accounts, and to be employed in such labor as may qualify them to be put out apprentices.

A large vegetable-garden to be laid out around the said house, the profits to be paid to the Church-wardens, towards the better relief of the poor.

The inhabitants to have liberty to send unruly slaves to the said house for punishment; such slave-owner to pay to the master of the house of correction, for entrance, one shilling; for whipping or other punishment, one shilling and six-pence; and for discharging such slave, one shilling; and if such slave be confined in said house, the owner to pay seven-pence per day.

Beef and Pork (September, 1736).—Not to be exported from this city until the same is repacked and branded by the sworn packers.

November, 1736.—Former laws renewed for one year.

November, 1737.—The like order.

Firemen (September, 1738).—Reciting, that, by a late act of Assembly, the Corporation of New York were authorized to elect a sufficient number of firemen to have charge of the fire-engines,* and to be ready to attend fires, an equal number to be appointed from each of the six wards; therefore, thirty persons are appointed (naming them).

It is ordained, that the firemen enjoy the privileges given by the act of Assembly, on condition of their subjecting themselves to the following rules and regulations:

1. Upon notice of the happening of a fire, they are to take the engines and assist in its extinguishment, and afterwards to wash the engines, and preserve them in good order.

2. If absent from a fire, without reasonable cause, to forfeit twelve shillings.

3. Once in each month to exercise the engines, so as to keep them in good order.

4. For any neglect of his duty, a fireman may be removed.

5. They are to be exempt from serving as constables, surveyors of highways, on juries or inquests, or in the militia, or any of the independent companies, except in case of imminent danger.

6. Forfeitures to be recovered before the Mayor, Recorder, or any Alderman.

November, 1738.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

November, 1739.—The like order.

Negroes and Indian Slaves (August, 1740).—Whereas, of late years, great numbers of negroes, Indians, and mulatto slaves have made it a common practice of buying, selling and exposing to sale in the public streets great quantities of boiled Indian-corn, pears, peaches, apples, and other kinds of fruit, which pernicious practice is not only detrimental to their masters, but productive of increasing, if not occasioning, many and dangerous fevers, and other dis-

* Two had recently been imported from England.

empers and diseases in the inhabitants, it is ordained, that any slave (those coming to market from the Out Ward excepted) that shall be convicted of selling such articles, shall be whipped at the public whipping-post of the city, unless the master pay a fine of six shillings.

November, 1740.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

November, 1741.—The like order.

MARKETS (November, 1741).—It is ordained, that butchers and others coming to the public markets shall pay, towards keeping the market in good order, as follows: For each head of cattle killed, one shilling; for every hog or shoat, three-pence; for every sheep, calf, or lamb, two-pence. The lessee of the market to receive the aforesaid sums. Country people may sell in the meal-market and in the Broadway market, beef, pork, veal, mutton, and lamb, in great or small quantities, first paying the fees to the lessee of the market; the Wall street market-house and the Broadway market-house declared to be likewise grain and meal-markets.

WATCHMEN* (December, 1741).—Pursuant to an act of Assembly, concerning a night-watch in this city, and to enable the Corporation to raise £574 12s. to defray the charge thereof, it is resolved, that thirty-six men be appointed as the night-watch of this city for the ensuing year; said watch to be divided into three divisions; three of the said thirty-six men to be overseers of the watch, one of which overseers and eleven watchmen shall watch each night, from an hour after the setting of the sun till the beating of the reveille next morning, and so each division in their turn; each overseer to have for his services two and six-pence each night he shall watch.

SLAVES (March, 1742).—It is ordained, that no negro, mulatto or Indian slave within the city shall, on any Lord's-day or Sunday, presume to fetch any water other than from the next well or pump to the place of their abode, or shall presume to ride any horse through any of the streets or on the Common; every slave so offending, to be whipped at the public whipping-post, at the discretion of a magistrate, not exceeding forty lashes, unless his master pay a fine of three shillings.

POLICE (August, 1742).—Ordered, that on every Sunday morning, from daylight to the time of setting the military guard, and from five o'clock, P.M., or at the discharge of said military guard, to the evening, the following method be pursued, to prevent the irregularities lately so much practiced by negroes, children, and others, on the Sabbath-day:

That one Alderman, one petty constable, and four firemen, do walk around the city during the time aforesaid.

That one Assistant, the High Constable or a marshal, one petty constable, and three firemen, do the like duty on the next Sunday.

November, 1742.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

NIGHT-WATCH (December, 1742).—For the reason that of late years great numbers of convicts come to this city, and for the prevention of insurrection and

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* The immediate occasion of this ordinance was the celebrated negro plot of the preceding year.—[D. T. V.

plots of slaves, it is deemed necessary that a sufficient night-watch be kept; therefore, it is ordained,

That every inhabitant south of fresh water, able to watch or to find a substitute, ought to keep watch.

That one of the constables, with eleven watchmen (or as many as shall from time to time be appointed), keep watch from an hour after sun-set till day-light the next morning.

The inhabitants of the East Ward to keep watch nine nights successively; those of the Dock Ward, six nights; those of the North Ward, six nights; those of the South Ward, five nights; those of the West Ward, five nights; and those of Montgomerie Ward, five nights, and so in their respective turns.

The Alderman and Assistant of each ward to nominate a constable, to have the direction of the watch. The inhabitants, who are to watch, to be designated in rotation, until the whole have watched. Notice to be given them the day previous.

Fines imposed for neglect of duty.

The constable to send out at the first rounds four men, precisely at an hour after sun-set. Immediately upon their return, to send out four others, who shall not return in less than one hour. Upon the return of the second rounds, the constable to go out with the remaining three men, to remain an hour, and so alternately, till day-light.

MARKETS (March, 1743).—The fine for forestalling reduced to six shillings.

November, 1743.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

TO PREVENT NUISANCES* (May, 1744).—Reciting, that as the public health depends, in great measure, upon pure air, and as during the two preceding summers a most noisome smell was perceived in the south-east part of the city, where a mortal distemper then raged, while other parts of the city remained in perfect health, from which it was supposed that it was in part occasioned by the filthy condition of certain slips; but there is reason, also, to believe that the smell arose from sundry tan-pits, and other pits of tanners and leather-dressers, and from raw hides and blubber used in their business.

It is ordained, that no person shall keep any tan-pit, or vat of standing water for tanning purposes, or carry on the tanner's business, to the southward of fresh water. And no person shall keep any live hog south of the fresh water. That no dye of hatters, or other corrupted water be permitted to run in the gutters, from the 25th of March till the 1st of November, in each year. No filth shall be cast into the street, or remain twenty-four hours in the house. No dung or filth to be placed on the commons, south of the poor-house, under penalties.

November, 1744.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

SEWER AT FLY-MARKET (April, 1745).—An ordinance to prevent the same from becoming a nuisance.

November, 1745.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

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* The occasion of this ordinance was an indictment, by the Grand Jury, of the following places the city as nuisances: Beekman slip, Burling slip, the Fly slip, and Old slip.

WATCH (December, 1745).*—Ordered, that in future the city watch consist of no more than seven men and a constable, and that no person belonging to the militia, that mount guard in the night, be put upon the city watch during the time they so mount guard.

November, 1746.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

November, 1747.—The like order.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL (March, 1747).—Not being present at meetings for half an hour, after ringing of the bell, to forfeit two shillings and six-pence; and if not present at all, shall forfeit five shillings.

WELLS (June, 1748).—That a well be sunk in Broadway, near Spring Garden, and that the Corporation contribute eight pounds towards the expense.

And that the neighborhood of John street have liberty to sink a well, and the Corporation will contribute eight pounds.

December, 1748.—A portion of the former laws reënacted for one year.

February, 1750.—The same reënacted for one year.

WATCHMEN (December, 1750).—Ordered, that six of the watchmen be ordered to go their rounds until April next, in the following order:—two to go out first, and one of them to carry a bell with him, and the other his staff. The bell to be rung at the most public corners and places in the city, and also give notice of the time of night. And the other four shall set out soon after the first two, and take a different route, and shall all meet together at such places as shall be directed by the person having charge of the watch that night, and go out as often as shall be by him directed.

February, 1751.—The former laws reënacted for one year.

FREEMEN (March, 1751).—Merchants hereafter to pay five pounds for freedom.

February, 1752.—Former laws reënacted for three months.

May, 1752.—Same order.

September, 1752.—Same order.

May, 1753.—Same order.

July, 1753.—Same order.

November, 1753.—Same order.

May, 1754.—Same order.

November, 1754.—Same order for one year.

STRANGERS (November, 1754).—The clause requiring masters of vessels to give account of their passengers, repealed. And, instead thereof, it was ordered, that if the master of any vessel import any strangers into the the city, and shall not, within two hours after his arrival, give in their names to the city authorities, he shall forfeit forty shillings.

CLEANING STREETS (November, 1754).—That part of the law as to the lumbering of the streets, repealed, and a clause substituted, that if any person encumber any of the streets, wharves, etc., with boards, anchors, timbers, etc., etc., longer than eight days, he should forfeit forty shillings.

November, 1755.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

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* This was during the French war.—[D. T. V.

Selling Liquors to Soldiers (December, 1756).—Whereas, the practice of selling liquor to soldiers in the garrison, has occasioned desertions and other offences, it is ordained, that if any retailer of liquor give or sell the same to any private sentinel, between rising and setting of the sun, he shall forfeit forty shillings.

November, 1756.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

November, 1757.—The like order.

Prevention of Fire (November, 1757).—No person to put any hay or straw in barracks, or piles in their yards, or gardens, south of fresh water, except in close buildings. No persons to keep hay or straw in buildings, south of the fresh water, which shall be within ten feet of any fire-place or chimney, under a penalty.

Unripe Fruit and Oysters (November, 1757).—The law in relation to, amended; and a clause added, that if any one, from 15th May to 15th August, shall sell, or expose to sale oysters, within this city, he shall forfeit twenty shillings.

Packers and Cullers (November, 1757).—The law in relation to, amended as to their fees, and new fees established.

Watchmen (March, 1758).—The law amended as to the turns of watching. And it was ordained that every inhabitant, south of the fresh water, being able to watch, or to find a substitute, watch in manner following: Those of the West Ward, nine nights successively; then those of the South Ward, five nights; then those of the Dock Ward, five nights; then those of the East Ward, ten nights; then those of the North Ward, eight nights; then those of Montgomerie Ward, eleven nights; and so on alternately.

November, 1758.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

Fish (November, 1758).—Whereas, the getting of certain fish, called bass or twalft, in the months of December, January, and February, is found to have been the cause of a great decrease of that kind of fish, for many years past; and inasmuch as the same are unwholesome at that time, it is ordained, that if any person, in the months named, sell, or offer for sale within this city, the kind of fish mentioned, he shall forfeit forty shillings. And if the offender be a negro, mulatto, or Indian slave, he shall likewise receive corporal punishment at the public whipping-post, unless the master pay the forfeiture.

Dockage (March, 1759).—It is ordained, that masters or owners of vessels, upon their coming to the docks, or piers, belonging to the Corporation, to lie at the same, shall immediately pay to the dock-master, to be appointed for that purpose, as follows: For every vessel belonging to the city, or colony, or to New Jersey, or Connecticut, (as far as Fisher's Island,) of the burthen of five tons, or under, six shillings per year; and if over that burthen, at the rate of one shilling per ton.

Other coasting vessels to pay by the month, at every voyage. Every vessel of ten tons, six shillings; from ten to twenty tons, twelve shillings; from twenty to thirty tons, twenty shillings; from thirty to forty tons, thirty shillings; from forty to fifty tons, forty shillings; from fifty to seventy-five tons, forty-five shillings; over seventy-five tons, fifty shillings.

Vessels not to lie in the docks, etc., longer than a convenient time for loading and unloading.

None to make fast or haul down to the bridge in the Great dock, nor to carreen at any of the docks, or in the slips, nor to keep fire on board in the night.

Anchors, etc., not to be cast in the docks, nor filth, timber, etc., thrown therein.

No vessels, except small craft, canoes, etc., to come in the slip at the end of the Fly-market.

No vessels, except such as hereinbefore permitted, to lie at any of the docks of the Corporation, at any other time than from 20th December to 20th March, under penalty for each day; and for their lying, from 20th December to 20th March, to pay to the dock-master for every day, loading or unloading, six shillings; and for every day, not loading, etc., one shilling and six-pence.

The dock-master to give directions as to the lying, and berths of vessels.

The dock-master to collect the penalties; one-half to be kept by him, and the other half to be paid to the Church-wardens, for use of the poor.

PAVING AND CLEANING THE STREETS (July, 1759).—In addition to the former law, it is ordained, that if any negro, mulatto, or Indian slave shall be convicted of offence against these laws, he shall be publicly whipped, unless the master pay the informer six shillings.

November, 1759.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

RAFFLING (February, 1760).—Forasmuch as the disposing of goods by raffling, or similar means of chance, have proved subversive of good morals, and pernicious to slaves, children, and others—it is ordained, that any person disposing of goods by raffling, casting the die in this city, etc., shall forfeit three pounds—one-half to the Church-wardens, and one-half to the informer.

November, 1760.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

GUAGERS, PACKERS AND CULLERS (December, 1760).—The law in relation, amended to conform to the acts of Assembly therein referred to.

APPLE BARRELS, AND WEIGHT OF ONIONS (August, 1761).—Whereas, frequent complaints have been made of abuses committed in the sale of apples and onions, it is ordained, that every barrel of apples that shall be brought to this city, for sale or exportation, shall contain twenty-four gallons, at least, under a penalty of forty shillings, and every bunch or rope of onions shall weigh at least four pounds, nett weight, per bunch, under like penalty.

MARKETS (August, 1761).—The law amended by repealing a part thereof, and substituting a clause that hucksters and forestallers shall not enter into any market, to purchase, until the afternoon of each day, under penalty of ten shillings.

November, 1761.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

GUAGERS OF LIQUORS, PACKERS OF BEEF AND PORK, AND CULLERS OF STAVES, HEADING AND HOOPS (January, 1762).—It is ordained, that there be so many of these officers as the Mayor thinks fit to appoint. And that to the packers of beef and pork an oath be administered, in conformity to a recent act of Assembly, and that the usual oath be administered to guagers and cullers.

No beef or pork to be shipped from this port until it has been re-packed, The packers not to mark casks unless of good quality. The packer not to brand any barrel unless it contain two hundred and twenty pounds nett weight of beef, or two hundred and ten pounds nett of pork.

No staves or hoops, etc., to be shipped, unless culled by sworn cullers. The fees of cullers and packers regulated. The size and quality of staves prescribed.

Oysters (January, 1762).—The ordinance of November, 1757, repealed, and the following substituted: If any person, during the months of May, June, July or August, shall sell, or offer to sell any oysters, within this city, he shall forfeit twenty shillings.

Hay (September, 1762).—It is ordained, that no hay be sold but by the hundred weight, allowing to each hundred, 112 pounds, under penalty of forfeiture of all such hay as shall be sold by measure.

"Machines or engines," and scales and weights for weighing wagons and hay, shall be erected at the three places following: One at the south end of the Broadway market; one at Whitehall slip, and one near the dwelling-house of the Widow Van Kuren, in Montgomerie's Ward.

The following persons may erect them at their own expense, viz: Isaac Van Hook, near Broadway market; Richard Weston, at Whitehall slip; and John Depeyster, jr., near widow Van Kuren's.

Price for weighing, 1s. 6d.; each load to be paid, half by seller and half by buyer.

Carts and wagons to be weighed and marked.

Cartmen's rates fixed.

November, 1762.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

Firewood (February, 1762).—The former laws repealed, and the following substituted:

1. Firewood to be four feet long.
2. No cordwood to be landed till sold.
3. No firewood to be sold otherwise than by the cord measure.
4. Inspectors to be appointed by the Mayor, to be inspectors of the cording.
5. Penalties and forfeiture.

Price of Beef and other Butcher's meat (August, 1763).—A committee reported that they were of opinion the Common Council had full authority to regulate and assize the prices of all kinds of provisions set to sale in this city for the consumption of its inhabitants, and reported an ordinance concerning beef and other butcher's meat, of which the following is an abstract:

A Law for regulating the Public Markets, and for preventing the forestalling of Provisions.

1. Every day in the week, Sundays excepted, is appointed to be market-day. The market-places designated—at Coenties' dock, at the Old slip or Burger's path, at Countess' key, and in the Broadway.

2. Hucksters and retailers not to enter in the market until afternoon, for the purchase of provisions, etc., to sell again.

3. Hucksters and retailers are not, at any time, to expose their goods for sale in any of the markets or streets of the city.

4. None to forestall provisions coming to the market (fish excepted).

5. No unwholesome victuals to be exposed for sale.

6. Butter, in quantities less than six pounds, to be marked with the weight.

7. The fees of the market fixed as follows: For cattle, every four quarters, one shilling, and so in proportion for greater or less quantities; hogs, shoats or pigs, three-pence; calf, sheep or lamb, two-pence.

8. Country people may sell meat, cut up, or otherwise, on paying the fees.

9. Country people to sell meat raised on their farms without paying fees.

[MEM.—This ordinance does not seem to carry out the objects stated by the committee, and there seems to have been an error in their clerk entering the old market ordinance, instead of the new law of assize, as reported. That an assize of butcher's meat was enacted, appears, however, from an entry in the records of 23d December, 1763, as follows: "*Whereas*, It hath this day been represented to this Board that John Carpenter, of the said city, butcher, hath openly and contemptuously declared that he would sell his beef for four-pence half-penny per pound, in spite of all that the wise heads that made the law could do, or words to that effect, it is therefore ordered, that said Carpenter show cause why he should not be disfranchised." And in the case of Jacob Arden, another refractory butcher, the Board requested the Mayor to turn him forthwith from the markets (he not being a freeman). On the appearance of Carpenter, and the charge being proved, he was disfranchised.]

ASSIZE OF BEEF AND PROVISIONS.—On the same day (23d December, 1763) it was ordained, that a certain ordinance, entitled a law for repealing a law entitled a law for assizing all kinds of victuals to be set to sale in the public markets, and for establishing a new assize for that purpose, as far forth as the same assize fix and regulate the prices of provisions or victuals to be sold in this city or the markets thereof, be and the same is hereby repealed. And it is further ordained, that the prices of victuals and provisions to be sold in the said city and the markets thereof, be as follows:

Beef, four-pence half penny per pound.
Pork, five-pence half penny "
Veal (hind-quarter) six-pence per pound.
" (fore-quarter) four-pence half penny per pound.
Mutton, four-pence half penny per pound.
Butter, fifteen-pence "
Milk, six coppers per quart.

ASSIZE OF BREAD (January, 1764).—A white loaf of the finest flour, to weigh one pound twelve ounces, four coppers.

[MEM.—It had always been usual, since and during the times of the Dutch, to regulate the price of bread, as has been seen by the abstracts of the laws. The assize was established and published every two or three months, as occasion required. To observe how the prices changed, we give the next assize, 20th March, 1764. A white loaf, etc., to weigh two pounds one ounce, for four cop-

pers. The next, on 11th May, 1764, a white loaf, to weigh two pounds two ounces, four coppers.

The following is the table from which the Board regulated their assize of Bread. It is calculated for the various prices of flour, from 10s. to 22s. 9d. per cwt.

Price of Flour.		Weight of a Loaf of Bread for four coppers.		Weight of a Loaf of Bread for two coppers.		Quantity of four copper loaves made of 112 lbs of flour.		Amount of the Bread.			Profits, for baking, etc., per cwt. of flour.	
s.	d.	lb.	oz.	lb.	oz.	lb.	oz.	s.	coppers		s.	coppers.
10	0	2	9	1	4	56	40	16	4		6	4
10	3	2	8	1	3½	58	16	16	9		6	5½
10	9	2	7	1	3	59	35	17	1		6	4½
11	3	2	6	1	2½	61	18	17	8		6	4½
11	9	2	5	1	2	63	11	18	1		6	4½
12	3	2	4	1	1½	64	32	18	7		6	3½
12	9	2	3	1	1	66	26	19	1		6	4½
13	3	2	2	1	0½	68	24	19	9		6	5½
14	0	2	1	1	0	70	26	20	3		6	3
14	6	2	0	0	15½	73	00	20	12		6	5
15	3	1	15	0	15	75	4	21	7		6	3½
16	0	1	14	0	14½	77	26	22	3		6	3
16	9	1	13	0	14	80	16	23	0		6	3½
17	6	1	12	0	13½	83	12	23	12		6	5
18	6	1	11	0	13	86	14	24	10		6	3
19	3	1	10	0	12½	89	22	25	9		6	5½
20	6	1	9	0	12	93	4	26	10		6	3
21	6	1	8	0	11½	97	8	27	11		6	4
22	9	1	7	0	11	101	13	29	0		6	3½

This table is calculated, allowing every 112 lbs. of flour, when baked, to deliver 146 lbs. of loaf bread, and allowing for baking, wood and yeast, six shillings and three-pence per cwt. of flour.]

November, 1763.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

November, 1764.—The like order.

November, 1765.—The like order.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES (July, 1766).—It is ordained, that none shall slaughter cattle but at the public slaughter-houses erected on the ground of Nicholas Bayard. That if any person in the Out Ward permits any person to kill on his premises, except for his own use, he should forfeit 20s.

The fees of the keepers of the slaughter-houses were the sum of 1s. for each head of neat cattle, killed by a butcher, and a like sum, or the tongue of the animal, if killed by any other person than a butcher.

November, 1766.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

CARTS AND FIREWOOD (November, 1766).—The Committee appointed to prepare the draft of a bill to ascertain the size of carts and regulate the sale of firewood in the city of New York, produced to this Board a bill accordingly, and the same being read and approved, it was ordered that it be published.

[MEM.—This ordinance does not appear to be engrossed, and is the first instance of the kind.]

December, 1767.—Former laws reenacted for one year.

UNRIPE FRUIT AND OYSTERS (May, 1768).—Reciting that, *Whereas*, By the second section of the law on this subject, it is ordained, that if any person shall, during the months of May, June, July and August, sell any oysters in this city, he was subjected to a penalty of three pounds—it is ordained, that the said section shall relate to prohibit the taking oysters within the said months from the banks or bay, within the limits of this city, and the north side of Staten Island only; and the other part of the section is repealed.

December, 1769.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

ASSIZE OF BUTTER (September, 1769).—So much of the law for assizing meats and provisions as relates to the article of butter was repealed.

STAVES, ETC. (December, 1769).—A law, entitled "A law to ascertain the size, dimensions and quality of staves, heading, hoops, boards, timber, shingles and plank, which shall be brought to this city for sale," was read and approved.

(Not inserted in the minutes.)

This law was repealed in August, 1770, and another substituted.

(Not inserted in the minutes.)

December, 1770.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

MARKETS (February, 1771).—"*Whereas*, Country people are now authorized to sell meat in the same manner as butchers, and, in order to accommodate them, four tables and a platform and benches have been erected in Fly-market, which tables are, at times, occupied by butchers and hucksters, to the prejudice of the country people—that no such butcher or huckster shall use any of those tables, under forfeiture of the provisions thereon displayed.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSES (June, 1771).—On account of inconvenience to people of the Out Ward from the law as it now stands, it is ordained, that all persons shall have liberty to slaughter their own cattle on their own lands in the Out Ward, northward of a line beginning at the beginning of the lane that leads from Bowery lane to the house of Mr. Nicholas Bayard, and running west to the North river; and also northward of a line commencing at the lane passing the house of James Delancey, and running east to the East river.

FIRE, PREVENTION OF (November, 1771).—"*Whereas*, There is now a fine imposed of 40s. upon any person whose chimney shall take fire; and as the inhabitants are frequently alarmed at such occurrences, and the law is not enforced, from the reason that no informer appears, it is ordained, that all forfeitures incurred in such cases, shall be appropriated to the firemen.

December, 1771.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

GUNPOWDER (March, 1772).—The clerk produced the draft of a law, entitled a law to amend a law entitled a law for the better securing the city of New York from the dangers of gunpowder, which was approved. (Not inserted in the minutes.)

December, 1772.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

HAY (June, 1773).—It is ordained,

1. That no cartman shall cart hay brought to this city, who shall not first take an oath to inspect the same, to see that it be well cured, etc.

2. That the cartmen shall cart no other but well-cured hay.



Weingärtner's Lith.N.Y. for D.T.Valentine's Manual 1858.

ATLANTIC GARDEN HOUSE (BURNS' COFFEE HOUSE in 1765.)

Broadway, opposite Bowling Green.

3. If any dispute arise between seller and purchaser of hay, as to its quality, it shall be referred (upon application to a magistrate) to three indifferent persons.

4. No hay, not well cured, etc., to be sold in the city, under penalty.

5. The persons appointed weigh-masters, to take an oath faithfully to perform their duty.

Fines and penalties under this act to be given to the prosecutor.

POLICE (July, 1773).—The marshals and constables to be allowed 2s. for taking up each vagrant.

December, 1773.—Laws reënacted for one year.

WATCHMEN AND LAMPLIGHTERS (March, 1774).—Sixteen persons employed to watch every night for one year, at £32 each; and eight persons every other night, at £16 per annum.

WATCHMEN (June, 1775).—The committee appointed to draw up some necessary orders and regulations respecting the city watch, presented the same, which were approved, and it was ordered that copies be delivered to the captains of the watch for their guidance. (Not inserted.)

January, 1776.—Former laws reënacted for one year.

These laws (the last under colonial authority) were enumerated by their titles, as follows:

1. A law for the due observation of the Lord's-day, called Sunday.
2. A law to prevent strangers from being a charge to this Corporation.
3. A law to appoint sworn surveyors of this city.
4. A law for the better preventing of fire.
5. A law for marking of bread.
6. A law for regulating negroes, mulattoes and other slaves.
7. A law for regulating carts and cartmen.
8. A law to regulate the office of guagers of liquors and packers of beef and pork.
9. A law relating to making freemen.
10. A law for regulating the lying of vessels within the docks and slips of this city, and ascertaining the rates to be paid for the same.
11. A law for preserving the Commons.
12. A law for regulating and establishing fees for the inviters to funerals.
13. A law for paving and cleaning the streets, lanes and alleys within the city of New York, and for preventing nuisances within the same.
14. A law for the better sweeping and cleaning the streets, lanes and alleys within the city of New York, and for the good government of the scavengers of the said city.
15. A law prohibiting hawkers and peddlers.
16. A law to regulate the sale of firewood in the city of New York.
17. A law for marking of butter.
18. A law for regulating of fences.
19. A law for regulating of midwives within the city of New York.
20. A law for regulating the office of chamberlain or treasurer of the city of New York.

21. A law for the better securing the city of New York from the danger of gunpowder.

22. A law declaring to what uses the seal of this Corporation, the seal of the Mayor's Court, and the seal of the Mayoralty of this city, shall be put.

23. A law for regulating the public markets within the city of New York, and for preventing the forestalling of provisions coming to said markets.

24. A law for the better regulating of the public markets of the city of New York.

25. A law to regulate the sale of fruit and oysters within the city of New York.

26. A law to restrain and prohibit the giving or selling of strong liquors to any of the private sentinels of his Majesty's garrison in the city of New York.

27. A law to prevent raffling in the city of New York.

28. A law to ascertain the size of apple-barrels and the weight of onions that shall be brought to this city for sale.

29. A law prohibiting the sale of hay by measure, and for appointing inspectors.

30. A law for appointing inspectors of hay brought to this city for sale, and to oblige the weigh-masters to take an oath of office.

31. A law for regulating the public slaughter-houses within the city of New York.

32. A law to ascertain the size, dimensions and quality of staves, heading, hoops, boards, timber, shingles and plank, which shall be brought to the city for sale.

33. A law for regulating of measures in the city of New York.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y.

for D. T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

AN INDIAN VILLAGE OF THE MANHATTANS,

prior to the occupation, by the Dutch.

MANNERS AND CUSTOMS OF THE INDIANS ON MANHATTAN ISLAND.

A BRIEF SKETCH OF THE MANNERS AND CUSTOMS OF THE INDIANS ON MANHATTAN ISLAND, AS EXTRACTED FROM EARLY WORKS BY DUTCH RESIDENTS.

From De Laet's "Description of the Great or North River of the New Netherlands, and the diffrent people who dwell therein."

"On the right, or eastern bank of the river, from its mouth, dwell the *Manhattæ* or *Manatthanes*, a fierce nation, and hostile to our people, from whom, nevertheless, they purchased the island or point of land which is separated from the main by Helle-gat, and where they laid the foundations of a city, called New Amsterdam. On the left, or western bank of the river, dwell the *Sanhicans*, the deadly enemies of the former nation, and a better and more decent people. They live along the shores of the bay and within the land. Opposite to the Manhattans dwell the Machkentiwonu, and within the first bend of the river, on the same side, the Tappaanes.

"The barbarians are divided into many nations, and the people differ much from one another in language, though very little in manners. Their clothing is composed of the skins of wild animals, especially beavers, foxes and the like, sewed together in the manner of savages, with which they clothe themselves entirely in winter and slightly in summer. Their food, principally, consists of maize, or Indian corn, from which they bake cakes, resembling bread; fish, birds, and wild game. Their weapons are bows and arrows, the latter pointed with sharp flint-stones, or the bones of fishes. Their boats are one piece of wood, hollowed out by fire from the solid trunks of trees. Some of them lead a wandering life in the open air, with no settled habitations, lying stretched upon the ground, or on mats made of bulrushes, they take both their sleep and food, especially in summer, when they go nearer to the sea, for the sake of fishing. Others have fixed places of abode, and dwellings built with rafters, in the form of an oven, covered above with the bark of trees, so large that they are sufficient for several families. Their household furniture is mean and scanty, consisting of mats and wooden dishes, together with hatchets, made of hard flint-stone, by dint of savage labor, and tubes for smoking tobacco, formed, likewise, of flint-stone, ingeniously perforated, so that it is surprising how, in so great a want of iron implements, they are able to carve the stone. They neither know nor desire riches.

"They have no sense of religion—no worship of God; they, indeed, pay homage to the devil, but not so solemnly, nor with such ceremonies as the Africans do. They call him, in their language, *Menutto* or *Menetto*, and whatever is wonderful, and seems to exceed human capacity, they also call Menetto. They have no form of political government, except that they have their chiefs, whom they call *Sackmos* or *Sagamos*, who are almost always the heads of families, for they rarely exceed the limits of one family connection. They are, like most barbarians, suspicious and fearful, though greedy of revenge. They are fickle, but, if humanely treated, hospitable, and ready to perform a service. They ask only a small remuneration for what they do, and will make very long journeys in a short time, with greater fidelity than could be justly expected from such a barbarous people."

From Vanderdonck's New Netherlands.

"Their houses are usually constructed in the same manner, without any particular costliness or curiosity in or to the same. Sometimes they build their houses above a hundred feet long, but never more than twenty feet wide. When they build a house, they place long slender hickory saplings in the ground, having the bark stripped off as far asunder as they intend the breadth of the house to be, and continuing the rows as far as it is intended the length shall be. These sapling-poles are bent over towards each other in the form of an arch, and secured together, having the appearance of a garden arbour. The sapling-poles are then crossed with split poles, in the form of lathing, which are well fastened to the upright work. The lathings are heaviest near the ground. A space of about a foot wide is left in the crown of the arch. For covering, they use the bark of ash, chesnut, and other trees, which they peel off in pieces of about six feet long, and as broad as they can. They cover their houses, laying the smooth side inward, leaving an open space of about a foot wide in the crown, to let out smoke. They lap the side edges and ends over each other, having regard to the shrinking of the bark, securing the covering with withes to the lathings. A crack or rent they shut up, and in this manner they make their houses proof against wind and rain. They have one door in the centre of the house. When the bark of the ash and chesnut trees is not loose, they have recourse to the timber trees which grow along the brooks, the bark of which can be taken off during the whole summer season. Durability is a primary object in their houses. In short, their houses are tight, and tolerably warm, but they know nothing of chambers, halls, and closetings. They kindle and keep their fires in the middle of their houses, from one end to the other, and the opening in the crown of the roof lets out the smoke. From sixteen to eighteen families frequently dwell in one house, according to its size. The fire being kept in the middle, the people lay on either side thereof, and each family has its own place. If they have a place for a pot or kettle, with a few small articles, with a place to sleep, they have room enough, and in this manner a hundred, and frequently many more, dwell together in one house. Such is the construction of an Indian dwelling in every place, unless they are out on hunting and fishing expeditions, and then they erect temporary huts or shanties.

"All their agriculture is performed by the women; the men give themselves very little trouble about the same, except those who are old; they, with the young children, will do some labor, under the direction of the women. They cultivate no wheat, oats, barley, or rye, and know nothing of ploughing, spading, and spitting up the soil, and are not neat and cleanly in their fields. The grain which they raise for bread and mush, or sapaen, is maize, or turkey-corn, and they raise also various kinds of beans. They also plant tobacco for their own use, which is not so good as ours, and of a different kind, that does not require as much labor and attendance. Of garden vegetables, they raise none, except pumpkins and squashes. They usually leave their fields and garden-spots open, uninclosed and unprotected by fencing, and take very little care of the same, though they raise an abundance of corn and beans, of which we obtain whole cargoes in sloops and galleys in trade. Of manuring and proper tillage they know nothing. All their tillage is done by the hand, and with small adzes,

which they purchase from us. Although little can be said in favor of their husbandry, still they prefer their practice to ours, because our methods require too much labor and care to please them.

"The Indians are naturally (with few exceptions) of taciturn, steady, and pensive dispositions and tempers, and of few words, which are well-considered, uttered slowly, and long remembered. They say no more than is necessary to the subject in hand. When they want to buy or sell any article, they say no more than is necessary to the bargain. On other occasions they talk of no subjects, except hunting, fishing, and war. Their young men frequently entertain each other on their gallantry with young female connections. They despise lying, and still they are not very precise in the performance of their engagements. Swearing and scolding are not heard among them, unless it be among those who have learned those habits from us. They do not possess great wisdom or extensive knowledge, but reasonable understanding, resulting from practical experience. They are very revengeful and obstinate, even unto death, and when in trouble they disregard and despise all pain and torture that can be done to them, and will sing with proud contempt until death terminates their sufferings. When abroad, they spend their time in hunting, fishing, or war. At home, they smoke tobacco, and play a game with pieces of reeds, resembling our card-playing. The old men knit nets and make wooden bowls and ladles.

"Whenever an Indian departs this life, all the residents of the place assemble at the funeral. After the body has been watched and wept over several days and nights, they bring it to the grave, wherein they do not lay it down, but place it in a sitting posture upon a stone or a block of wood, as if the body were sitting upon a stool; then they place a pot, kettle, platter, and spoon, with some provisions and money, near the body in the grave; this, they say, is necessary for the journey to the other world. Then they place as much wood around the body as will keep the earth from it. Above the grave they place a large pile of wood, stone, or earth, and around and above the same they place palisades, resembling a small dwelling. The nearest relatives, particularly the women (the men seldom exhibiting much excitement), have their period of lamentation, when they make dreadful wailing. The use and tokens of mourning is common, which usually are black signs upon their bodies. When a woman loses her husband, she shaves off her hair, and paints her whole countenance black as pitch, and men do the same when their wives die. They mourn a year, without marrying until the season of mourning is over.

"The natives generally marry but one wife and no more, unless it be a chief who is great and powerful. Such frequently have two, three or four wives, of the neatest and handsomest women, and no strife, so far as we could ascertain, ever arises in the female household. Marriages with them are not so binding but that either party may altogether dissolve the union, which they frequently do. I have known an Indian who changed his wife every year, although he had little or no reason for it. In their marriage dissolutions, the children follow their mother. To be unchaste during wedlock is held to be very disgraceful among them. Many of the women would prefer death to being dishonored. Prostitution is considered baser by day than by night, and in the open field than elsewhere, as it may be seen or shone upon by the sun, which they say beholds the deed."

COPIES OF ORIGINAL MSS.,

EXHIBITING THE CITY'S REVENUE AT DIFFERENT PERIODS.

Paper endorsed,

Feb. 20, 1683. Account of the City's Revenue, by Wm. Bogardus, Treasurer.

CASSA VAN N. YORKE, CRDT.

Voort Volgende.

1681.				
23 July,	Aen Pieter Riemer voor een Erff in de Winckel Straet betaelt aende Hr. Gouvr. Andros	£16	17	6
26 Septr.	Aen Pieter Groveendyck voor een Erff in de Winckel Straet betaelt to Mr. Welsch voor reeck: vande hr. Gouvr. Andros	14	7	6
Dito.	Aen Willem Welsch voor een erff in de Winckel Straet betaelt aen Mr. Welsch voor reeckeninge van de hr. Gouvr. Sn. Andros	23	15	0
10 Oct.	Aen Doctr. Jannes Kerfbyl voor syn Burger Recht	1	04	0
Dto.	Aen Frederick Philpzen voor een erff in de Winckel Straet betaelt aen de hr. Gouvr. Sr. Andros aen Mr. Welsch.	28	8	6
	Aen Willem Waldron volgens opgeving von Mr. Welsch dat betaelt aerst aen de hr. Gouvr. Andros	2	13	0
13 dto.	Aen Harmanus Reynerman voor syn Borger Recht	3	12	0
	Aen Cornelis voor syn Borger Recht Door Mr. Welsch aen my betaelen	1	14	
16 "	Aen dock gelt door Mr. Collier Sheriff aen my geleveren volgens syn reede		16	9
28 "	Aen Isaac Melyn voor een Boete hem opgeleyn door de Coert	2	10	
"	Aen Frances Parsons voor een Boete him opgeleyn door de Coure	1	10	0
1682.				
16 Jany.,	Aen Asser Michielsen joode voor syn Borger Recht	1	15	
dto.	Aen Valentyn Vander Wilde joode, voor syn Borger Recht	1	4	
Dto.	Aen Matthew Taylor voor License Omte moogen tappen,	0	3	0
1683.	Aen Simon Valentyn voor syn Borger Recht	1	4	0
	Aen Philip Johns voor syn Borger Recht	3	12	0
	Aen Willem Cox " " "	3	12	0
	Aen Jacob Delange " " "	3	12	0
	Aen Isaac Lana " " "	1	4	0
	Aen Wybrams Abraham " "	1	4	0
	Aen Joseph Bueno " " "	3	12	0
	Aen Jacob Milborne " " "	3	12	0
	Aen de Voorgaende Balance 310 Looyes a 8 1 pr Stude	3	2	0
	Som	£124	14	3

Actum N. Yorke den
20 Feb. 1683

WM. BOGARDUS.

Copy of a paper exhibiting an estimate of income and expenditure of the city, without date, but supposed to be about 1720:

City of New York, Dr.

By the annual expense of the Corporation.

Town-clerk's salary, per annum	£20	00	0
Marshal's do. do.	10	00	0
Treasurer's salary, 5 per cent. (uncertain)			
Bellmen's (watch) salary	36	00	0
To lanthorns and hour-glasses			
To fire and candles for the constables' watch			
To bonfires on the 5th of Nov., 5th of Feb., 8th of March, and 13th of April			
To the town-clerk, for pen, ink, and paper	1	04	0
To books for records			
To repairs on the City Hall and jails			
To repairs at the ferry-house			
To repairs on the bridge and stairs at the dock			
To incidents on sundry occasions			
To making and repairing the cage, pillory, and stocks			
To repairing the common sewer			

Pr. Contra, Cr.

By the rent of the ferry, per annum	180	00	0
By the rent of the dock, per annum			
By the rent of the swamp of Mr. Van Dam			
By the rent of land leased to Mr. Codrington			
By 68 lycenses the last year	51	19	0
By 15 freedoms—8 to merchants and 7 to handycrafts	10	02	0
By the Pound			
By fines and forfeitures			
By 4 guagers, packers, and cullers, each 18s	3	12	0
By a lease to Martin Van Everin			
By do. to John Horne			
By do. to Van Norden			
By do. to Jochem Anderson			
By do. to John Boss			
By do. to Tuys Buys			
By do. to Ryer Hanse			

A Rent-Roll of the city of New York, without date, but supposed to be about 1720:

To the rent of the ferry, per annum	£310	00	0
" revenue of the docks and slips	73	00	0
" license to retailers of strong liquors			
" freedoms granted			
" a lease to Martin Van Everin, pr. ann	3	00	0
" " to John Horne, "	3	12	0
" " to Jochem Anderson, "	2	00	0
" " (parole) of the rope-walk to Capt. Thodey	2	10	0

To the rent of a water-lot granted to				Corns. Van Horn,	pr. ann....	1	10 0
"	"	"	"	Gerard Duyching,	"	1	13 3
"	"	"	"	John Le Montes,	"	2	10 9
"	"	three "	"	Stephen Bayard,	"	7	11 0
"	"	one "	"	Wessel Wessels,	"	1	15 10
"	"	"	"	Abm. Varick and Thos. Jeffreys, pr. ann.....		1	08 0
To the rent of one water-lot granted to				John Clock and Peternella Clock, pr. ann.....		1	13 6
To the rent of one water-lots granted to				John Vandeventer, pr. ann....		1	19 1
"	"	"	"	John Cruger and Judith Van Dam, pr. ann.....		1	14 0
To the rent of one water-lot granted to				Elizabeth Clock, widow, pr. an.,		1	13 3
"	"	"	"	Josiah Millikin,	"	1	13 3
"	"	"	"	Abm. De Peyster, sr.,	"	5	6 9
"	"	"	"	John Moore,	"	2	7 3
"	"	"	"	Stephen Delancey,	"	2	7 3
"	"	"	"	Robert Livingston, jr.,	"	2	7 3
"	"	"	"	Anthony Rutgers,	"	2	7 3
"	"	"	"	Adrian Hun,	"	2	4 4
"	"	of water-lots	"	Peter Schuyler,	"	6	0 6
"	"	of the slaughter-houses granted to		John Kelly,	"		
"	"	a water-lot granted to		Abm. Depeyster and Peter Depeyster, per ann.....		2	12 7½
To the rent of water-lots granted to				Henry Van Bursen, pr. ann....		5	6 11
"	"	one "	"	Jas. Alexander and Archd. Kennedy, pr. ann.....		2	11 6
To the rent of one water-lot granted to				John Tiebout, turner, pr. an.,		1	10 0
"	"	"	"	Henry Rycke, blacksmith,	"	1	10 0
"	"	"	"	Edwd. Burling,	"	1	10 0
To rent of a water-lot No. 6, granted to				Eliz. Schuyler,	"	1	10 6
"	"	"	" 7, "	Wynant Van Zandt,	"	1	17 1
"	"	"	—— "	Benjn. Peck,	"	2	10 0
"	"	"	No. 8, "	Peter Bayard,	"	1	17 1
"	"	"	"	Henry Bogert,	"	0	10 4
"	"	"	"	John Chambers,	"	0	17 2
"	of 80 feet of ground granted to			A. Rutgers for a drain.....			6 0
"	a lease to Wm. Richardson of an acre of ground and an old house, pr. ann.....					0	18 0
"	a lease to Matthew McGuire for 13 acres of land, pr. ann...					2	00 0
"	"	to Arnout Webber for 1 acre for a brick-yard.....				1	00 0

Endorsed,	£	s.	d.
	80	14	0
	387	8	
	468	2	0

An Estimate of the Expences of the City and County of New York, from 1 may, 1786, to 1 may, 1787 :

Poor House		4800
Watch—Consisting of a Capt. & 28 men at £32 4 ℔ week	1674 8	
Supplying the same with Wood & Candles	50	
		1724 8
Lamps—Supplying 450 with oil, 16 days Each month, 20 galls. ℔ day		
3840 galls. 122 barrells at £5. 8	658 16	
Lighting & Cleaning £30 ℔ mo	360	
Repairing Old & furnishing New Lamps	250	
Mr. Van Gelder's Salary	65	
		1333 16
Bridewell		1600
Pumps & Wells		200
Roads		300
New Goal—Supporting prisoners		300
General Election		50
		£10308 4

An Estimate of the Expence for the City & County of New York, for the Year 1788 :

Poor House—Support & Repairs		4500
Watch—Consisting of 1 Captan @ 8s. & 30 Men @ 3s. ℔		
Night is £34. 6. ℔ Week	1783 12	
Supplying the Same with Wood & Candles	50	
It is proposed to add 15 Men to Raise the watch to 45 Men		
℔ Night £15. 15. ℔ Week	819	
Additional Expence for Winter 3 Mo. at 1s. ℔ Night		
Ea	202 10	
		2855 2
Lamps—Supplying 450 with oil 16 days in Each mo. at 20 gall.		
℔ Day 3840 Gall. 122 Bbls. @ £5	610	
Lighting & Cleaning at £35. ℔ mo	420	
Repair'g old Lamps & furnish'g new where wanted	250	
Mr. V. Gelder's Salary	65	
		1345
Bridewell—Support & Repairs		1600
Pumps & Wells—Annual Contract	160	
Additional Expence	60	
		220
Roads		350
Support of Prisoners		350
General Election		50
		£11.270 2

NB. There is a Deduction of about 6½ ℔ Ct. for the Insolvents and Expence of Collecting, Which Reduces the tax of £10.000 to abt. £9350.

New York, Jan'y 17, 1788.

DAN'L PHŒNIX, City Tr.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT FOR THREE YEARS IMMEDIATELY

Dr. CITY AND COUNTY

To Amot. of Repairs & Support of Bridewell, from						
June, 1784, to Sept. 1785	3469	11	10			
Do. Octor. 1785, to Do. 1786	1700	3	11			
Do. Novr. 1786, to Do. 1787	777	3	1			
				5946	18	10
For Support & Repairs of Poor House, from Decr.						
1783, to Aug. 4, 1785	5027	10	7			
Do. Aug. 13, 1785, to Octor. 1786	5017	19	4			
Do. Octor. 1786 to Do. 1787	3545	0	9			
				13590	10	8
For Support of Prisoners from Decr. 1783, to August, 1784	479	4				
Do. Sept. 1784, to Mar. 1785	283	13	11			
Do. Apl. 1785, to Sept. 1786	433	6	7			
Medicine & Attendance to Sept. 1787	33	16				
				1230	0	6
General Election for 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787				118	11	8
Roads from May, 1784, to June, 1785	543	3	11½			
From June, 1785, to Octor. 1786	357	2	9½			
Do. Octor. 1786, to Do. 1787	384	3	3			
				1284	10	
Assessing the Tax of £100,000				169	12	
Watch & Lamps pd. for Support & Repairs, from						
Decr. 31, 1783, to Aug. 1, 1785	4509	18	10			
Do. Aug. 1785, to Octor. 1786	3302	4	10			
Do. Octor. 1786, to Sept. 1787	2284	19	11			
				10,097	3	7
Conveying Vagrants to Bridewell from Sept. '85 to '86				45	10	
Marinus Willett, Esqr. taking Number of Inhabit				47	7	
Scavengers for the Contract of 1785, to 1786				158	10	
Pumps & Wells from Decr. 1783 to Mch. 1785	653	12	6			
Do. Mch. 1785, to Aug. 1786	245	2	9			
Do. Aug. 1786, to Sept. 1787	391	6	5			
				1290	1	8
Bond Given to Abm. Deryea for Cash Advanced to						
the Poor House in 1776	635	4	6			
Do. Peter F. Curtenius	64	15	6			
				700		
				£34,678	15	11

SUCCEEDING THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.
OF NEW YORK.

							Cr.
By Amot. of tax for 1784,							
Poor House for the Proportion	5604	17	4¼				
Watch & Lamps	2802	8	8½				
Roads & Highways	300						
City of New York for Pumps, &c	634	2	10¾				
				9341	9		
By Amot. of Do. for 1785,							
Poor House for Proportion	4500						
Bridewell, Do	1000						
New Goal for Support of Prisoners	200						
Watch & Lamps	3000						
Pumps & Wells	233	13	2				
Roads	300						
				9233	13	2	
By Amot. of Do. for 1786,							
Poor House for the Propor'n	4340						
Bridewell	930						
Goal	235						
Roads	235						
Watch & Lamps	3200						
Pumps & Wells	459	9	2¾				
				9399	9	2¾	
By Excise for 1784	775						
Do. 1785	1233	9	8				
Do. 1786	966	9	5				
Do. 1787	925	19	8				
				3900	18	9	
Ballance pd. out of the Revenue				2803	6	9¼	
				£34,678	15	11	

EXTRACTS FROM A DISCOURSE

IN COMMEMORATION OF THE FIFTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY, AND OF THE DEDICATION OF THEIR NEW EDIFICE, NOVEMBER 17, 1857: BY JOHN W. FRANCIS, M.D., LL.D.

GARDNER BAKER'S MUSEUM AND KIP'S FARM.

Our museums were limited to the one kept by old Gardener Baker, himself and his collection, a sort of curiosity shop, composed of heterogeneous fragments of the several kingdoms of nature. Hither childish ignorance was sometimes lost in wonder, and here, too, was the philosopher occasionally enlightened. Scudder did not lay the foundation of his patriotic enterprise until five years after our incorporation, and although his beginning was but an humble demonstration, he astounded the natives with his vast tortoise, and Alexander Wilson, the ornithologist, gave him cheering counsel, and enkindled his zeal. Our famous Vauxhall Garden, of these earlier days, occupied the wide domain of the Bayards, situated on the left of our then Bunker Hill, near Bullock, now Broome street, and here the Osage Indians, amidst fire-works of dazzling efficacy, (for we had not the use of calium nor strontium in these artistic displays in those days,) yelled the war-whoop and danced the war-dance, while our learned Dr. Mitchill, often present on these occasions, translated their songs for the advancement of Indian literature, and enriched the journals with ethnological science concerning our primitive inhabitants.

The Indian Queen and Tyler's were gardens of much resort, situated towards the Greenwich side of our city: at the former, military evolutions were often displayed to the satisfaction of the famous French General, Moreau, with General Stevens and Morton, among the staff, as official inspectors, while Tyler's is still held in remembrance, by some few surviving graduates of Columbia College, as the resort for commencement suppers. I shall advert to only one other site, which, though in days gone by, not a public garden, was a place much frequented. On the old road towards Kingsbridge, on the eastern side of the island, was the well-known Kip's farm, preëminently distinguished for its grateful fruits, the plum, the peach, the pear, and the apple, and for its choice culture of the *roscaceæ*. Here the *élite* often repaired, as did good old Dr. Johnson and Boswell, for recreation at Ranelagh; and here our Washington, now invested with Presidential honors, made an excursion, and was presented with the Rosa Gallica, an exotic first introduced into this country in this garden; fit emblem of that memorable union of France and the American colonies in the cause of republican freedom. These three gardens were famous for their exquisite fruit, the plum and the peach; equally as are Newtown and Blackwell's Island for the apple, known to horticulturists, abroad and at home, as the Newtown pippin. Such things were. No traces are now to be found of the scenes of those once gratifying sights; the havoc of progressive improvement has left nought of these once fertile gardens of Dutch regularity, save the old pear-tree of the farm of the redoubtable Peter Stuyvesant, well known as still flourishing in foliage and in fruit, in its 220th year, at the corner of Thirteenth street and Third avenue. If tradition be true, the biographer of this venerable tree, in his account, in the London Horticultural Transactions, ought not to have omitted



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 130 Water St. N.Y.

for D.T. Valentine's Manual, for 1858.

TURTLE BAY, EAST RIVER, N.Y. 1853.

Drawn by B.J. Lossing

the curious act of its importation from Southern Europe, and of its having once occupied the old fort, held by Stuyvesant, and delineated by Vander Donck. If all this be authentic, the old pear-tree enhances our admiration, as the last living thing in existence, since the time of the Dutch Dynasty.

Order demands that our first notice of the most striking of our ornamental grounds should be an account of the Battery, and its historical associate, White Hall. Few, perhaps, are well informed of the origin of that well-recorded name and long-lived historical location. John Moore, the last on the list of the members of the "Social Club," died in New York, in 1828, in his 84th year. He was a grandson of Colonel John Moore, who was an eminent merchant of this city, and one of the Aldermen, when it was a great distinction to possess that honor; he was also a member of his Majesty's Provincial Council, at the time of his death, in 1749. The Colonel resided at the corner of Moore (so called after his demise, by the Corporation) and Front streets, in the largest and most costly house in this city, at that time, and called "White Hall," from its color; and which gave the name, afterwards, to the neighboring street. It is scarcely necessary to add, that this great edifice was destroyed by the fire, which laid waste the city in September, 1776, three days after the British obtained possession of it. Of the bay and harbor, and of the Battery itself, I need say nothing, after the successful description of Mrs. Trollope, and many other writers. The first time I entered that charming place, was on the occasion of the funeral of General Washington. The procession gathered there, and about the Bowling Green; the Battery was profusely set out with the Lombardy poplar trees; indeed, in 1800–'4 and '5 they infested the whole island, if not most of the middle, northern, and many southern States. Their introduction was curious. The elder Michaux, under the direction of Louis XVI., had been sent to America, from the Garden of Plants of Paris; he brought out with him the gardener, Paul Saunier, who possessed, shortly after, horticultural grounds of some extent in New Jersey. The Lombardy tree promised every thing good, and Paul spread it. It was pronounced an exotic of priceless value; but, like many things of an exotic nature, it polluted the soil, vitiated our own more stately and valuable indigenous products, and at length we find that American sagacity has proscribed its growth, and is daily eradicating it as uncongenial and detrimental to the native riches of American husbandry.

In glancing at other beautiful plots, if I am controlled by the definition of the dictionary, I must omit special mention of that once famous spot of ground called the Park, situated in front of our City Hall, inasmuch as artistic taste and Corporation sacrilege caused the cutting down of the more conspicuous and beautiful trees—the sycamores, the maple, the walnut, and the Babylonian willows, of the growth of ages—which constituted its woodland, in order to favor the populace with an improved view of the architectural front of our then recently erected marble edifice. In its actual condition (lucus non lucendo) it were too latitudinarian to speak of the Old Commons as a park, at the present day. Yet the Liberty Boys have perpetuated it in our early history, and Clinton's Canal has given it a modern glorification, by the far-famed meeting of the tens of thousands at which the venerable Colonel Few presided, to enter their protest against legislative proscription in 1824.

DRS. WILLIAMSON AND ROMAYNE.

I will close the record of our friends belonging to the medical faculty, with a brief notice of two other members, Hugh Williamson and Nicholas Romayne; the former by birth a Pennsylvanian, born in 1735, the latter a native, born in the city of New York, 1756. After the acquisition of sound preliminary knowledge, Williamson was graduated M.D. at the University of Utretcht, Holland. He practised physic but a short time in Philadelphia, on account of delicate health. In 1769 he was appointed chairman of a committee, consisting of Rittenhouse, Ewing, Smith, the provost, and Charles Thompson, afterwards secretary to Congress, all mathematicians and astronomers, to observe the transit of Venus, in 1769. He published an Essay on Comets, afterwards enlarged, and printed in the Transactions of the Literary and Philosophical Society of New York. By appointment with Dr. Ewing, he made a tour in Great Britain in 1773, for the benefit of a literary institution. He wrote on the Gmynotius electricus, and upon his return to North Carolina was an active agent in the promotion of inoculation, and finally received a commission as head of the medical staff of the Amercian army of that state. In 1782 he took his seat as a representative of Edenton, in the House of Commons of North Carolina. In 1786 he was one of the few members who were sent to Annapolis on the amendment of the constitution, and in 1789 we find him in New York, and in the first Congress, when the constitution was carried into effect. He wrote an octavo volume on the climate of America. In 1812 appeared his History of North Carolina. He was the author of several papers on medical and philosophical subjects, and on the canal policy of the state, printed in the American Medical and Philosophical Register. He was among the first of our citizens who entertained correct views on the practicability of the union of the waters of the Hudson and Lake Erie. He penned the first summons for the formation of the Literary and Philosophical Society of New York. He died in 1819, at the advanced age of 83 years.

The career of Williamson is well known from the ample biography of his friend and physician, Dr. Hosack. He was justly esteemed for his talents, his virtues, and his public services. Hosack affirmed, on the testimony of Bishop White, John Adams, President of the United States, Gen. Reed, and John Williamson, that Hugh Williamson was the individual who, by an ingenious device, obtained the famous Hutchinson and Oliver letters, from the British foreign office, for Franklin; and I can add, that John Williamson, the brother of the doctor, communicated to me his concurrence in the same testimony. This curious relation is, however, rejected as not well founded, by our eminent historians, Sparks and Bancroft.

Williamson was a peculiarity in appearance, in manners, and in address. Tall and slender in person, with an erect gait, he perambulated the streets with the air of a man of consideration; his long arms and his longer cane preceding him at commanding distance, and seemingly guided by his conspicuous nose, while his ample white locks gave tokens of years and wisdom. Activity of mind and body blessed him to the last of his long life. His speech was brief, sententious, and emphatic. He was often aphoristic, always pertinacious in opinion. There was rarely an appeal from his decision—he was generally so

well fortified. He had great reverence for the past, was anecdotical in our revolutionary matters, and cherished with almost reverential regard the series of cocked hats which he had worn at different times, during the eight years' crisis of his country. His History of North Carolina has encountered the disapprobation of many, and is deemed defective and erroneous, yet he was a devoted disciple of truth. No flattery, no compliment would ever reach his ear. Witness his curt correspondence with the Italian artist, Carrachi; look at his testimony in the case of Alexander Whiteloe. To a solicitation for pecuniary aid in behalf of an individual whose moral character he somewhat doubted, when told that a reform had taken place: "Not so," replied the doctor, "he has not left the stage,—the stage has left him." His punctuality in engagements was marvelous; no hour, no wind or weather, ever occasioned a disappointment on the part of the old man, now over eighty years of age; and in his own business transactions, of which from various incomes he derived his ample support, one might apprehend the requirement of much time, he let not the setting sun close upon him without their entire adjustment. He died, if I remember rightly, about the hour of 4 o'clock of the afternoon, while in a carriage excursion to the country, from excessive solar heat, in June; yet it was found that his multifarious accounts and correspondence had all been adjusted, up to the hour of two on that same day.

Some of my most gratifying hours in early life were passed with this venerable man; it was instructive to enjoy the conversation of one who had enriched the pages of the Royal Society; who had experimented with John Hunter, and Franklin, and Ingenhouze in London, and had enjoyed the soirées of Sir John Pringle; who narrated occurrences in which he bore a part when Franklin was Postmaster, and in those of subsequent critical times; one, who, if you asked him the size of the button on Washington's coat, might tell you who had been his tailor. A more strictly correct man, in all fiscal matters, could not be pointed out, whether in bonds and mortgages, or in the payment of the postage of a letter. I will give an illustration: He had been appointed in Colonial times to obtain funds for the Seminary at Baskenridge, N. J.; he set out on his eastern tour, provided with an extra pair of gloves, for which he paid 7*s.* and 6*d.*; on his return he revisited the store in Newark, where he had made the purchase, had the soiled gloves vamped anew, and parted with them for 6*s.* In his items of expenditure, he reports 1*s.* and 6*d.* for the use of gloves, investing the 6*s.* with the collection fund.

Such was Hugh Williamson, whose breast-plate was honesty, the brightest in the Christian armory. If I mistake not, I think I once saw him smile at the trick of a jockey. Dr. Thatcher, the author of the "Military Journal," told me he had listened to him when he was in the ministry, in a sermon preached at Plymouth, but his oratory was grotesque; and Rufus King, the Senator, who noticed him in our first Congress, said his elocution provoked laughter. Yet he spoke to the point. Take him altogether, he was admirably fitted for the times, and conscientiously performed many deeds of excellence for the period in which he lived. Deference was paid to him by every class of citizens. He holds a higher regard in my estimation, than a score of dukes and duchesses, for he signed the Constitution of the United States. His Anniversary Discourse for

810, you have secured in your publications. The portrait of Dr. Williamson, by Col. Trumbull, is true to the life and eminently suggestive.

A monograph on Romayne would not be too much. He entered the Historical Society some years after its formation. He is associated with innumerable occurrences in New York, his native city, and was born in 1756. Of his antecedents little is satisfactorily known. His early instruction was received from Peter Wilson, the linguist, at his school at Hackensack. At the commencement of the war of the Revolution, he repaired to Edinburgh, where he pre-eminently distinguished himself by his wide range of studies, his latinity and his medical knowledge. His inaugural for the doctorate, prepared unassisted, was a dissertation De Generatione Puris, in which he seems to have first promulgated the leading doctriues received on that vexed subject. He now visited London, Paris, and Leyden, for further knowledge, and, returning to his native land, settled first in Philadelphia, and shortly after in New York. He had a fair chance of becoming a practitioner of extensive employment. His erudition justified him in assuming the office of teacher, and he lectured with success on several branches of physic. He was pronounced an extraordinary man. Anatomy, chemistry, botany, and the practice of medicine, were assumed by him. His eminent associates, Bayley, Kissam, Moore, Treat and Tillary, echoed his praises. He spoke with fluency the French and Latin tongues, and the low Dutch.

When the provisional government of King's College was changed, after 1783, he was nominated one of the Trustees. The Board of the College, now Columbia, determined upon reviving a new faculty of medicine, but, from causes too numerous to relate, Dr. Romayne was not chosen to an appointment. In 1791, an act was passed, authorizing the Regents of the University to organize a medical faculty, which, however, did not go into operation until January, 1807, when Dr. Romayne was appointed President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons under their authority. He gave lectures on Anatomy and on the Institutes. I was present at his opening address to the students at the ensuing November. It was an elegant and elaborate performance in science and on the ethnology of the red man of America. He was a pleasing speaker; his discourse justified all that had been previously expressed concerning his varied knowledge and classical taste. He would rise in his place, and deliver a lecture on the aphorisms of Hippocrates, unfold the structure of the brain, expound the philosophy of paludal diseases, or discourse on the plant which Clusius cherished. He was indeed clever in every acceptation of the word. I find, since that period, by an examination of his copy of the Conspectus Medicinæ of Gregory, and his MS. notes, that his Lectures on the Institutions were drawn chiefly from Gregory's work. Yet he was an original observer, and an intrepid thinker. He died suddenly, after great exposure to heat, in June, 1817.

It rarely occurs to any individual to enjoy a larger renown among his fellows, than did Dr. Romayne during the time he filled the station of President of the College. Yet he was not content with this condition of affairs, and was constantly studying new things, until ejected from his high office by the Regents of the University, the venerable Samuel Bard being chosen as his successor.

His penury in early life had taught Romayne the strictest economy. At

Edinburgh, his wardrobe was so slender, that it often reminded me of the verses of an old ballad:

> "The man who has only one shirt,
> Whenever it's washed for his side,
> The offence is surely not his
> If he lies in his bed till it's dried."

Such, literally, was the case with the student Romayne, and still he bore himself with becoming respectability, and left the University one of the most accomplished of her sons in general knowledge and professional science. He did well enough during his two years in Philadelphia as a practitioner, an equally favorable turn in business followed him in New York, in which place he settled as the British troops left the city. The spirit of adventure, however, seized him: he embarked in the scheme of Blount's conspiracy, was seized by the constituted authorities, and Pintard saw him conveyed to prison. In what manner his troubles were removed I am unable to state. I have heard of no special disclosures that he made. He was too long-headed for self-accusation, and however bellicose by nature, preferred his customary cautious habit. Romayne had learned the proverb of the old Hebrews:—"One word is worth a shekel—silence is worth two." But awhile after, he revisited Europe, became a licentiate of the Royal College of Edinburgh, returned to his native city, and was chosen President of the College, an institution of only two years later date than your own, and which, amidst great vicissitudes and an anomalous government, has enriched with meritorious disciples the noble art of healing, and diffused untold blessings throughout the land.

Romayne was of huge bulk, of regular proportion, and of an agreeable and intelligent expression of countenance, with a gray eye of deep penetration. It was almost a phenomenon to witness the light, gracious, and facile step of a man surpassing some three hundred pounds in weight, and at all times assiduous in civic pursuits and closet studies. He was unwearied in toil, and of mighty energy. He was goaded by a strong ambition to excel in whatever he undertook, and he generally secured the object of his desire, at least professionally. He was temperate in all his drinks, but his gastric powers were of inordinate capabilities. I should incur your displeasure were I to record the material of a single meal: he sat down with right good earnest and exclusive devotion at his repast. His auricular power seemed now suspended. Dr. Mitchell long ago had said that the stomach had no ears. In charity I have conjectured that he must have labored under a species of bulimia, which pathologists affirm will often pervert the moral faculties. His kind friend, the late Rev. Dr. M'Leod, tells us, that though many of his acts were crooked, yet that Romayne died in the consolations of the Christian religion. He was generous to the young, and ready with many resources to advance the student. He made a great study of man; he was dexterous with legislative bodies, and at one period of his career was vested with almost all the honors the medical profession among us can bestow. Some of the older medical writers, whose works were found in the residue of the library of the late Dr. Peter Middleton, as well as others of the late Dr. Romayne, were deposited in your library; but of late years, I am sorry to say, I have not recognized them.

NEW YORK CITY, FIFTY YEARS AGO.

New York, December 1, 1857.

David T. Valentine, Esq.:

Dear Sir: The "Manuals" you have prepared for the Corporation, the last sixteen years, contain a vast amount of useful information, not only as regards the present interests of this growing city, but to those who feel a veneration for the past, who are aware what it once was, and who look forward to what it is to become, even, perhaps, in the life-time of many who are now busy actors in promoting its advancement in prosperity and wealth. They, also, are of great value to those of your fellow-citizens who are interested in establishing its character for great and benevolent objects, in founding institutions of learning for all classes; its liberal provisions for the instruction of the young in its public schools; for the instruction of the deaf and dumb; for the blind; hospitals for the sick and afflicted; for the insane, both rich and poor; asylums for the orphan, the aged and the destitute poor, without regard to color or condition.

You have, with great industry, from year to year, hunted up, from dusty and mutilated records, and presented to your fellow-citizens, the early history of this comparatively young city, for which posterity will thank you, should you fail to receive the thanks of those who are now your cotemporaries—but which results the writer cannot for one moment entertain.

You have given the striking points of the forms of colonial and municipal governments, both of the Dutch and English rule—the biographies of its Governors, Schepens, Burgomasters, and Schouts, under the Dutch dynasty; its Governors, Mayors, Recorders, Sheriffs, Aldermen, Assistants, and other officers, while an English colony. You have given its populations at various periods. You have noticed all the remarkable events that have occurred, and have given more or less extended accounts of them. You have preserved, by your engravings of various localities and objects, which have been familiar to the eyes and recollection of many who are still residents (and to which the writer can attest the accuracy of most of them), but who are every year becoming less and less, and, in a few more brief years, will only be remembered in the way in which you are now endeavoring to preserve memorials of the past appearance of this constantly-changing city. From the manner in which you have collected and presented your facts, necessarily in a desultory way, it has occurred to the writer that, taking two prominent periods of time, and presenting the changes that have taken place during that interval, the contrast will appear much stronger and more remarkable than will at first strike the casual observer.

The first acquaintance with this city of the writer (a native of New Jersey) was in 1805—fifty-two years ago—when very young. In 1807 he become a resident, and from that period to the present has not been altogether an absentee of six months from the city. He has been identified, in every way, in all his associations—in business, in family relations, in feeling—as a New Yorker, for its prosperity, and every thing pertaining to its greatness and enterprise. The year 1807 has appeared to him always a somewhat remarkable one in the annals of New York, for the many important and interesting events which occurred soon after it opened, and many that were consummated in it and a few



THE OLD RUTGER'S MANSION, N.Y. 1768.

succeeding years following it. It has occurred to him that the period from 1806 to 1815, which was one of great commercial embarrassment and depression, may be considered the connecting link between *old* and *new* New York, and therefore that no period of fifty years since its discovery will show greater changes and improvements than the year above designated, to the present time.

Owing to the recommencement of the war, after a very brief peace, between England and France, in 1803, the measures these two governments saw proper to adopt affecting the rights of neutrals, the orders in council of the British government, and the French retaliatory decrees of Napoleon, could not but affect the commerce, and consequently the interests and prosperity of the citizens of this country. New York, being the largest commercial seaport, was among the first to feel the effects of these measures, and many of her merchants, largely engaged in commerce, were great sufferers by the capture of their ships by the English cruisers, who sent them into their ports; while the French did not attempt to take them into port, but burnt them on the high seas. But little improvement or change could be expected to take place during this uncertain state of foreign warfare, by which the interests of every seaport in our country was so liable to be affected by the measures adopted by these belligerents. After years of retaliatory measures, passed in Congress by our government, of embargo, non-intercourse, non-importation, and, eventually, a declaration of war—New York performing her part in the contest with patriotic spirit and energy—the country emerged, in 1815, from the contest, with a deservedly high reputation for her achievements, both by sea and land.

But as the writer has only in view the object of making some memorandums of the city of New York, as it was something more than fifty years ago, and what it is at present, he will only occasionally allude to events of the war, as they may appear to be necessarily connected with the history of the growth of the city. The population in the year 1807, taken by order of the Common Council in 1806, and given in the annexed extract, shows the census to be 75,770. This was written early in 1857:

NEW YORK, FIFTY YEARS AGO.

"We have a copy of 'Hutchin's improved Almanac,' for 1807, which contains the subjoined census:

ENUMERATION OF THE INHABITANTS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, FOR 1806, TAKEN BY ORDER OF THE COMMON COUNCIL.

	WHITE		COLORED		SLAVES		
Ward.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1....	3,422	3,748	37	37	186	249	7,679
2....	3,414	3,663	72	101	118	182	7,550
3....	3,283	3,597	106	119	104	162	7,371
4....	4,346	4,520	70	87	68	143	9,234
5....	5,320	5,996	358	438	85	146	12,340
6....	4,101	4,266	183	253	59	99	8,961
7....	8,653	7,498	—	—	38	79	15,668
8....	2,420	2,134	38	61	49	70	4,776
9....	1,025	959	—	—	111	100	2,915
Total.	35,384	36,378	864	1,096	818	1,230	75,770

"According to the census taken by order of Congress in 1801, the population of this city amounted to—

Free white males	26,727
" " females	27,394
Other free persons	3,499
Slaves	2,796
Total	60,489
Increase of population in five years, at the rate of 25 per cent.	15,281
Total	75,770

PERSONS WHO RETIRED FROM THE CITY DURING THE MALIGNANT FEVER IN 1805.

Ward 1	6,112
" 2	5,961
" 3	4,152
" 4	4,320
" 5	3,452
" 6	224
" 7	2,775
" 8	—
" 9	—
Total	26,996

"The increase of white population in this city during the past five years has been in about the same ratio as in the five years between 1801 and 1806. The white population has increased twice as rapidly in fifty years as the colored.

"It might be considered remarkable that the city should increase in population no faster than it did half a century ago; but it must be remembered that during that half century Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, and Jersey City, with a population of three hundred thousand or more, have been built up by the growth of New York. When the above census was taken, Murray street was the limit of up town."

In A. T. Goodrich's "Picture of New York," published in the year 1828, is an article with some curious and interesting calculations, made in the year 1806, on the population and growth of this city, which may be found in pages 170 to 175 of that work. The following table is an extract from one of the pages:

"By the enumeration of the inhabitants of this city, recently published, the progress of population, for the *last five years*, appears to be at the *rate of twenty-five per cent.* (*five per cent. per annum*). Should our city continue to increase in the same proportion during the present century, the aggregate numbers at its close will far exceed that of any other city in the world, Pekin not excepted, as will appear from the following table, computed at the rate of twenty-five per cent. in every five years:

1805	75,700	1855	705,650
1810	94,715	1860	882,062
1815	110,390	1865	1,103,577

1820	147,987	1870	1,378,221
1825	184,903	1875	1,722,776
1830	231,228	1880	2,153,470
1835	239,035	1885	2,691,837
1840	361,293	1890	3,364,796
1845	451,616	1895	4,205,995
1850	564,520	1900	5,257,493

It will be seen by the state census, taken in the year 1855, that the population, taking in the city of Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, and the towns on the Long Island shore, whose business lies in New York, and their communication with it is by the numerous ferries and boats plying between them, that it exceeds every calculation made in the foregoing estimate. And if the residents of Staten Island, who transact business in this city, the cities of Jersey and Hoboken, and other places on the New Jersey shore, whose business also is in this city, which is reached by the various ferries and steamboats plying between these states, and we think should be fairly added, that to this date it far exceeds any estimate that has yet been made. And however chimerical the estimate of more than 5,000,000 inhabitants in the year 1960 may appear, yet, if the reasoning that all who transact their business, derive their income, and are dependent on the commerce of this port, frequenting it daily, or nearly so (although some, perhaps, may be residing short distances from it), constitute the population of the city, the present writer believes the estimate will fall far short of the reality.

According to the state census, made in 1855, the population of the city of New York, including the city of Brooklyn and neighboring places doing business in New York, amounted to 935,154.

As you have, in the course of preparation of your Manuals, alluded to many prominent individuals, both of the Dutch and English governments, with their names, biographies, etc., and noticed what you thought worthy of record from a very early period, and have, from the organization of the city government, given the names of all its officers—Schepens, Burgomasters, and Schouts—its Mayors, Aldermen, Recorders, Sheriffs, etc., etc., administering it successively, the writer trusts he will be excused for giving the names of many worthy citizens, both of Dutch and English descent, who were, in 1807, and many who have been since, prominent in the various great enterprises which have been accomplished during the last fifty years, which may be considered a modern period in the history of the city. If my memory is correct, the political year commenced the 1st May, 1807—Marinus Willett, Mayor; Maturin Livingston, Recorder; Wm. Cutting, Sheriff. There were nine wards in 1807; there are twenty-two in 1857. The Tenth Ward was made in 1809, and the Eleventh and Twelfth Wards were made in 1825. In that year a law was passed by the legislature, 3d April, 1807, appointing Commissioners to lay out and survey the whole island to King's bridge, in streets and avenues, numbering from First, which is about in range with Houston street, to the extreme end of the island, intersected by twelve avenues, numbering, on the east side of the city, from First to Twelfth avenue, on the west side. As avenues are made on the east side, they are designated A, B, C, D, and so on, and as they are made on the

west, they continue to number from twelve. This commission was composed of Governeur Morris, Simeon Dewitt, S. Guel, and John Rutherford. It was performed and executed under the direction of S. Dewitt, Surveyor-General of the State, by William Bridges, City Surveyor. On the 22d March, 1811, the filing of the maps in the proper office, with an interesting report, was made by the Commissioners, who had completed the survey within the four years named in the act of 1807. The Commissioners were entitled to four dollars per day for each day they were employed in the work. In November, 1812, a vote of thanks passed the Common Council to Governeur Morris and John Rutherford, for their gratuitous services as Commissioners in laying out the island into streets and avenues.

In April, 1806, the British frigate Leander, Capt. Whitby, cruising off Sandy Hook, fired into the sloop Richard, a coasting vessel, and killed John Pierce, who was brought to this port, and buried at the expense of the city, the Corporation attending the funeral in a body. A deep feeling of indignation was evinced by all at the aggression thus commenced by the British cruisers against our citizens and commerce. In April, 1807, Capt. Whitby was tried by court martial in Portsmouth, England, and acquitted.

In June, 1807, an attack was made by H. B. M. ship Leopard, of fifty guns, off the Capes of Virginia, on the U. S. frigate Chesapeake, Capt. Barron, and four seaman taken from her, charged with being British subjects. From these and other like aggressions, it became the general impression that a war with England could not be averted, and preparations to meet such an emergency were deemed necessary to be made. At the commencement of the year 1807 not a fortification of any kind was to be seen in our harbor, on any of our islands, or in the city; but in the early part of that year, Col. Jonathan Williams, of the U. S. corps of Engineers, made a long report to the Corporation on the best plan of fortifying the harbor of New York. It was entirely defenceless. The result was the immediate commencement, by the general government, of the erection of the forts and batteries at the Narrows, on Governor's, Bedloe's, and Ellis' islands, Castle Garden, at the Battery; Fort Gansevoort, the North Fort, at Hubert street, and other works, on and around the island, which cost the government several millions of dollars. On the 23d day of December Congress passed the act declaring an embargo on all vessels in the ports and harbors in the country. It was a busy scene at all our wharves for some days, while this measure was before Congress, in loading vessels with flour, cotton, and other articles of produce, in time for clearance, Some even had to run the risk of seizure after it became a law. David Gelston was Collector at that day. The Custom-house was in the old Government-house, which stood at the foot of Broadway, where Bowling-green row now is. Following the passage of the embargo act, and a few years after it, many disastrous failures occurred of old and respectable houses, long established in business.

In 1807 Congress passed an act abolishing the slave-trade, and their importation was prohibited from and after 1st January, 1808. Another memorable event, in the year 1807, was Robert Fulton's first trip to Albany, the 20th day of August, in the first steamboat he built, called the Clermont. On that day he

left the Jersey shore, and was thirty-two hours in going to Albany—one hundred and fifty miles—nearly five miles an hour; and in returning, thirty hours, or equal to five miles to the hour. Both going and returning, the wind was ahead.

The writer came to the city in the spring of 1807, to be a clerk in one of the largest and most respectable houses of that day, in the commission and grocery business; the gentleman will be called Mr. S. He was wealthy—in extensive credit—with a fine, flourishing business—lived handsomely in Broadway, in the style of that day, which was much more sensible and rational than the extravagant living of the present day. The writer arrived during the week, and on the first day (the polls were open for three days) of election, 28th April, 1807. It was the election when Daniel D. Tompkins was first chosen Governor over Morgan Lewis. Mr. S. was an active politician, a Federalist, and a warm friend of Governor Lewis. The writer did not see Mr. S. at his place of business, in South street, until the following week, when returns from the different counties in the state soon announced the success of Governor Tompkins. Party lines were then distinctly drawn. It was Federalists and Democrats only—and at every election, the different parties met at their respective head-quarters every night; the Federalists at Mechanics' Hall, then the corner of Broadway and Robinson street (since Park place); the Democrats at Martling's Hotel, the present site of the American Tract Society house; (Tammany Hall was not built until 1811, when it became their head-quarters.)

In the constitution of that day, their being a property qualification, the character of the voters, and the ticket they were entitled to put in, could be so nearly canvassed previous to, and during the election, that results were often correctly stated in advance, which caused the excitement to be intense during the three days of election; and both parties had carriages in constant requisition, and other appliances, at great expense, to bring up delinquent voters to the polls, which were then only one in each ward. The poll of the First Ward was held in the old City Hall, in Wall street, where all the public offices and the different courts were held. The new City Hall, in the Park, was then in process of erection, but was not completed until 1812, when the old hall was demolished, and the lots were sold at auction, for private residences, to George Griswold, Garret Storm, and to Eastburn, Kirk & Co., who erected a building, which they occupied as a large book establishment for several years. This is the site of the present Custom House. Being a clerk of Mr. S., the writer's services of course were at his disposal, and by his directions he has acted as a supernumerary clerk at the whole three days of election, in taking a list of the voters, that they might have the opportunity of canvassing, every evening, at the head-quarters of the general committee, to ascertain the delinquent voters, and know how the party-vote stood. Jacob Radcliff was for many years Chairman of the General Committee of Federalists, and his reward was the mayoralty of the city of New York for nearly four years; Rufus King, Richard Varick, Richard Harrison, Cadwallader D. Colden, David B. Ogden, Peter Jay Munro, Martin S. Wilkins, Josiah Ogden Hoffman, Thomas Ludlow Ogden, John Wells, Peter A. Jay, George Griffin, Caleb S. Riggs, Samuel Boyd, David S. Jones, Samuel Jones, jr., Gu-

lian C. Verplanck, Hugh Maxwell, Stephen Price, William M. Price, John Nitchie, jr., Robert Bogardus, and Peter W. Radcliff, among the lawyers; William Coleman, editor of the Evening Post, and Zachariah Lewis, editor of the Commercial Advertiser, and Spectator. Many of these were prominent speakers at the political ward and general ratification meetings of the Federal party.

Dewitt Clinton, Col. Henry Rutgers, Marinus Willett, Pierre C. Van Wyck, Maturin Livingston, William Cutting, William P. Van Ness, Sylvanus Miller, Richard Riker, John McKesson, John W. Wyman, Jonathan Thompson, most of them lawyers; (the three brothers Swartwout, who were also friends of Col. Burr;) James Cheetham, editor of the American Citizen; the editor of the Columbian; Amos Butler, editor of the Mercantile Advertiser, were arrayed in the Democratic ranks. M. M. Noah, of the National Advocate, and Henry Wheaton, also became editor at a later period. Jonathan Thompson was Chairman of the Democratic General Committee many years; his reward was Collector of the revenue during the war, 1812 and 1814, and Collector of the port of New York at a later period. Previous to the completion of the new City Hall, in the Park, and while the courts were held in the old City Hall, in Wall street, the offices of the counselors and attornies, generally, were located in Wall, Pine, Nassau, Cedar, William, and Broad streets—and the residences of many of the most respectable and fashionable families were in those streets. At the present day, they may be found in all parts of the city. All appointments to office for the city and state were then made by the Council of Appointment at Albany. The changes were frequent, from one party to the other, depending on the efforts made by each for success. Many of the names attached to these parties are quite familiar to memory; but, as a general remark, with perhaps few exceptions in each, the Federalists were of those considered rich, and consequently styled aristocrats; the other party, doubtless equally honest in their views, could not conceive a Federalist to be a patriot, or a good friend to his country, and therefore, among professed politicians, much bitter feeling and many personal encounters frequently occurred. But the distinctions of party which then existed have long since passed away, and the variety of parties which have since sprung up, and in a short time disappeared, have been innumerable.

BANKS.

In April, 1807, there were four banks doing business in the city of New York, namely:

The Bank of New York, charted in the year 1791, with a capital of $500,000. The Board of Directors were, the venerable Matthew Clarkson, *President;* Herman Le Roy, Joshua Waddington, John B. Coles, Wynant Van Zandt, jr., George Turnbull, Robert Bowne, John Atkinson, Rufus King, William Denny, John R. Murray, Nehemiah Rogers, John McVicker; Charles Wilkes, *Cashier.*

The Manhattan Company, chartered in the year 1799; capital, $2,050,000. Board of Directors, Daniel Ludlow, *President;* James Arden, *Vice-President;* Henry Rutgers, George Lewis, Walter Bowne, John Broome, James Fairlie, Thomas Farmer, Daniel Phœnix, Isaac Clason, William Edgar, Maturin Livingston, Recorder, *ex officio;* Henry Remsen, *Cashier.*

The Merchants' Bank, chartered in 1805; capital, $1,490,000; Directors, Joshua Sands, *President;* Richard Varick, Thomas Storm, John Kane, William W. Woolsey, John Hone, Henry I. Wyckoff, John Taylor, Isaac Cock, Peter Jay Munro, Henry A. Coster, David Lydig, Abm. G. Lansing, State Treasurer, *ex officio;* Lynde Catlin, *Cashier.*

The old United States' Branch Bank, chartered in 1791, for twenty years, with a capital of $10,000,000; of which the Directors were, Cornelius Ray, *President;* Thomas Buchanan, Robert Lenox, John Murray, Peter Schermerhorn, David M. Clarkson, Ebenezer Stevens, Charles Ludlow, Francis B. Winthrop, Oliver Wolcott, William Codman, Jacob Leroy, David Gelston; Jona. Burrall, *Cashier.*

New York Directors in the Mother Bank at Philadelphia—Abijah Hammond, Moses Rogers, Edward Lyde, Gerard Walton.

Mr. S. kept accounts both in the Bank of New York and in the United States Branch Bank, and the bank duties of the writer are still fresh in his memory. The discount clerk in the Branch Bank was Mr. Proudfit, a most respectable old gentleman, both in appearance and manners, being that of the old school. In the Bank of New York, that courteous gentleman, Mr. Wilkes, the *Cashier,* on discount days, used to stand near the first teller's desk, with the few rejected notes in his hand, and, without inquiry, as he caught the eye of the young men who came to learn about discounts, he would say "done," or hand back those which were rejected. The officers of that old and respectable institution have been, since 1807,

Matthew Clarkson, *President;* Charles Wilkes, *Cashier;* Cornelius Heyer, *First Teller.*

In 1824, Charles Wilkes, *President;* Cornelius Heyer, *Cashier;* A. P. Halsey, *First Teller.*

In 1833, Cornelius Heyer, *President;* A. P. Halsey, *Cashier.*

In 1843, John Oothout, " ditto, "

In 1857, John Oothout, " A. P. Halsey, *Vice-President;* William B. Meeker, *Cashier*—present officers.

In connection with banks, the writer will allude to some acts of the neighboring state of New Jersey. A bill for incorporating a company to build a city at Powles Hook, to be called the City of Jersey, passed the legislature of New Jersey, November 10th, 1804. Commissioners for the ensuing year were Richard Varick, Jacob Radcliff, William W. Woolsey, James Thompson, David B. Ogden, William S. Pennington, William Halsey, A. C. McWhorter, and Isaac H. Williamson. The Newark Banking Company obtained its charter in the year 1804, and April 11th, 1805, an act was passed to authorize her to establish a Branch at Powles Hook, called the Jersey Bank. The Directors were principally from New York, namely—Amasa Jackson, *President;* John Griffith, jr., Benjamin Strong, Isaac Kibbee, Selah Strong, James Thompson, John B. Murray, James Heard, Sylvester Robinson, Aaron Ogden, and William S. Pennington; John Low, *Cashier.*

In the year 1811, the charter of the old United States Bank expired. The writer perfectly remembers the distress occasioned by this event among mer-

chants, and all who were in any way in need of the assistance of banks. Perhaps for whom the writer, still a clerk, felt a deep interest, suffered, not only in feeling and in their credit, but eventually weathered the storm.

The same year the United States' Bank charter expired, the directors of the Jersey Bank obtained an act of incorporation from the legislature of New York, in March, 1811, for the Union Bank, with a capital of $1,000,000; and they then removed to the city of New York. This, with the Mechanics' Bank, which was chartered in 1810, with a capital of $1,500,000, made in all five banks in existence in the city of New York, with a total capital of $6,090,000—at the time of the expiration of the charter of the old United States Bank, in 1811. These five banks are still among the popular and favored monied institutions of our city. The old New York Bank being one of the land-marks of past times, and some of the most honored and respected names of New York citizens are identified with her board of directors in its management, has recently been leveled with the ground, only to rise in new dress and dimensions, better suited to the spirit of the age. The Union Bank is also undergoing the same process. The Mechanics' Bank has only recently taken possession of a new and elegant banking-house. It is but a few years since both the Manhattan and Merchants' Banks were renovated and modernized, by the erection of new buildings. The writer speaks of these five banks as of old acquaintances—although there are others, many of them quite old, and others of more recent organization—but all contributing, if they do not make others rich, at least to beautify and adorn our city.

The following year, 1812, the Bank of America, with $4,000,000, the City Bank, with $2,000,000, and the New York Manufacturing Company (now the Phœnix Bank), with $1,200,000 capital, were all chartered by the legislature, it being a winter of great excitement at Albany. Governor Tompkins prorogued the legislature, if possible, to prevent it, as there was said to be corruption in obtaining the charter of the Bank of America, but it was never proved.

Passing over the intervening years, from 1811–1812, to the year 1856, when this paragraph on banks was written, we find fifty-nine banks in active business, with $55,854,200 capital—besides the many private banking establishments, with doubtless an equal amount of capital for the accommodation of this commercial metropolis.

The embarrassments and revulsions that were occasioned by the Bank of the United States, chartered in 1816, with a capital of $35,000,000—and General Jackson's war against it—the renewal of it again in the state of Pennsylvania, with the same capital, and the unfortunate termination of it, under the presidency of Nicholas Biddle—are of so recent date, it is not necessary, for the object in view, to enlarge on their disastrous results. Without entering into any speculation on the advantages or disadvantages of banks, the purpose of the writer will be answered—which is to show the changes in this particular in fifty years.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Free School Society, afterwards called the Public School Society, was founded in June, 1805. School No. 1 was opened May 17th, 1806, in a building in Madison street, near Pearl street, with forty scholars; and in 1808, the Cor-

poration appropriated, and gave to the Society, on condition of their educating all the poor children in the Alms-house, the spacious building on the corner of Chatham street and Tryon row, which had been used as a state arsenal. The President of the Society, Dewitt Clinton, delivered an address on the occasion of opening the school. Mr. Clinton, the first President of the Society, continued so until his death, in 1828. When improvements and changes had been made in this part of the city, School No. 1 was erected in William street, where it still remains, the pioneer house of the enlarged system of Public School education. School No. 2 was built and opened in Henry street, in 1811, on lots given by Col. Rutgers; and No. 3 was organized in 1818, and the school-house was built in 1821, on lots given by the Corporation of Trinity Church, on the corner of Hudson and Grove streets.

The Public School Society continued to have the educational interests of the city under its control until 1842, when a new school law was passed, and the Board of Education was formed, having charge of the general interests of education.

In 1853, the Public School Society, finding their operations limited from any further progress in increasing the number of their schools, and their resources diminished by being placed under the direction of the Board of Education, decided on making over all their property, consisting of school-houses, furniture, books, etc., to the Corporation, and relinquishing their charter. Fifteen trustees were admitted into the Board of Education for two years, and the remaining, about eighty trustees, went into the local boards of Ward School officers; and at the close of the year 1857, the term of every trustee of the venerable Society expired, and it no longer possessed a "local habitation and a name."

The property belonging to the Public School Society, both real estate and personal property, was estimated at $605,221 85. It consisted of

18 large school-houses for white children.
2 " " " colored "
Trustees' Hall in Grand street (now improved and enlarged) is the present Hall of the Board of Education.
Work-shop in Crosby street.
54 Primary schools for white children.
2 " " colored "
Furniture, books, fuel, etc., etc.

Treasurer's balance of cash in hand	$401 39
A total of	$605,221 85

By the Sixteenth Annual Report of the Board of Education, for 1857, it will be seen that there are

	Average attendance,	Whole No. taught.
50 large grammar schools for white children	37,897	105,271
59 " primary " " "	7,561	23,046
9 " colored " colored "	801	2,403
14 corporate "	3,000	3,000
Total scholars	49,259	133,720

The cost of school-houses has increased in about the same proportion as the increase of scholars in attendance. The Public School Society's first school-houses cost from $12,000, $15,000, $18,000, $23,000 and $28,000, and but one only that cost over $30,000, with their furniture and books all complete. The Commissioners compose the Board of Education, and when a new school is required, and asked for in any particular ward, the Commissioners of that ward are ambitious, and feel a pride in having a handsome house, and obtain as large an appropriation as possible for that object; so that really we have some elegant and costly edifices, ornaments to the city. Many have cost $40,000, $45,000, $53,000, and one, erected in 1855, in Twelfth street (Fifteenth Ward), will probably cost, with the ground, more than $70,000. But our citizens appear to be willing to support extravagance, if it may be so called, for this object. There is now, with some that are building, an average of three large grammar and three primary schools in each ward of the city; and the Free Academy, organized in 1848 by the Board of Education, in Twenty-third street.

CHURCHES.

In 1807, the pastors of the Associate Reformed Dutch Church were the venerable Dr. Jno. H. Livingston, Rev. Dr. G. A. Kuypers, and Rev. Dr. Jno. N. Abeel, preaching alternately in the old church in Garden street, built in 1693, enlarged once or twice, and which was rebuilt in 1807. This church was burnt in the great fire of 1835. The new, or Middle Dutch Church, built in 1729, in Nassau street, at present occupied, and since August, 1844, by the United States Government as a post office, and the North Dutch, in William street, built in 1769, which, in the summer of 1856, was repaired, painted and, in a measure, made a free church by that wealthy denomination. The writer heard a very interesting discourse, appropriate to the occasion, in the month of August, 1856, by the Rev. Dr. Dewitt, one of the present pastors, replete with historical facts, not only in relation to that church, but the churches of other denominations in the lower part of the city. After the destruction of the church in Garden street by the fire in 1835, two congregations were formed in the upper part of the city—the fine church on Washington square, at present under the pastoral care of Dr. Hutton, and the church in Fifth avenue, corner of Twenty-first street, Rev. Jno. M. Macauley. Mr. S., being one of the Consistory of the Dutch Church, the writer, then a clerk, frequently attended the collegiate churches, and often heard Dr. Livingston, Dr. Abeel, Dr. Kuypers, and at a later period all the distinguished clergy of that communion.

The next oldest denomination in the city, the Episcopal or English Church, was the old Trinity, built in 1697, and enlarged several times until 1788, with her chapels, St. George's, in Beekman street, built in 1752; St. Paul's, in Broadway, built in 1765, and St. John's, in Varick street, opened and consecrated in 1807. Right Rev. Benjamin Moore was Diocesan and Rector of Trinity Church, Rev. Dr. Abm. Beach, Rev. Dr. Jno. H. Hobart, and Rev. Cave Jones, Assistant Ministers. In 1811, Rev. Dr. Hobart was elected Assistant Bishop and Assistant Rector, after a serious controversy among the members of that communion. The Rev. Dr. Berrian, the present Rector of that venerable corporation, is one of two of the oldest clergy in the ministry of this day. One or two incidents, which he

witnessed, occur to the mind of the writer in speaking of this church. The first was at the commencement of Columbia College, in 1812, in Trinity Church, when a diploma was refused to one of the graduates for acting in opposition to the wishes of the Faculty. Many friends of the graduate took part in the affair, and it caused great excitement in the church, and, for some time after, out of it; and in the night of 5th January, 1813, while standing at the corner of Beekman and Gold streets, to see St. George's Chapel in flames, and its lofty spire gradually burning and falling into the body of the church, a light snow was falling, and it presented a most picturesque appearance. St. Mark's Church, in the Bowery, Rev. Dr. Harris, was built in 1795; Zion Church, in Mott street, built in 1801, Rev. Mr. Pilmore; St. Stephen's Church, in Chrystie street, built in 1805, Rev. Richard Moore, who was afterward Bishop of Virginia. Christ's Church, in Ann street, in 1794, Rev. Dr. Lyell. The French Church, in Pine street, built in 1704, by the Huguenots; there was no service in this church in 1807, and for several years after. This is now the French Church built in Franklin street, in 1834, Rev. A. Verren. The Jew's Synagogue was built in Mill street, in 1729, and was the only one in the city for more than a century. It remained there until improvements were made in that part of the city, so that it is now difficult to point out the locality of Mill street. The Moravian Church, in Fulton street, was built in 1752; pastor was the Rev. Benj. Mortimer, in 1807. The German Reformed Church, in Nassau, below John street, in 1765. The German Lutheran Church, corner of William and Frankfort streets, erected in 1767, Rev. Dr. Kunze. A Baptist Church was built in Gold street, in 1760; Rev. Wm. Parkinson was pastor in 1807. Baptist Church, in Oliver street, 1795. The first Methodist Church in America was built in 1768, in John street, and having been once rebuilt, is still occupied as a place of worship. A Friends' Meeting-house was built in Liberty street in 1704; afterward G. Thorburn's seed-store; and one in Pearl street, in 1775—both now removed.

The first Church of the Presbyterian denomination was built in Wall street, in 1719, and the Brick Church, in Beekman street, built in 1767, and the pastors in 1807 were the Rev. Dr. Rodgers, Rev. Dr. McKnight, and Dr. Samuel Miller. They were Associated Churches, in 1807, but separated soon after. The first-named gentleman was very aged and infirm. The writer heard him preach a few times in the Brick Church, a venerable-looking old gentleman, with a full wig of white flowing hair. He died in the year 1811. His colleagues, Dr. McKnight and Dr. Miller, he has often heard, both in the old Wall street Church and the Brick Church in Beekman street. In 1810, the old church in Wall street was taken down and entirely rebuilt in modern style. This church was burnt in 1835; rebuilt soon after, but in the course of eight or ten years, the ground was sold for secular purposes, and a fine church erected in the Fifth avenue for the congregation, under the pastoral charge of the Rev. Dr. Phillips. In May, 1811, the writer, standing in the Park on Sunday morning, the wind blowing almost a gale, saw the Brick church steeple, on fire, extinguished by a sailor, a most thrilling and dangerous exploit. The Rev. Dr. Spring was called the same year to that church. The writer heard many of his early sermons, and the last one he delivered, when it was closed from all religious services in 1856.

A new church, for the same pastor and congregation, is in course of erection in the Fifth avenue, corner of Thirty-seventh street. Dr. Spring is also one of the two oldest clergy now in the ministry; and Dr. Knox, of the Dutch Church, recently deceased, was the third. In 1807, the church in Cedar street was built for Dr. John B. Romeyn, a very able and popular preacher of that day. From this congregation two churches have been formed. Dr. Potts', in University place, and Dr. Alexander's, in Fifth avenue. Rev. Dr. Milledollar, in 1807, had charge of the Rutgers street Presbyterian Church, founded in 1797, where he continued until 1813, when he was called to the Reformed Dutch Church, where he remained until 1825, when he became President of Rutgers' College, New Brunswick, N. J. Reformed Scotch Presbyterian Church, in 1797, for the Rev. Dr. Alexander McLeod. This church is now removed to West Eleventh street, under the pastoral care of his son, Jno. N. McLeod. Dr. Jno. M. Mason succeeded his father as pastor of the Scotch Presbyterian Church in Cedar street, founded in 1758. He continued there until a church was built for him in 1812 in Murray street. The pulpit in this church was the first of the new construction, and at the time was thought a novel one. It was in attending this church, I frequently met Dr. Knox and Rev. P. N. Strong, both students of divinity with this eminent man; and they both became pastors in the Dutch Church, when their studies were completed in 1816.

In 1807, there was but one Roman Catholic Church, (St. Peter's, in Barclay street,) which was built in 1786. In 1815, the Cathedral in Mott street (commenced in 1811) was finished, and consecrated in the month of May by the Right Rev. Bishop Cheverus, of Boston, at which the writer with several friends were present, at what was considered a most imposing ceremony. Andrew Morris, a most worthy and influential man of that denomination, and very active in the erection of the Cathedral, was Assistant Alderman of the First Ward in 1807, and had been for several years previously. In consequence of the great Catholic immigration, the number of churches and other institutions of that denomination have increased quite as fast as any other in the city.

The foregoing, with few exceptions, were the principal churches in the city in 1807; and all of them, with the exception of St. Johns, St. Marks, St. Stephens, Zion, and the Rutgers street Presbyterian Church, were situated in or below Beekman street. The most of these old land-marks have been removed to other locations in the upper part of the city, many of them making two or three congregations from those which constituted but one before removal. In 1807, and a few years succeeding, during the summer college vacations, the city was visited by many of the distinguished Presidents of these institutions, and they generally preached several times during their visits: Dr. Timothy Dwight, of Yale College, New Haven; Dr. E. Nott, of Union College, Schenectady; Dr. Edward Griffin, of Williamstown; Rev. Henry Kollock, of Savannah, of the Presbyterian denomination; Rev. Dr. Staughton, of the Baptists, and others, were distinguished theologians, and fine specimens of pulpit oratory, and always had crowded churches to hear them. The venerable Dr. Nott still makes an occasional visit, although far advanced in age.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS IN 1807.

Columbia College, formerly King's College, chartered in 1750, in Robinson street.

New York Hospital, chartered in 1769, situated in Broadway.

New York Society Library, founded in 1754, chartered in 1772, situated in Nassau street.

New York Dispensary, instituted in 1790, incorporated in 1795, now in Centre street.

Marine Society, incorporated in 1770.

Chamber of Commerce, 1768, chartered in 1770.

Manumission Society, established in 1785, incorporated February 19, 1808.

The Humane Society, established in 1787.

General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, incorporated March 14, 1792

The Tontine Coffee-house, built in 1792.

Mechanics' Hall, built in 1792.

Female Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, 1797, chartered in April, 1802. The first annual report, written sixty years since, has recently been presented to the Society; Mrs. Isabella Graham, First Directress.

The Orphan Asylum (now at Bloomingdale), founded by Mrs. Isabella Graham, Mrs. Startin, Mrs. Hamilton, and other benevolent ladies, in 1806.

Tammany Society, or Columbian Order, established 1805.

New York St. Andrew's Society, instituted in 1756; 30th November day of its anniversary.

St. George's Society.

Public School Society, founded in 1805.

St. Patrick's Society, 17th March day of its anniversary.

New England Society, established in 1805; day of its anniversary 22d of December.

Several Masonic Societies, all benevolent.

Sailors' Snug Harbor, in Broadway.

Several Medical Societies, and many eminent Physicians—Dr. Hosack, Dr. Birch, Dr. Tillary, Dr. Borrowe, Dr. Barrow, Dr. Pascalis, Dr. Edward Miller, Dr. Jno. R. B. Rodgers, Dr. Bailey, Dr. Mitchill; Surgeons, Dr. Wright Post, Dr. Kissam, Dr. Mott, and others.

New York Historical Society, first movement in 1804; established in 1809.

These may be said to have been all the prominent institutions and societies in operation in the city of New York in 1807, fifty years ago. Not a Bible Society, not a Missionary or Tract Society, not a Sunday School or Prayer-book Society, or a Savings Bank, was known at that day. Many of the churches had their charity schools, and about the holidays annual collections were taken for their support, and gifts for their scholars. The writer had an opportunity of knowing what a matter of pride it was in the Dutch Churches—North, South and Middle—which should make the largest collection for this object. Mr. S. was always active, and delighted to aid this cause, as were all the members of the Consistory, and it is doubtless so at this day, it being the oldest school in the city.

The New York Bible and Common Prayer-book Society was instituted in 1809, and the Protestant Episcopal Tract Society in 1810. They were among the first of this class of societies formed in the city.

In May, 1816, the American Bible Society was formed, at a large meeting at the City Hotel, by members of all religious denominations. The first President was Hon. Elias Boudinot, of New Jersey. The Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen, also of New Jersey, is the President at this time. Immediately following the formation of this society, numerous societies of various churches, and other bodies of Christians were organized as auxiliaries, in all parts of the country, to aid in this great work.

In quick succession, the Missionary cause received an impetus, and many churches organized societies as auxiliaries to the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, at Boston, established in 1810. The Reformed Dutch Churches, the Baptist Churches, the Presbyterian and Methodists entered into the cause with great spirit. Foreign and Home Missionary Societies were established, and commenced their work.

Then followed the Tract Societies. The American Tract Society was founded on the 10th May, 1825, which may be considered a National Institution, although located in New York. The next in importance, founded in 1827, is the New York City Tract Society, which has and continues to be a most valuable Institution; looking, as it does, at domestic life, and the personal comfort of the middle and humbler walks of our citizens, it advises and counsels all to pursue the true paths which lead to virtue and happiness.

The first Sunday School established in New York was commenced by a number of young females, of the Society of Friends, in April, 1811, for the teaching of adult colored women. This has become so great a cause in our religious community, and so many are engaged in the good work, the writer can communicate nothing which is not known to every one already. The New York Sunday School Union Society was formed in February, 1816.

The population this year, (1816,) had only reached 100,619; but owing to the embarrassments to commerce, growing out of the protracted wars in Europe, and other causes, it had scarcely commenced its career of prosperity. The junction of the Hudson with Lake Erie had not been commenced. The end of the pavement on Broadway was about Leonard street. From Sugar Loaf (now Franklin) street we used to cross down through open lots to the west side of the city. From the porch of St. John's Church we could see Richmond Hill, once the residence of Col. Burr, now Charlton street. A walk from the lower part of the city (First Ward) to the Stone Bridge, now Canal street, was a great feat for pedestrians. On the west side of Broadway, above Canal, were open lots, with here and there a building. Jno. Edwards, the eccentric scale-beam maker, well-known through the city, by business men, driving his wagon, dressed in a black velvet coat and small clothes, with spectacles on nose, had his factory in Greene (near Spring) street, and there was nothing to intercept the view of his shanty from Broadway. This was before the day of patent scales. The present beautiful Washington square was then Potters' Field. Near where Amity street now is, stood Dyde's Hotel, a house famous for its

political assemblages of those days. About Eighth street, as far from Broadway, perhaps, as University Place, stood the country mansion of Wm. Neilson. On Broadway, corner of Ninth street, stood the Sailors' Snug Harbor, a brick building of octagon shape, owned by Capt. R. Randall, who, in 1801, made a bequest of it, and all the land attached to it, for old and decrepid worn-out seamen. This institution is now on Staten Island. On the east side of Broadway, also, there were only occasionally few buildings. Where the Broadway House recently stood were some high hills, and that house was very elevated, when built, but gradually lowered by the grading of the street. The only iron-rail fence in the whole city was at the Bowling Green, foot of Broadway, put up in 1771, in honor of George III.—cost £800. The first one put up after this was in 1818, partly round the Park. At this day no other fences are to be seen round any of the public grounds or church inclosures. The upper part of the city, at this time, was very irregular in its surface, and many hills have, within a very few years, been levelled and graded to what they appear at present.

HUDSON RIVER AND LAKE ERIE CANAL.

This great work of the state of New York, alone, has contributed more to the prosperity and wealth of this city than any other enterprise since its discovery. In 1792 the Western Inland Lock Navigation Company was incorporated, for the object of opening a communication, by canal, to the Seneca Lake and Lake Ontario, and improvement of the Mohawk River. General Philip Schuyler drew the act, who, with about fifty other influential citizens of the state, were members, and they were allowed fifteen years to complete the work. Gen. Schuyler was President. Barent Bleecker, Jeremiah Van Rensselaer and Elkanah Watson, of Albany, Thomas Eddy and Robert Bowne, of this city, were the most active members. The Northern Inland Lock Navigation Company was to open communication between the Hudson and Lake Champlain.

1792, August 14, Report of a Committee appointed, to the Directors of the Western Inland Lock Navigation Company, was made to that Board. 1st September, 1792, that they had explored the route from Schenectady to Wood Creek, or Fort Stanwix, a distance of 121¾ miles, as the river runs, and estimate the cost of a canal that distance at £39,500.

Signed by PHILIP SCHUYLER, GOLDSBROW BANYER, ELKANAH WATSON, } *Committee.*

Gouverneur Morris, from interviews with Mr. Weston, a practical canal engineer from England, and with Thomas Eddy, one of the most active men throughout the canal projects, and who had explored the whole route with Mr. Weston, and surveyors, in 1796, was induced to extend his views in 1800 to the grand conception of a spacious canal from the Hudson river to Lake Erie. In so gigantic an undertaking, many of our citizens hoped to procure aid from the general government. In ——, 1807, Mr. Jefferson alluded to canals, in his message to Congress. 1808, Mr. Gallatin, Secretary of the Treasury, made a very able report, but the idea of a canal from Lake Erie to the Hudson does not appear to have occurred to him. From the 27th October, 1807, a publication,

under the signature of Hercules, appeared in the Genesee Messenger, attributed to Jesse Hawley, in fourteen weekly numbers, to 2d March, 1808, in reference to this subject. 4th February, 1808, Joshua Forman, a member of the legislature, from Onondaga county, offered a resolution that a joint committee of the Senate and Assembly, to take into consideration the propriety of exploring, and causing an accurate survey to be made of the most eligible and direct route for a canal, to open a communication between the tide-waters of the Hudson river and Lake Erie, to the end that Congress may be enabled to appropriate such sums as may be necessary to the accomplishment of that great national object. 1808, February 21, the Surveyor-General was directed to have the necessary steps taken to have the route explored, surveyed, etc., and $600 was put in the supply bill to effect that entering wedge. James Geddes, Esq., was accordingly employed, and explored the whole route. He made a report to the Surveyor-General, in January, 1809. On 13th March, 1810, in the Senate, Jonas Platt, a member, revived the subject. Judge Platt and Mr. Eddy engaged our present Governor, Dewitt Clinton, who was also a member of the Senate, to support Mr. Platt's proposition. From that time Mr. Clinton has been identified with the canals. A committee of seven was appointed, of which Gouverneur Morris was chairman, to survey the track of the canal, to take levels, make estimates, and form plans. The committee consisted of Gouverneur Morris, chairman; Stephen Van Rensselaer, William North, Thomas Eddy, Peter B. Porter, Robert R. Livingston and Robert Fulton. (The two last named by Mr. Clinton.) 1810, Dr. Hugh Williamson, of the city of New York, wrote several essays in favor of the project of connecting the waters of Lake Erie with the Hudson river, which were published in New York, under the signature of Atticus. (See Dr. Hosack's biography of Dr. W.) 1811, the committee made a luminous and a very interesting report, drawn by the powerful and persuasive pen of Gouverneur Morris, accompanied by a map of the whole route, and water levels. On the receipt of the report, Mr. Clinton brought in a bill, which was passed April 8, 1811. This was the first law passed on the subject of the great canal, and added the two last names, Robert R. Livingston and Robert Fulton, to the former five commissioners, and charged the board with all matters relating to the navigation between the Hudson and the Lakes. Mr. Morris and Mr. Clinton went to Washington to promote the success of an application that was made to the general government. They were not successful in their application. This was during the years from 1811 to 1816, when several leading steps were taken, such as appeals to the United States, and individual states, to induce a patriotic coöperation; but these appeals proved delusive, as nothing decisive was done. During the war but little or nothing was done in reference to the canals, but when peace was restored, in 1815, the interest in regard to it revived, and at the instigation of Mr. Eddy, Judge Platt, Mr. Clinton, John Pintard and others, a few respectable and influential citizens were convened in New York, in the latter part of the year 1815. Had it not been for the intervention of the war a civil engineer, (which the committee supposed they would have to look to Europe for assistance, for that purpose,) would have shared the credit, which is due to Wright, Geddes, White, Thomas, Roberts and Briggs. Indeed, it seems

that the acting commissioners, Holly, Young, Seymour and Bouck, discharged, in a great degree, duties which would properly belong to engineers, while at the same time they were united with the other commissioners in the general direction and superintendence of the work. 1816, April 17, a law was passed, appointing a board of commissioners, with authority to lay out the track of the canals, and appropriating $20,000 for that purpose, of which the Honorable Dewitt Clinton was appointed President. They made an elaborate report to the legislature on the 10th March, 1817. At length, on the ever-memorable 17th April, 1817, the whole plan was embraced under the solemnity of a law.

The first plough, which opened a furrow in its commencement, was held by John Richardson, Esq., at or near Rome, on the 4th July, 1817, being on the middle section, from which date, the work never ceased until completed, in the year 1825.

1819, October 22, the first boat sailed on the Erie canal, from Rome to Utica. It was dragged by a single horse, trotting on the embankment, in the tow-path. It was an elegant boat, constructed to carry passengers, called the "Chief Engineer," in compliment to Benjamin Wright, Esq. The Governor, Dewitt Clinton, Gen. S. Van Rensselaer, Rev. Mr. Stansbury, of Albany; Rev. Dr. Blatchford, of Lansinghurgh; Judge Miller, of Utica; Mr. Holly, Mr. Seymour, Judge Wright, Col. Lansing, Mr. Childs, Mr. Clark, Mr. Bunner, and a large company of their friends, were of the party.

The particulars of the foregoing history of the canal are taken from Cadwallader D. Colden's account of the celebration of the union of the Ocean and the Lakes, October 26, 1825, and from the annals of Elkanah Watson, in 1820, and contain the name of every prominent individual, in any way taking an interest in the great Erie canal enterprise, from its commencement to October, 1825.

The population of the city was then 168,000.

Five gentlemen from other states, who were delegates to the convention that formed the Constitution of the United States in 1787, who afterward became prominent citizens, and filled many posts of honor and trust in this city, namely: Rufus King, from Massachusetts; Wm. Samuel Johnson, of Connecticut; Gouverneur Morris, although a native of this state, was a delegate from the state of Pennsylvania; Dr. Hugh Williamson, from North Carolina, and Col. William Few, from Georgia.

FIRST MOVEMENT FOR A SAVINGS BANK, IN THE YEAR 1816.

At a meeting, called at the City Hotel, November 29, 1816, pursuant to public notice, for the purpose of establishing the Savings Bank—Thomas Eddy was called to the chair, and J. H. Coggershall, Esq., appointed secretary. The object of the meeting having been stated, and the principles of the proposed institution briefly and pertinently explained, by James Eastburn, on motion of John Griscom, seconded by Dr. Watts, it was *Resolved*, That it is expedient to establish a Savings Bank in the city of New York.

A constitution was submitted by Zach. Lewis, read, and unanimously adopted.

The following gentlemen were appointed as (twenty-eight) Directors of the Institution:

WM. BAYARD, *President*,
NOAH BROWN, 1*st Vice-President*. THOMAS R. SMITH, 2*d Vice-President*.
THOMAS C. TAYLOR, 3*d Vice-President*.

Dewitt Clinton,	John Pintard,	John Slidell,
Archibald Gracie.	Josiah H. Coggershall,	Andrew Morris,
Cad. D. Colden,	Jonas Mapes,	Gilbert Aspinwall,
Wm. Few,	Brockholst Livingston,	Zachariah Lewis,
John Griscom,	Richard Varick,	Thomas Buckley,
Jeremiah Thompson,	Thomas Eddy,	Najah Taylor,
Duncan P. Campbell,	Peter A. Jay,	Francis B. Winthrop,
James Eastburn,	J Murray, jr.	William Wilson.

On motion, *Resolved*, That the first meeting of the Directors be held on the 2d Tuesday of December.

Resolved, That the thanks of the meeting be returned to Mr. Gibson, for his liberality in declining any compensation for the use of the room. Adjourned.

This institution did not commence active operations till Saturday evening, at 6 o'clock, on 3d July, 1819, in a room in the basement story of the New York Institution in Chambers street. The office of deposit was continued open until 9 o'clock in the evening, and again on Monday, from 11 o'clock in the forenoon till 2 in the afternoon. It was in future to be open, during the same hours, on every Saturday and Monday, according to the announcement of the papers of the day.

The deposits of the first evening far exceeded, in number and amount, the most sanguine hopes of the trustees. The sum of $2,807 was received from eighty depositors. The largest deposit was $300, and the smallest $2.

In addition to John Pintard, Jno. E. Hyde and Duncan P. Campbell, the attending committee for the month, the following trustees were present on the occasion: Wm. Bayard, Esq., *President*, Col. Wm. Few, *Vice-President*, and Messrs. Jas. Eastburn, Thos. Eddy, Zach. Lewis, Jno. Mason, Jacob Sherred, Wm. Wilson and Jer'h Thompson.

The officers and trustees of the Savings Bank, for the year 1819, were as follows: Wm. Bayard, *President;* Jno. Murray, jr., 1*st Vice-President;* Noah Brown, 2*d Vice-President;* Wm. Few, 3*d Vice-President;* John Murray, jr., *Treasurer;* Jas. Eastburn, *Secretary;* D. E. Tylee, *Clerk. Trustees*—Hon. Brockholst Livingston, C. D. Colden, P. A. Jay, Geo. Arcularius, Thomas Buckley, D. P. Campbell, John B. Coles, Francis Cooper, Henry Eckford, Thomas Eddy, John E. Hyde, Z. Lewis, Dennis McCarthy, John Mason, Andw. Morris, James Palmer, Jno. Pintard, Jacob Sherred, Joseph Smith, Najah Taylor, Jeremiah Thompson, Wm. Wilson, Samuel Wood—28 Directors.

The deposits from 3d July until 27th December, 1819, inclusive, being a period of six months: there was deposited, by 1,527 depositors, the sum of $153,378 31. That $148,372 22 was invested in the public funds, and that the sum of $6,606 were drawn out by the depositors. Of those who drew out, forty-six closed their accounts, and twenty-one only took out a part.

This institution owes its origin and inception to the "Society for the Prevention of Pauperism," of whom Thomas Eddy, John Murray, jr., and John



A.Weingärtner's Lith.N.Y.

for D.T.Valentine's Manual 1858

ROSE STREET with the OLD SUGAR HOUSE 1858.

Irregularity of Houses on the Street line.

Pintard were among its warmest advocates. The well-known services of the latter gentleman for a long series of years as President need no comment, a position which he held till near the close of his active life.

The thirty-eighth annual report for the year 1856 shows the whole amount of deposits made in this institution to have been $47,530,067 61, and its net assets amount to $9,038,580 88. The venerable Najah Taylor is now the President, and James F. Depeyster Treasurer. An elegant banking-house, built of white marble, has just been erected in Bleecker street for this institution. There are at this time sixteen of these institutions in operation in this city, generally well managed.

SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF PAUPERISM.

The writer believes it will not be uninteresting, at this time, to give a short history of the origin and progress of this Society, organized in 1818, from which several of the most important of our city institutions emanated, were put in operation, and still show, by their annual reports to the Legislature and to the Corporation, that the most sanguine expectations of the managers of that day have been more than realized. He feels it to be but a just tribute of respect due to the memory of the gentlemen composing the successive Boards of Managers of that Society to speak of the many useful objects of reform and improvement to which they devoted their attention, and to show the practical results which attended their efforts in relation to the most of them.

Perhaps no six annual reports of any association embody more valuable information, or contain statistics of greater interest, or from which more practical good followed, than from the observations and suggestions of this body of intelligent and philanthropic men, and they may be considered a monument to their industry, zeal, and indefatigable efforts to accomplish the great objects for which they voluntarily organized. It would be out of place here, and would make this communication of too great length, to speak of them as their merits entitle them, but he trusts to be excused in briefly noticing the various objects to which their several reports refer.

At a meeting of many respectable citizens at the New York Hospital, 16th December, 1817, to take into consideration the subject of pauperism, Gen. Matthew Clarkson was appointed Chairman, and Divie Bethune, Secretary. On motion of Charles Wilkes, Esq., seconded by Wm. Johnson, Esq., it was unanimously *Resolved*, That the citizens present, with those who may hereafter unite in the measure, be constituted a "Society for the Prevention of Pauperism."

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare a constitution for the government of the Society, and a statement of the prevailing causes of pauperism, with suggestions relative to the most suitable and efficient remedies; whereupon the following gentlemen were appointed a committee for that purpose, viz: John Griscom, Brockholst Livingston, Garret N. Bleecker, Thomas Eddy, James Eastburn, Rev. Cave Jones, Zachariah Lewis, and Divie Bethune, who were requested, when ready to report, to convene the Society for that purpose.

On the 6th February, 1818, the committee called the Society again together at the Hospital, when the First Report was presented by John Griscom, the

Chairman, on the causes and prevention of pauperism, and suggesting the formation and plan for the action of this Society, together with a Constitution for its future government. Whereupon, it was

Resolved, That one thousand copies of the Report and Constitution be published for distribution, under the direction of the same committee.

On the 10th March, 1818, the Society was again called together at the City Hotel, when the Report and Constitution, presented by the same gentleman, was again read by John Griscom, Chairman, and, on motion of the Rev. Dr. John M. Mason, who made an eloquent address, seconded by Col. Wm. Few, it was adopted.

On motion of James Eastburn, and seconded by John Griscom, a committee of five members was appointed to form a nomination for the first Board of Managers. John Adams, Dr. Neilson, John Griscom, Divie Bethune, and John Low, formed the committee. They named the following as the first Board:

Matthew Clarkson,	James Eastburn,	Isaac Lawrence,
John R. Murray,	Zachariah Lewis,	Elisha W. King,
John Griscom,	Dr. Watts,	Andrew Morris,
Brockholst Livingston,	Samuel Boyd,	Wm. B. Crosby,
Charles Wilkes,	John Withington,	Najah Taylor,
John Murray, jr.,	Joseph Smith,	Thomas C. Taylor,
Wm. Johnson,	George P. Shipman,	John E. Hyde,
Garret N. Bleecker,	F. C. Schaeffer,	John Anthon,
Thomas Eddy,	William Few,	Cave Jones,
Rensselaer Havens,	Divie Bethune,	Joseph Curtis.

(Thirty Managers.)

And the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year, viz:

Matthew Clarkson, *President.*

Brockholst Livingston,
William Few,
Rev. Cave Jones,
Thomas Eddy,
} *Vice-Presidents.*

John Griscom, *Secretary.*

John E. Hyde, *Treasurer.*

In the month of April, 1818, John Griscom went to Europe, taking some of his Reports with him, and, during an absence of twelve or fourteen months, visiting the various charitable institutions in his travels, and giving his attention particularly to this class of reformatory institutions, he collected much information, which he imparted to his colleagues in the various reports he prepared after his return in 1819.

The Second Annual Report, written and presented by John Griscom, in December, 1819, speaks of having obtained a charter for a savings bank, which commenced operations in July, under the auspices of this Society, an account of which is to be found in another article of this paper, their successful application to the legislature for a law in relation to lotteries, and much information as to emigrant population and other subjects.

The Third Annual Report, made by Charles G. Haines, Esq., under a resolu-

tion of the Society, on the Penitentiary system of the United States, a most valuable document of two hundred and eight pages, presented to the Society in December, 1821.

The Fourth Annual Report, by John Griscom, presented December, 1820. In addition to a careful revision of all the usual subjects—1st, Civil and Criminal Police; 2d, Intemperance; 3d, Emigration; 4th, Disorderly Houses; 5th, Ignorance and neglect of Religious Worship; 6th, Want of Cleanliness; 7th, Lotteries, Pawnbrokers, and Intelligence Offices; 8th, Public Amusements; 9th, Idleness and Want of Employment; 10th, Domestic Economy; 11th, Correspondence; 12th, The Library; 13th, Juvenile Delinquency—it speaks of the formation of the Apprentices' Library, and a collection of five thousand volumes since it commenced, in 1819. (It now comprises nineteen thousand volumes.) The Mercantile Library also commenced in the year 1819, by voluntary donations of books, by merchants and others friendly to the object, among whom Philip Hone, Isaac S. Hone, and Mr. Wood, were prominent ones. (This Society has never made any claim to the origin of this Association.) This Library has grown to be an important institution, with a collection of nearly fifty thousand volumes.

The Fifth Annual Report, by Eleazar Lord, Esq., is a very able one, with much valuable information, and alludes to the Fuel Saving Institution, presented in December, 1821.

The Sixth Annual Report, by James W. Gerard, Esq., Chairman of a committee composed of J. W. Gerard, John Stearns, M.D., and Hiram Ketcham, presented February 7, 1823, at the City Hotel, recommending the establishment of a House of Refuge for the delinquent children of our city, as well as vagrant and homeless children to be found in the streets. Other objects have followed in the train of the efforts of this Society. The establishment of a High School, suggested by John Griscom, in 1822, after his return from Europe. A house was built in Crosby street, and opened in 1825, under the direction of Professor Griscom; and the "Society for the Encouragement of Faithful Domestic Servants" opened an office in the basement of the Savings Bank in 1825.

At a meeting of the Society, held 12th June, 1823, the following Managers were appointed a committee to prepare a report on the subject of establishing a House of Refuge: John Griscom, Isaac Collins, Cornelius Du Bois, James W. Gerard, Hiram Ketcham, Daniel Lord, jr., and W. M. Carter. A numerous and respectable meeting of citizens convened at the request of the Society for Prevention of Pauperism, at the City Hotel, 19th December, 1823, Hon. C. D. Colden, President of the Society, in the chair, and Hiram Ketchum, Esq., as Secretary. The report of the above Society on the establishment of a House of Refuge was read by John Griscom, Chairman of the committee, and the importance of the proposition was enforced in appropriate speeches by Peter A. Jay, Esq., Rev. Dr. J. M. Wainwright, James W. Gerard, Esq., Professor McVickar, Hiram Ketcham, Esq., the District Attorney, Hugh Maxwell, Esq., Mr. J. P. Simpson, and Mr. Divie Bethune.

The great object for which the Society was first organized appeared to have been reached, and resolutions were at once adopted to establish the Refuge—to change the name of the Society to that of the "Society for the Reformation of

Juvenile Delinquents"—to take up subscriptions at once for the purpose of carrying these resolutions into effect. A Treasurer was appointed, and a Board of Managers, composed principally of the same Board, were elected, and the management of the Refuge committed to their care.

On the 9th January, 1824, at a meeting of the Board of Managers, the officers were elected for the ensuing year, viz.:

Cadwallader D. Colden, *President.*
Stephen Allen,
Peter A. Jay,
John T. Irving,
John Griscom,
Henry I. Wyckoff,
Cornelius Du Bois,
Vice-Presidents.
Ralph Olmstead, *Treasurer.*
Robert F. Mott, *Secretary.*

An act of incorporation was granted March 29th, 1824, by the legislature. Subscriptions and donations during the year 1824 amounted to $17,000, and, having obtained possession of the United States Arsenal, on what is now Madison square, the Refuge was opened on 1st January, 1825, with nine inmates—six boys and three girls. It remained in that location fifteen years, until destroyed by fire in 1839. It was then removed to the large building foot of Twenty-third street, on the East river, which had been erected for a fever hospital. Here it remained fifteen years, until the increasing number of inmates made it necessary to provide larger accommodations, and to enable the Managers to carry out their system of classification, which they ever kept in view. In 1851, having made an equitable arrangement with the Corporation for an exchange of a parcel of land which they possessed on Ward's island for about thirty-six acres on the south end of Randall's island, they decided on building on that site. The corner-stone was laid on the 24th November, 1852, by the Mayor, Ambrose C. Kingsland, and an address was made by the late Robert Kelly, President of the Society. It was two years in building. On the 24th November, 1854, a formal opening of the new building took place, when the Governor of the State, Horatio Seymour, was present, and made an address. The President, R. Kelly, also made another able address on this occasion. This institution, now thirty-three years in existence, has shown, from year to year, its beneficial results, in the large number of its inmates reformed by its judicious and kind discipline.

By the Thirty-third Annual Report, issued 1st January, 1858, it will be seen that the total number of inmates has been seven thousand three hundred and thirty-six, and that on 1st January, 1858, there were five hundred and seventy-seven boys and seventy girls—making a total of six hundred and forty-seven in the institution. As the citizens of New York view this noble pile of buildings from the Second, Third, and Fourth avenues, they should feel a pride that such an institution has been the work, and its concerns cared for by a voluntary association of gentlemen for so long a period, without fee or reward. The minutes of the Society show, for that whole period, that a meeting of some portion of the Managers has been held every week, with the exception of a very few weeks,

which was during the cholera season of 1832, when there was great confusion in the city, and no quorum could be made. In the minutes, regularly kept, the prominent names of the deceased officers and active Managers are Cad. D. Colden, first President, and his son, D. C. Colden; Stephen Allen, Robt. C. Cornell, and his son, George J. Cornell; James Lovett, Cornelius Du Bois, John Griscom, Thomas Eddy, John Pintard, Jacob Drake, Robt. F. Mott, John R. Willis, Robt. D. Weeks, Augustin Averills, Robert Kelly, late President, Daniel Seymour, Mahlon Day, and Joshua S. Underhill.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE LINES OF PACKET-SHIPS TO ENGLAND.

Previous to the year 1817, the departures of ships for European ports were very irregular as to time, and oftentimes very great inconvenience arose to merchants, from the delay of vessels not sailing on the day they were advertised. The best calculations were often defeated by them, and the only remedy appeared to be establishing a regular system of departure, whether with a full cargo or otherwise. The first, called the *Black-Ball Line*, for Liverpool, was established in 1817, by Isaac Wright & Son, Francis Thompson, Benjamin Marshall, and Jeremiah Thompson, with four large ships, (being, at that day, from 400 to 500 tons) to sail the first day of every month in the year. The ships were the Pacific, Amity, William Thompson, and James Cropper. This line was quite successful, being the only one, and sailed regularly on the day named in the announcement, until the year 1821, when a second, called the *Red-Star Line*, was established by Byrnes, Trimble & Co., with four ships. They fixed their day of sailing the 24th of each month. The ships were the Manhattan, Hercules, Panthea, and Meteor. In about six months the proprietors of the Black-Ball Line added four ships to their line, to sail on the 16th of each month; and, to make it complete, in a short time after, the houses of Fish, Grinnell & Co., and Thaddeus Phelps & Co., with four more ships, formed the *Swallow-tail Line*, to sail on the 8th of each month, viz: the Napoleon, Silas Richards, York, and George Canning, making in all sixteen ships, with a regular weekly departure. This was the commencement of that great commercial enterprise which has proved so beneficial and convenient to merchants engaged in foreign commerce, and profitable also to the proprietors, by commanding the highest rates of freight, and the preference that all passengers visiting Europe gave them, on account of the punctuality of departure, and the superior accommodations of the ships composing the lines. In the course of a very few years, several lines were formed to London, Havre, Greenock, and other foreign ports, with the finest-built ships, of increased tonnage, and sailing with the greatest regularity and dispatch. The success attending the establishment of these lines, inspired new vigor and enterprise in those already engaged in any lines to ports along the whole extent of our seaboard, from Maine to New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston, Baltimore, Boston, Portland, and all the intermediate ports.

Philadelphia soon established her lines also, for Liverpool, and other foreign ports, and her lines to all the ports on the seaboard, with the same regularity and dispatch.

These lines continued to run with great regularity and success, until the establishment of steam-ship lines to Liverpool, Southampton, Bremen, Havre, Glasgow,

and other ports, have very much interfered with, and, in a measure, broken up, the profitable portion of the business of the lines of sailing vessels—that is, the carrying of passengers, who now generally take the steamers in preference, on account of the expedition with which voyages are accomplished.

POST OFFICE.

In 1807, the Post Office was situated on the corner of William and Garden streets (now Exchange street), in a house twenty-six or twenty-seven feet front. The office was in a room not more than twenty-five or thirty feet deep, with two windows in Garden street, and in William street a little vestibule, of small dimensions, containing about one hundred boxes. Theodorus Bailey was Postmaster, and lived in the same house. The office remained there several years, but some additional accommodation was obtained for it in Garden street, until it was removed to the basement of the new Exchange in Wall street, in 1827. The Exchange was burnt in the great fire of 1835. It has been removed several times since; once as high up as the Rotunda, in the Park, but the distance gave great dissatisfaction to the business men of that day. It was removed in 1844 to the middle Dutch Church, in Nassau street, where it has since remained; but the business of the office has so much increased, it is very crowded. There are between 4,000 and 5,000 boxes in the vestibule. For four or five years past, the United States government have been endeavoring to procure a site, and build a new one, but as yet have made no decision as to any site offered them.

THEATRES.

In 1807, there was but one theatre—the old Park—built in 1798. Performances were only three times in each week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. The season opened generally from 1st to 15th of September, and closed from 1st to 15th of May. In the course of a year or two, they added Saturday as a night of performance, making four nights in each week. After a few more years, they played six nights, and the theatre was opened the year round. The players of that day were Hodgkinson, Tyler, T. A. Cooper, Twaits, Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. Darley, Mrs. Oldmixon, Mr. and Mrs. Barnes; in succeeding years, George Fred. Cooke, Edmund Kean, Wallack, Mr. and Mrs. Hilson, Mr. Phillips, the vocalist, Incledon, and Braham, English singers of celebrity. This theatre was burnt in the year 1820, but was re-built, and opened the 1st August of the following year.

The second theatre was the Bowery, built in the year 1826, and opened for performance in the month of October, in the same year. This theatre has been burnt several times, but was always re-built, and is now one of the theatres constantly opened for performances.

The old Park was again burnt down in 1849, but was never re-built. It was owned by Mr. Astor, and five large dry goods stores have been erected on its site. In the year 1829, a law was passed imposing a tax on theatres and circuses, which were found to be a great source of crime and vagrancy; inducing young boys to commit petty thefts, to procure the means to indulge the propensity of frequenting theatres, and then fearing to go home, to sleep in the markets, boxes, and other temporary places of shelter. These lads were generally sent to the House of Refuge, and were the cause of the tax being levied on theatres.

a part of its support. In 1856, there were from twelve to fourteen theatres, circuses, and other places of amusement, producing about $7,000 revenue to this institution.

INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

A charter was granted by the Legislature, April 15th, 1817, for the purpose of founding an institution for this object. The first Board of Directors were, Dewitt Clinton, *President;* Richard Varick, *First Vice-President;* John Ferguson, *Second Vice-President;* John Slidell, *Treasurer;* John B. Scott, *Secretary;* Henry Rutgers, Alexander McLeod, John Stanford, John Murray, jr., Henry J. Feltus, James L. Bell, Bishop Connolly, Henry Wheaton, Jonas Mapes, Peter Sharpe, Samuel Akerly, Silvanus Miller, William L. Rose, Gurdon S. Mumford, Benjamin A. Akerly, Sylvester Dearing, James Thompson, Robert Troup, Solomon Southwick, and James Emott, *Directors.* The school, however, did not open until 12th May, 1818, in a room of the New York Institution, in the Park, with four pupils, under the care of Mr. Abm. O. Stansbury, who had been at Hartford since the opening of the institution in that city. Dr. S. L. Mitchill was elected President in 1818, and continued so until 1829, when the Rev. Dr. James Milnor was elected, and continued President until his decease, in 1845. In 1828, a new building was erected on Fiftieth street, at which date the number of pupils had increased to 68, the first day of that year. In 1831, the Board of Directors engaged Mr. Harvey P. Peet, who had been a professor in the Hartford institution for several years, to become Principal, and take charge of the New York Institution. Under his efficient and devoted attention to the duties he assumed, it soon attained the very front rank of these institutions, in this or any other country. At the decease of Dr. Milnor, in 1845, Mr. Robert C. Cornell was elected to succeed him; and who, also, almost at the very hour of his election, was struck down with paralysis. Dr. Peet was elected soon after to succeed him. The institution remained at Fiftieth street until the close of the year 1856, when the pupils numbered 315, and were then removed to the new buildings, at Washington Heights, with enlarged accommodations, and spacious grounds, of 37½ acres. The situation is a most commanding one, on the banks of the North river, and the view, both up and down the river, is picturesque and beautiful.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND.

The first movement for the care and instruction of the blind, in this country, commenced in the year 1830. The states of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and New York, acted simultaneously in this matter. The institution founded in this city was owing to the great interest evinced, and the efforts made, by a venerable and respectable member of the Society of Friends, Mr. Samuel Wood, who, in connection with Dr. Samuel Akerly, who was elected President of the first Board of Managers, on its organization, succeeded in obtaining both the necessary means to commence with, and the influence of many benevolent gentlemen to aid them in this humane and Christian charity. An application was made to the legislature for a charter, in March, 1831; and an act was passed 21st of April, following, naming twenty gentlemen as the first Board of Managers.

Early in the year 1832, three boys were taken from the alms-house, and

placed under the instruction of Dr. John D. Russ, in a small house in Canal street, who was so successful with them, that several other cases were soon offered; a larger house was taken; and from this small beginning, the institution has grown to its present important position, and ability to administer to so large a number of this afflicted class.

But while the institution has been so fortunate in meeting with many valuable and efficient friends—both in furnishing pecuniary means, and by rendering personal services, in building up this noble charity—the disinterested and munificent action of one gentleman should not be passed over without particular notice. It is that of Mr. James Boorman, who permitted them to have the piece of property between 8th and 9th avenues, and 33rd and 34th streets, on which the institution now stands, the whole block being a most valuable property. He bought this property, and gave them the privilege of paying for it, at the cost, to suit their own convenience. This has been done, and resolutions of grateful acknowledgments were passed by the Board at the time it was consummated. It now numbers 97 boys; 89 girls—total, 186 pupils.

CROTON WATER AND THE CENTRAL PARK.

To speak of all the changes, and the great works accomplished, within the last fifty years, in and by this city, could not be done, without using up your book, and this the writer is most reluctant to do, particularly as much of it would be dry details; and he is sensible much of what he has now written will be uninteresting to many of your readers, too many of whom appear quite willing to let old things pass into oblivion, and be forgotten. But what has been accomplished so recently, and what is now part of the active business of the city authorities to attend to and finish, requires no historian to speak of. Let every young man, just commencing life in this city, observe the bounds of the Central Park—look at its present rough and uncultivated surface, the localities around it—mark its improvement from year to year—note the growth of the city in every direction—and see if he does not, at the end of fifty years, have something he can say to some future D. T. Valentine, to aid him in the meritorious work of perpetuating the history of past times, and of those who have gone before him. Let not his amusements interfere with his habits of daily observation of things that are passing around him. It forms part of his social and friendly character; it leads him to investigate, to become intelligent, and frequently to impart intelligence to others.

During this period, the city has been twice visited with yellow fever—in the years 1819 and 1822.

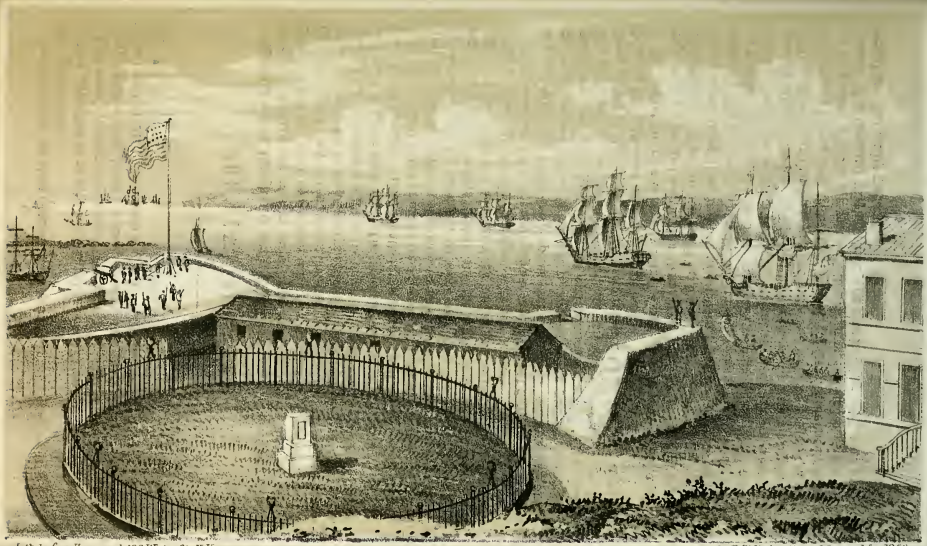
With cholera, four times—the years 1832, 1834, 1849, and 1855.

Suspensions of specie payments—three times.

During the war, from August, 1814, until the month of July, 1817, small change was supplied by corporation tickets of 6¼, 12½, 25, and 50 cents, signed by John Pintard, Thomas Franklin, and William McNeal.

In the year 1837, which was legalized by the state legislature, for one year, and in the year 1857, the banks suspended, and resumed again in two months.

Changes of the city Charter have been made four times—in the years 1830, 1849, 1853, and 1857.



Lith. by Geo. Hayward, 120 Water St. N.Y.

for D.T. Valentine's Manual for 1858.

BATTERY & BOWLING GREEN, N.Y.

as it appeared during the Revolution.

Two changes in the state Constitution have been made, viz: in the year 1822, and again in 1846.

Many large fires have occurred during this period, in various parts of the city; but the most prominent one occurred on the night of 16th December, 1835, when a large portion of the lower business part of the city was destroyed. And again in the month of July, 1845, when another portion, also in the lower part of the city, was destroyed. Yours, truly,

ISRAEL RUSSELL.

THE BOWLING GREEN.

This little square, though now hardly noticeable among the interesting objects connected with our city, was, in early times, and particularly in those of the Dutch, one of the most conspicuous features of the town. It was then the village green, and from its central location among the habitations, as well as its connection with the fort, was always enlivened by the most spirited events which marked the daily routine of life in the city. It was the scene of festive occasions, and those of public rejoicings. The "parade" of the military, and the treaty-ground with savages. Its Sabbath-day spectacle, and its every-day history, were alike typical of the primitive condition of the town at that era. The first, from its pleasant exhibition of country-wagons and of pedestrians, from remote as well as neighboring vicinages, on what were then the solemn occasions of service in the old church in the fort; and the latter, from the constant flow of visitors to the public well, in front of the fort, as well as the gamboling exercises of the urchins gathered there for sport after school hours.

On its west side stood the most popular tavern of that day, the site of which has been preserved for similar purposes, even down to our own time. The building which succeeded this original tavern, was for many years the fashionable public-house under the English regimé, and was known as the King's tavern. It is still standing, and probably presents the only instance of any spot, in the lower section of the city, which has been occupied by only two buildings, even from the first settlement until the present time.

The ancient tavern was kept by Martin Crigier, a burgomaster and a militia-captain, a warrior and a civilian, of the most distinguished stamp in that period of our history. Who can now recall the idea of that ancient tavern, with all its time-honored, though long-forgotten associations, without a sentiment of historical interest? We picture its generation of Christian visitors, with their cozy habits, as tradition has brought them down to us, and with their garb of a fashion long since buried in the depths of the past; we call to mind their fraternal relation to each other, in the little village they had upreared far from the home of their birth; and we more than all appreciate that these were our progenitors, and our filial regard follows them to this pleasant resort of their leisure moments, where, in the passive quietude of a spot—not then, as now, confounded by the din and discord of a thousand varying sights and sounds—they could pass away the social hour in friendly greeting and conference.

Among the frequenters of the tavern might also be seen the Indian chief, in his picturesque display of personal finery. There he could, without disparagement to his dignity, spend his wampum or his beaver-skins, for fire-water of a sort superior to that sold in common tap-rooms to savages of lower instincts. It was a great occasion, at this tavern, when the treaty of 1645 was held on "the green before the fort." *Oritany*, chief of the Hackingsacks; *Sessekemninck* and *Willem*, chiefs of the Tappaans and Rechgawanank; *Pacham* and *Pennekeck*, who represented Onany, Majanwettenemin, Marechawick, and Nyack; and *Aepjen*, chief of the Mohegans, who spoke for the Wappinecks, the Wechquaesqueecks, the Sint-sings, and the Kicktawanks. These, with their attendant warriors, having, in the usual order of Indian councils, passed around the pipe of peace among themselves, and the Dutch authorities, who formed a part of the circle on the green sward before the fort, and having formally concluded a treaty, which terminated the devastating war that for several years had been raging between the Christians and the savages, they devoted the remainder of their visit to conviviality, and the premises of Mynheer Crigier resounded with the whoop, raised not in anger, but in rejoicing—in consequence of which, the great chiefs came from their bunks the next morning in a crest-fallen condition, overthrown by an enemy more powerful than the firearms of Christians, or the warlike implements of the savage race.

As the inn of Mr. Crigier was the most fashionable in the town, it was, of course, the scene of those evening festivals in which the youth of the land so much rejoiced. Music and the dance enlivened its four walls, and a Christmas ball attracted thither the youth and maiden from far and near. If we would imagine the reality of such a festive scene, we must bear in mind that Broadway was then a mere country-road, with no other than a few scattered farm-houses along its sides. The hill descending to the "plain before the fort," was considerably steeper than at present, and a fine opportunity was afforded for a dashing *finalé* to the drive. The appearance of the illuminated tavern, when first caught, upon approaching the brow of the hill, was the signal for the "burr" to be put on the panting farm-horses: down they sweep, whirling the box-sleigh, with its precious load of buxom vrouwtjes and hearty lads, towards the level, around which it circles with a wide and breath-stopping sweep, which, if the driver is expert, terminates in an "upsetting of the apple-cart, and spilling of the peaches" in a snow-bank, whence the rumpled lasses are extricated, and carried *vi et armis* within the porch of the hospitable tavern. The shouts of the by-standing negroes express their admiration of this exciting exhibition, and the fiddle in the room above calls to action in the mazes of the dance, where "cut and shuffle," the display of the "pigeon-wing," and other extraordinary efforts, bear evidence that none are damaged in wind or limb.

But, as we before remarked, there were other and less peaceful scenes witnessed upon this little plain. It was here that the Dutch and Indians faced each other, upon an occasion in the year 1655, when, for some affront, the savages, to the number of several hundreds, landed in the middle of the night from their canoes at the present Battery. They were questioned as to their intentions (it being in a time of peace), and returned evasive answers. But some of their

number, unobserved, sought out the persons upon whom vengeance was desired to be wrought; and in an affray several were wounded. The town was now alarmed; the men gathered in front of the fort; and in a fight with the savages, several of the latter were killed, and the whole party was driven into their canoes. They retired; but the blood being up, they visited and destroyed several exposed settlements.

Those who delighted in military displays, could here behold the martial array of the Dutch forces, whether regulars or militia. This "parade," though of limited extent, was sufficient for that period. When, in 1655, the valorous Governor Stuyvesant gathered his forces for the expedition to "root out" the trespassing Swedes on the South (Delaware) river, there was considerable effort made to bring into the ranks all the available resources of the country, and a force of several hundred men was mustered on the occasion. The drilling of this body was a matter of several weeks' duration. After being formed in marching order upon the "plain before the fort," they marched in line up the "Heere Straat," or Broadway, and so on by the usual country-road to the Bowery lane, until they reached the tavern of Mynheer Foeke, where, after a regalement, they returned through admiring followers, to perform evolutions upon the "parade." There was no band to inspire enthusiasm in the troops, but each of the two companies had a drummer, and there was also a gentleman, by name Albert Pietersen, who performed general duty for the whole army as trumpeter. It is not known with certainty whether the duties of the trumpeter were those of a musician or of a herald, but it is supposed that they were rather of the latter description, and that his great mission was to step out in front of the forces, when marshaled in battle array, and demand, by sound of trumpet, the surrender of the enemy's fort or army, as the case might be.

Other interesting military scenes were enacted on the plain before the fort; the most sad, in the view of the Dutch, who had, with so much perseverance and hardship, raised this city from a wilderness condition, into that of a flourishing village, governed by the cherished institutions of the fatherland; and were, in 1664, compelled to witness the surrender of their city, and the land of their adoption, into the possession of a more powerful nation, whose national emblem floated over the fort, in place of the flag of their own nation; and whose soldiers, in their scarlet regimentals and tight breeches, paraded on the field whereon, theretofore, the gray jackets and the bag-breeches of the rightful proprietors had alone been displayed. History (as yet unpublished) should record the disconsolate reflections of those patriotic martyrs, who sacrificed their interests, and, turning their backs upon their beloved village, retired, either to fatherland or to remote sections of the interior, where the sight of their conquerors could not offend their eyes, nor the sounds of a foreign and less euphonious language create eternal discord in their ears.

But when, ten years later, the Dutch appeared again, and menacingly planted their banner upon the hill at the end of Broadway, and demanded the immediate evacuation of that fort, which had been so outrageously wrested from them, then the shouts that arose from the throats of the assemblage of citizens on the plain below, awoke the very echoes, and once more aroused the

slumbering sentiment of love of country, which had been, during the previous few years, held in subjection. But though the city again changed its national rulers at that period, it was a short-lived triumph, for the succeeding year saw its peaceful re-cession by treaty stipulation between the home governments; a cession in which the people had no voice, but were compelled to acquiesce; and thus the nationality of the city became settled, never to change, until the *people* themselves, exhibiting their power to the admiration of the world, became its masters, and sent it forward on a career of prosperity, of which history affords no other example.

But, not to digress too far from the period of the Dutch possession, we return to consider some of the incidents of a more peaceful character, to which we have before referred as connected with this locality. As to the well before the fort, it has been suggested that this was the spot of daily pilgrimage on the part of a great portion of the town's people in the times of the Dutch. It had originally been constructed for the double purpose of supplying the garrison, as well as the town's people, and tradition has affirmed that the site of this public well was originally a spring, the surplus waters of which ran in a little brook down the present line of Beaver street, and contributed to form the marshy section surrounding the present Broad street, then called *Blommaert's Valley*. It is certain that the first ditch, commonly called, even in those primeval days, "the old ditch," was constructed along Beaver street; the old posts were found imbedded in this street, several feet beneath the soil, on occasion of some improvements some years since; and the known topography of that section gives every support to the traditional account of the spring and the brook. As in the times of the Dutch, there were no public wells, and but few appertaining to private domicils, it may be supposed that in a village of several hundred families, the bucket of the well before the fort was seldom allowed a time of rest. The long balancing-pole was sweeping the air at all hours during the day with almost the regularity of a pendulum; and the little negroes, who were the common water-carriers, scuffled for the first turn at the rope. Here, also, the jaded horses of travelers were refreshed from a monstrous trough, ranging in front of the fort; and particularly on the Sabbath-day, when the country wagons being ranged upon the green, the horses were turned loose, to graze on the hill-side running down to the water at the present Battery.

It is known that the first church was erected on Bridge street, but as the practice of the savages of surprising congregations while at worship, and thus at one fell swoop destroying a whole community in a batch, was well known, the people, on occasion of the first Indian war, demanded greater protection while at their devotions; and a stone church was constructed within the walls of the fort. To this shrine of worship, therefore, all good pilgrims came, and the area in front of the military edifice, witnessed a motley assemblage of traveling vehicles on the Sabbath-day. There were ox-teams, and one-ox conveyances; horses with pillions upon their backs, on which man and woman rode together (a favorite mode of traveling with the rural swain, who was thus encircled by the arms of his lass); farm-wagons, and even carts, were in the group. Greetings from friends took place, and the visitors generally did not depart homeward until

next morning, or perhaps remained a day or two, to do their necessary shopping.

The history of this locality, subsequent to the Dutch era, is of a less interesting character (as it seems to us) than before, and we shall find its varied vicissitudes illustrated by the following extracts from the English records:

"1684.—The Governor requesting that the market may be removed from the place where it is now kept, to the vacant ground before the fort, it is ordered, that from henceforth the market for butchers' meat be held in the same place, accordingly, they erecting their nails and other conveniences at their own charge.

"16—.—The committee report that there be two markets for flesh kept—one in the Broadway, over against the fort; the other under the trees, by the slip. The country people to bring their produce to either, as suits their convenience; that the market for flesh be kept three days in the week, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

"That the market be opened by seven in the morning, notice whereof to be given by ringing of the bell, and in case, by tide or weather, or any other accident, the country people cannot get to the city on the set market-day, they may sell on another day.

"November, 1707.—It was ordered, that the butcher's-shop in Broadway, now in the occupation of Jeremiah Calcutt, be demolished.

"March, 1733.—Resolved, that this Corporation will lease a piece of ground, lying at the lower end of Broadway, fronting to the fort, to some of the inhabitants of the said Broadway, in order to be inclosed, to make a bowling-green thereof, with walks therein, for the beauty and ornament of said street, as well as for the recreation and delight of the inhabitants of the city, leaving the street on each side thereof fifty feet in breadth, under such covenants and restrictions as to the Court shall seem expedient.

"April, 1733.—Ordered, that Mr. Mayor, Aldermen Van Gelde and Philipse, and Mr. Depeyster, or any three of them, be a committee to lay out the ground at the lower end of the Broadway, near the fort, for a bowling-green; that they ascertain the dimensions thereof, with the breadth of the streets, on all sides; that the same be leased to Mr. John Chambers, Mr. Peter Bayard, and Mr. Peter Jay, for the term of eleven years, for the use aforesaid, and not otherwise, under the annual rent of a pepper-corn.

"October, 1734.—Resolved, that the Bowling-green, as it is now in fence, be leased unto Frederick Philipse, Esq., Mr. John Chambers, and Mr. John Roosevelt, and their assigns, for the term of ten years, for a bowling-green only, at the yearly rent of one pepper-corn, and that Mr. Mayor execute a lease for the same.

"September, 1742.—On application of Mr. John Chambers, ordered, that the lease formerly made by this Corporation to Col. Philipse, Mr. John Roosevelt and himself, for the land of the Bowling-green, near the fort, in this city, be renewed for eleven years, on payment of twenty shillings per annum.

"April, 1744.—Ordered, that the owners of the houses between Mr. Chambers' and Mr. Depeyster's corner house, by the Bowling-green, have liberty to

range their fronts in such manner as the Alderman and Assistant of the West Ward may think proper.

"May, 1745.—Ordered, that a straight line be drawn from the south corner of the house of Mr. Augustus Jay, now in the occupation of Peter Warren, Esq., to the north corner of the house of Archibald Kennedy, fronting the Bowling-green, in the Broadway, and that Mr. William Smith, who is now about to build a house (and all other persons who shall build between the two houses), lay their foundations and build conformable to the aforesaid straight line.

"May, 1747.—A committee was appointed to cause so much of the street around the Bowling-green and along the fence of the fort garden to be paved, as they shall think convenient.

"May, 1770.—Mr. Mayor communicated to the Board that the Lieutenant-Governor and Council, and several members of the General Assembly of this province, are desirous that the statue of his present Majesty, which is now daily expected from England, might, on its arrival, be erected on some part of the Bowling-green, fronting the fort, and that he would request of the Corporation leave for that purpose. This Board thereupon took the same into their consideration, and unanimously resolved and ordered, that leave be given for that purpose accordingly.

"November, 1770.—Ordered, that a temporary fence be forthwith made around the Bowling-green, of posts and rails, not to exceed five rails high.

"May, 1771.—Whereas, the General Assembly of this province have lately been at the great expense of sending for an equestrian statue of his present Majesty, and erected the same on the green before his Majesty's fort in this city, and this Board conceiving that, unless the said green be fenced in, the same will very soon become the receptacle of all the filth and dirt of the neighborhood. In order, therefore, to prevent which, the Board have unanimously agreed to fence in the same with iron rails and a stone foundation, agreeable to a plan now exhibited to this Board, and have contracted with Messrs. Richard Sharpe and others for completing the same, for the consideration of £800."

(The view on the opposite page is of the pedestal of this statue, which, as is well known, was destroyed by the patriots during the Revolutionary war, and the lead of which it was composed was run into bullets.)

MEMORIALS.

To the Honorable the Legislature of the State of New York, in Senate and Assembly convened:

The petition of the subscribers, formerly merchants in this city, and lately returned from exile, humbly sheweth:

That your petitioners were formerly citizens of this city, and employed in the business of importing goods from Great Britain and the continent of Europe.

That your petitioners, in the course of their dealings with the merchants and manufacturers in Great Britain, remained indebted in considerable sums, which it was not possible for them to have remitted before all dealings and intercourse with that kingdom were prohibited.

That your petitioners had heretofore, by their industry and fair mercantile characters, acquired, and were at this time possessed of, property sufficient to have made an honorable settlement with all their creditors, over and above a competent and reputable support for themselves and families.

Your petitioners manifested an early and decided attachment to the cause of their country, and were first to sacrifice their private interests to those of the public, by engaging to suspend all commercial intercourse with Great Britain, as soon as that measure was deemed beneficial and expedient, thus voluntarily and cheerfully renouncing every means of private gain not consistent with the general welfare.

Your petitioners, pursuing the same line of disinterested zeal, did afterwards, in conformity to a recommendation of Congress, dispose of large quantities of goods then on hand, at the prices at which they were sold in times of general importation, and freely supplied the agents of Congress with such articles as were wanted for the use of the army, on credit, and at the cash prices.

That when the prosecution of the war and public exigencies rendered it necessary to emit a paper currency, your petitioners readily disposed of their goods for such paper money without any advance of prices, and furnished the agents of Congress with large sums of specie for the purpose of carrying on the northern expedition and procuring supplies of arms and ammunition, taking in exchange therefor the said paper emissions, by which conduct and example of your petitioners and others in trade, those emissions obtained a credit and currency which gave vigor to our military operations, and was greatly conducive to the glorious events that have ensued.

That even when these emissions were greatly depreciated, your petitioners continued to receive them in payment for old debts, equal to gold and silver, in obedience to laws and recommendations intended to promote the public good, to which your petitioners have uniformly postponed, and often sacrificed, their private interests.

Your petitioners having thus, by their confidence in their country and zeal in its cause, become public creditors to nearly the amount of their respective estates, were justly alarmed at the rapid depreciation of the paper currency; still, however, confiding in the solemn assurances of the government, they con-

tinued, by every exertion yet in their power, to second the endeavors of Congress in support of the credit of the circulating paper, till even that honorable body abandoned the attempt.

In this distressing crisis, though secluded from the avennes of honorable gains, and straitened for the means of even comfortable subsistence, your petitioners, ever mindful of their duty as good citizens, disdained to take advantage of public calamity, or to practice the base acts of monopolizing and forestalling, determined rather to suffer every distress than sully the character of patriot, or their fair claim to public regard, by any act unworthy of the glorious cause in which they had embarked.

Through every stage of these complicated sacrifices, your petitioners were encouraged to persevere, and buoyed above despair by strong and repeated assurances that the public burthens would be eventually apportioned, and that the most generous compensation would be made to your petitioners. They were confirmed in their reliance on these assurances by the recommendation of the Congress of the year 1780, enforcing the justice of such compensation to those who had principally suffered by the failure of the money. Your petitioners have therefore refrained from importuning their country while environed with difficulties, and patiently waited the issue of the arduous contest. They are now emboldened in pressing their claims, from a knowledge that the present resources of this state enable it to do justice to its suffering citizens, and even to make them generous compensation.

Your petitioners would, with deference, observe, that the property of those who, by their wicked devices, had prolonged the war and multiplied distress, should repair the losses occasioned by such unnatural conduct, and the more so, as this property, if disposed of for the purpose of a general fund, will unavoidably tend to enrich men who have not suffered in the contest, and many of whom have been preying on the vitals of the state, without having contributed to its support or defence; and, exclusive of the many and valuable confiscations, the immense tracts of unappropriated lands are a resource in its nature adapted to these purposes. Should these, for any reasons, be deemed inexpedient, your petitioners would humbly suggest that an adequate proportion of their losses be funded as a state debt, on transferable securities, bearing a moderate annual interest, and redeemable at some distant period, as public exigencies may admit. While your petitioners support with cheerfulness their private losses and full proportion of public deficiencies, they conceive it inequitable and impolitic that a body of men devoted to the interests of their country, and who have advanced their property to its service at critical and distressing periods, should be thus assessed beyond their proportion and ability, as may entail their eventual ruin.

Sound policy, and the practice of all commercial nations, will direct that those whose particular profession and occupation tends to aggrandize and enrich the commonwealth, and whose zeal in its cause has been early and uniform, should at least be enabled to hold their comparative rank in the line of citizens, and that men, strangers to the constitution, or enemies to the liberties of the state, should not be suffered to rise on the ruins of a body of its most valuable citizens.

When your petitioners see their late enemy, encumbered with an immense

debt, and stripped of a large source of their revenue, nevertheless, relieving the distresses and repairing the losses of those who were attached to their government and measures; even losses which did not promote that nation's welfare, nor even incurred in its service, they cannot suppose that a nation of enlightened freemen, emerged from a glorious and successful war, and invested with ample resources, will disregard injuries which they have inflicted, losses sustained in their service, and under the fairest promises of recompense.

Can that country be less mindful of its faithful subjects than Britain of her adherents, the authors of her disgrace? Liberty would blush at the surmise

Your petitioners would further show, that while provision was wisely made, during the controversy, for the payment of other debts, in a manner which has afforded great relief to various descriptions of citizens, no such provision was, or could be expected to the peculiar case of your petitioners; they therefore justly conceive the nature and degree of their sufferings to be singular, and their claims to public attention, in this regard, unparalleled by that of any other class of citizens. Professional honor, as well as national character, require the punctual discharge of their foreign debts. They had once the ability. If this ability has been sacrificed to valuable purposes, they trust that the consciousness of having done well, will not be their only recompense; that they will not be left to the cruel reflection, that they have been instrumental in purchasing blessings of which their enemies partake, while your petitioners are debarred the enjoyment.

Thus impressed with the justice of their claim, your petitioners confide, that their services, their sufferings, and peculiar circumstances, will call the attention of this honorable body, and procure them such relief as shall in wisdom be deemed meet: and your petitioners as in duty bound shall ever pray.

New York, February 13, 1784.

Peter Byvanck,	Dan. Phœnix,	Gerard G. Beekman, jr.,
Evert Byvanck,	Eleazer Miller, jr.,	Isaac Moses,
Joseph Blackwell,	Jacob Morton, Exr. to	Thos. Crabb,
Nathl. Hazard,	John Morton, dec'd.	Peter S. Curtenius,
Thos. Hazard,	Abram Lott,	Van Vleek & Kip.
Jacobus Van Zandt,	Jno. Broome,	John Hunt,
Henry Van Vleck,	Rineier Van Zandt,	Leonard Kip.
Mary Beekman,	Peter Ketcltas, jr.	James Beekman,
Corns. Ray,	Archd. Currie,	P. Duyckinck,
Henry Remsen,	Wm. Neilson,	John T. Roosevelt,
Sam. Broome & Co.,	Woodward & Kip,	

To the Honorable the Legislature of the State of New York, in Senate and Assembly convened:

The memorial of the subscribers, formerly merchants in this city, lately returned from exile, humbly showeth:

That your memorialists, by their humble petition to this honorable body, dated the 13th day of February last, have stated the peculiar hardships and distresses which their zeal in the late glorious contest has brought upon them.

Your memorialists would now most humbly further represent: That being indebted to merchants and manufacturers in Great Britain, your memorialists were totally inhibited by sundry resolutions of the Honorable the Continental Congress, and the Convention of this state, prior to the Declaration of Independence, to make any remittances whatsoever to their creditors, which your memorialists were at that time very desirous of doing, had it been compatible with the public welfare.

That the several resolutions before mentioned, were considered by all good citizens as obligatory, and a compliance with them as absolutely indispensable.

That your memorialists soon afterwards advancing their *specie* to the use of the Honorable the Congress, at the special request of the Convention of this state, and receiving the paper emission in the manner stated in the former petition, are now disabled from doing that justice to their foreign creditors which the honor and punctuality of merchants require. And as, notwithstanding this incapacity of discharging their debts, created by acts of the United States, who considered it as an unavoidable, though very important sacrifice of your memorialists' interests to the general safety, the American Commissioners at Paris, (compelled by the obstinate adherence of the British Plenipotentiaries to the welfare of their own merchants and manufacturers,) again thought it necessary to sacrifice the interests of your memorialists to the important purpose of procuring Peace to the United States, by stipulating that they should perform *that*, which the states for the *general good* had previously rendered them incapable of performing.

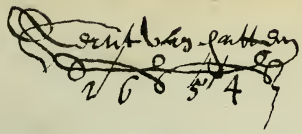
Your memorialists therefore rely, that our government will not afford to the world the uncommon spectacle of a class of citizens who, having been placed by their country in a singular situation, exposing them to sufferings and losses, not to be paralleled by those of any others, were treated with a disregard as singular as their sufferings have been; but hope, and with confidence expect, that justice and relief from this state, of which, in moments of public distress, they have been constantly assured, and to which no class or description of citizens can have equal claims.

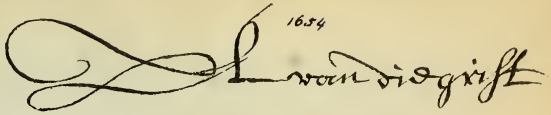
And your memorialists, as in duty bound, shall ever pray, etc.

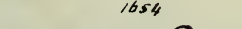
New York, April 20, 1784.

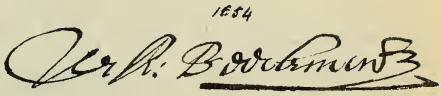
Henry Remsen,
Peter T. Curtenius,
John Hunt, by Henry Remsen,
Peter Keteltas, jr.,
Gerard Beekman, jr.,
Jacobus Van Zandt,
Eleazer Miller, jr.
Henry Van Vleek, by Jas. H. Kip,
Van Vleek & Kip,
Woodward & Kip,
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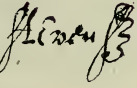
Autographs of members of the City Government of (Schouts, Burgomasters and Schepens of New-Amsterdam, and Mayors, Recorders, Aldermen and Assistants of New-York) previous to the Revolution.

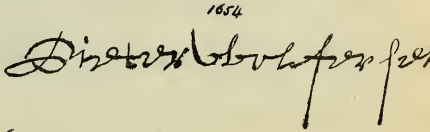



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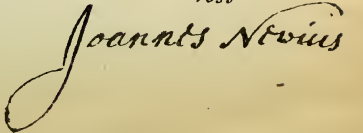

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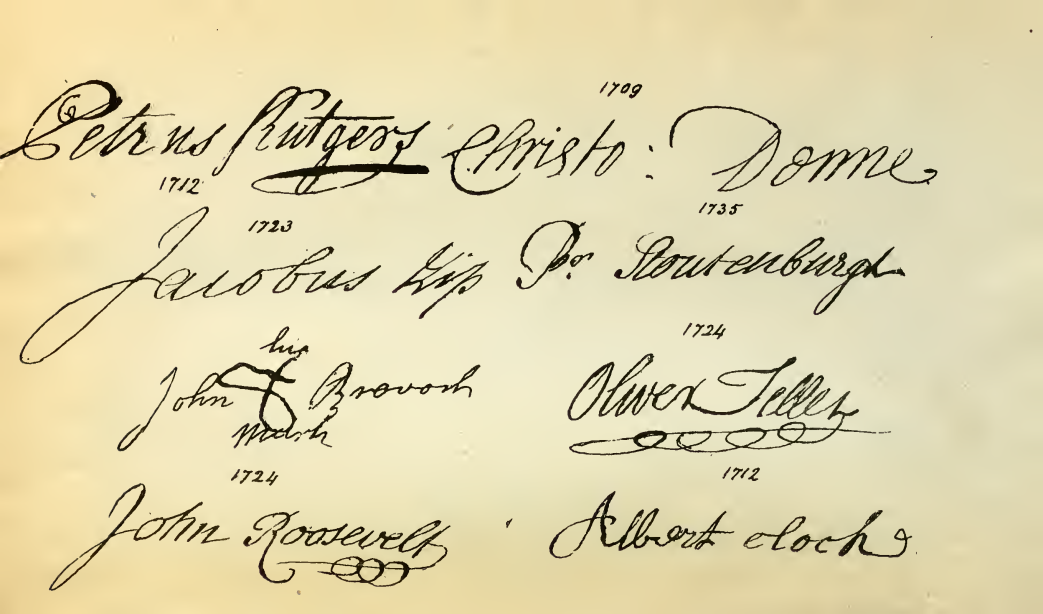

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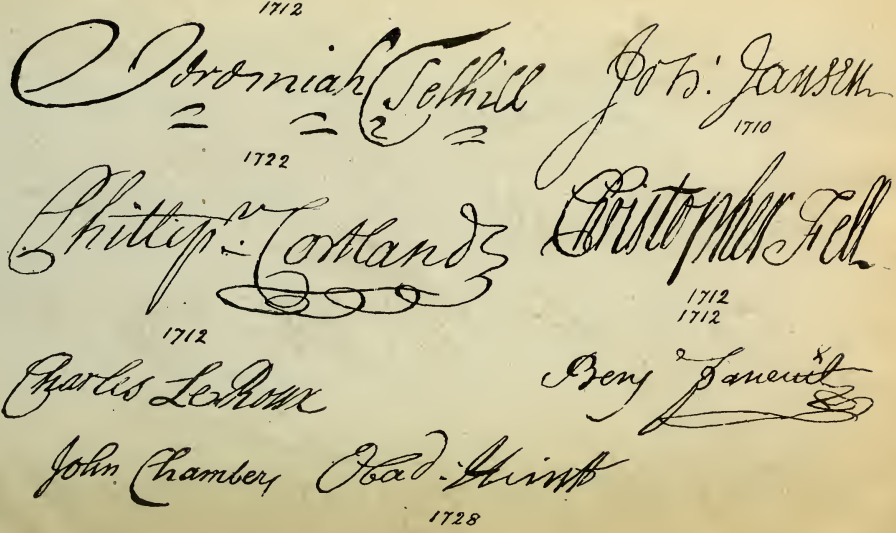

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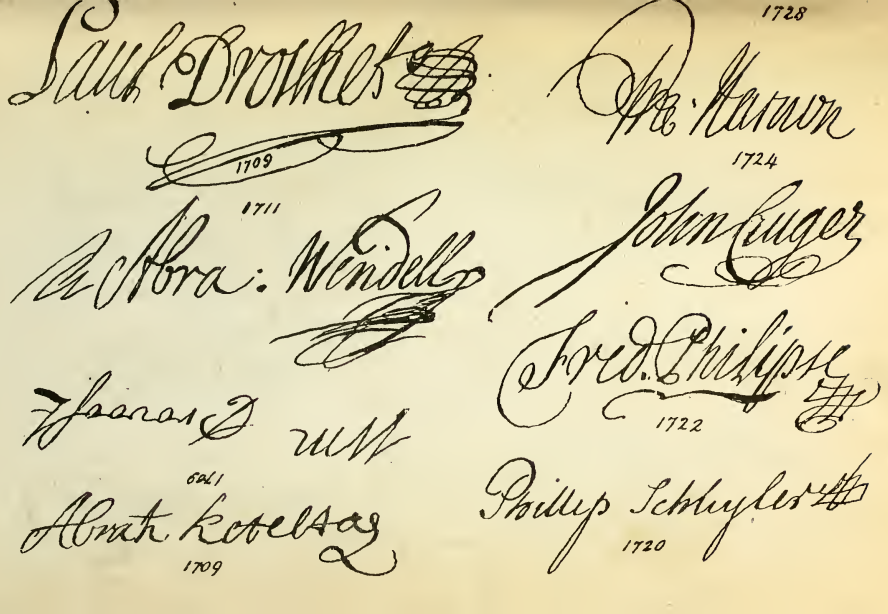

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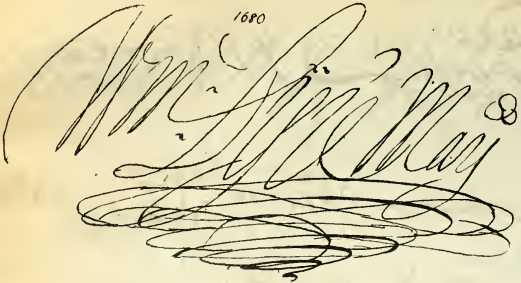


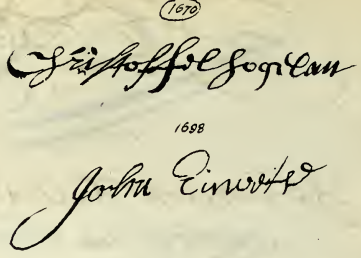

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Petrus Rutgers
1712
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Dr Stoutenburgh
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John Brevoort
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John Roosevelt
Albert clock

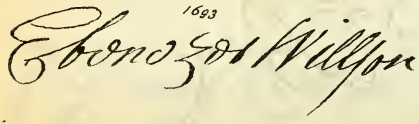

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Jeremiah Selfill
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Jos: Janssen
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Philip Cortlandt
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Charles LeRoux
Benj Jarvis
John Chambers
Chas. Hunt
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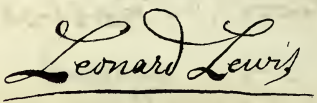

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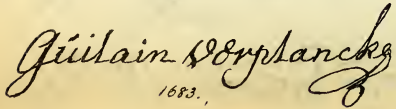

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J.V. Cortlandt
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Jacobus Fillipse mijn
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Saml Bayard
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Nicolaes Roosevelt
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Abrahm Brasem
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Gerrit van Tricht
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Abraham mesier

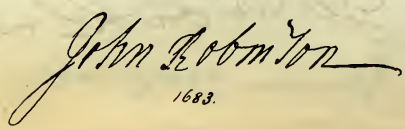

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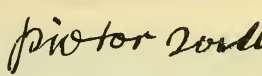

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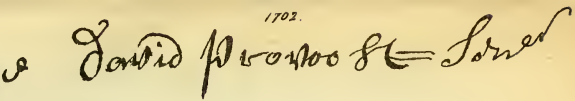

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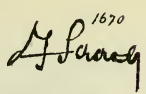
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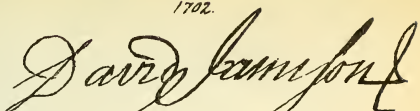
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1702.



1700.



1665





1700

1655

Johannis de Cisser

1655

Jacob [illegible]

1680

Nicasius de Sille

1655

[illegible]

1656

[illegible]

1655

[illegible]

1664

Jacob Backer

1660

[illegible]

PLAN

FOR SEIZING AND CARRYING TO NEW YORK

COLL. WM. GOFFE,

THE REGICIDE,

AS SET FORTH IN THE AFFIDAVIT OF JOHN LONDON, APRIL 20, 1678.

Published from the original in the office of the Secretary of State of New York,

BY FRANKLIN B. HOUGH, M. D.,

With other documents on the same subject among the State Papers of Connecticut.

"They did not regard them as Traitors, but as unfortunate sufferers in the noble cause of civil Liberty, prostrated by the Restoration, and again lost and overwhelmed in the return and irresistable inundation of Tyranny."—PRESIDENT STYLES.

THE DEPOSICON OF JOHN LONDON

OF WINDSOR IN CONNECTICUTT APR. 20, 1678.

[*N. Y, Colonial MSS., Vol.* xxix., *Secretary's Office, Albany, N. Y.*]

John London of Winsor neare Hartford in the Colony of Connecticutt in New England, aged about fifty yeares, deposeth That Joseph Bull Sen'r (commonly called Capt Bull,) of Hartford, hath for several yeares past (& for ought hee knowes still doth) kept privately Coll: Goffe, at his owne house there, or his sons, hee goeing by the name of Mr. Cooke; And that Whaley lived & dyed at Hadley in those parts, & was buryed in the buryeing place there. That being certifyed of the above Goffes aboade, in the month of May last, hee the deponent, together with Robert Howard of Windsor aforesaid (who professeth phisick, went to the house of the said Bull, where they saw him & having formerly knowne him in England the deponent was well satisfyde that hee was the same man which sd Dr. Howard did also affirme to him, as hee had done afore, hee being the first discoverer of his being there unto him.

That the said Dr. Howard did also informe him the deponent, that the Trade driven by sd Bull or his Children, in Goods or Merchandize, was on the behalfe of sd Goffe, & that Mr. James Richards of Hartford, brought over a good cargoe for the use of sd Goffe about two yeares agoe.

That the deponent being so assured of ye said Goffes aboade as before, in the same month of May, thinking it his duty, hee did call about & contrive which way to apprehend him, reasonably supposing by Mr Richards acting for him, being a member of the Independent Church & a principall Magistrate there, that the authority would not countenance him, but the discovery to them would rather tend to his Ruine. The deponent therefore thought it convenient to advise with and haue assistance of some other persons to seize vpon & bring the said Goffe to this place & so disclosed the same to one Thomas Powell his neighbour, who promist to assist the deponent therein, but no sooner had the deponent discovered his knowledge & resolucon to the sd Powell, but he privily went downe to Hartford upon a Saturday & gave informacon agnst him, to Major Talcott & Capt Allen. That hee the deponent was goeing away to New Yorke having his horse ready, on Monday following, but intended to surprize Coll. Goffe & carry him away with him. That the night following the sd Powell returned to Winsor with the Marshall Graves who about breake of day came to the depts house & knock't & called to him to arise.

The sd dept knowing the Marshallss voice askt' him what hee would have & what was the matter. The Marshall answere'd that the dept must gett up, for the Gent. at Hartford had sent to speake with him: Whereupon the deponent arose & went with them to Hartford, where when they arrived, they went first to Major Talcotts, & from thence together to Capt Allens.

At the deponents coming there Capt Allen ask't him when hee went to New York. The dept replyed, hee did not know but if hee had any buisnesse to comand him, & would pay him for it, hee was ready to goe presently Capt Allen Allen said not hee but demanded him, if hee the dept had not appointed to goe thither on Monday, upon the depts saying hee knew nothing of it, Powell was call'd in then a paper was taken off the Table which Capt Allen said hee woulde reade to him, if hee would hear it. The depont replyde that hee came to heare what then had to alleadge agst him having sent for him upon ye Sabbath day, fetching him out of his house, as a Traytor or Malefactor.

Then Capt Allen read the paper or charge given in agst the dept by Thom: Powell relating what the dept had sd unto him. Whereupon the dept put them upon the proofe of it Powells charge being alleadged. The dept replyde hee was but a single Testimony, & likewise was an idle drunken fellow, & no heed to be given to what hee sd, & the depont being in passion threatened the said Powell that if hee could not have his remedy at Law agst him hee would take his owne satisfaction.

Thereupon the depont being dismist' he returned home.

Not long after Majr Talcott & Capt Allen came to Windsor to seeke for other Informacon agst the dept but finding none lett the matter fall, yet charged the dept not to depart out of the County without a speciall Licence.

That at the same time when the sd Major Talcott & Capt Allen were then there the depont told the sd Major Talcott & Capt Allen & others prest publickely, that hee the depont knew that they kept & concealed Coll: Goffe amongst them, & that hee could when hee pleased lay his hand on his shoulder; To which they replyde the dept was mistaken, for Goffe was long since dead, & charged

the dept to bee a Traytor to their Colony & deserved to bee hanged for conspiring agst them.

That afterwards the depont made a ship to goe off to Boston under pretence of taking a horse to sell there, from thence hee ship't himselfe for Maryland to his brother Major Ambrose London living at Annemessick, in Somersett County & there gave this Informacon upon oath to his sd brother, Collonell Stevenson. & Collonell Colburne, desiring it might bee sent into Engl'd, which they promis't, From thence tho depont came to the Whorekill, & so hither. And further saith not.

Sworne before mee by the aforesd John London, in New Yorke, the 20th day of Apr 1680:

MATTHIAS NICOLLS, *Sec'y.*

[Upon the receipt of the above intelligence Gov Andros addressed the following letter to the Governor of Connecticut, which with the accompanying documents are among the State papers of Connecticut Miscellaneous. Vol. i, Doc. 1, 2.]

Hon'ble S'rs.—Being informed by Deposicons taken upon Oath that Coll Goth hath been and is still kept and Concealed by Capt. Joseph Bull and his sonns in the Towne of Hartford under the name of Mr Cooke The sd Goth and Coll Whaley (who is since dead in yor parts) having been persued as Traitors, that I may not be wanting in my duty, doe hereby giue you the above intimacon, noe wayes doubting of yor loyalty in euery respect and remaine Hon'ble Srs. Your affectionate neighbor and humble servant. E. ANDROSS.

New Yorke May 18th, 1680.

Superscription—

For the Honoble John Leete Esqr Governor & the Assistants of His Maties Collony of Connecticutt, att Hartford. These. For his Maties speciall service.

MATTHIAS NICOLLS, *Sec'y.*

On the face of the letter in the handwriting of Sec'y. Allyn.

Presently upon receipt of this letter, June 10th, '80, the Gour. Major Talcott & the Secretary being (when they receiued the letter) together, ordered the Secretary to send forth a warrant to the constables of Hartford to make search for sd Col. Goff in the letter mentioned which was don accordingly before we parted. The copy of ye warrn.

To the Constables of Hartford. Whereas Sr. Edmond Andross Governor of N: Yorke by his letters to us just now receiued hathcer tifyed to us that Captn Jos. Bull & his sonns of this Town doe conceale Col: Goffe under the name of Mr. Cooke, these are therefore in his Maties. name to will & require you and strictly to charge and command you upon sight hereof to make diligent search in the houses barns out houses & all places therein for the sayd Col: Goffe, & if you find him or them or any stranger in their or either of their houses you are to aprehend & in safe custody to convay them to the Governor, that they may be examind & disposed of according to His Ma'ties pleasure formerly declared to us, & you are also to make search in all places wthin your limits where there may be any (or the least) susspition that they may be hid or concealed, & you are to make return of the seruing hereof to the Governor vnder

your hands, hereof you may not fayle as you will answer the contrary at your perill. Dated in Hartford June 10th, 1680, p order of ye Govr. &c.

signed p. JOHN ALLYN, *Secret'ry.*

REPLY TO ANDROSS'S LETTER.

Hartford, June 11th, 1680:

Hon'ble Sr :—Athough we mst acknowledg o'r engagement vnto your Honor for giuing vs intimation of what had been offered to your selfe respecting his Maties seruice (we should haue taken it well had your Honor been pleased to haue giuen vs an acco't. of the names of the informers (which yet we desire you would be pleased to doe speedily) & we doubt not but to giue you sufficient sattisfaction, to clear it vp that we are much abused by those falls reports, concerning the good people of this place. For the prsent we know not how to acknowledg any thankes to the informers, who (by the effect) seem to haue acted under gross mistakes (possibly) to delude your Honor & cast reproach upon orselues of this place, for that we being upon a solemne occasion together when we receiued your letter, and information therein, we forthwith dispatcht a speciall warrant to or constables & marshall, to make a dilligent search after the person mentioned, whoe being upon oath, returned they had with all care & dilligence made the sayd search but could find no such person as was mentioned, nor any stranger that in the least could be suspected to be any such person: After the search o'r people were amused that any such thing could be snspected at Hartford : But the father of lyes is o'r enemie & doth instigate his instruments to maligne this poore Colony, but we hope the Father of lights will vindicate vs in his due time, & we pray your Honors neighhourly charatie in the meane space, with due witness bearing against all that endeavoure to abuse with falls news & stories, as is done by o'rselues in such case, otherwise enough of such matters had not been wanting against neighbours to rays bad blood by ill persons betwixt such as desire to mayntaine good correspondency with o'r professed freinds that are neerly scituate to vs in this wildernesse, we haue not to ad but o'r respects to your Honor & that we are Hono'ble Sr.

Your affectionate freinds & humble servants, The Governor & Assists present,

p their order signed

JOHN ALLYN *Sec'ry.*

These for the Hon'ble Sr EDMUN ANDROSS Knt. & Gov'r of his royall highness territories in America, at forte James in N. Yorke.

